

ĐẠI HỌC BÁCH KHOA HÀ NỘI VIỆN CÔNG NGHỆ THÔNG TIN VÀ TRUYỀN THÔNG

Introduction to Node.js



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- 2. Express
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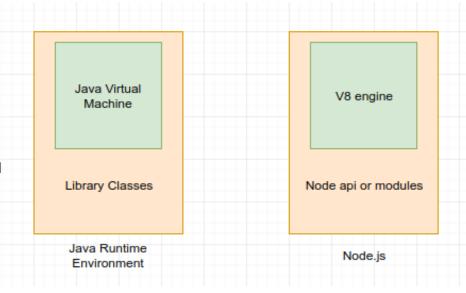


Introduction to Node.js



Basic Nodejs

- Node.js is an open-source and cross-platform JavaScript runtime environment
- Node.js runs the V8 JavaScript engine, the core of Google Chrome, outside of the browser.
 - 2009: Node.js was created by Ryan Dahl, the first form of npm is created
 - 2011: Larger companies adopting Node.js: LinkedIn, Uber, (now IBM, Microsoft, Netflix, PayPal, AWS also)
 - 2022: Node.js 19
 - In simple words Node.js is "Server-side JavaScript".



Node's goal is to provide an easy way to build scalable network programs – (from nodejs.org)



Basic Nodejs (cont.)

- Node.js represents a "JavaScript everywhere" paradigm
- Unifying web-application development around a single programming language
 rather than different languages for server-side and client-side scripts.
- Node.js allows the creation of Web servers and networking tools by using JavaScript and a collection of "modules" that handle various core functionalities. Modules are provided for:
 - file system I/O,
 - networking (DNS, HTTP, TCP, TLS/SSL, or UDP),
 - binary data (buffers),
 - cryptography functions,
 - data streams,
 - and other core functions.

Basic Nodejs (cont. 2)

- □ In 2009, Dahl criticized the limited possibilities of the most popular web server at that time -Apache HTTP Server:
 - to handle a lot of concurrent connections (up to 10,000 and more)
 - the most common way of creating code (sequential programming)
 - code either blocked the entire process or implied multiple execution stacks in the case of simultaneous connections.
- Node.js has an event-driven architecture capable of asynchronous I/O.
 - optimize throughput and scalability in web applications with many input/output operations, as well as for real-time Web applications.
- ☐ The most significant difference between Node.js and PHP is that
 - most functions in PHP block until completion (commands execute only after previous commands finish)
 - while Node.js functions are non-blocking (commands execute concurrently or even in parallel, and use callbacks to signal completion or failure).



Basic Nodejs (cont. 3)

- □ Node.js operates on a single-thread event loop, using non-blocking I/O calls
 - ⇒ allowing it to support tens of thousands of concurrent connections without incurring the cost of thread context switching
- □ To accommodate the single-threaded event loop, Node.js uses the libuv library—which, in turn, uses a fixed-sized thread pool that handles some of the non-blocking asynchronous I/O operations
- A thread pool handles the execution of parallel tasks in Node.js.
 - The main thread function call posts tasks to the shared task queue, which threads in the thread pool pull and execute.
 - Inherently non-blocking system functions such as networking translate to kernel-side non-blocking sockets, while inherently blocking system functions such as file I/O run in a blocking way on their own threads.
 - When a thread in the thread pool completes a task, it informs the main thread of this, which in turn, wakes up and executes the registered callback.



Basic Nodejs (cont. 4)

- □ A downside of this single-threaded approach is that Node.js does not allow vertical scaling by increasing the number of CPU cores of the machine it is running on without using an additional module, such as cluster, StrongLoop Process Manager, or pm2
- ☐ However, developers can increase the default number of threads in the libuv thread pool. The server operating system (OS) is likely to distribute these threads across multiple cores.

Basic Nodejs (cont.)

