



# TPS782 500-nA $I_Q$ , 150-mA, Ultra-Low Quiescent Current Low-Dropout Linear Regulator

## 1 Features

- Low  $I_Q$ : 500 nA
- 150-mA, Low-Dropout Regulator
- Input Voltage Range: 2.2 V to 5.5 V
- Low-Dropout at 25°C, 130 mV at 150 mA
- Low-Dropout at 85°C, 175 mV at 150 mA
- 3% Accuracy Over Load, Line, and Temperature
- Stable with a 1.0- $\mu$ F Ceramic Capacitor
- Thermal Shutdown and Overcurrent Protection
- CMOS Logic Level-Compatible Enable Pin
- Available in DDC (TSOT23-5) or DRV (2-mm x 2-mm SON-6) Packages

## 2 Applications

- TI [MSP430](#) Attach Applications
- Wireless Handsets and Smart Phones
- MP3 Players
- Battery-Operated Handheld Products

## 3 Description

The TPS782 family of low-dropout regulators (LDOs) offers the benefits of ultra-low power and miniaturized packaging.

This LDO is designed specifically for battery-powered applications where ultra-low quiescent current is a critical parameter. The TPS782, with ultra-low  $I_Q$  (500 nA), is ideal for microprocessors, microcontrollers, and other battery-powered applications.

The ultra-low power and miniaturized packaging allow designers to customize power consumption for specific applications.

The TPS782 family is designed to be compatible with the TI [MSP430](#) and other similar products. The enable pin (EN) is compatible with standard CMOS logic. This device allows for minimal board space because of miniaturized packaging and a potentially small output capacitor. The TPS782 series also features thermal shutdown and current limit to protect the device during fault conditions. All packages have an operating temperature range of  $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ .

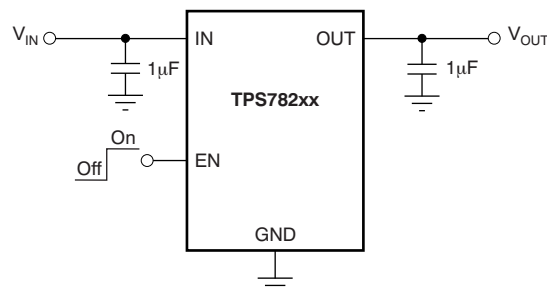
For high-performance applications that require a dual-level voltage option, consider the [TPS780 series](#), with an  $I_Q$  of 500 nA and dynamic voltage scaling.

### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS782	SOT (5)	2.90 mm x 1.60 mm
	SON (6)	2.00 mm x 2.00 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

### Simplified Schematic



## Table of Contents

<b>1 Features</b> .....	<b>1</b>	<b>8 Application and Implementation</b> .....	<b>12</b>
<b>2 Applications</b> .....	<b>1</b>	8.1 Application Information.....	12
<b>3 Description</b> .....	<b>1</b>	8.2 Typical Application .....	12
<b>4 Revision History</b> .....	<b>2</b>	8.3 Do's and Don'ts.....	13
<b>5 Pin Configuration and Functions</b> .....	<b>3</b>	<b>9 Power Supply Recommendations</b> .....	<b>13</b>
<b>6 Specifications</b> .....	<b>4</b>	<b>10 Layout</b> .....	<b>14</b>
6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings .....	4	10.1 Layout Guidelines .....	14
6.2 ESD Ratings .....	4	10.2 Layout Example .....	14
6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions.....	4	10.3 Thermal Protection.....	14
6.4 Thermal Information .....	4	10.4 Power Dissipation .....	14
6.5 Electrical Characteristics.....	5	<b>11 Device and Documentation Support</b> .....	<b>15</b>
6.6 Typical Characteristics .....	6	11.1 Device Support.....	15
<b>7 Detailed Description</b> .....	<b>10</b>	11.2 Documentation Support .....	15
7.1 Overview .....	10	11.3 Trademarks .....	15
7.2 Functional Block Diagram .....	10	11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution.....	15
7.3 Feature Description.....	10	11.5 Glossary .....	15
7.4 Device Functional Modes.....	11	<b>12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</b> .....	<b>15</b>

## 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

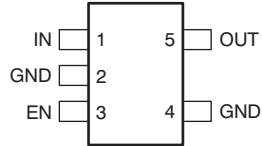
Changes from Revision C (January 2014) to Revision D	Page
• Added <i>ESD Ratings</i> table, <i>Thermal Information</i> table, <i>Feature Description</i> section, <i>Device Functional Modes</i> , <i>Application and Implementation</i> section, <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> section, <i>Layout</i> section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section .....	1
• Changed document format to latest data sheet standards; moved existing sections .....	1
• Changed factory programming feature bullet .....	1
• Added input voltage range feature bullet .....	1
• Changed <i>Applications</i> list .....	1
• Changed <i>Description</i> section text (all paragraphs) .....	1
• Added simplified schematic to front page .....	1
• Deleted footnotes from pin configuration drawings .....	3
• Changed pin descriptions throughout <i>Pin Functions</i> table .....	3
• Changed <i>operating junction temperature range</i> maximum value in <a href="#">Absolute Maximum Ratings</a> table.....	4
• Deleted <i>Dissipation Ratings</i> table; see <a href="#">Thermal Information</a> table.....	4
• Changed symbol and parameter names for clarity in <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table .....	5

Changes from Revision B (May 2010) to Revision C	Page
• Changed $I_Q$ value in <i>Description</i> section from 1 $\mu A$ to 500 nA .....	1

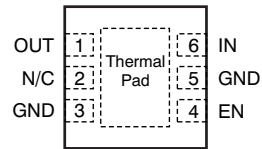
Changes from Revision A (September 2008) to Revision B	Page
• Changed first bullet of <i>Features</i> list.....	1
• Updated title of data sheet.....	1
• Changed <i>ground pin current</i> , $I_{OUT} = 0mA$ typical specification from 1.0 $\mu A$ to 0.42 $\mu A$ .....	5
• Added <a href="#">Figure 6</a> .....	6

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

**DDC PACKAGE  
TSOT23-5  
(TOP VIEW)**



**DRV PACKAGE  
2-mm x 2-mm SON-6  
(TOP VIEW)**



### Pin Functions

PIN			I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	DRV	DDC		
OUT	1	5	O	Regulated output voltage pin. A small (1-μF) ceramic capacitor is needed from this pin to ground to assure stability. See the <a href="#">Input and Output Capacitor Requirements</a> in the <a href="#">Application and Implementation</a> section for more details.
NC	2	—	—	No internal connection.
EN	4	3	I	Enable pin. Drive this pin over 1.2 V to turn on the regulator. Drive this pin below 0.4 V to put the regulator into shutdown mode, reducing operating current to 18 nA typical.
GND	3, 5	2, 4	—	Ground pin. Tie all ground pins to ground for proper operation.
IN	6	1	I	Input pin. For stable operation, place a small, 0.1-μF capacitor from this pin to ground; typical input capacitor = 1.0 μF. Tie back both input and output capacitor grounds to the IC ground, with no significant impedance between them.
Thermal pad	Thermal pad	—	—	Connect the thermal pad to ground.

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage	Input voltage range	−0.3	6	V
	Enable	−0.3	$V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
	Output voltage range	−0.3	$V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
Current	Maximum output current	Internally limited		A
Output short-circuit duration		Indefinite		
Total continuous power dissipation, $P_{DISS}$		See <a href="#">Thermal Information</a>		
Operating junction temperature, $T_J$		−40	160	°C
Storage temperature, $T_{stg}$		−55	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$ Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(1)</sup>	±2000	V
	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins <sup>(2)</sup>	±500	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage	2.2		5.5	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output voltage	1.8		4.2	V
$V_{EN}$	Enable voltage	0		$V_{IN}$	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output current	0		150	mA
$T_J$	Junction temperature	−40		125	°C

### 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		TPS782		UNIT
		DRV	DDC	
		6 PINS	5 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	65.9	193.0	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	87.3	40.1	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	35.4	34.3	
$\Psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.7	0.9	
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	35.8	34.1	
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	6.1	—	

