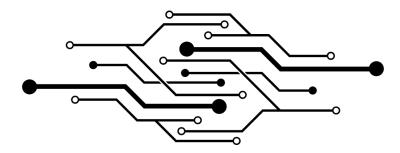
## NEXUSNODE



# Verifiable Advisory Poll — System Specification

One-District MVP using Voter Roll + (one-time codes)OTP + Public Bulletin Board(PBB) (2-of-3 Trustees)

## Authors

Vince Mbanze Thabo Pilusa Ofentse Pholosi

# Organisation

Nexusnode

 ${\bf Date\ /\ Location:\ 26\ September\ 2025-Johannesburg}$ 

 ${\bf Contacts: \ Vince \ Mbanze, \ Founder \ (Nexus node), \ vince.mbanze@nexus node.co.za}$ 

Public Draft v1.0 — Licensed CC BY 4.0 (Attribution)

# Contents

1	Executive Summary 2		
2	System Overview	4	
3	Eligibility, Channels, Trustees & Verifiability 3.1 Eligibility (no biometrics)	6 8 9 10	
4	4.2 Service Level Objectives 4.3 Monitoring & alerting 4.4 T-48h pre-flight incident drill (pass/fail gate) 4.5 Abuse controls & rate limits 4.6 Incident management & public comms 4.7 Support & help-desk (Phase 1) 4.8 Deployment, resilience & DR 4.9 Access, secrets & data handling 4.10 Pre-flight tests & go/no-go 4.11 Public endpoints	11 11 11 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13	
5	5.2 Phase 2 — Scale & Stronger Proofs (multi-district, 6–18 months)	14 14 14 15 15 15 16 16	
A	Threat Model & Mitigations (MVP / Phase 1)  A.1 Assets & trust boundaries		
В	Cost Estimates & Staffing (MVP / Phase 1) — ZAR  B.1 Staffing plan (3–4 months)	18 18 18 18 18	

## 1 Executive Summary

## Purpose

- Prove that a lean, low-cost system can deliver publicly auditable advisory poll results in one district without national-election complexity.
- Build trust and capacity: demonstrate receipts, transparency, and basic governance with independent trustees.
- Establish a clean upgrade path to the NP3 "north star" (blind tokens, kiosks, stronger privacy, more trustees) without re-architecting.
- Bound risk and cost for stakeholders while gathering real operational data to decide whether to scale.

## Phase 1 Deliverables)

- Jurisdiction: One pilot district (urban or peri-urban) with existing voter roll snapshot.
- Eligibility: Existing voter roll + one-time codes via SMS/IVR. Codes are rate-limited and recorded on a public, append-only ledger (hashes only). No biometrics.
- Channels: Web + USSD/SMS (mobile-responsive web; concise USSD flows). Top 3 local languages; large-text and basic TTS on web. No kiosks in MVP.
- Ballot types: Yes/No and simple 1-of-N multiple choice.
- Verifiability: Per-ballot receipt hash shown to voters and posted to a Public Bulletin Board (PBB); full list of cast records is published to enable public inclusion checks. Trustee-signed tally for results (end-to-end cryptographic re-tally deferred to Phase 2).
- Revoting: Last-vote-wins via per-poll HMAC pseudonym (client-held secret).
- Trustees & governance: 2-of-3 threshold (e.g., local university, civil society NGO, audit/accountancy firm). Trustees co-sign poll manifest, roll digest, hourly PBB roots, and final results.
- Operations: 48–72-hour poll window; SLA 99.5%; DDoS front door; rate limits; staffed help desk. Public incident log and post-mortem within 7 days.
- **Deliverables:** Pilot plan, poll manifest, open-source verifier script, PBB artefacts (receipts, codespend entries, hourly Merkle roots), trustee statements, results explainer.

## Phase-1 trust model (explicit)

In this MVP, the server holds choices; integrity is enforced by: (a) a Public Bulletin Board (PBB) with ISSUANCE\_HASH, SPEND\_HASH, and RECEIPT\_HASH records and hourly Merkle roots, (b) 2-of-3 trustee co-signatures on manifest, roots and results, (c) voter receipt inclusion checks, (d) a public incident log with 24-hour disclosure, and (e) a published TALLY NOTE describing all exclusions (duplicates/late/invalid). Full public re-tally with cryptographic proofs is scheduled for Phase 2.

## Success Criteria (phase-gate to Phase 2)

#### Integrity & Transparency

- Receipt inclusion: ≥ 95% of a random sample of voters can find their receipt hash on the PBB;
   0 unexplained omissions.
- Code ledger soundness: 0 double-spend codes accepted; all issued/consumed code hashes reconcile.
- Independent assurance: At least two external observer groups validate that (a) the PBB is complete and append-only, and (b) the trustee-signed tally matches the posted cast records.
- Incident transparency: 100% of Sev-1/Sev-2 incidents logged publicly within 24 hours; no unresolved Sev-1 at close.

#### Availability & Operations

- Channel uptime:  $\geq 99.5\%$  during the poll window for web and USSD/SMS; retry success  $\geq 99\%$  within 5 minutes.
- Support responsiveness: Median help-desk first response; 10 min during peak hours.

## Adoption & Inclusion

- Participation target: Meets or exceeds a pre-agreed district target (e.g.,  $\geq 2 \times$  historical participation for comparable consultations).
- Channel diversity:  $\geq 25\%$  of valid ballots via USSD/SMS (evidence of reach beyond web).
- Accessibility checks: User testing in at least 3 languages; documented fixes before go-live.

