

T-Shirt Launcher

Exercises

T-shirt launchers are fun, and the school would like to incorporate one at football games to bolster spirit and fan participation at games. As such, the school's cheerleaders purchased a t-shirt launcher, and upon using it for the first time, promptly launched all the t-shirts out of the stadium. They quickly realized that you must set the launch **velocity** (how fast they will travel) prior to shooting, in order to launch shirts the correct **distance**.

They also plan to use it at volleyball games, so another factor must be considered – the height of the arena (t-shirts launched directly into rafters don't improve spirit).

As it doesn't make sense to be performing calculations during a game, the cheerleaders have asked you to write a program that will quickly and easily calculate the **trajectory** of launched shirts.

Your program should calculate, given a launchAngle and a launchVelocity, the complete 'path' of the **projectile** (calculated every second), until the t-shirt reaches the ground (its Y-position returns to 0).

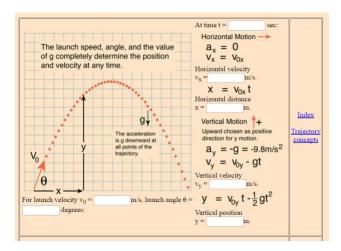
Using this information (and the size of the field / arena of course), the cheerleaders will be launching shirts accurately in no time! To make calculations simpler, we'll assume that air resistance friction is negligible and that the t-shirts are being launched from the ground. Sample program run, calculating positions at one second increments (user input shown in red):



Help

Help with the t-shirt launcher calculations

To find the X- and Y-components of the t-shirt's displacement (distance) at a specific time, you need to first find the X- and Y-components of the t-shirt's velocity (the distance traveled divided by the time it took), then apply projectile motion equations. Here is an excellent graphic with the basic equations of ballistic trajectory:



http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/traj.html#tra3

A t-shirt's position (displacement) can be found at any particular time with the following equations (with time in seconds, and using 9.8 for the gravity constant):

```
xPosition = cosine of launch angle * time * launchVelocity;
yPosition = sine of launch angle * time * lanuchVelocity - 0.5 * 9.8 * time^2
```

Note that the Math.cos() and Math.sin() methods expect a value in radians! To calculate the sine of a 60 degree angle, you'll need to convert the value in degrees to radians, like this:

```
Math.sin(Math.toRadians(60))
```

The method call Math.toRadians (60) returns the value of 60 degrees in radians, which is then passed to the Math.sin() method, that will return the sine of the parameter.

After some time, the t-shirt will hit the ground (its Y position goes back 0). T-shirts don't generally burrow into the ground, so we'll say the loop is finished at this point (print the final X location with Y at 0).

Continue...

Pseudo-Code

Pseudo-code:

```
Get starting launch angle and velocity from the user
While the t-shirt hasn't hit the ground
    Print current stats (time, location, etc.)
    Increment time
    Calculate new X and Y positions
    //t-shirts don't generally burrow into the ground, they should stop at 0
```