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Over operating temperature range ( $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ),  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2.2\text{ V}$ , whichever is greater;  
 $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , fixed  $V_{OUT}$  test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Typical values at  $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage range		2.2		5.5	V
$V_{OUT}$	DC output accuracy	Nominal	$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-2%	$\pm 1\%$	+2%
		Over $V_{IN}$ , $I_{OUT}$ , temperature	$V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 150\text{ mA}$	-3%	$\pm 2\%$	3%
$\Delta V_{OUT}(\Delta V_{IN})$	Line regulation	$V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 5\text{ mA}$		$\pm 1\%$		
$\Delta V_{OUT}(\Delta I_{OUT})$	Load regulation	$0\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 150\text{ mA}$		$\pm 2\%$		
$V_{DO}$	Dropout voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{IN} = 95\% V_{OUT(nom)}$ , $I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$		130	250	mV
$I_{LIM}$	Output current limit	$V_{OUT} = 0.90 \times V_{OUT(nom)}$	150	230	400	mA
$I_{GND}$	Ground pin current	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$		0.42	1.3	$\mu\text{A}$
		$I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$		8		$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EN}$	EN pin current	$V_{EN} = 5.5\text{ V}$			40	nA
$I_{SHDN}$	Shutdown current ( $I_{GND}$ )	$V_{EN} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$ , $2.2\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} < 5.5\text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $100^{\circ}\text{C}$		18	130	nA
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio	$V_{IN} = 4.3\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$	40		dB
			$f = 100\text{ Hz}$	20		dB
			$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	15		dB
$V_n$	Output noise voltage	$BW = 100\text{ Hz}$ to $100\text{ kHz}$ , $V_{IN} = 3.2\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 2.7\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$		108		$\mu\text{V}_{RMS}$
$t_{STR}$	Startup time <sup>(2)</sup>	$C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , $V_{OUT} = 10\% V_{OUT(nom)}$ to $V_{OUT} = 90\% V_{OUT(nom)}$		500		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{SHDN}$	Shutdown time <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$ , $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , $V_{OUT} = 2.8\text{ V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 90\% V_{OUT(nom)}$ to $V_{OUT} = 10\% V_{OUT(nom)}$		500 <sup>(4)</sup>		$\mu\text{s}$
$T_{sd}$	Thermal shutdown temperature	Shutdown, temperature increasing		160		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
		Reset, temperature decreasing		140		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$T_J$	Operating junction temperature		-40		125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

(1)  $V_{DO}$  is not measured for devices with  $V_{OUT(nom)} \leq 2.3\text{ V}$  because minimum  $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{ V}$ .

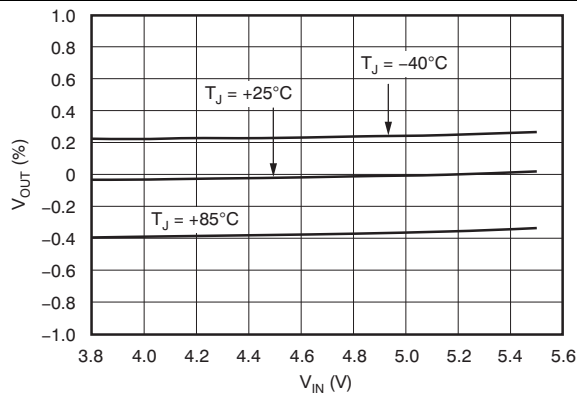
(2) Time from  $V_{EN} = 1.2\text{ V}$  to  $V_{OUT} = 90\% (V_{OUT(nom)})$ .

(3) Time from  $V_{EN} = 0.4\text{ V}$  to  $V_{OUT} = 10\% (V_{OUT(nom)})$ .

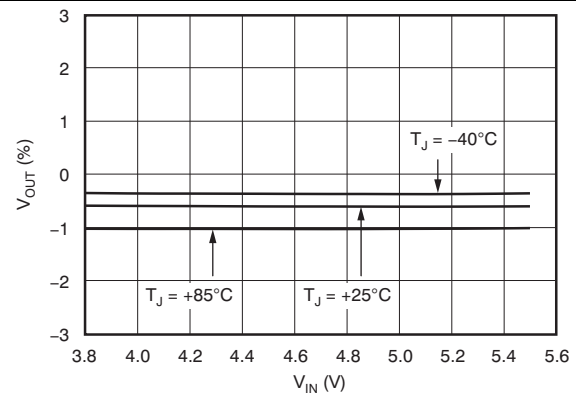
(4) See [Shutdown](#) in the [Feature Description](#) section for more details.

## 6.6 Typical Characteristics

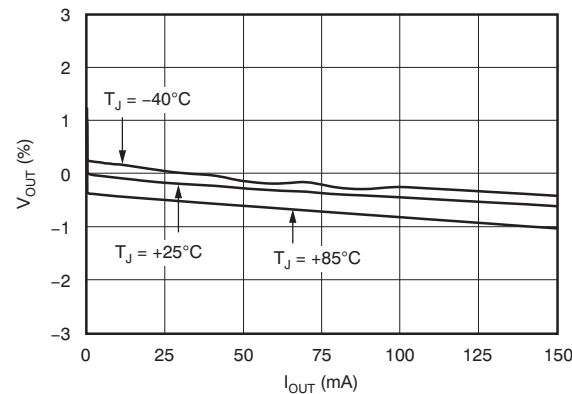
Over the operating temperature range of  $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2.2\text{ V}$ , whichever is greater;  $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , and  $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise noted.



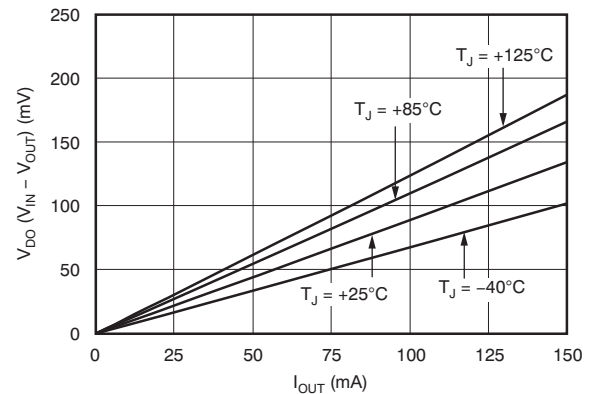
**Figure 1. Line Regulation,  $I_{OUT} = 5\text{ mA}$ , TPS78227**



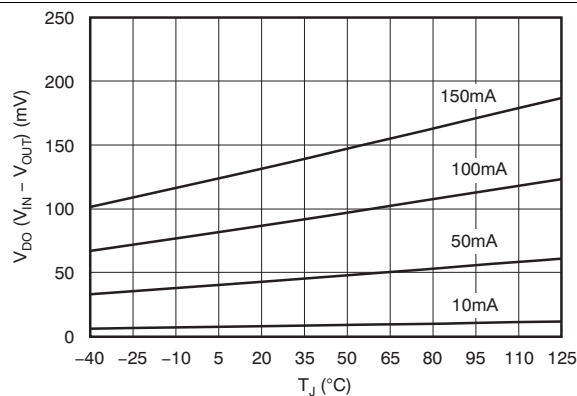
**Figure 2. Line Regulation,  $I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$ , TPS78227**



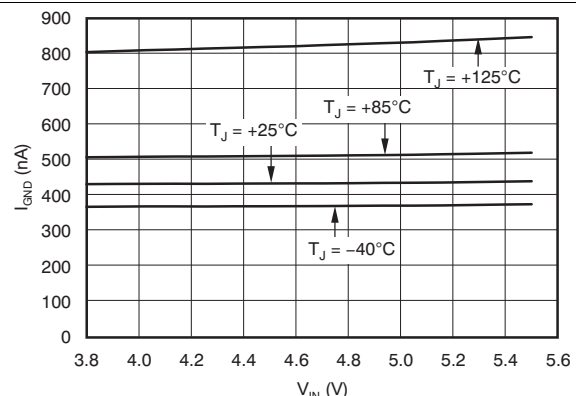
**Figure 3. Load Regulation,  $V_{IN} = 3.8\text{ V}$ , TPS78227**



**Figure 4. Dropout Voltage vs Output Current,  $V_{IN} = 0.95 \times V_{OUT(nom)}$ , TPS78227**



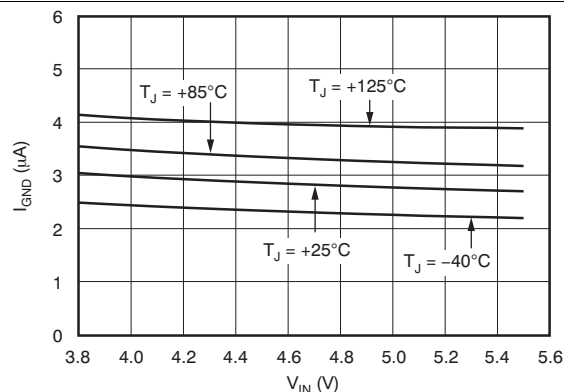
**Figure 5. Dropout Voltage vs Junction Temperature,  $V_{IN} = 0.95 \times V_{OUT(nom)}$ , TPS78227**