## Governance & Safety

- Trustee performance: All required trustee co-signatures delivered on time; no quorum failure.
- No material security failures: No verified ballot stuffing or silent edits; any attempted attacks publicly disclosed with remediation.

#### Exit/Advance Decision

If all **bold** criteria above are met, proceed to Phase 2 (multi-channel scale-up, blind-signed tokens, 3-of-5 trustees, stronger proofs). If not, remediate and re-run within the same district before expanding scope.

Out of scope (Phase 1) biometrics, kiosks, anonymous credentials/blind tokens, homomorphic/mixnet tally, 3-of-5 ceremonies, 99.95% SLOs. See §5 Roadmap.

# 2 System Overview

## Purpose

Deliver a lean, auditable advisory poll in one district using the existing voter roll, one-time pin (OTP), a public bulletin board (PBB) of hashed artefacts, and 2-of-3 independent trustees. Identity never enters the cast path. Stronger crypto and channels are deferred to later phases without re-architecting.

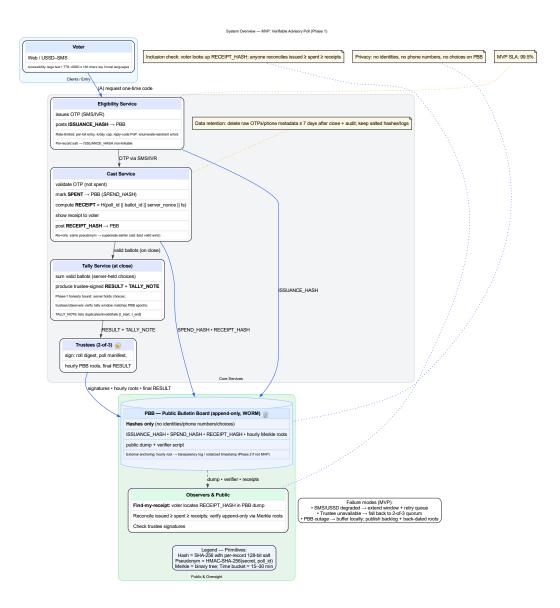


Figure 1: MVP System Overview (Phase 1). Alt text: "Voter requests OTP  $\rightarrow$  casts vote  $\rightarrow$  PBB records issuance/spend/receipt hashes  $\rightarrow$  trustees co-sign results; choices never appear on the PBB."

## Phase-1 Trust Model (explicit)

- Custody: Choices are stored server-side; no identities and no choices are posted to the PBB in Phase 1.
- Compensating controls:
  - PBB reconciliation: ISSUANCE  $\geq$  SPEND  $\geq$  RECEIPT,

- Receipt inclusion (find-my-receipt),
- Hourly Merkle roots (append-only verification),
- 2-of-3 trustee signatures on manifest, roots, and results,
- TALLY NOTE (window, rules, exclusions),
- Public incidents within 24h.
- Roadmap: Phase 2 introduces per-ballot validity proofs and public re-tally (homomorphic or equivalent), keeping the same PBB contract.

## Components (minimal surface area)

- Clients: Web (mobile-responsive, large text/TTS) and USSD/SMS (concise prompts, top 3 local languages).
- Eligibility Service: Issues OTPs to roll-listed voters; posts ISSUANCE\_HASH to PBB.
- Cast Service: Validates OTP, records choice (server-side), posts SPEND\_HASH and RECEIPT\_HASH to PBB; supports last-vote-wins via per-poll HMAC pseudonym.
- Tally Service: At close, produces counts + TALLY NOTE (exclusions, windows) and emits trustee-signed RESULT.
- Trustees (2-of-3): University, NGO, audit firm (example). Co-sign roll digest, poll manifest, hourly PBB roots, and final result.
- Public Bulletin Board (PBB): Append-only WORM feed of salted hashes + hourly Merkle roots (optionally anchored externally).
- Cryptographic primitives (MVP): SHA-256 with per-record 128-bit salt; HMAC-SHA-256 for revote pseudonym; Merkle tree (binary); coarse time buckets (15–30 min).
- Privacy rule: No identities, phone numbers, or choices on the PBB.

## End-to-end flow (Phase-1)

- 1. OTP request (Eligibility): Voter (web/USSD/SMS) requests OTP  $\rightarrow$  Eligibility verifies roll entry + rate limit  $\rightarrow$  sends OTP and posts ISSUANCE\_HASH to PBB.
- 2. Cast (Cast Service): Voter submits {OTP, choice, channel, timebucket}. Service verifies OTP unused, records choice internally, marks spent, derives receipt H(poll\_id || ballot\_id || server\_nonce || timebucket), returns receipt to voter; posts SPEND\_HASH and RECEIPT\_HASH to PBB.
- 3. **Revote:** Same voter can recast; server uses HMAC(secret, poll\_id) pseudonym to supersede prior casts → last valid wins.
- 4. Tally & publication: At close, Tally Service selects last-valid per pseudonym within the PBB-anchored window, computes totals, produces TALLY NOTE (rules + exclusions) and RESULT. Trustees co-sign; artefacts published.

## Public artefacts (PBB schema)

- ISSUANCE\_HASH: {ts\_bucket, kind=ISSUANCE, salted\_hash, channel\_tag, merkle\_idx}
- SPEND\_HASH: {ts\_bucket, kind=SPEND, salted\_hash, channel\_tag, merkle\_idx}
- RECEIPT\_HASH: {ts\_bucket, kind=RECEIPT, salted\_hash, channel\_tag, merkle\_idx}
- Roots: Hourly Merkle roots + signed daily snapshots (optional external anchoring).
- Results bundle: Trustee-signed RESULT, TALLY NOTE, manifest, roll-digest signature, PBB epoch references.