Example:

□ Traditional I/O

```
const fs = require('fs');
const data = fs.readFileSync('/file.md'); // blocks here until file is read
console.log(data);
moreWork(); // will run after console.log
```

☐ Non-traditional, non-blocking I/O:

```
const fs = require('fs');
fs.readFile('/file.md', (err, data) => {
  if (err) throw err;
  console.log(data);
});
moreWork(); // will run before console.log
```



When can Node.js do?

- ☐ Generate dynamic page content
- ☐ Create, open, read, write, delete, close files on server
- Collect form data
- □ Add, delete, modify data in database
- □ Etc.

When to use Node.js?

- □ Node.js is good for creating streaming based real-time services, web chat applications, static file servers, etc.
- ☐ If high level concurrency and not worried about CPU-cycles.
- ☐ If you are great at writing JavaScript code because then you can use the same language at both the places: server-side and client-side

Differences between Node.js and the Browser

- ☐ In the browser, most of the time what you are doing is interacting with the DOM, or other Web Platform APIs like Cookies
 - Those do not exist in Node.js
- ☐ You don't have the document, window and all the other objects that are provided by the browser
- ☐ In the browser, we don't have all the nice APIs that Node.js provides through its modules, like the filesystem access functionality
- □ Node.js supports both the CommonJS and ES module systems (since Node.js v12):
 - In practice, this means that you can use both require() and import in Node.js, while you are limited to import in the browser.



npm III

- ☐ In January 2010, a package manager was introduced for the Node.js environment called npm.
- ☐ It consists of a command line client, also called npm, and an online database of public and paid-for private packages, called the npm registry
- ☐ There is also a website for browsing and searching available packages: https://www.npmjs.com/
- ☐ The package manager makes it easier for programmers to publish and share source code of Node.js packages
- Designed to simplify installation, updating, and uninstallation of packages.



Some common npm commands

- npm init: initialize a project
- ☐ npm install: add dependency
- ☐ npm uninstall: remove dependency
- ☐ npm update: update dependency
- □ npm start / npm run <script_name>: run scripts defined in package.json

package.json

- ☐ All npm packages contain a file, usually in the project root, called package.json
 - holds various metadata relevant to the project
- ☐ Give information to npm that allows it to identify the project as well as handle the project's dependencies
- ☐ Also contain other metadata such as a project description, the version of the project in a particular distribution, license information, even configuration data
 - be vital to both npm and to the end users of the package



package.json fields:

- name
- version
- □ license
- description
- □ keywords



package.json fields (cont.):

- main: is a direction to the entry point to the module
- **repository**: defines where the source code for the module lives
- scripts: defines key/value pairs; key is the name of a command, value is the actual command that is run.
- dependencies: defines the other modules that this module uses
 - has the name and version
- devDependencies: usually used to define the dependencies the module needs to run in local development and testing

Other

- □ **nvm**: Node Version Manager
- □ **npx**: is also a CLI tool whose purpose is to make it easy to install and manage dependencies hosted in the npm registry.
 - Run a locally installed package easily
 - Execute packages that are not previously installed
 - Even allow to run code directly from GitHub
- **eslint**: ESLint is a static code analysis tool for identifying problematic patterns found in JavaScript code

Introduction to Express



Express

- □ Express.js, or simply Express, is a backend web application framework for building RESTful APIs with Node.js
- ☐ Released as free and open-source software under the MIT License.
- ☐ It has been called the de facto standard server framework for Node.js.

Express: Basic routing

Routing refers to determining how an application responds to a client request to a particular endpoint, which is a URI (or path) and a specific HTTP request method (GET, POST, and so on).
 Each route can have one or more handler functions, which are executed when the route is matched.
 Route definition takes the following structure:

app.METHOD(PATH, HANDLER)

Where:

- app is an instance of express.
- METHOD is an HTTP request method, in lowercase.
- PATH is a path on the server.
- HANDLER is the function executed when the route is matched.