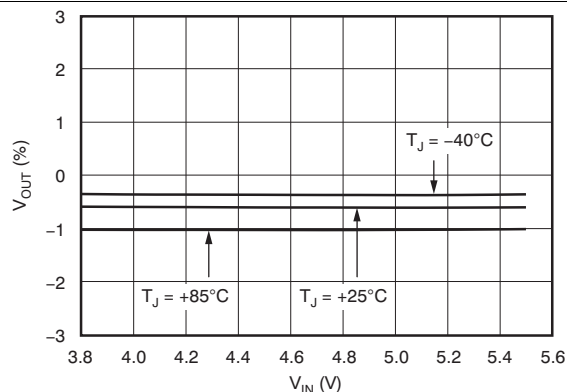
**Figure 6. Ground Pin Current vs Input Voltage,  $I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$ , TPS78233**

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

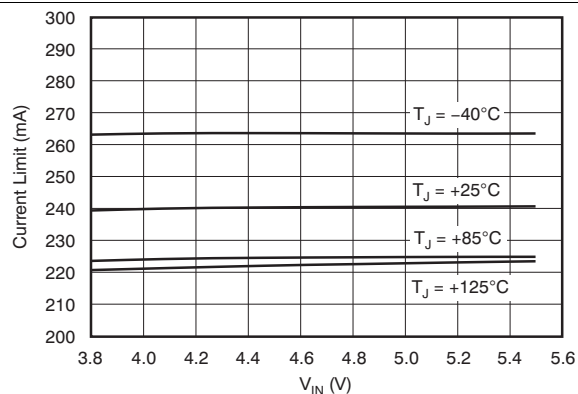
Over the operating temperature range of  $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2.2\text{ V}$ , whichever is greater;  $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , and  $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise noted.



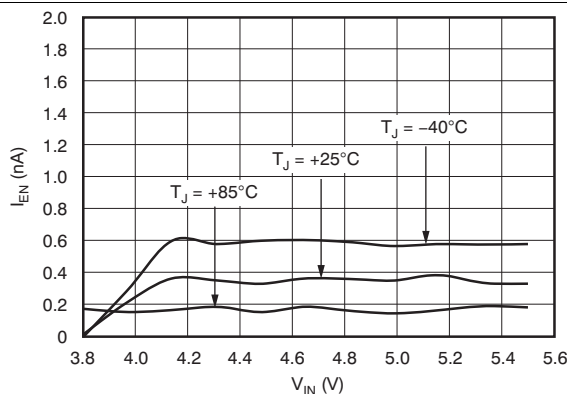
**Figure 7. Ground Pin Current vs Input Voltage,  $I_{OUT} = 50\text{ mA}$ , TPS78227**



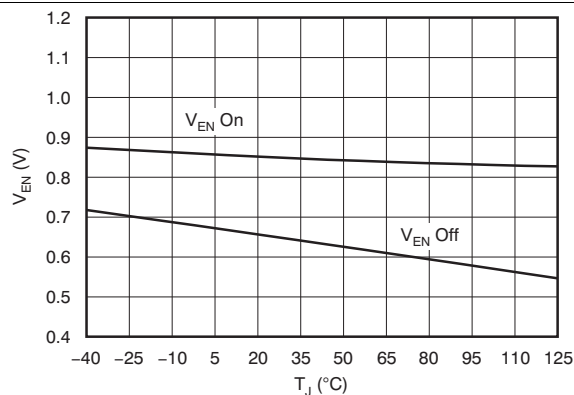
**Figure 8. Ground Pin Current vs Input Voltage,  $I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$ , TPS78227**



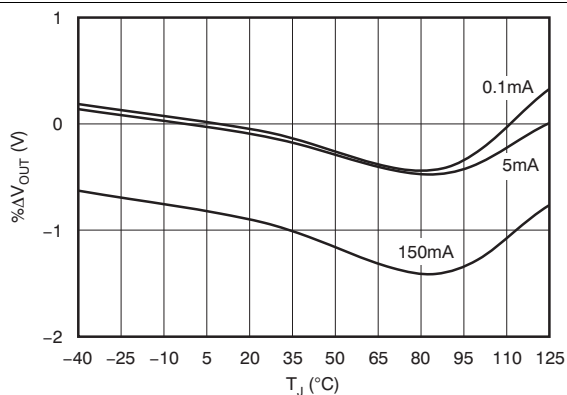
**Figure 9. Current Limit vs Input Voltage,  $V_{OUT} = 95\% V_{OUT(nom)}$ , TPS78227**



**Figure 10. Enable Pin Current vs Input Voltage,  $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , TPS78227**



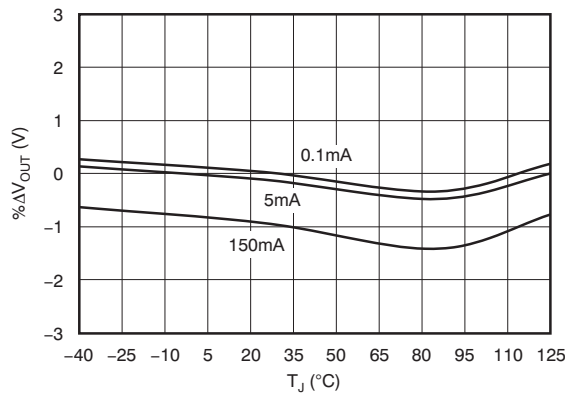
**Figure 11. Enable Pin Hysteresis vs Junction Temperature,  $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$ , TPS78227**



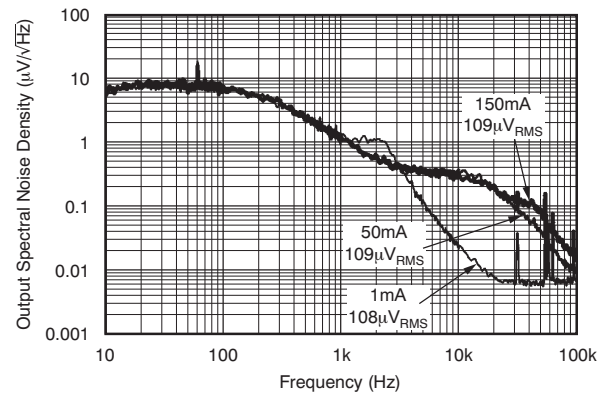
**Figure 12.  $\% \Delta V_{OUT}$  vs Junction Temperature,  $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$ , TPS78227**

## Typical Characteristics (continued)

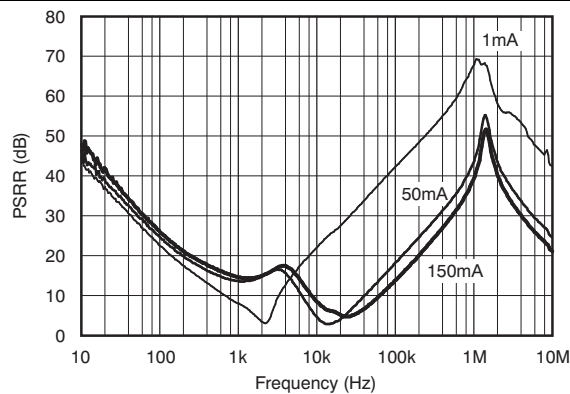
Over the operating temperature range of  $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2.2\text{ V}$ , whichever is greater;  $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , and  $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise noted.



