Phase 3 project 2024







# SYRIATEL STOMED CHURN



# CUSTOMER CHURN PREDICTION

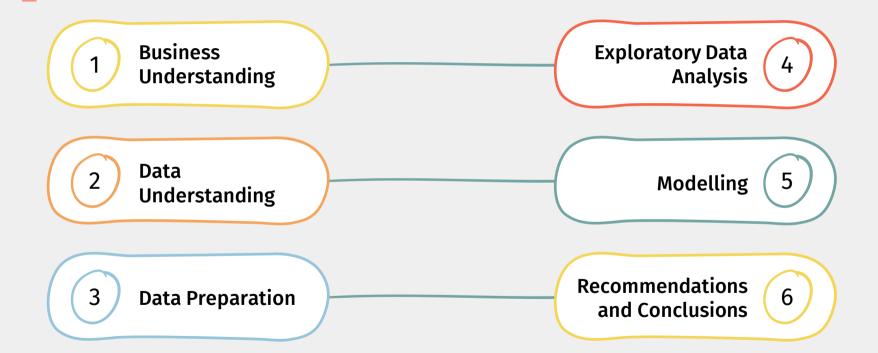
Forecasting Client Turnover

## **Overview**

- The telecommunication industry is a key player in our daily lives, particularly in media transmission, experiencing continuous growth.
- Operators in this sector face the ongoing challenge of staying competitive amidst rapid advancements.
- Retaining existing customers is paramount, as customer churn, the rate at which subscribers switch to competitors, poses a significant threat.
- Customer churn prediction involves employing data mining techniques to analyze customer data and anticipate churn.



#### **Project Workflow**



## **Business Understanding**



#### **Business Problem**

- Customer churn, the rate at which customers terminate services with a company, presents a significant challenge for telecom companies like SyriaTel.
- It impacts revenue, marketing expenses, and brand perception, directly affecting financial stability and market standing.

#### **Objectives**

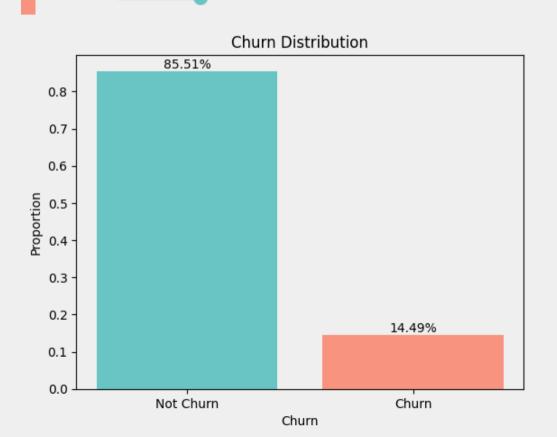
 Develop a precise machine learning model for forecasting customer churn, leveraging pertinent dataset features and classification training to identify customers prone to churn.

#### **Data Understanding**

- The data for this project comes from the "Churn in Telecom" Kaggle dataset and focuses on customer activity and churn, which is when a customer cancels their service.
- This data will be used to build models that help SyriaTel reduce financial losses from customer churn.
- The dataset includes 3,333 customer records with 21 features about each customer, including demographics, service plans, call metrics, and a key variable indicating whether they churned (cancelled).
- The target column, "churn," is a boolean column. In this context, "True" indicates that the customer churned, while "False" signifies that the customer did not churn. Thus, this situation presents a binary classification problem.



## **Data Analysis**



#### **Univariate EDA**

Total customer count: 3,333

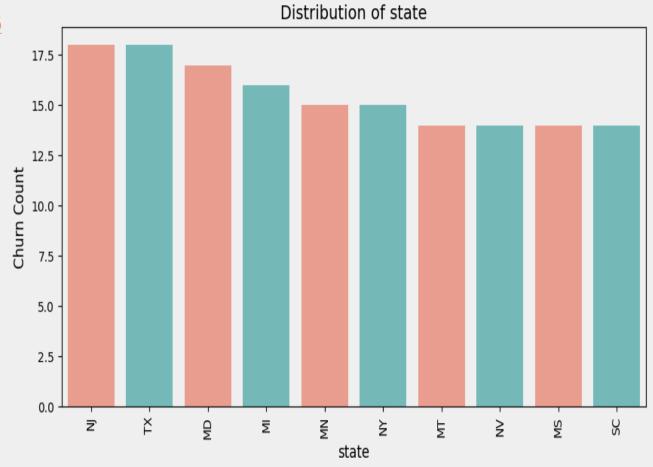
Count of churned customers: 483

Churn rate: 14.5%

#### **Data Analysis**

## Bivariate Analysis

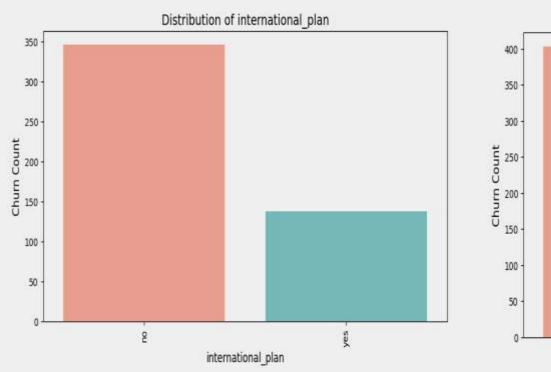
The majority of churned customers are from New Jersey, Texas, Maryland, Miami, and New York.