Basic Routing: Examples

Respond with Hello World! on the homepage:

```
app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  res.send('Hello World!')
})
```

 Respond to POST request on the root route (/):

```
app.post('/', (req, res) => {
  res.send('Got a POST request')
})
```

 Respond to a PUT request to the /user route:

```
app.put('/user', (req, res) => {
  res.send('Got a PUT request at /user')
})
```

 Respond to a DELETE request to the /user route:

```
app.delete('/user', (req, res) => {
  res.send('Got a DELETE request at /user')
})
```



Route Paths

- □ Route paths, in combination with a request method, define the endpoints at which requests can be made.
- ☐ Route paths can be strings, string patterns, or regular expressions.

Route Paths Examples

 This route path will match requests to /about

```
app.get('/about', (req, res) => {
  res.send('about')
})
```

 This route path will match requests to /random.text

```
app.get('/random.text', (req, res) => {
  res.send('random.text')
})
```

This route path will match acd and abcd

```
app.get('/ab?cd', (req, res) => {
  res.send('ab?cd')
})
```

• This route path will match abcd, abbcd, abbcd, ...

```
app.get('/ab+cd', (req, res) => {
  res.send('ab+cd')
})
```



Route parameters

- □ Route parameters are named URL segments that are used to capture the values specified at their position in the URL.
- ☐ The captured values are populated in the req.params object, with the name of the route parameter specified in the path as their respective keys.

```
Route path: /users/:userId/books/:bookId
Request URL: http://localhost:3000/users/34/books/8989
req.params: { "userId": "34", "bookId": "8989" }
```



req.query

☐ A request object that is populated by request query strings that are found in a URL

```
Route: /users/:userId/books?sortBy=name&page=1&pageSize=10
Request URL: http://localhost:3000/users/34/books
req.query: { "sortBy": "name", "page": "1", "pageSize": "10" }
```



Route handlers

☐ You can provide multiple callback functions that behave like <u>middleware</u> to handle a request.

□ Route handlers can be in the form of a function, an array of functions, or combinations

of both

```
app.get('/example/a', (req, res) => {
  res.send('Hello from A!')
})
```

```
const cb0 = function (req, res, next) {
  console.log('CB0')
  next()
}

const cb1 = function (req, res, next) {
  console.log('CB1')
  next()
}

const cb2 = function (req, res) {
  res.send('Hello from C!')
}

app.get('/example/c', [cb0, cb1, cb2])
```



Installation and Example



Installation

- Node.js can be installed in different ways.
 - Download from Node.js website: https://nodejs.org/en/download/

Downloads

Latest LTS Version: 14.15.4 (includes npm 6.14.10)

Download the Node.js source code or a pre-built installer for your platform, and start developing today.





Windows Installer (.msi)

Linux Binaries (ARM)

Source Code



32-bit	64-bit
32-bit	64-bit
64-bit	
64-bit	
64-bit	
ARMv7	ARMv8
node-v14.15.4.tar.gz	

Installation

- Node.js can be installed in different ways.
 - On MacOS: from CLI

brew install node

On Ubuntu

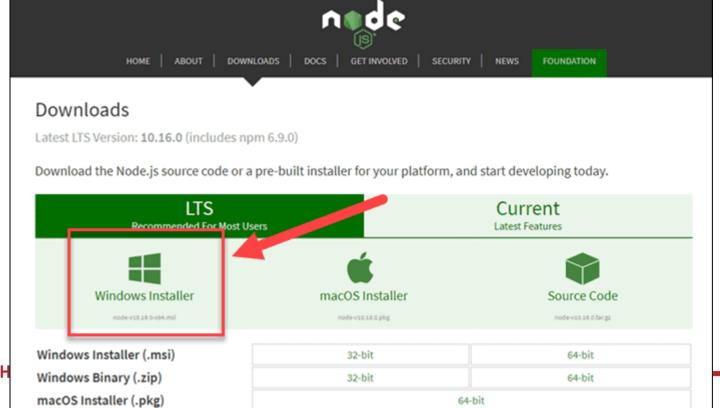
nvm install node



Install Node.js and NPM on Windows

Step 1: Download Node.js Installer

navigate to https://nodejs.org/en/download/. Click the Windows Installer button to download the latest default version.