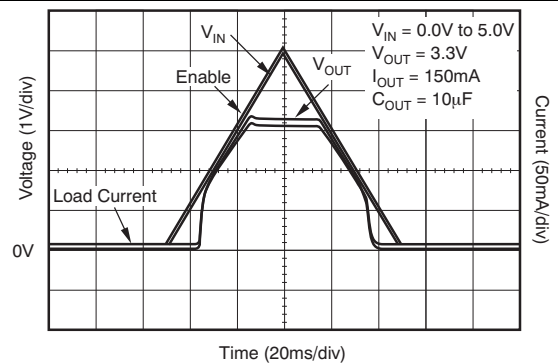
**Figure 13.  $\% \Delta V_{OUT}$  vs Junction Temperature,  $V_{IN} = 3.7\text{ V}$ , TPS78227**



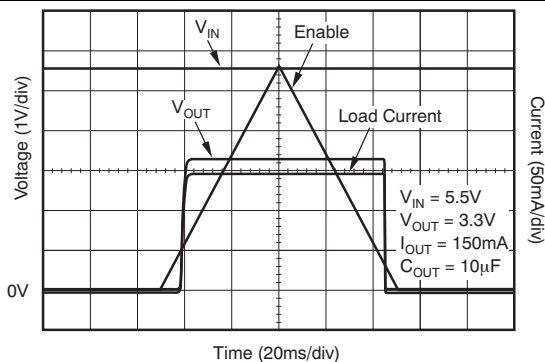
**Figure 14. Output Spectral Noise Density vs Frequency,  $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.2\text{ V}$ , TPS78227**



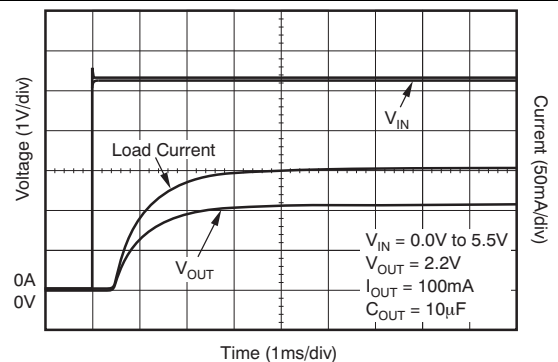
**Figure 15. Ripple Rejection vs Frequency,  $V_{IN} = 4.2\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.7\text{ V}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , TPS78227**



**Figure 16. Input Voltage Ramp vs Output Voltage, TPS78233**



**Figure 17. Output Voltage vs Enable (Slow Ramp), TPS78233**



**Figure 18. Input Voltage vs Delay to Output, TPS78222**



## Typical Characteristics (continued)

Over the operating temperature range of  $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V}$  or  $2.2\text{ V}$ , whichever is greater;  $I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , and  $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise noted.

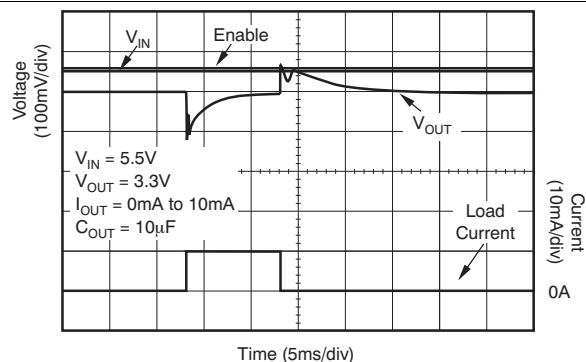


Figure 19. Load Transient Response, TPS78233

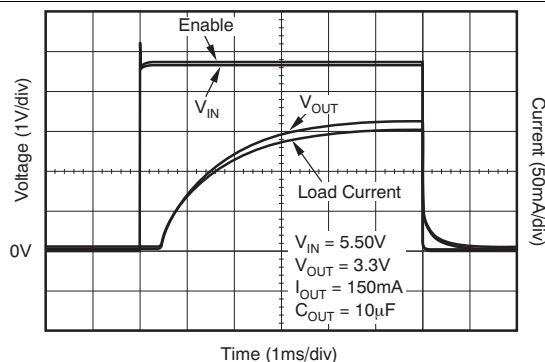


Figure 20. Enable Pin vs Output Voltage Response and Output Current, TPS78233

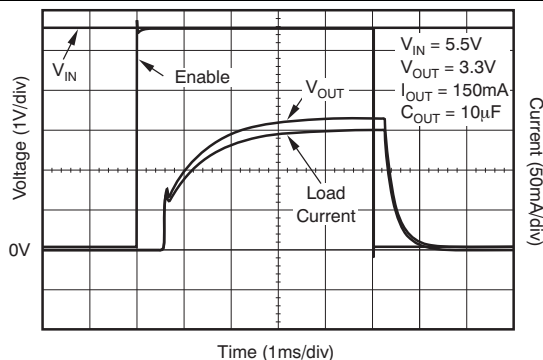


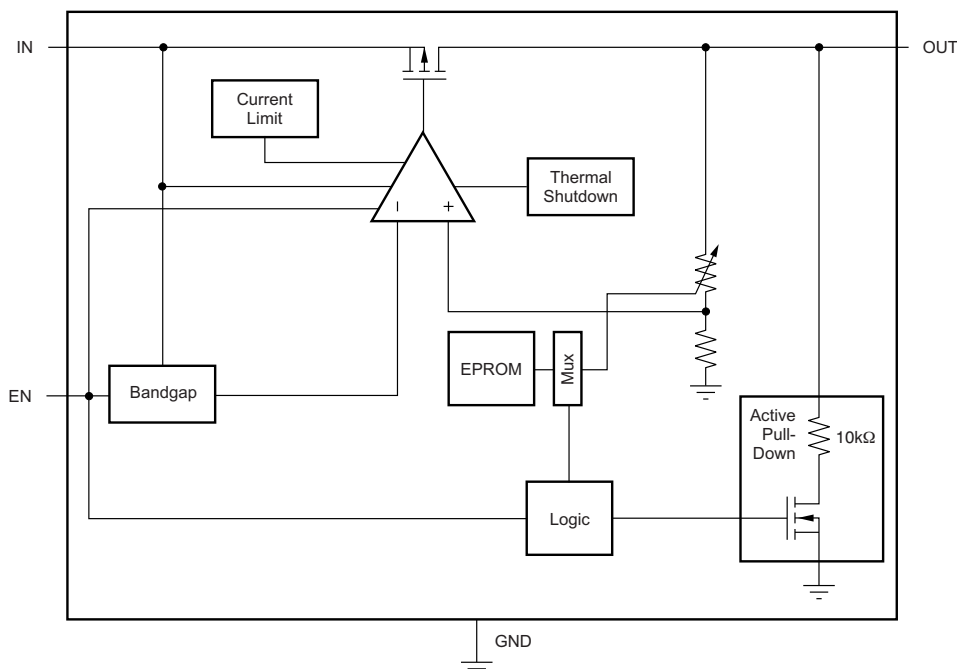
Figure 21. Enable Pin vs Output Voltage Delay, TPS78233

## 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The TPS782 family of low-dropout regulators (LDOs) is designed specifically for battery-powered applications where ultralow quiescent current is a critical parameter. The TPS782 family is compatible with the [TI MSP430](#) and other similar products. The enable pin (EN) is compatible with standard CMOS logic. This LDO family is stable with any output capacitor greater than 1.0  $\mu\text{F}$ .

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 7.3 Feature Description

#### 7.3.1 Internal Current Limit

The TPS782 is internally current-limited to protect the regulator during fault conditions. During current limit, the output sources a fixed amount of current that is largely independent of output voltage. For reliable operation, the device should not be operated in a current limit state for extended periods of time.

The PMOS pass element in the TPS782 series has a built-in body diode that conducts current when the voltage at OUT exceeds the voltage at IN. This current is not limited, so if extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting to 5% of rated output current may be appropriate.

#### 7.3.2 Active $V_{OUT}$ Pulldown

In the TPS782 series, the active pulldown discharges  $V_{OUT}$  when the device is off. However, the input voltage must be greater than 2.2 V for the active pulldown to work.

## Feature Description (continued)

### 7.3.3 Shutdown

The enable pin (EN) is active high and is compatible with standard and low-voltage CMOS levels. When shutdown capability is not required, EN should be connected to the IN pin, as shown in Figure 22. The TPS782 series, with internal active output pulldown circuitry, discharges the output to within 5%  $V_{OUT}$  with a time ( $t$ ) shown in Equation 1:

$$t = 3 \left[ \frac{10k\Omega \times R_L}{10k\Omega + R_L} \right] \times C_{OUT} \quad (1)$$

Where:

$R_L$  = output load resistance

$C_{OUT}$  = output capacitance

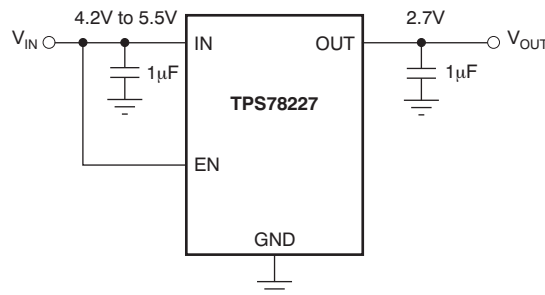


Figure 22. Circuit Showing EN Tied High When Shutdown Capability Is Not Required

## 7.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 provides a quick comparison between the normal, dropout, and disabled modes of operation.

