

# Being Bilingual: Coding in Both R and Python

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# Introduction



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- ▶ The ongoing question: R or Python?
- ▶ Why choose only one? Why not wrap one in the other?
- ▶ Build more seamless data science pipelines & leverage strengths of both
- ▶ **Objective:** introduce how to work with R and Python in the R interface using the `reticulate` package
- ▶ I will assume minimal knowledge of Python

## library(reticulate)

- ▶ First author and maintainer Kevin Ushey, RStudio
- ▶ Can use Python already on your system, a virtual environment, specific versions, or Miniconda
- ▶ Works with Python versions  $\geq 2.7$
- ▶ “The package enables you to *reticulate* Python code into R, creating a new breed of project that weaves together the two languages.”

# Setting up Python

- ▶ Some systems come downloaded with Python
- ▶ If not, many ways to download (one option: Anaconda)
- ▶ Anaconda loads Python and some well known packages vs. Miniconda which loads Python and tools to install more packages (lighter weight)
- ▶ First time installing and loading library, option to install Miniconda
  - ▶ Happens if you don't specify Python source explicitly to use
  - ▶ Creates an `r-reticulate` Conda environment with Python 3.6.10 with numpy version 1.18.15

## Install package

```
# Install the package  
install.packages("reticulate")
```

```
# Load the library  
library(reticulate)
```

```
# and check the package version  
packageVersion("reticulate")
```

```
## [1] '1.16'
```



# Check python version

```
# Check what Python source it's using  
py_config()
```

```
python:      /Users/haema/Library/r-miniconda/envs/r-reticulate/bin/python  
libpython:   /Users/haema/Library/r-miniconda/envs/r-reticulate/lib/libpython3.6m.dylib  
pythonhome:  /Users/haema/Library/r-miniconda/envs/r-reticulate:/Users/haema/Library/r-miniconda/envs/  
version:     3.6.10 | packaged by conda-forge | (default, Apr 24 2020, 16:27:41) [GCC Clang 9.0.1 ]  
numpy:       /Users/haema/Library/r-miniconda/envs/r-reticulate/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy  
numpy_version: 1.18.5
```

## Translation “dictionary”

| Purpose        | R                                       | Python                   |
|----------------|---|--------------------------|
| Load packages  | <code>library(name)</code>              | <code>import name</code> |
| Data wrangling | <code>base</code> or <code>dplyr</code> | <code>pandas</code>      |
| Computations   | <code>base</code>                       | <code>numpy</code>       |
| Graphics       | <code>ggplot2</code>                    | <code>matplotlib</code>  |
| ...            | ...                                     | ...                      |

# Interacting with Python

1. Interactive Python (REPL)
2. Import Python packages
3. Load external Python scripts

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# Interactive Python

Can work with Python in the console itself (REPL = Read-Eval-Print Loop)

```
# Start an interactive session  
repl_python()  
Python 3.6.10  
(/Users/haema/Library/r-miniconda/envs/r-reticulate/  
  bin/python)  
Reticulate 1.16 REPL -- A Python interpreter in R.  
>>>
```

- ▶ The “>>>” indicates Python environment
- ▶ To exit session, type exit and hit enter
- ▶ Whatever is defined in this session will remain in Python session (coding version of Vegas)

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## Import packages

As with R, you may need functions available in other packages. Sometimes these packages are already installed (e.g., numpy and os)

```
# Load the os (operating system) package
```

```
os = import("os")
```

```
# print current working directory.
```

```
# In python keep () to run the function
```

```
os$getcwd()
```

```
## [1] "/Users/haema/Documents/noRth_reticulate_20200714"
```

```
# notice how it matches
```

```
getwd()
```

```
## [1] "/Users/haema/Documents/noRth_reticulate_20200714"
```

## Import packages

For packages that are not pre-installed, specify the environment you want to install it to

```
# scipy popular Python scientific computing package  
conda_install("r-reticulate", "scipy")  
  
# another approach  
# sklearn holds many machine learning functions  
py_install('sklearn', pip = TRUE)  
  
# tensorflow popular package for deep-learning modules  
# reticulate designed to install package from CRAN  
install.packages("tensorflow")
```

Then we can import the packages as before

```
scipy = import("scipy")  
library(tensorflow)
```



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## Read in Python files

Similarly, we can read in a Python file (e.g., load a function).

Consider the following function stored in `logitfunc.py` to compute

$$\text{logit}(x) = \frac{e^x}{1+e^x}.$$

```
import numpy as np

def logit_py(x):
    return np.exp(x)/(1+np.exp(x))
```

Load file with

```
source_python("logitfunc.py")
logit_py(0.5)
```

```
## [1] 0.6224593
```

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## Example with Natural Language Processing (NLP)

Run through example if time permits

# Conclusion

- ▶ Work with Python in R using library(reticulate)
- ▶ Build more seamless pipelines and leverage both systems
- ▶ Some more resources (clickable links):
  - ▶ [Rstudio Retiulate](#)
  - ▶ [CRAN reticulate](#)
  - ▶ [Tutorial Rshiny + Python \(virtual env\)](#)

Thank You!