## Verifiability (MVP bar)

- Voter inclusion: Each voter finds their RECEIPT\_HASH on the PBB.
- Observer reconciliation: Check monotonic PBB, match counts: ISSUANCE ≥ SPEND ≥ RECEIPT, verify Merkle proofs and trustee signatures, and that the tally uses exactly the referenced PBB epochs.
- (Full public re-tally with ciphertexts is deferred to Phase 2.)

## Operations & guardrails

- Poll window: 48–72 hours. SLA 99.5% for web + USSD/SMS; retries auto-queued.
- Incident transparency: Public incident log within 24h; post-mortem ≤7 days.
- Failure modes (one-liners):
  - SMS/USSD degraded  $\rightarrow$  extend window + backoff + queued resend.
  - Trustee unavailable  $\rightarrow$  proceed with 2-of-3 quorum.
  - PBB outage  $\rightarrow$  buffer locally; publish backlog with back-dated roots.
- Data retention: Raw OTPs/telemetry purged ≤7 days after close + audit; hashed artefacts/logs retained; no choice data on PBB.
- **Abuse controls:** OTP rate-limits per roll entry; enumeration-resistant errors; fraud monitoring on issuance—spend deltas.

## Interfaces (public)

- POST /otp/request  $\rightarrow$  "sent" + issuance\_id; emits ISSUANCE\_HASH to PBB.
- POST /ballot/cast  $\rightarrow$  returns receipt; emits SPEND\_HASH & RECEIPT\_HASH.
- GET /pbb/feed → NDJSON feed + hourly Merkle roots; signed daily snapshot.
- $\bullet$  GET /results  $\to {\rm trustee\text{-}signed}$  RESULT + TALLY NOTE + PBB references.
- GET /incidents  $\rightarrow$  live incident log.

## Out of scope (Phase 1)

• biometrics, kiosks, anonymous credentials/blind tokens, homomorphic/mix-net tally, 3-of-5 ceremonies, 99.95% SLOs. See §5 Roadmap.

## Upgrade path (no rewrites)

OTP  $\rightarrow$  blind-signed tokens (accumulator); server attestations  $\rightarrow$  ZK validity proofs; 2-of-3  $\rightarrow$  3-of-5 trustees; add kiosks & full accessibility; optional homomorphic tally and universal re-tally in Phase 2–3.

# 3 Eligibility, Channels, Trustees & Verifiability

## 3.1 Eligibility (no biometrics)

#### Data basis

- Source: District voter-roll snapshot (CSV or DB export) taken  $\leq 30$  days before poll.
- Fields required: national\_id, full\_name, dob, district\_code, msisdn (if available), address\_hash (optional).
- **Pre-processing:** dedupe on national\_id; export digest = SHA-256(snapshot\_bytes); trustees cosign digest.

#### OTP issuance (SMS/IVR)

- Code format: 8 digits (10<sup>8</sup> space), TTL 15 min, max 3 active codes per voter, 1 issuance/hour cap.
- Request inputs: national\_id + DOB (or roll PIN if present).
- Anti-enumeration: identical error string for "not on roll / wrong DOB / rate limit".
- Delivery: SMS primary; IVR fallback (TTS reads OTP twice). Optional USSD "pull" message.
- PBB artefact (issuance): { ts\_bucket, kind:"ISSUANCE", salted\_hash: SHA256(national\_id || poll\_id || salt\_128), channel\_tag: "SMS"|"IVR", merkle\_idx } (salt unique per record; salt never published.)
- Abuse controls: per-roll-entry quotas; device fingerprint (web) soft limit; telco throttles; graylist after 5 failures/24h.
- Support flow (lost phone): help desk verifies 3 roll facts + out-of-band callback; issues one manual override code logged to PBB (kind:"OVERRIDE").

## SIM-swap & OTP interception mitigations (MVP)

- Short-lived OTPs: 8 digits, 15-minute TTL, 1 issuance/hour, max 3 active.
- Challenge-response (optional): IVR call-back that reads a short phrase; user types the last 2 words as confirmation.
- Anomaly detection: flag and rate-limit issuance patterns (per-MSISDN and per-ID); graylist after 5 failed verifications/24h.
- Victim recourse: help-desk override OTP (one-time) after 3 roll facts + call-back; override posted to PBB as kind:"OVERRIDE".
- Comms hardening: publish official short codes/USSD strings; "phrase of the day" shown in USSD/Web.
- Budget note (MVP): call-back + monitoring adds R87,000-R175,000 (telephony + engineering).

## Spend & replay protection

- On cast: mark OTP "spent"; post SPEND\_HASH with same salted keyspace as issuance.
- No PII on PBB: only salted hashes + time bucket + channel tag.

## Retention & privacy

## Retention & privacy

Data class	Contains	Retention	Purge verifier	Anchor
OTPs & delivery telemetry	OTP value, MSISDN, delivery status	$\leq 7$ days after close + audit	DPO + trustee co-sign deletion attest	Daily PBB note
Cast server logs	ballot_id, pseudonym, channel, timestamps (no choice on PBB)	$\leq$ 7 days after post-mortem	Ops + trustee spot-check	Daily PBB note
PBB artefacts	salted hashes, ts_bucket, Merkle roots	Indefinite (public record)	N/A	N/A
Incident records & results	incident entries, RESULT, TALLY NOTE	Indefinite	N/A	N/A

**Processing basis:** public-interest consultation. Minimisation: no identities/phones/choices on PBB. Deletion attestations are referenced in the PBB daily snapshot.