Table 1. Device Functional Mode Comparison

OPERATING MODE	PARAMETER			
	$V_{IN}$	EN	$I_{OUT}$	$T_J$
Normal	$V_{IN} > V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$	$V_{EN} > V_{EN(HI)}$	$I_{OUT} < I_{LIM}$	$T_J < T_{SD}$
Dropout	$V_{IN} < V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$	$V_{EN} > V_{EN(HI)}$	$I_{OUT} < I_{LIM}$	$T_J < T_{SD}$
Disabled	—	$V_{EN} < V_{EN(LO)}$	—	$T_J > T_{SD}$

### 7.4.1 Normal Operation

The device regulates to the nominal output voltage under the following conditions:

- The input voltage is greater than the nominal output voltage plus the dropout voltage ( $V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$ ).
- The enable voltage has previously exceeded the enable rising threshold voltage and not yet decreased below the enable falling threshold.
- The output current is less than the current limit ( $I_{OUT} < I_{LIM}$ ).
- The device junction temperature is less than the thermal shutdown temperature ( $T_J < T_{SD}$ ).

### 7.4.2 Dropout Operation

If the input voltage is lower than the nominal output voltage plus the specified dropout voltage, but all other conditions are met for normal operation, the device operates in dropout mode. In this mode, the output voltage tracks the input voltage. During this mode, the transient performance of the device becomes significantly degraded because the pass device is in a triode state and no longer controls the current through the LDO. Line or load transients in dropout can result in large output-voltage deviations.

### 7.4.3 Disabled

The device is disabled under the following conditions:

- The enable voltage is less than the enable falling threshold voltage or has not yet exceeded the enable rising threshold.
- The device junction temperature is greater than the thermal shutdown temperature ( $T_J > T_{SD}$ ).

## 8 Application and Implementation

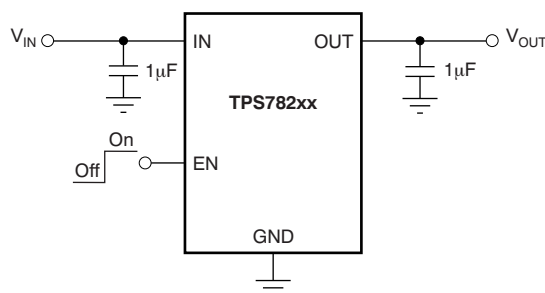
### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

The TPS782 family of LDOs is factory-programmable to have a fixed output. Note that during startup or steady-state conditions, it is important that the EN pin voltage never exceed  $V_{IN} + 0.3V$ .

### 8.2 Typical Application



**Figure 23. Typical Application Circuit**

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

Select the desired device based on the output voltage.

Provide an input supply with adequate headroom to account for dropout and output current to account for the GND pin current, and power the load. Select input and output capacitors based on application needs.

#### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

##### 8.2.2.1 Input and Output Capacitor Requirements

Although an input capacitor is not required for stability, it is good analog design practice to connect a 0.1-µF to 1.0-µF low equivalent series resistance (ESR) capacitor across the input supply near the regulator. This capacitor counteracts reactive input sources and improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value capacitor may be necessary if large, fast rise-time load transients are anticipated, or if the device is not located near the power source. If source impedance is not sufficiently low, a 0.1-µF input capacitor may be necessary to ensure stability.

The TPS782 series is designed to be stable with standard ceramic capacitors with values of 1.0 µF or larger at the output. X5R- and X7R-type capacitors are best because they have minimal variation in value and ESR over temperature. Maximum ESR should be less than 1.0 Ω. With tolerance and dc bias effects, the minimum capacitance to ensure stability is 1 µF.

## Typical Application (continued)

### 8.2.2.2 Dropout Voltage

The TPS782 uses a PMOS pass transistor to achieve low dropout. When  $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$  is less than the dropout voltage ( $V_{DO}$ ), the PMOS pass device is in the linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the  $R_{DS(ON)}$  of the PMOS pass element.  $V_{DO}$  approximately scales with output current because the PMOS device behaves like a resistor in dropout. As with any linear regulator, PSRR and transient response are degraded as  $(V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$  approaches dropout. This effect is shown in the [Typical Characteristics](#) section. Refer to application report [SLVA207, Understanding LDO Dropout](#), available for download from [www.ti.com](#).

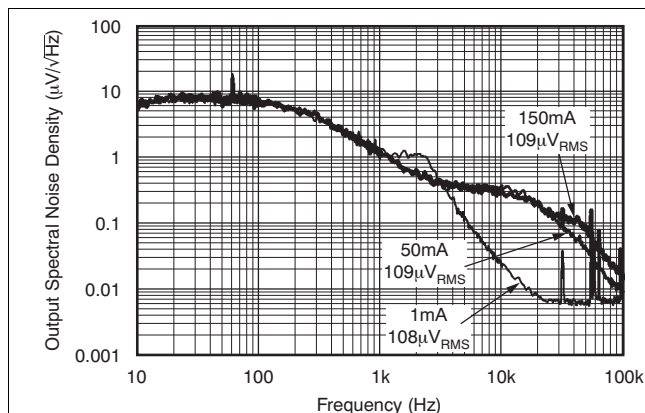
### 8.2.2.3 Transient Response

As with any regulator, increasing the size of the output capacitor reduces over/undershoot magnitude but increases duration of the transient response. For more information, see [Figure 19](#).

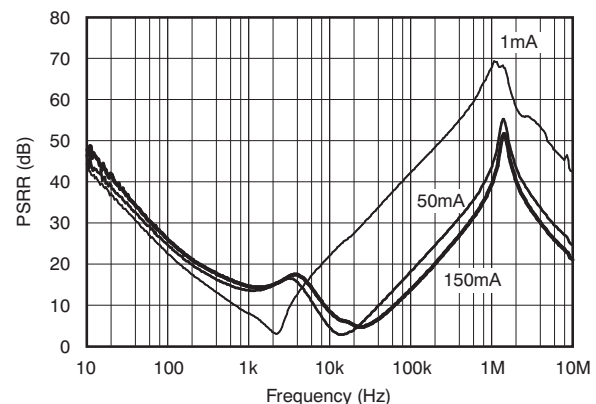
### 8.2.2.4 Minimum Load

The TPS782 series is stable with no output load. Traditional PMOS LDO regulators suffer from lower loop gain at very light output loads. The TPS782 employs an innovative, low-current circuit under very light or no-load conditions, resulting in improved output voltage regulation performance down to zero output current. See [Figure 19](#) for the load transient response.

## 8.2.3 Application Curves



**Figure 24. Output Spectral Noise Density vs Frequency,  $C_{IN} = 1 \mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu F$ ,  $V_{IN} = 3.2 V$ , TPS78227**



**Figure 25. Ripple Rejection vs Frequency,  $V_{IN} = 4.2 V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 2.7 V$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu F$ , TPS78227**

## 8.3 Do's and Don'ts

- Do place at least one 1- $\mu F$  ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the OUT pin of the regulator.
- Do not place the output capacitor more than 10 mm away from the regulator.
- Do connect a 0.1- $\mu F$  to 1.0- $\mu F$  low equivalent series resistance (ESR) capacitor across the IN pin and GND of the regulator.
- Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings.

## 9 Power Supply Recommendations

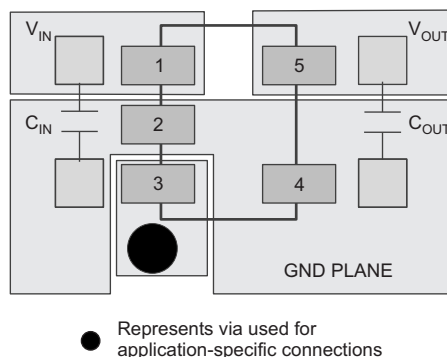
For best performance, connect a low-output impedance power supply directly to the IN pin of the TPS782 series. Inductive impedances between the input supply and the IN pin create significant voltage excursions at the IN pin during startup or load transient events. If inductive impedances are unavoidable, use an input capacitor.

## 10 Layout

### 10.1 Layout Guidelines

To improve ac performance (such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response), it is recommended that the printed circuit board (PCB) be designed with separate ground planes for  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$ , with each ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, the ground connection for the output capacitor should connect directly to the GND pin of the device. High ESR capacitors may degrade PSRR.

