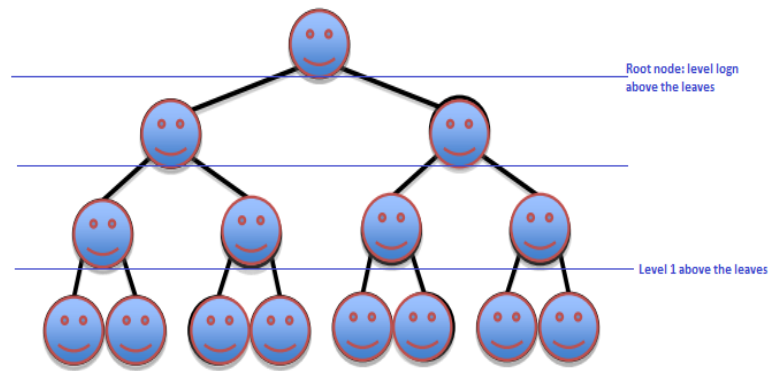


Convert A[1..n] to max heap:

```
void buildMaxHeap(A, n) {  
    for i=n/2 downto 1  
        maxHeapify(A, i);  
}
```



Time complexity estimation for *buildMaxHeap*

Observe that, *maxHeapify* takes

- $O(1)$ for time for nodes at level 1 above the leaves. There are $\frac{n}{4}$ nodes at level 1.
- $O(2)$ for time for nodes at level 2 above the leaves. There are $\frac{n}{8}$ nodes at level 2.
- ...
- $O(L)$ for time for nodes at level L above the leaves. There are $\frac{n}{2^{L+1}}$ nodes at level L .
- The root has only 1 node and it is $\log n$ level above the leaves.

Therefore, total amount of work for the **for** loop:

$$T(n) = \frac{n}{4} * 1 * c + \frac{n}{8} * 2 * c + \frac{n}{16} * 3 * c + \dots + 1 * \log n * c$$

Set $\frac{n}{4} = 2^k$, we get

$$T(n) = c * 2^k * \left(\frac{1}{2^0} + \frac{2}{2^1} + \frac{3}{2^2} + \dots + \frac{k+1}{2^k} \right)$$

$$\rightarrow T(n) = c * 2^k * \sum_{i=0}^k \frac{i+1}{2^i}$$

Where $\sum_{i=0}^k \frac{i+1}{2^i}$ is a convergent series and it's bounded by a constant.

Therefore, *buildMaxHeap* takes $O(n)$