## Success metrics (eligibility)

- $\geq$ 99% OTP delivery within 60s (SMS) / 30s (IVR callback).
- 0 accepted double-spend; issuance spend with explained deltas.

## 3.2 Casting Channels

#### A. Web

- UX: mobile-first; 12–16 pt fonts; high-contrast; optional TTS; 3 local languages.
- Form: otp, choice, language, accessibility flag.
- Session: CSRF token; 5-min idle timeout; no tracking cookies; no analytics scripts.
- Rate limits: /otp/request 5/min/IP (sliding window); /ballot/cast 2/min/IP.

## B. USSD/SMS

- USSD flow (example):
  - 1. Welcome + language (isiZulu / isiXhosa / English)
  - 2. Enter OTP
  - 3. Choose option: 1) YES 2) NO (or 1-of-N MCQ)
  - 4. Confirm  $\rightarrow$  show short receipt (Base32, 20 chars snippet)

## USSD validation gate (readiness)

- − Pre-flight test with n $\geq$ 200 users in-district; require  $\geq$ 90% completion without assistance.
- If below threshold, auto-fallback affected cohort to SMS/Web; publish rationale on /incidents and note in TALLY NOTE.
- Session timeout: 20–30 s between steps (telco default).

- SMS flow: "Reply with OTP YES/NO or OTP joption;"; server returns receipt snippet + link to "find my receipt".
- Store-and-forward: if aggregator degraded, queue and retry with idempotency key; preserve first-seen ts\_bucket.

#### C. Common cast behaviour

- Receipt: receipt = Base32( SHA-256( poll\_id || ballot\_id || server\_nonce || ts\_bucket ) )[0..32]
- PBB artefacts (cast):

• Revote: client stores k (32 bytes random). Pseudonym P = HMAC-SHA-256(k, poll\_id). Server supersedes older casts with same P. P not on PBB.

## Operational SLOs (channels)

- Uptime  $\geq 99.5\%$  during window; p95 cast latency  $\leq 3$  s (web)  $/ \leq 8$  s (USSD).
- Retry success  $\geq 99\%$  within 5 minutes on transient failures.

## 3.3 Trustees & Governance (2-of-3)

#### Composition & criteria

- Candidates: one local university (CS/Stats dept), one civil-society NGO, one audit/accountancy firm.
- **Independence:** sign conflict-of-interest statement; publish bios and roles.

#### Ed25519 key custody & ceremony schedule (Phase 1)

- **Keys:** Per-poll Ed25519 signing keys for each trustee. Storage: cloud KMS/HSM or split-secret (two admins).
- Quorum: 2-of-3 signatures required for (a) roll digest & manifest, (b) hourly/daily PBB roots, (c) results bundle.

## • Ceremonies:

- T0 (-72h): co-sign roll\_digest and manifest.json (hashes published).
- Hourly (or daily): co-sign pbb\_root\_YYYYMMDDHH.
- Close (+8h SLA): co-sign results\_bundle (RESULT, TALLY NOTE, PBB epoch refs).
- Availability: at least 2 trustees reachable 10:00−22:00 during the window; sign-off SLA ≤4h.
- Audit trail: all signatures, key-use events, and ceremony minutes posted with the artefact bundle.

#### Transparency & oversight

- **Incident co-sign:** Convening authority + one trustee sign the public incident log entries (Sev-1/2).
- **Post-mortem:** combined report ≤7 days; raw PBB and verifier script attached.

## 3.4 Verifiability Model (MVP bar)

#### What the public can check

- Inclusion: "Find-my-receipt" search PBB dump for RECEIPT\_HASH (site + downloadable file).
- **Append-only:** Verify Merkle proofs from records to hourly roots; check roots are monotonic; (optional) external anchoring.
- Reconciliation: Count artefacts by kind and confirm ISSUANCE ≥ SPEND ≥ RECEIPT; differences must match TALLY NOTE (invalid/duplicate/late).
- Result authenticity: Validate trustees' signatures on results\_bundle and that the bundle references a specific PBB epoch range.

#### What observers can reproduce

• Run the open-source verifier to: (a) parse NDJSON PBB feed, (b) verify Merkle proofs & signatures, (c) recompute counts and receipt inclusion rate, (d) check tally window alignment and exclusions.

## Trust & limitations (explicit in MVP)

- Server holds choices (no ciphertexts on PBB yet). Protection is via tamper-evidence, reconciliation, and multi-party signatures.
- No unlinkability guarantees beyond removing identifiers from PBB; metadata privacy hardening deferred to Phase 2–3.

#### Advance-to-Phase-2 gate (verifiability)

- $\geq$ 95% sampled voters find receipts; 0 unexplained omissions.
- Independent groups reproduce counts and match trustee-signed results.
- All Sev-1/2 incidents logged within 24h and resolved.