### 10.2 Layout Example



**Figure 26. Layout Example for DDC Package**

### 10.3 Thermal Protection

Thermal protection disables the device output when the junction temperature rises to approximately 160°C, allowing the device to cool. Once the junction temperature cools to approximately 140°C, the output circuitry is enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off again. This cycling limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage as a result of overheating.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heatsink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to 125°C maximum. To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heatsink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered; use worst-case loads and signal conditions. For good reliability, thermal protection should trigger at least 35°C above the maximum expected ambient condition of your particular application. This configuration produces a worst-case junction temperature of 125°C at the highest expected ambient temperature and worst-case load.

The internal protection circuitry of the TPS782 series has been designed to protect against overload conditions. However, it is not intended to replace proper heatsinking. Continuously running the TPS782 series into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

### 10.4 Power Dissipation

The ability to remove heat from the die is different for each package type, presenting different considerations in the PCB layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air. Performance data for JEDEC low- and high-K boards are given in the [Thermal Information](#) table. Using heavier copper increases the effectiveness in removing heat from the device. The addition of plated through-holes to heat-dissipating layers also improves the heatsink effectiveness. Power dissipation depends on input voltage and load conditions. Power dissipation ( $P_D$ ) is equal to the product of the output current times the voltage drop across the output pass element ( $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$ ), as shown in [Equation 2](#):

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} \quad (2)$$

## 11 Device and Documentation Support

### 11.1 Device Support

#### 11.1.1 Development Support

##### 11.1.1.1 Evaluation Modules

An evaluation module (EVM) is available to assist in the initial circuit performance evaluation using the TPS782. The [TPS782xxEVM evaluation modules](#) (and [related user guide](#)) can be requested at the Texas Instruments website through the product folders or purchased directly from the [TI eStore](#).

##### 11.1.1.2 Spice Models

Computer simulation of circuit performance using SPICE is often useful when analyzing the performance of analog circuits and systems. A SPICE model for the TPS782 family is available through the product folders under *Simulation Models*.

#### 11.1.2 Device Nomenclature

**Table 2. Device Nomenclature<sup>(1)</sup>**

PRODUCT	V <sub>OUT</sub>
TPS782xxyyyz	<b>XX</b> is the nominal output voltage <b>YYY</b> is the package designator. <b>Z</b> is the tape and reel quantity (R = 3000, T = 250).

(1) For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at [www.ti.com](http://www.ti.com).

### 11.2 Documentation Support

#### 11.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Application report. *Understanding LDO Dropout*, [SLVA207](#)
- Product information. *Low-power MCUs*, [MSP430](#)
- Reference design. *Water Meter Implementation with FRAM Microcontroller*, [TIDU517](#)

### 11.3 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### 11.5 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS78218DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SJY	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78218DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SJY	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78218DRVR	ACTIVE	WSO	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SAF	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78218DRV	ACTIVE	WSO	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SAF	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78222DRVR	ACTIVE	WSO	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	RAR	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78222DRV	ACTIVE	WSO	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	RAR	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78223DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXM	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78223DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	NXM	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78225DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	CVD	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78225DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	CVD	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78225DRVR	ACTIVE	WSO	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CVD	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78225DRV	ACTIVE	WSO	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CVD	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78227DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	CVE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78227DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	CVE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78227DRVR	ACTIVE	WSO	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CVE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78227DRV	ACTIVE	WSO	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CVE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78228DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	CVF	<a href="#">Samples</a>



Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS78228DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	CVF	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78228DRVR	ACTIVE	WSON	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU   CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CVF	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78228DRVRG4	ACTIVE	WSON	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CVF	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78228DRVVT	ACTIVE	WSON	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU   CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	CVF	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78230DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	OCK	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78230DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	OCK	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78230DRVR	ACTIVE	WSON	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	ODE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78230DRVVT	ACTIVE	WSON	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	ODE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78233DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	OAH	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78233DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	OAH	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78236DDCR	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SCE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78236DDCT	ACTIVE	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SCE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78236DRVR	ACTIVE	WSON	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SCE	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78236DRVVT	ACTIVE	WSON	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SCE	<a href="#">Samples</a>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of  $\leq 1000$ ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the  $\leq 1000$ ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

#### **OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS782 :**

- Automotive: [TPS782-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

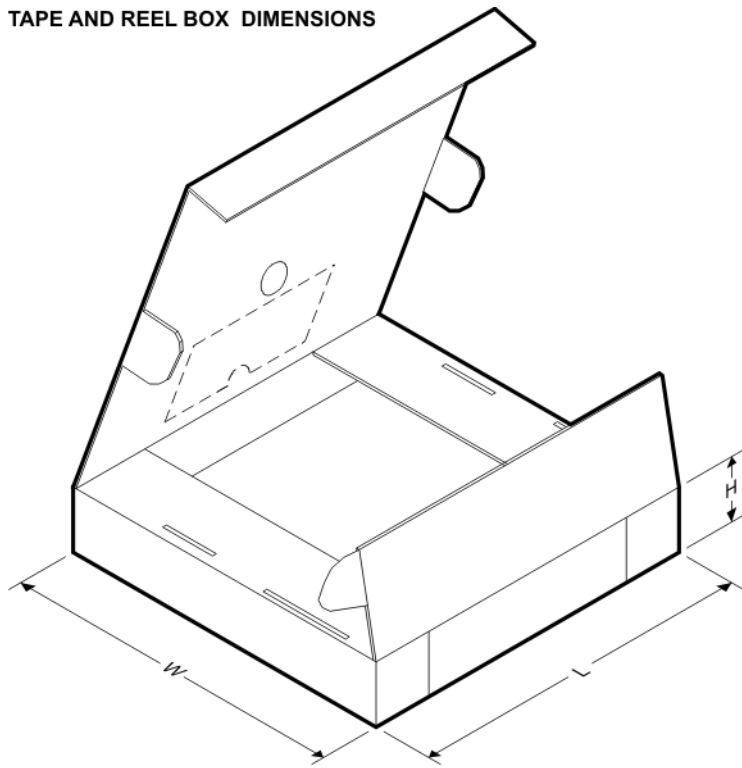
**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS78218DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78218DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78218DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78218DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78218DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78218DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78222DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78222DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78222DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78222DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78223DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78223DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78225DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78225DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.1	3.05	1.1	4.0	8.0	Q3

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS78225DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.1	3.05	1.1	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78225DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78225DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78225DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78225DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78225DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78227DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78227DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78227DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78227DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78227DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78227DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78228DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78228DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78228DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78228DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78228DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78230DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78230DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78230DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78230DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78230DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78230DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78233DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78233DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.1	3.05	1.1	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78233DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	180.0	8.4	3.1	3.05	1.1	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78233DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78236DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78236DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78236DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78236DRVR	WSO	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78236DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS78236DRVT	WSO	DRV	6	250	178.0	8.4	2.25	2.25	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2

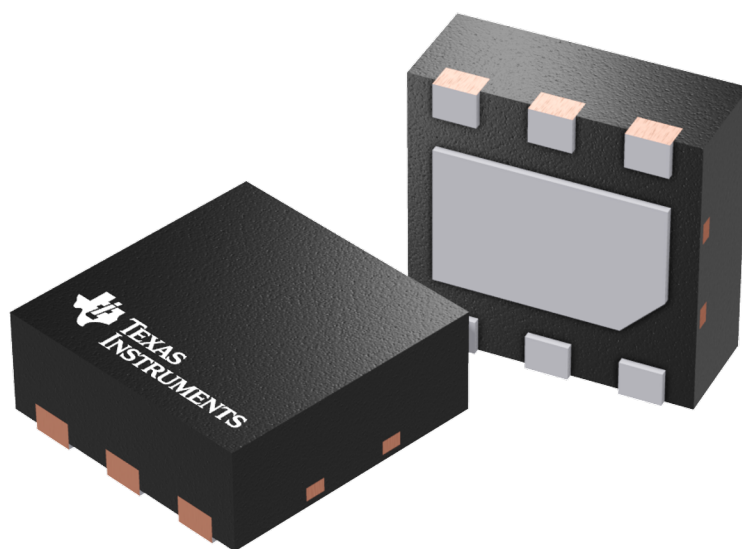
## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



