Cài đặt MySQL

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Bước 1: Tải gói cài đặt MySQL

curl -sSL0

https://dev.mysql.com/get/mysql80-community-release-el7-5.noarch.rpm

Bước 2: Thêm kho MySQL

rpm -ivh mysgl80-community-release-el7-5.noarch.rpm

Bước 3: Cài đặt MySQL

yum install mysql-server

```
[root@doankimhan ~]# yum install mysql-server
MySQL 8.4 LTS Community Server
                                       1.1 MB/s | 643 kB
                                                         00:00
                                       216 kB/s | 68 kB
MySQL Connectors Community
                                                         00:00
                                       662 kB/s | 296 kB
MySQL Tools 8.4 LTS Community
                                                         00:00
Dependencies resolved.
_______
                         Arch Version
                                        Repository
Installing:
mysql-community-server
                         x86 64 8.4.3-1.el9 mysql-8.4-lts-community 50 M
Installing dependencies:
mysql-community-client
                         x86 64 8.4.3-1.el9 mysql-8.4-lts-community 3.1 M
mysql-community-client-plugins
                         x86 64 8.4.3-1.el9 mysql-8.4-lts-community 1.5 M
mysql-community-common
                         x86 64 8.4.3-1.el9 mysql-8.4-lts-community 575 k
mysql-community-icu-data-files
                         x86 64 8.4.3-1.el9 mysql-8.4-lts-community 2.3 M
                         x86 64 8.4.3-1.el9 mysql-8.4-lts-community 1.5 M
mysql-community-libs
```

Bước 4: Khởi chạy dịch vụ MySQL

systemctl start mysqld

```
[root@doankimhan ~]# systemctl start mysqld
[root@doankimhan ~]# systemctl status mysqld
 mysqld.service - MySQL Server
     Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/mysqld.service; enabled; vendor p>
     Active: active (running) since Sat 2024-11-16 13:05:23 +07; 11s ago
       Docs: man:mysqld(8)
             http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/en/using-systemd.html
    Process: 5087 ExecStartPre=/usr/bin/mysqld_pre_systemd (code=exited, statu>
  Main PID: 5156 (mysqld)
     Status: "Server is operational"
     Tasks: 35 (limit: 10944)
     Memory: 465.2M
       CPU: 3.134s
     CGroup: /system.slice/mysqld.service
             —5156 /usr/sbin/mysqld
Nov 16 13:05:16 doankimhan systemd[1]: Starting MySQL Server...
Nov 16 13:05:23 doankimhan systemd[1]: Started MySQL Server.
lines 1-16/16 (END)
```

Bước 5: Lấy mật khẩu tạm thời của người dùng root sudo grep 'temporary password' /var/log/mysqld.log

```
[root@doankimhan ~]# sudo grep 'temporary password' /var/log/mysqld.log
2024-11-16T06:05:19.977464Z 6 [Note] [MY-010454] [Server] A temporary password
is generated for root@localhost: -l1Rh>w<ck48
[root@doankimhan ~]#
```

Bước 6: Thay đổi mật khẩu cho người dùng root và thiết lập các bảo mật sudo mysql_secure_installation

```
Change the password for root ? ((Press y|Y for Yes, any other key for No) : y

New password:

Re-enter new password:

Estimated strength of the password: 100

Do you wish to continue with the password provided?(Press y|Y for Yes, any other key for No) : y

By default, a MySQL installation has an anonymous user, allowing anyone to log into MySQL without having to have a user account created for them. This is intended only for testing, and to make the installation go a bit smoother. You should remove them before moving into a production environment.

Remove anonymous users? (Press y|Y for Yes, any other key for No) : y Success.
```

```
Disallow root login remotely? (Press y|Y for Yes, any other key for No) : n

... skipping.

By default, MySQL comes with a database named 'test' that
anyone can access. This is also intended only for testing,
and should be removed before moving into a production
environment.

Remove test database and access to it? (Press y|Y for Yes, any other key for No
) : n

... skipping.
Reloading the privilege tables will ensure that all changes
made so far will take effect immediately.

Reload privilege tables now? (Press y|Y for Yes, any other key for No) : y
Success.

All done!
```

Bước 7: Kiểm tra phiên bản MySQL mysqladmin -u root -p version

```
[root@doankimhan ~]# mysqladmin -u root -p version
Enter password:
mysqladmin Ver 8.4.3 for Linux on x86 64 (MySQL Community Server - GPL)
Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Server version
                       8.4.3
Protocol version
                       10
Connection
                       Localhost via UNIX socket
UNIX socket
                       /var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock
Uptime:
                       13 min 56 sec
Threads: 2 Questions: 12 Slow queries: 0 Opens: 132 Flush tables: 3 Open t
ables: 48 Queries per second avg: 0.014
[root@doankimhan ~]#
```

Bước 8: Cài đặt Navicat và tiến hành nối kết từ xa đến MySQL

	×							
General	Advanced	Databases	SSL	SSH HTTP	Remarks			
	c	Connection Nan	ne:	Navicat mydatabase		Database		
Host: Port: User Name: Password:			localhost 3306 root]	•			

Bước 9: Kết nối thông qua SSH

New Connection (MySQL)										
General	Advanced	Databases	SSL	SSH	HTTP	Remarks				
			Nav	S —	Ť	SSH Serve		Database		
▼ Use SSH tunnel										
Host:		192.168.	192.168.1.62							
Port:		22								
User Name:		root								
Authentication Method:		Password	t		•					
Password:		•••••	•••••							
		✓ Save p	asswor	d						

Bước 10: Tạo người dùng user_webtintuc và ban cấp quyền cho user_webtintuc có toàn quyền trên cơ sở dữ liệu

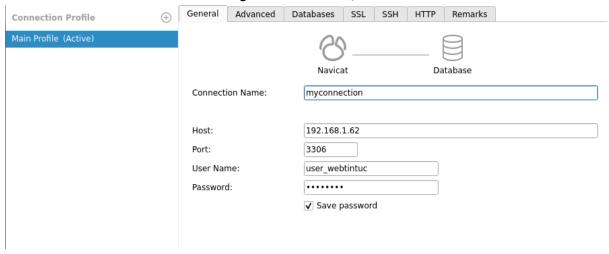
```
mysql> create user 'user_webtintuc'@'%' identified by 'Han_100903';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)

mysql> grant all privileges on *.* to 'user_webtintuc'@'%' with grant option;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> flush privileges;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

Bước 11: Tạo database db_webtintuc

Bước 12: Nối kết đến database bằng tài khoản vừa tạo



Bước 13: Giao diện sau khi nối kết thành công