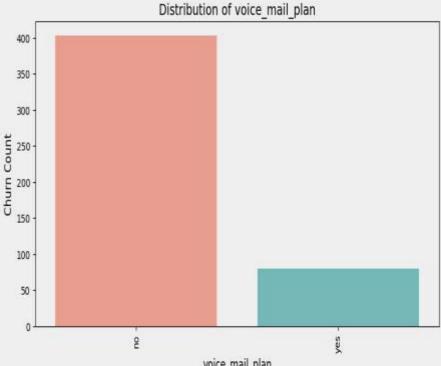


# Data Analysis

#### **Bivariate Analysis**

- Subscribers to the international plan exhibit a notably higher likelihood of churning.
- For the voice mail plan, there is a reduced likelihood of churning compared to the general churn rate.





# Modeling



The data posed a binary classification challenge, where various classification models were applied, and the one demonstrating the highest accuracy was chosen.

The project employed classification models such as:

- Logistic Regression.
- Decision Tree.
- Random Forest,.
- XG Boost.

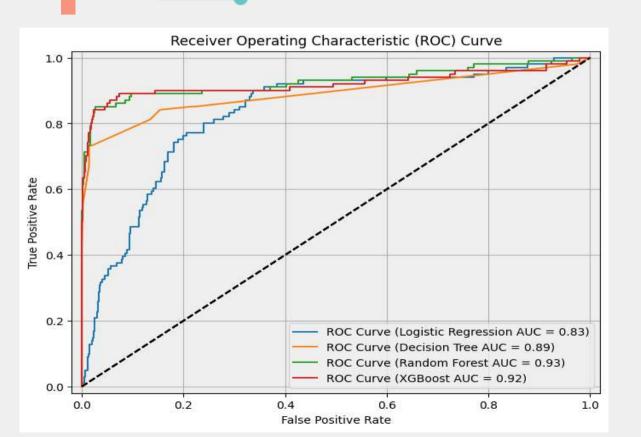
XGBoost was choosen as it proved a better model due to its higer accuracy.

#### **Model Evaluation**

	Model	Recall	Precision	F1-Score	Accuracy
0	Random Forest	0.643600	0.850000	0.730000	0.940000
1	Decision Tree	0.722800	0.960000	0.820000	nan
2	XGBoost	0.762400	0.930000	0.820000	0.950000

- XGBoost achieved the highest overall performance with a recall of 0.76, precision of 0.93, F1-score of 0.82, and accuracy of 0.95.
- Random Forest follows closely with a recall of 0.64, precision of 0.85, F1-score of 0.73, and accuracy of 0.94.
- Decision Tree shows improvement over Logistic Regression but falls short of Random Forest and XGBoost.
- Logistic Regression performance details are missing from this section but were presumably reported earlier.

#### **Model Evaluation**



# ROC curve interpretation

- Logistic Regression: AUC = 0.83
- Decision Tree: AUC = 0.89
- Random Forest: AUC = 0.93
- XGBoost: AUC = 0.92

The Random Forest model has the highest AUC value, indicating that it has the best performance among the four models according to this metric.

#### **Conclusion**



This analysis successfully achieved the objectives of building a machine learning model for customer churn prediction and utilizing it to estimate churn probability.

- Two models, Random Forest and XGBoost, were compared for their effectiveness in predicting churn.
- Both models demonstrated strong performance, with Random Forest showcasing a robust overall performance and XGBoost achieving a high recall score.

Discussion: SyriaTel should prioritize the Random Forest Classifier as the primary model for predicting customer churn due to its superior overall performance and ability to accurately identify potential churners.

## **Recommendation**



The analysis identified key factors significantly impacting customer churn prediction (Feature Importance):

- Call minutes and charges (daytime, evening, international)
- Customer service calls
- Usage of value-added services (voicemail plan)

Based on these insights, SyriaTel should implement strategic customer retention efforts that address these factors:

- Personalized offers and discounts: Target customers based on their usage patterns (e.g., high day charges) with relevant incentives.
- Reduce customer service calls: Invest in strategies like interactive voice response (IVR) systems to improve customer experience and decrease churn associated with frequent calls.
- Promote value-added services: Highlight the benefits of services like voicemail plans and incentivize customer adoption.