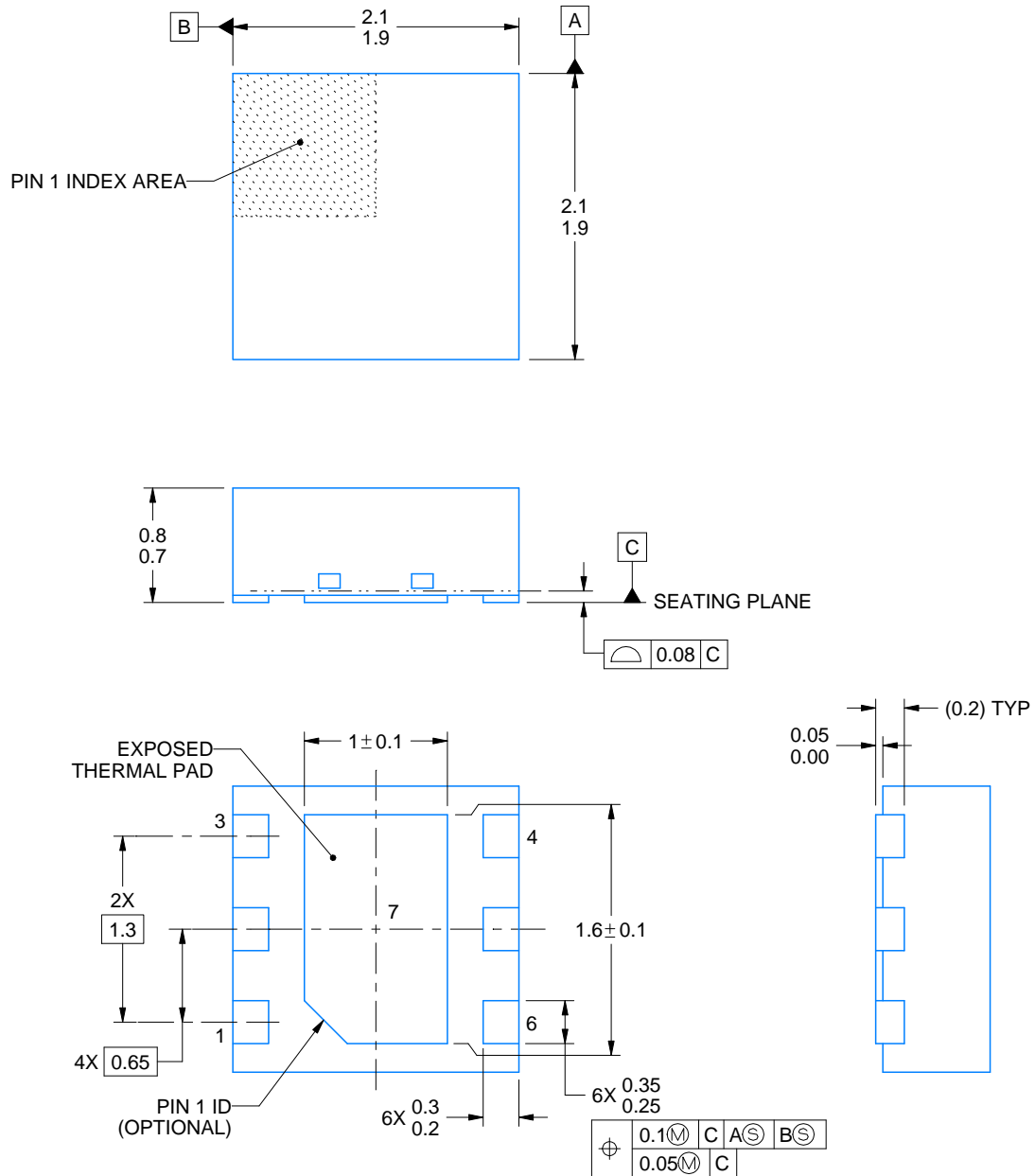
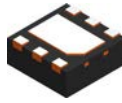
\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS78218DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78218DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78218DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78218DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78218DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78218DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78222DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78222DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78222DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78222DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78223DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78223DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78225DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78225DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	213.0	191.0	35.0
TPS78225DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	213.0	191.0	35.0
TPS78225DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78225DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78225DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78225DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	203.0	203.0	35.0

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS78225DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78227DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78227DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78227DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78227DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78227DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78227DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78228DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78228DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78228DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78228DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78228DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78230DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78230DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78230DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78230DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78230DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78230DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78233DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78233DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	213.0	191.0	35.0
TPS78233DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	213.0	191.0	35.0
TPS78233DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78236DDCR	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78236DDCT	SOT-23-THIN	DDC	5	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS78236DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
TPS78236DRVR	WSON	DRV	6	3000	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78236DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	203.0	203.0	35.0
TPS78236DRVT	WSON	DRV	6	250	205.0	200.0	33.0



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4222173/B 04/2018

**NOTES:**

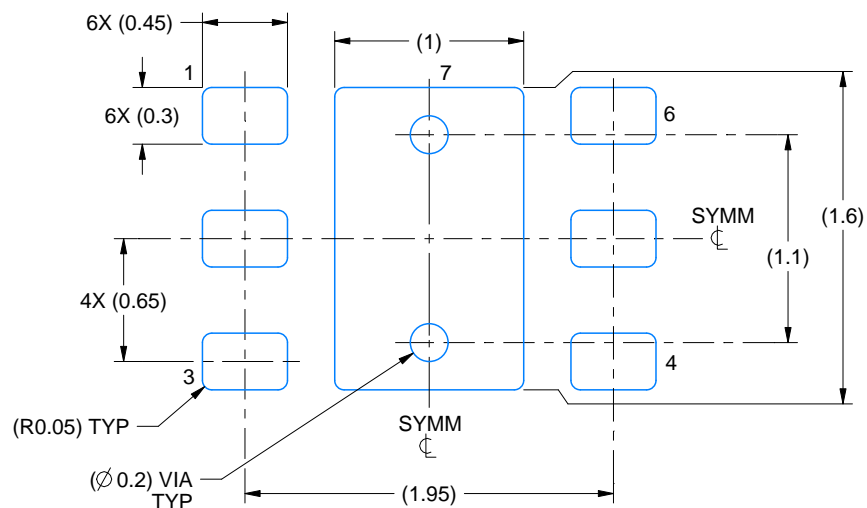
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



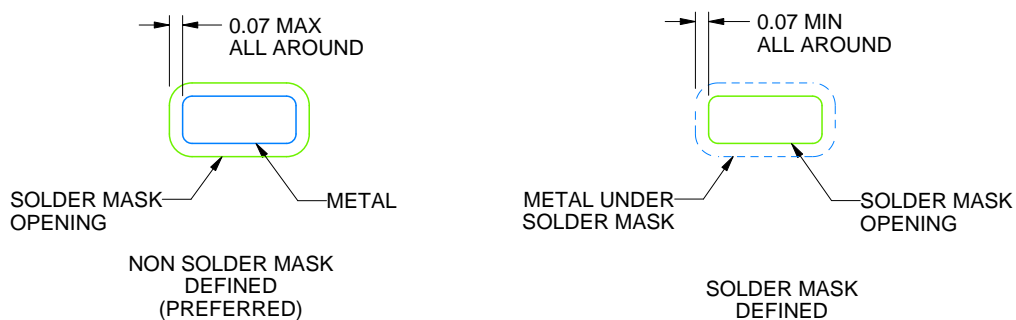
**DRV0006A**

**WSON - 0.8 mm max height**

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
SCALE:25X



## SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4222173/B 04/2018

NOTES: (continued)

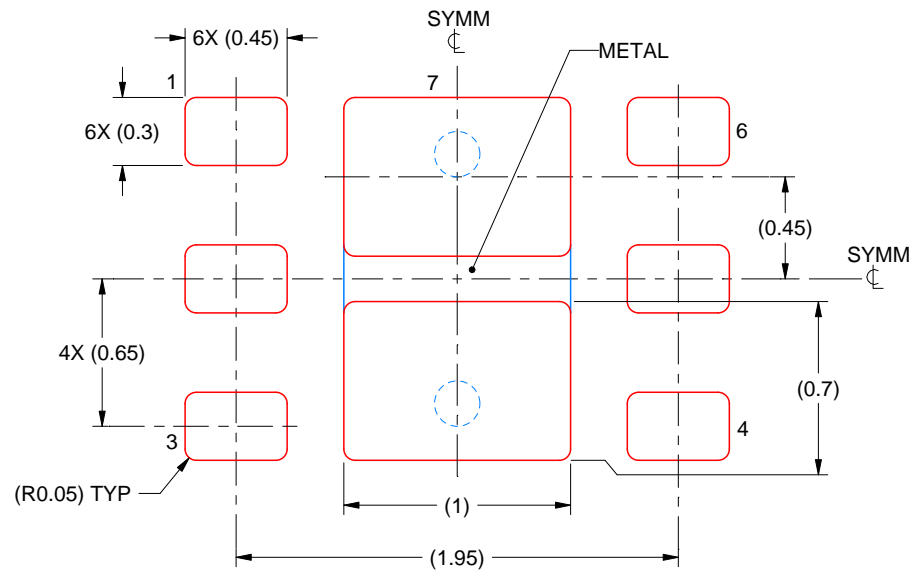
4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 ([www.ti.com/lit/slua271](http://www.ti.com/lit/slua271)).
5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If some or all are implemented, recommended via locations are shown.

# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DRV0006A

WSN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD #7  
88% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE  
SCALE:30X

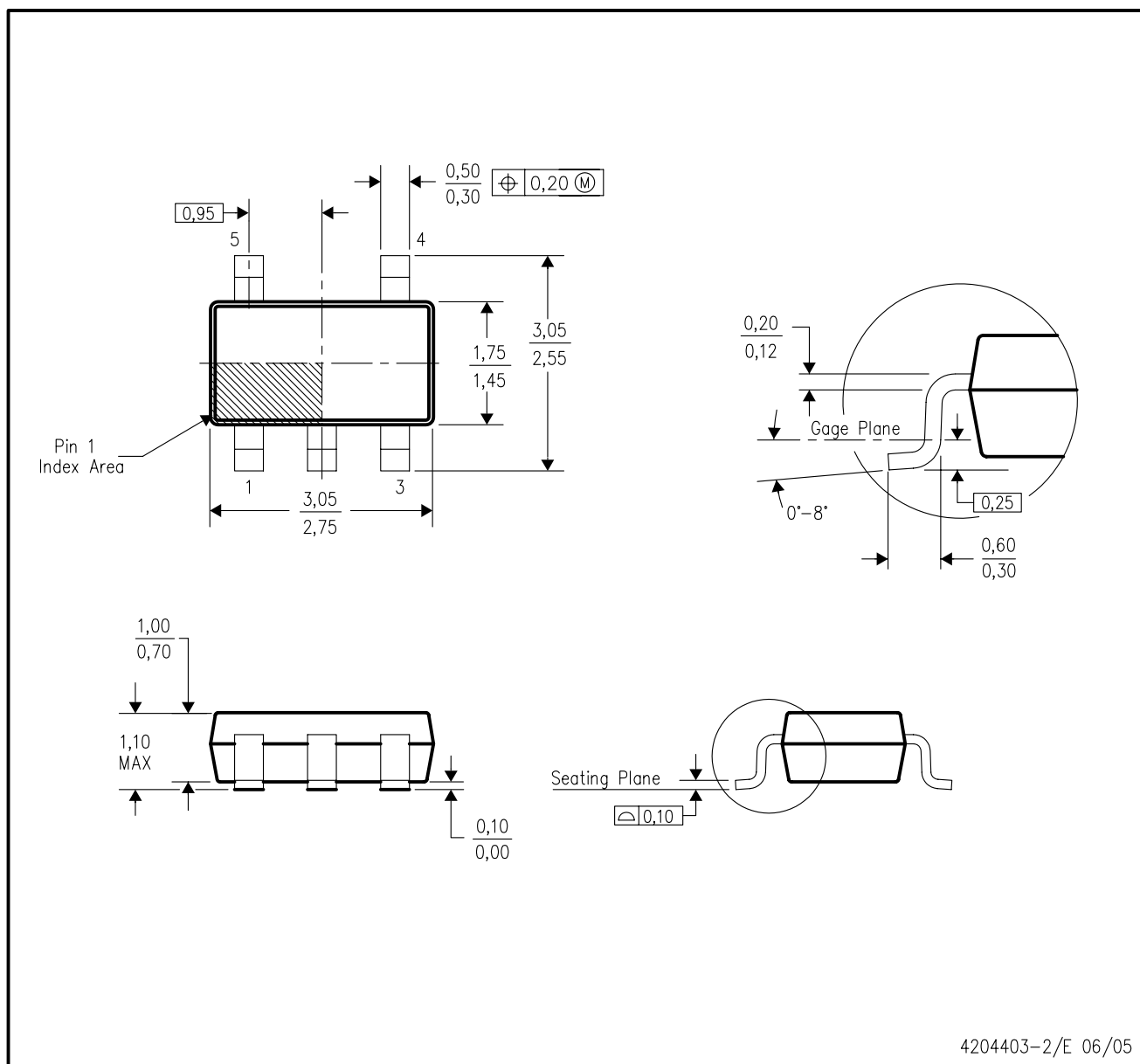
4222173/B 04/2018

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

## DDC (R-PDSO-G5)

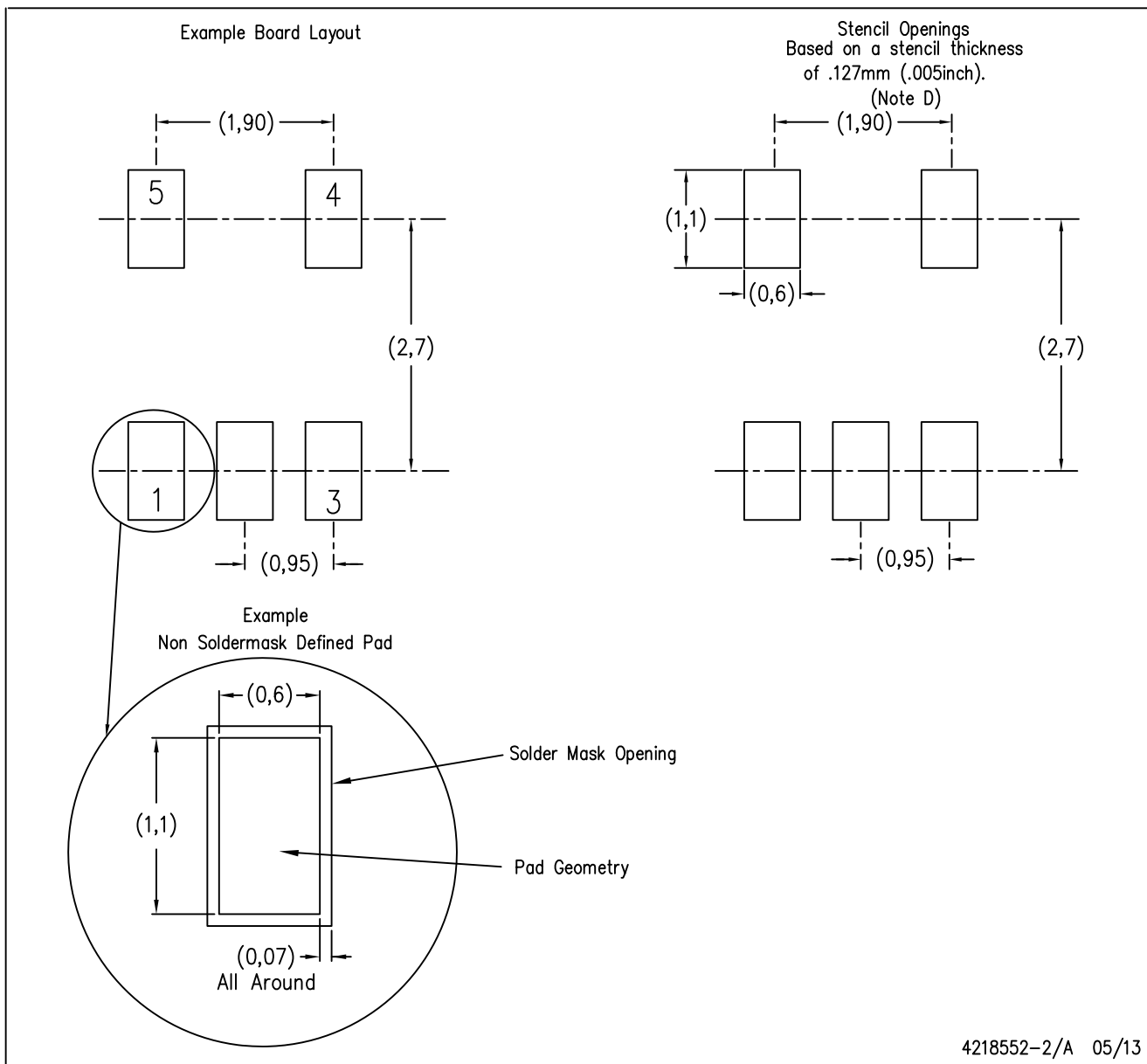
## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
  - Falls within JEDEC MO-193 variation AB (5 pin).

DDC (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale ([www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html](http://www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html)) or other applicable terms available either on [ti.com](http://ti.com) or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265  
Copyright © 2018, Texas Instruments Incorporated