## PBB Feed: Field Schemas (NDJSON)

```
# Common fields: ts_bucket: "YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MMZ"; channel_tag: "WEB"|"USSD"|"SMS"
{ kind:"ISSUANCE", salted_hash:"hex32", ts_bucket, channel_tag, merkle_idx: uint32 }
{ kind:"SPEND", salted_hash:"hex32", ts_bucket, channel_tag, merkle_idx: uint32 }
{ kind:"RECEIPT", salted_hash:"hex32", ts_bucket, channel_tag, merkle_idx: uint32 }
# Hourly root record (separate file or header)
{ kind:"ROOT", hour:"YYYY-MM-DDTHH:00Z", merkle_root:"hex32", prev_root:"hex32", signer:"trustee_id", sig:"base64" }
```

## Receipt format shown to voter

- 32-char Base32 (groups of 4: ABCD-EFGH-IJKL-MNOP-QRST-UVWX-YZ23-4567).
- "Find my receipt" link accepts the full string or pastes a snippet to search.

## Guardrails & Failure Modes

- SMS/USSD degraded: queue casts; extend window; post incident with impact estimate; ensure PBB includes original ts\_bucket.
- Trustee unreachable: proceed when any 2-of-3 have co-signed; record attempts and escalation in incident log.
- **PBB outage:** buffer locally; publish backlog with original timestamps; attach proof of local WORM buffer (append-only log hash chain).

• Suspicious spikes (fraud ops): trigger rate caps and manual review; publish summary in TALLY NOTE.

## Endpoints (public)

- POST /otp/request  $\rightarrow$  {status:"sent", issuance\_id}
- POST /ballot/cast → {status:"ok", receipt}
- $\bullet$  GET /pbb/feed  $\rightarrow$  NDJSON + hourly roots
- GET /results → results\_bundle.json (RESULT, TALLY NOTE, signatures, root refs)
- GET /incidents  $\rightarrow$  live log (Sev-1/2/3)

## Out of scope (Phase 1)

• biometrics, kiosks, anonymous credentials/blind tokens, homomorphic tally, 3-of-5 or 5-of-7 trustees, 99.95% Service Level Objectives (SLOs). See §5 Roadmap.

# 4 Operations — MVP (Phase 1)

Goal: keep the one-district advisory poll stable, transparent, and cheap to run—while making every hiccup visible and accountable.

## 4.1 Poll window & change control

- Window: 48–72 hours (published in manifest).
- Code freeze: T-72h (infrastructure), T-48h (app config/content). Only Sev-1 fixes allowed during poll with trustee-acknowledged change record.
- Maintenance: none during window. All cron/batch jobs paused or rescheduled.

## 4.2 Service Level Objectives

- Availability: web and USSD/SMS  $\geq 99.5\%$  during window.
- Latency: p95 /ballot/cast  $\leq 3 \mathrm{\ s}$  (web),  $\leq 8 \mathrm{\ s}$  (USSD end-to-end); p95 /otp/request  $\leq 2 \mathrm{\ s}$ .
- OTP delivery:  $\geq 99\%$  delivered within 60 s (SMS) / 30 s (IVR callback).
- Retry success:  $\geq 99\%$  within 5 min on transient failures.
- **PBB freshness:** append within ≤ 2 min of event; hourly Merkle root published ≤ 5 min after hour.
- Trustee sign-offs: hourly/daily roots within 4 h; final results within 8 h of poll close.
- Error budgets: 0.5% downtime; 1% latency budget; any overrun triggers incident + post-mortem.

## 4.3 Monitoring & alerting

- **Probes:** HTTP health, USSD round-trip, SMS loopback, OTP issuance rate, cast success rate, queue depths, PBB append lag, Merkle root age, signature backlog.
- Dashboards: "Eligibility", "Casting", "PBB", "Channels", "Trustees".
- Alerts (examples):
  - Cast success < 97% over 5 min (Warn) / < 95% (Sev-2).
  - PBB lag > 5 min (Sev-2).
  - OTP delivery < 95% in 15 min bucket (Sev-2).
  - Trustee sign-off > 4 h behind (Sev-3).

- DDoS: 95th percentile IPs hitting rate cap for 10 min (Sev-2).

## 4.4 T-48h pre-flight incident drill (pass/fail gate)

- Scenarios: (1) SMS/USSD degradation, (2) PBB outage/backfill, (3) trustee unreachable, (4) fraud spike (issuance—spend delta).
- Success: each scenario contained in ≤30 min; PBB lag j5 min; incident template populated.
- Gate: if any scenario fails, no-go until remediated. Publish a short drill summary on /incidents at T-24h.

## 4.5 Abuse controls & rate limits

- Eligibility: 1 OTP issuance/hour, max 3 active codes; graylist after 5 failed verifications/24h.
- API: /otp/request 5/min/IP; /ballot/cast 2/min/IP; per-MSISDN throttles at aggregator.
- Enumeration protection: uniform error messages; time-bucketed logs.
- **Anomaly triggers:** sudden issuance→spend deltas, channel skews, or region spikes → throttle + incident note in TALLY NOTE.

## 4.6 Incident management & public comms

#### Severity taxonomy

- Sev-1: loss of cast/eligibility ¿ 15 min; data integrity risk; widespread OTP failure.
- Sev-2: PBB lag ¿ 15 min; partial channel outage; trustee quorum at risk.
- Sev-3: performance degradation; localized issues; delayed sign-offs without tally risk.

## Roles (RACI)

- Incident Manager (IM) leads response (A/R).
- On-call Engineer (OCE) mitigation (R).
- Trustee Liaison (TL) coordinates signatures/comms (R).
- Comms Lead (CL) public statements & /incidents updates (A/R).
- Ops Lead escalation & approvals (A).
- **Security** forensics (C).

#### **Timelines**

- Declare within 10 min of detection (internal).
- Public log entry for Sev-1/2 within ≤ 24 h at /incidents, co-signed by convening authority + one trustee.
- Post-mortem  $\leq 7$  days, including impact, root cause, lessons, and action items.

