



< Previous



Next >

Part B: Problem 3

🔖 Bookmark this page



Calculator



Hide Notes

Part B: Problem 3: Implementing a Simulation With Drugs

10.0/10.0 points (graded)

In this problem, we consider the effects of both administering drugs to the patient and the ability of virus particle offsprings to inherit or mutate genetic traits that confer drug resistance. As the virus population reproduces, mutations will occur in the virus offspring, adding genetic diversity to the virus population. Some virus particles gain favorable mutations that confer resistance to drugs.

ResistantVirus class

In order to model this effect, we introduce a subclass of `SimpleVirus` called `ResistantVirus`. `ResistantVirus` maintains the state of a virus particle's drug resistances, and accounts for the inheritance of drug resistance traits to offspring. Implement the `ResistantVirus` class.

Hint: `reproduce` function child resistances

If you are really unsure about how to think about what each child resistances should be changed to, here is a different approach. If the probability `mutProb` is successful, the child resistance switches. Otherwise, the child resistance stays the same as the parent resistance.

Note: If you want to use numpy arrays, you should add the following lines at the beginning of your code for the grader:

```
import os
```

```
os.environ["OPENBLAS_NUM_THREADS"] = "1"
```

Then, do `import numpy as np` and use `np.METHOD_NAME` in your code.

```
1 # Part B: Problem 3
2 # Bookmark this page
3 # Part B: Problem 3: Implementing a Simulation With Drugs
4 # 10.0/10.0 points (graded)
5 # In this problem, we consider the effects of both administering drugs to the patient and the ability of
6 # inherit or mutate genetic traits that confer drug resistance. As the virus population reproduces, mutat
7 # offspring, adding genetic diversity to the virus population. Some virus particles gain favorable mutati
8 # drugs.
9
10 # ResistantVirus class
11 # In order to model this effect, we introduce a subclass of SimpleVirus called ResistantVirus. ResistantV
12 # virus particle's drug resistances, and accounts for the inheritance of drug resistance traits to offspr
13 # class.
14
15
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Test results

CORRECT

[See full output](#)

[See full output](#)

Submit

You have used 1 of 30 attempts

Part B: Problem 3

Hide Discussion

Topic: Problem Set 3 / Part B: Problem 3

Show all posts



by recent activity



? [third key in dict with two keys?](#)

Calculator

7

	I am struggli	e	with tw...
	< Previous	Next >	
	confused ~~~possible spoiler~~~ probably not		4
	bit confused. Your output: virus = ResistantVirus(0.0, 1.0, {"drug1":True, "drug2":False}, 0.0) Traceback (most recent call last): File "s...		
	Test: ResistantVirus 7: Test for positive mutability.		8
	I think I don't understand the requirements on this one... the test goes: virus = ResistantVirus(1.0, 0.0, {"drug2": True}, 1.0) so, the wa...		
	How to gain resistance?		© All Rights Reserved



edX

- About
- Affiliates
- edX for Business
- Open edX
- Careers
- News

Legal

- Terms of Service & Honor Code
- Privacy Policy
- Accessibility Policy
- Trademark Policy
- Sitemap

Connect

- Blog
- Contact Us
- Help Center
- Security
- Media Kit



© 2022 edX LLC. All rights reserved.
深圳市恒宇博科技有限公司 [粤ICP备17044299号-2](#)