



# **VuePress**

Welcome to your VuePress site

Get Started →

# **Simplicity First**

Minimal setup with markdown-centered project structure helps you focus on writing.

#### **Vue-Powered**

Enjoy the dev experience of Vue + webpack, use Vue components in markdown, and develop custom themes with Vue.

### **Performant**

VuePress generates pre-rendered static HTML for each page, and runs as an SPA once a page is loaded.

```
# install
yarn global add vuepress@next
# OR npm install -g vuepress@next
# create a markdown file
echo '# Hello VuePress' > README.md
# start writing
vuepress dev
# build to static files
vuepress build
```

#### **COMPATIBILITY NOTE**

VuePress requires Node.js >= 8.

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# Using Vue in Markdown

### **Browser API Access Restrictions**

Because VuePress applications are server-rendered in Node.js when generating static builds, any Vue usage must conform to the universal code requirements . In short, make sure to only access Browser / DOM APIs in beforeMount or mounted hooks.

If you are using or demoing components that are not SSR friendly (for example containing custom directives), you can wrap them inside the built-in <ClientOnly> component:

```
<ClientOnly>
<NonSSRFriendlyComponent/>
</ClientOnly>
```

Note this does not fix components or libraries that access Browser APIs **on import** - in order to use code that assumes a browser environment on import, you need to dynamically import them in proper lifecycle hooks:

```
<script>
export default {
  mounted () {
    import('./lib-that-access-window-on-import').then(module => {
        // use code
    })
  }
}
</script>
```

# **Templating**

### Interpolation

Each markdown file is first compiled into HTML and then passed on as a Vue component to vue-loader. This means you can use Vue-style interpolation in text:

#### Input



### Output

2

### **Directives**

Directives also work:

#### Input

```
<span v-for="i in 3">{{ i }} </span>
```

#### **Output**

1 2 3

## Access to Site & Page Data

The compiled component does not have any private data but does have access to the site metadata. For example:

### Input

```
{{ $page }}
```

### Output

```
"path": "/using-vue.html",
  "title": "Using Vue in Markdown",
  "frontmatter": {}
}
```

# **Escaping**



paragraph with the v-pre custom container:

#### Input

```
::: v-pre
`{{ This will be displayed as-is }}`
:::
```

#### **Output**

```
{{ This will be displayed as-is }}
```

# **Using Components**

Any \*.vue files found in .vuepress/components are automatically registered as global , async components. For example:

Inside any markdown file you can then directly use the components (names are inferred from filenames):

```
<demo-1/>
<OtherComponent/>
<Foo-Bar/>
```

#### **IMPORTANT**

Make sure a custom component's name either contains a hyphen or is in PascalCase.

Otherwise it will be treated as an inline element and wrapped inside a tag, which will lead to hydration mismatch because does not allow block elements to be placed inside it.



### **Using Components In Headers**

You can use Vue components in the headers, but note the difference between the following two ways:

markdown	Output HTML	Parsed Header
# text <tag></tag>	<h1>text <tag></tag></h1>	text
# text ` <tag></tag> `	<h1>text <code>&lt;Tag/&gt;</code></h1>	text <tag></tag>

The HTML wrapped by <code> will be displayed as is, only the HTML that is not wrapped will be parsed by Vue.

#### **TIP**

The output HTML is accomplished by markdown-it , while the parsed headers are done by VuePress, and used for the sidebar and the document title.

# **Using Pre-processors**

VuePress has built-in webpack config for the following pre-processors: sass, scss, less, stylus and pug. All you need to do is installing the corresponding dependencies. For example, to enable sass, install the following in your project:

```
yarn add -D sass-loader node-sass
```

sh

Now you can use the following in markdown and theme components:

```
<style lang="sass">
.title
  font-size: 20px
</style>
```

vue

#### TIP

If you are a Stylus user, you don't need to install stylus and stylus—loader in your project because VuePress uses Stylus internally.

For pre-processors that do not have built-in webpack config support, you will need to extend the internal webpack config in addition to installing the necessary dependencies.

# **Script & Style Hoisting**

Sometimes you may need to apply some JavaScript or CSS only to the current page. In those cases you can directly write root-level <script> or <style> blocks in the markdown file, and they will be hoisted out of the compiled HTML and used as the <script> and <style> blocks for the resulting Vue single-file component.

This is rendered by inline script and styled by inline CSS

## **Built-In Components**

#### OutboundLink stable

It(I) is used to indicate that this is an external link. In VuePress this component have been followed by every external link.

### ClientOnly stable

See Browser API Access Restrictions.

#### Content beta

- Props:
  - custom boolean
- Usage:

```
<Content/>
```

#### Also see:

• Custom Themes > Content Outlet

# Badge beta 0.10.1+

• Props:

```
text - string
```

- type string, optional value: "tip"|"warn"|"error", defaults to "tip".
- vertical string, optional value: "top"|"middle", defaults to "top".
- Usage:

You can use this component in header to add some status for some API:

```
### Badge <Badge text="beta" type="warn"/> <Badge text="0.10.1+"/>
```

mc

#### Also see:

Using Components In Headers