#### Standard runbooks

- SMS/USSD degraded: queue requests, extend window, rotate to secondary aggregator; publish impact and extension rationale.
- **PBB outage:** buffer WORM log locally; backfill with original timestamps; include proof chain in post-mortem.
- Trustee unreachable: proceed with 2-of-3 quorum; document attempts; schedule catch-up signature.

## 4.7 Support & help-desk (Phase 1)

- Staffing: 2–3 agents (08:00–22:00), 1 lead on call.
- SLAs: first response ¡10 min during peak; resolution ¡60 min for OTP issues.
- Scripts & flows: OTP resend, SIM-swap override (with call-back), receipt lookup guidance, incident triage.
- KPIs: CSAT, median response/resolution, % resolved first contact, % escalations.
- Budget note (MVP): staffing, training, and tooling add R262,000–R349,000.

## 4.8 Deployment, resilience & DR

- **Topology:** active-active web tier; stateless app nodes; managed DB with point-in-time recovery; message queue for PBB appends.
- Traffic: CDN + WAF; per-endpoint rate caps; USSD/SMS via two MNO paths where available.
- Backups: DB snapshots hourly; PBB feed exported every hour to cold storage; verifier artifacts stored immutably.
- Recovery targets: RPO  $\leq 5$  min (PBB queue durable), RTO  $\leq 30$  min for app layer.

## 4.9 Access, secrets & data handling

- Access: least-privilege IAM; hardware keys (FIDO2) for admins; dual-control on prod changes.
- Secrets: KMS-backed; rotation per poll; audit all access.
- Logging: structured, no PII in app logs; correlate via request IDs.
- Retention: raw OTP/MSISDN/IP purged ≤ 7 days after close + audit; salted hashes & Merkle artifacts retained; DPIA attached.

## 4.10 Pre-flight tests & go/no-go

- Synthetic drills: OTP $\rightarrow$ cast $\rightarrow$ PBB $\rightarrow$ receipt $\rightarrow$ results every 15 min for 24 h pre-go-live.
- Trustee rehearsal: dry-run signatures on manifest and hourly root.
- Load test:  $5 \times$  expected peak TPS for 30 min; no data loss; PBB lag; 2 min.
- Go/no-go checklist: all SLO probes green, rollback plan validated, on-call roster staffed, trustees reachable.

## 4.11 Public endpoints

- GET /status (health), GET /metrics (scrape), GET /incidents (live log), GET /pbb/feed (ND-JSON + hourly roots), GET /results (results bundle).
- Status page links from homepage; uptime and recent incidents visible during window.

#### 4.12 KPIs for success review

• SLO adherence; incident count & MTTR; receipt inclusion rate; issuance—spend—receipt reconciliation deltas; OTP delivery success; trustee turnaround time; public trust survey deltas.

## Out of scope (Phase 1)

• 24/7 SOC, kiosk field ops, HSM ceremonies, 99.95%+ SLOs (introduced in later phases). See §5 Roadmap.

# 5 Roadmap & Upgrade Path — from MVP to NP3

Goal. Grow the lean MVP into a nationally trusted, privacy-preserving system without re-architecting. Each phase adds capability only after the prior one proves value.

## 5.1 Migration invariants (won't change as we scale)

- **PBB contract stays stable:** ISSUANCE, SPEND, and RECEIPT records + hourly Merkle roots; new artefacts are additive.
- Receipts are forever: same receipt format; past voters can always find theirs.
- APIs evolve compatibly: /otp/request, /ballot/cast, /pbb/feed, /results remain; new endpoints are additive.
- **Separation-of-concerns:** identity never in cast path; trustees sign manifests/roots/results at every phase.
- Cryptographic agility: proofs/keys upgraded behind the same artefact names (e.g., "validity\_proof" field appears in Phase 2+).

## 5.2 Phase 2 — Scale & Stronger Proofs (multi-district, 6–18 months)

#### What we add

- Eligibility: swap OTP  $\rightarrow$  blind-signed tokens; add spent-set accumulator.
- Verifiability: add per-ballot validity proofs (0/1 and 1-of-N) and a public replayable tally (homomorphic ElGamal or deterministic commitment tally + proofs).
- Trustees: expand to 3-of-5; introduce light ceremony runbooks and independent key custody.
- Channels & access: add supervised kiosks in libraries/clinics; full 11 languages + SASL planning.
- Anchoring: publish PBB hourly roots to an external transparency log/notary.
- Ops: SLO 99.7%; secondary SMS/USSD aggregator; regional redundancy.

#### Phase-2 advance gates (who signs the go/no-go)

Dimension	Gate	Owner(s)
Technical	$\geq$ 99.9% verifier pass; 0 unexplained PBB omissions	Tech Lead + External Reviewer
Operational	SLOs met for 2 consecutive polls; DR drills passed	Ops Lead
Inclusion	≥25% non-web ballots; USSD success ≥90% in follow-up test	Inclusion Lead
Trust	2 independent observer reports endorse auditability	Convening Authority
Institutional	Trustees meet quorum/SLAs; ceremony transcripts published	Trustee Liaison
Financial	Budget for Phase 2 secured; unit costs not rising	Finance/PMO

## 5.3 Phase 3 — Privacy & Provincial Scale (5–8 provinces, 12–24 months)

#### What we add

- Anonymous credentials / unlinkable tokens (e.g., BBS+/CL) to sever metadata links.
- Coercion resistance: robust re-vote semantics with public cut-off markers; cover-traffic & tighter time-bucket jitter.
- Universal re-tally: mandate homomorphic tally (or mix-net if ballots grow) with public decryption proofs.

