

1. Operator ?: cannot be overloaded.

0.5 mark

Operator += can be overloaded.

with example 1.5 marks.  
only can be overloaded= 0.5

2.

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include <iomanip.h>
class matrix
{
    int maxrow, maxcol;
    int * ptr;
public:
    matrix( int r, int c )
    {
        maxrow = r;
        maxcol = c;
        ptr = new int [r * c];
    }
    void getmat( )
    {
        int i,j, mat_off,temp;
        cout << endl << "enter elements matrix:" << endl;
        for( i = 0; i < maxrow; i++ )
        {
            for( j = 0; j < maxcol; j++ )
            {
                mat_off = i * maxcol + j;
                cin >> ptr[ mat_off ];
            }
        }
    }
    void printmat( )
    {
        int i, j, mat_off;
        for( i = 0; i < maxrow; i++ )
        {
            cout << endl;
            for( j = 0; j < maxcol; j++ )
            {
                mat_off = i * maxcol + j;
                cout << setw( 3 ) << ptr[ mat_off ];
            }
        }
    }
    int delmat( )
    {
        matrix q ( maxrow - 1, maxcol - 1 );
        int sign = 1, sum = 0, i, j,k,count;
        int newsize, newpos, pos, order;
        order = maxrow;
        if( order == 1 )
        {
            return ( ptr[ 0 ] );
        }
        for( i = 0; i < order; i++, sign *= -1 )
```

define highlight part properly  
1 mark  
otherwise as per your  
understanding

0.5 mark

0.5 mark

```

{
    for( j = 1; j < order; j++ )
    {
        for( k = 0, count = 0; k < order; k++ )
        {
            if( k == i )
                continue;
            pos = j * order + k;
            newpos = ( j - 1 ) * ( order - 1 ) + count;
            q.ptr[ newpos ] = ptr[ pos ];
            count++;
        }
        sum = sum + ptr[ i ] * sign * q.delmat( );
    }
    return ( sum );
}

```

```

matrix operator +( matrix b )
{

```

```

    matrix c ( maxrow, maxcol );
    int i, j, mat_off;
    for( i = 0; i < maxrow; i++ )
    {
        for( j = 0; j < maxcol; j++ )
        {
            mat_off = i * maxcol + j;
            c.ptr[ mat_off ] = ptr[ mat_off ] + b.ptr[ mat_off ];
        }
    }
    return ( c );
}

```

0.5 mark

```

matrix operator *( matrix b )
{

```

```

    matrix c ( b.maxcol, maxrow );
    int i, j, k, mat_off1, mat_off2, mat_off3;
    for( i = 0; i < c.maxrow; i++ )
    {
        for( j = 0; j < c.maxcol; j++ )
        {
            mat_off3 = i * c.maxcol + j;
            c.ptr[ mat_off3 ] = 0;
            for( k = 0; k < b.maxrow; k++ )
            {
                mat_off2 = k * b.maxcol + j;
                mat_off1 = i * maxcol + k;
                c.ptr[mat_off3] += ptr[mat_off1] * b.ptr[mat_off2 ];
            }
        }
    }
    return ( c );
}

```

1 mark

```

int operator ==( matrix b )
{

```

```

    int i, j, mat_off;
    if( maxrow != b.maxrow || maxcol != b.maxcol ) return ( 0 );
    for( i = 0; i < maxrow; i++ )

```

1 mark

```

        {
            for( j = 0; j < maxcol; j++ )
            {
                mat_off = i * maxcol + j;

                if( ptr[ mat_off ]!= b.ptr[ mat_off ] )
                    return ( 0 );
            }
        }
        return ( 1 );
    }
};

```

```

void main( )
{
    int rowa, cola, rowb, colb;
    cout << endl << "Enter dimensions of matrix A";
    cin >> rowa >> cola;
    matrix a ( rowa, cola);
    a.getmat( );
    cout << endl << "Enter dimensions of matrix B";
    cin >> rowb >> colb;
    matrix b ( rowb, colb);
    b.getmat( );
    matrix c ( rowa, cola);
    c = a + b;
    cout << endl << "The sum of two matrices = ";
    c.printmat( );
    matrix d ( rowa, colb );
    d = a * b;
    cout << endl << "The product of two matrices = ";
    d.printmat( );
    cout << endl << "Determinant of matrix a =" << a.delmat( );
    if( a == b )
        cout << endl << "a & b are equal";
    else
        cout << endl << "a & b are not equal";
}

```

0.5

3.

```

#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
class complex
{
    float x;
    float y;
public:
    void input(float real, float img)
    {
        x=real;
        y=img;
    }
    friend complex sum(complex, complex);
}

```

define friend function properly and  
create class = 1 mark

```

    void show(complex);
};
complex sum(complex c1, complex c2)
{
    complex c3;
    c3.x = c1.x + c2.x;
    c3.y = c1.y + c2.y;
    return (c3);
}
void complex :: show(complex c)
{
    cout<<c.x<<"+"<<c.y<<"\n";
}
int main()
{
    complex A,B,C;
    A.input(3.1, 5.65);
    B.input(2.75, 1.2);

    C=sum(A,B);
    cout<<"A=";
    A.show(A);
    cout<<"B=";
    B.show(B);
    cout<<"C=";
    C.show(C);

    return 0;
}

```

0.5

0.5

1 mark

4. A. `int* getCountAddress ( )`  
`{`  
`return &count;`  
`}`  
 Note: All other code remain unchanged
- B. Just erase "objRoom4 = objRoom3; invalid to call copy constructor." for successfully run.
- C. Solution: setValue(int w, int h) method should be public.
- D. The argument of Space() function is void type, so when this function is called there are no argument can send to it. But 'mCount' argument is sending to Space() function through return  
 space(mCount); Statement.  
 Here return space (mCount); replaced by return space();
- each part 1.5 marks

5.     A.     LINE1   a=x;     0.5 marks
- LINE2   b=y;     0.5 marks
- LINE3   public:   1 mark
- B.     LINE1 complex(complex &c)   1 mark
- LINE2   b=c.b;     0.5 mark
- LINE3   a=c.a;     0.5 mark