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Exercise 5

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Exercise 5

10/10 points (graded)

In this problem, we're going to calculate some probabilities of dice rolls. Imagine you have two fair four-sided dice (if you've never seen one, [here's a picture](#). The result, a number between 1 and 4, is displayed at the top of the die on each of the 3 visible sides). 'Fair' here means that there is equal probability of rolling any of the four numbers.

You can answer the following questions in one of two ways - you can calculate the probability directly, or, if you're having trouble, you can simply write out the entire sample space for the problem. A sample space is defined as a listing of all possible outcomes of a problem, and it can be written in many ways - a tree or a grid are popular options. For example, here is a diagram of the sample space for 3 coin tosses.

Some vocabulary before we begin: an **event** is a subset of the sample space, or, a collection of possible outcomes. A **probability function** assigns an event, A , a probability $P(A)$ that represents the likelihood of event A occurring.

As an example, let's say we flip a coin. Define the event H as the event that the coin comes up heads. We can assign the probability $P(H) = 1/2$; the likelihood that event H occurs.

The following problems will ask for the probability that a given event occurs.

1. What is the size of the sample space for one roll of a four sided die?



2. What is the size of the sample space for two rolls of a four sided die?



3. Assume we roll 2 four sided dice. What is $P(\{\text{sum of the rolls is even}\})$? Answer in reduced fraction form - eg $1/5$ instead of $2/10$.



4. Assume we roll 2 four sided dice. What is $P(\{\text{rolling a 2 followed by a 3}\})$? Answer in reduced fraction form - eg $1/5$ instead of $2/10$.



5. Assume we roll 2 four sided dice. What is $P(\{\text{rolling a 2 and a 3, in any order}\})$? Answer in reduced fraction form - eg $1/5$ instead of $2/10$.



6. Assume we roll 2 four sided dice. What is $P(\{\text{sum of the rolls is odd}\})$? Answer in reduced fraction form - eg $1/5$ instead of $2/10$.



7. Assume we roll 2 four sided dice. What is $P(\{\text{first roll equal to second roll}\})$? Answer in reduced fraction form - eg $1/5$ instead of $2/10$.



8. Assume

form - eg 1/5 instead of 2/10.

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uced fraction

3/8



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9. Assume we roll 2 four-sided dice. What is P(at least one roll is equal to 4)? Answer in reduced fraction



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