- Governance: formalize trustee independence, conflict-of-interest, and public ceremony transcripts; 3-of-5 standardized.
- Ops: light 24/7 on-call, formal change control, tabletop exercises; SLO 99.9%.

#### Success gate (advance to Phase 4)

• External privacy audit confirms unlinkability; handle 500k+ participants/poll; verified accessibility across languages & disability modalities; no Sev-1 unresolved at close.

## 5.4 Phase 4 — Optional Biometrics (only if justified, 6–12 months)

#### What we add (if fraud/impersonation data warrants)

- Selective biometric enrolment for high-risk polls/regions; cancelable templates, PAD thresholds, and opt-out paths.
- Mobile enrolment vans for rural access; independent biometric adjudication enclave.
- PIA & governance: full privacy impact assessment; public consultations; independent oversight.

#### Success gate (advance to Phase 5)

• Evidence biometrics reduce demonstrated fraud; PAD fairness across demographics; public acceptance metrics; no critical privacy findings.

## 5.5 Phase 5 — National Scale & Advanced Features (24–36+ months)

#### What we add

- Nationwide coverage; complex ballots (ranked choice, multi-select with constraints).
- Advanced crypto: mix-nets for complex ballots; end-to-end verifiability by default; third-party public verifiers ecosystem.
- Ops: 24/7 SOC, red-team programs, supply-chain attestations; SLO 99.95%+.
- Sustainability: stable funding line; procurement framework; training & certification for kiosk operators and trustees.

## 5.6 Decision gates & stop criteria (applies between every phase)

Dimension	Gate to Advance	Stop / Reassess
Technical	$\geq 99.9\%$ proof/verifier pass; zero un-	Any verifier mismatch; unpatched
	explained PBB omissions	Sev-1
Operational	SLO met for 2 consecutive polls; DR drills passed	Recurring outages; PBB lag ¿ target
Inclusion	Measurable lift in underserved chan-	Regressing participation or accessi-
	nels (targets per phase)	bility
Trust	Independent observer reports endorse auditability	Public trust surveys decline
Institutional	Trustees meet quorum/SLAs; cere-	Quorum failures; unresolved con-
	monies reproducible	flicts
Financial	Budget secured for next phase; unit costs trending down	Unsustainable per-vote costs

## 5.7 Cost & staffing trajectory (order of magnitude, to set expectations)

Planning rate: R17.45/US\$; figures rounded; see Appendix B for detail. If there is any discrepancy, Appendix B prevails.

- Phase 1 (MVP): R8.1M R14.3M

  Team 4-6, cloud + SMS/USSD, light external audit, 15% contingency. (Matches Appendix B total.)
- Phase 2–3: R34.9M R52.4M Multi-district ops, kiosks, proofs, 3-of-5 trustees, regional redundancy. ( $\approx$  US\$2–3M at R17.45.)
- Phase 4–5: R174.5M+ National ops, 24/7 SOC, advanced crypto, sustainability line. ( $\approx$  US\$10M+ at R17.45.)

Currency & rounding note. All amounts in ZAR using a fixed planning FX rate R17.45/US\$ for this version; add  $\pm 10\%$  buffer for FX movement. Totals are rounded to the nearest R0.1M for readability.

## 5.8 Backward-compatible upgrade mechanics

- Eligibility: OTP service remains as fallback even after tokens; switch via feature flag.
- Proofs: add validity\_proof field; legacy records stay valid with "attested" type.
- Trustees: rotate to 3-of-5 by adding keys and updating quorum policy; old signatures remain valid.
- Tally: introduce homomorphic tally alongside server tally for a transition period; retire server tally after two clean runs.
- Anchoring: begin with daily anchors → move to hourly without changing record format.

## 5.9 Out of scope (Phase 1) — slated for later phases

• Biometrics, anonymous credentials, full homomorphic/mix-net tally by default, kiosks at scale, 3-of-5+ trustee ceremonies, 24/7 SOC, 99.95% SLOs.

One-line message for reviewers: We start small (receipts + PBB + 2-of-3 trustees), and every added feature is a bolt-on under the same public artefacts and APIs — no rewrites, just more assurance as value and capacity grow.

# A Threat Model & Mitigations (MVP / Phase 1)

Scope reminder. MVP defends tamper-evidence and public auditability for a one-district advisory poll. We do not yet provide unlinkable ballots or homomorphic public re-tally (comes in Phase 2–3). Identity never enters the cast path.

#### A.1 Assets & trust boundaries

- Assets: voter-roll snapshot + digest; OTP issuance/spend state; cast log (choices server-side); PBB artefacts (ISSUANCE\_HASH, SPEND\_HASH, RECEIPT\_HASH records + roots); trustee kevs; results bundle.
- **Boundaries:** Clients ↔ Eligibility ↔ Cast ↔ PBB ↔ Observers; Trustees sign manifests/roots/results but don't see identities or choices.

## A.2 Adversaries (personas)

- A. External attacker: tries SMS/USSD abuse, mass OTP guessing, DDoS, phishing.
- B. Insider (operator): attempts silent edits, ballot stuffing, selective suppression.
- C. Trustee failure/collusion: unresponsive key holder, refusal to sign, or biased sign-off.
- D. Telco/aggregator issues: delivery delays, misrouting, SIM-swap exposure.
- E. Coercer/influencer: pressures a voter; attempts to verify compliance.
- F. Privacy snooper: correlates timing/metadata to deanonymize voters.

 $Threats \to Controls \ (MVP)$ 

Threat	What could go wrong	MVP controls (now)	Upgrade path
OTP guessing / brute force	Cast without eligibility	8-digit codes, 15-min TTL, 1 issuance/hr, 3 active cap; uniform errors; per-MSISDN/IP throttles; anomaly alarms	Tokens + accumulator (P2)
Enumeration of voter roll	Probe who is on roll	Same error for "not on roll / wrong DOB"; rate caps; delayed responses	Anonymous creds (P3)
Ballot stuffing / silent edits	Server injects or alters choices	$\begin{array}{c cccc} PBB & reconciliation & (IS-SUANCE & \geq SPEND & \geq \\ RECEIPT), & hourly & Merkle \\ roots, & public & incident & log; \\ 2-of-3 & trustee & signatures & on \\ results + roots; & TALLY & NOTE \\ explains & exclusions & \end{array}$	Homomorphic public re-tally + ZK valid- ity (P2)
Dropping receipts / selective inclusion	Hide inconvenient votes	Voter "find-my-receipt" on PBB; receipt inclusion gate $\geq 95\%$ ; external dumps; WORM storage; backfill proofs	External anchoring by default (P2), in- dependent verifiers
DDoS / rate exhaustion	Casting/OTP unavailable	CDN+WAF, per-endpoint caps, queue/ retry, multi-MNO where possible, extend poll window; Sev-1 runbooks	Regional redundancy SLO 99.7–99.9% (P2–3)
Trustee unavailability	No quorum to sign	2-of-3 policy; named backups; 4h sign-off SLA; incident disclo- sure	3-of-5 with rehearsed ceremonies (P2)
Trustee bias/collusion	Rubber-stamp bad result	Public artefacts (PBB), third- party verification; co-signed in- cident logs	Independent ceremony transcripts; split custody (P2–3)
SIM-swap / OTP interception	Attacker casts in victim's name	Short TTL; help-desk over- ride (logged); last-vote-wins lets voter overwrite	Tokens + revocation; optional callback (P2)
Timing correlation	Infer who voted when	15–30 min time buckets; fixed posting cadence	Cover traffic + jit- ter; unlinkable to- kens (P3)
Phishing / fake channels	Users tricked to send OTP	Official short codes; "phrase of the day" banner; comms kit; block look-alike domains	Signed USSD menus; app attestation (P2)
PBB desync or loss	Can't audit events	Durable local WORM buffer; hourly Merkle roots; backfill with proof chain	External transparency log anchoring (P2)

Out of scope (Phase 1): unlinkable credentials, homomorphic/mix-net tally by default, biometric fraud controls, 24/7 SOC. Each appears in the roadmap (Phases 2-4).

# B Cost Estimates & Staffing (MVP / Phase 1) — ZAR

## B.1 Staffing plan (3–4 months)

Role	Headcount	Notes
Tech lead / architect	1 (3 mo)	Owns design, security, go/no-go
Backend engineers	2 (3 mo)	Eligibility, cast, PBB, results APIs
Frontend/USSD engineer	1 (2.5  mo)	Web UI, USSD flows, i18n
DevOps/SRE	1 (3  mo)	Infra, monitoring, CI/CD, DR
Security engineer	0.5 (2  mo)	Threat model, hardening, drills
PM / Delivery	0.5 (3  mo)	Schedule, stakeholders, ceremonies
Help-desk / Comms	1 (1.5  mo)	Scripts, incident comms, support
Total	$\sim$ 7 FTE-months	

## B.2 Budget envelope (12-month view; scale down if pilot is shorter)

Category	Estimate (ZAR)
Engineering & PM	R5,235,000 - R8,725,000
Cloud & ops	R698,000 - R1,396,000
SMS/USSD	R523,500 - R1,047,000
External audit/review	R436,250 - R872,500
Accessibility & i18n	R174,500 - R349,000
Contingency (15%)	R1,047,000 - R1,919,500
Total (MVP)	R8,114,250 - R14,309,000

## B.3 Variable unit costs (planning)

- Per OTP (all-in): R0.87 R2.09 (calc of \$0.05-\$0.12 × 17.45).
- Per cast request (compute):  $R0.0087 R0.0349 \approx R0.01 R0.04$ .
- Per kiosk: excluded in MVP (would add  $\pm$  R35,000 R90,000 per unit + staffing if introduced later).

## B.4 Timeline (indicative)

- Weeks 1–2: design finalisation, trustee MoUs, telco onboarding
- Weeks 3-6: build eligibility/cast/PBB, USSD flows, monitoring
- Weeks 7–8: load tests, trustee rehearsal, comms kit, DPIA
- Week 9: soft-launch drill; go/no-go
- Week 10: poll window (48–72h) + live incident page
- ullet Week 11: results + post-mortem + public artefact bundle

## B.5 Deliverables checklist

- manifest.json + roll digest (signed); API services; USSD menus
- PBB feed + hourly Merkle roots; open-source verifier script
- Incident site + comms templates; help-desk scripts
- Results bundle (RESULT, TALLY NOTE, signatures, PBB epoch refs)
- DPIA memo; lightweight security review report

Out of scope in MVP: kiosks procurement/ops, HSM ceremonies, 24/7 SOC, biometrics, provincial-scale SMS volumes (budgeted in later phases).