Install Node.js and NPM on Windows

Step 2: Install Node.js and NPM from Browser

- Browse to the location where you have saved the file and double-click it to launch > Run > Next
- On the next screen, review the license agreement. Click Next if you agree to the terms and install the software.
- The installer will prompt you for the installation location. Leave the default location, unless you have a specific need to install it somewhere else – then click **Next**.
- The wizard will let you select components to include or remove from the installation.
 Again, unless you have a specific need, accept the defaults by clicking Next.
- Finally, click the **Install** button to run the installer. When it finishes, click **Finish**.



Install Node.js and NPM on Windows

Step 2: Verify installation

Open a command prompt (or PowerShell), and enter the following:

node -v

The system should display the Node.js version installed on your system. You can do the same for NPM:

npm -v



Simple Nodejs Express



Simple Nodejs Project Example

Step 1: Create a folder

Step 2: Open it by VSCode

Step 3: Open integrated terminal: npm init



```
nodejs-example-project npm init
This utility will walk you through creating a package.json file.
It only covers the most common items, and tries to guess sensible defaults.
See `npm help init` for definitive documentation on these fields and exactly what they do.

Use `npm install <pkg>` afterwards to install a package and save it as a dependency in the package.json file.

Press ^C at any time to quit.
package name: (nodejs-example-project)
version: (1.0.0)
description: Nodejs Example Project by BKC Labs entry point: (index.js) app.js
```



Simple Nodejs Project Example

There will be a package.json file generated:

```
EXPLORER: NODEJS-EXAMPLE-PROJECT [ ] [ ] [ ] ...

    package.json ×

  package.json
                                                       package.json > ...
                                                               "name": "nodejs-example-project",
                                                               "version": "1.0.0",
                                                               "description": "Nodejs Example Project by BKC Labs",
                                                               "main": "app.js",

    Debug

                                                                "scripts": {
                                                                 "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
                                                               "keywords":
                                                                 "node.js",
                                                                 "example",
                                                                 "bkc-labs"
                                                               "author": "BKC Labs",
                                                               "license": "MIT"
                                                        17
```



Step 4: npm install express

Step 5: See changes in package.json

Step 6: See a package-lock.json file and a node_modules folder are generated

```
PROBLEMS TERMINAL OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE JUPYTER

O → nodejs-example-project npm install express
(( )) # loadDep:get-intrinsic: Sill resolveWithNewModule get-intrinsic@1.1.3 checking installable status
```



Step 7: create app.js with following code

```
const express = require("express");
    const app = express();
    app.get("/", (req, res) => {
      res.send("Hello world!");
    });
    const PORT = process.env.PORT || 8000;
    app.listen(PORT, () => console.log(`Application listening on port ${PORT}!`));
11
```



Step 8: Update package.json scripts:

Step 9: Open terminal: npm start

```
    Debug

"scripts": {

    "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1",

    "start": "node app.js"

},
```



Step 10: Open another terminal: curl http://localhost:8000/

```
DEBUG CONSOLE
                                                JUPYTER
PROBLEMS
           TERMINAL
                      OUTPUT
  nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello, world!
  nodejs-example-project
```



Step 11: Edit app.js: Change to "Goodbye, world!", save the file

Step 12: run curl one again:

→ The result has not auto updated

```
PROBLEMS TERMINAL OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE JUPYTER

→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello, world!

→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello, world!

○ → nodejs-example-project

□
```



Step 13: Kill current terminal running app

Step 14: npm install –D nodemon

```
PROBLEMS TERMINAL OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE JUPYTER

→ nodejs-example-project npm install nodemon
npm WARN nodejs-example-project@1.0.0 No repository field.

+ nodemon@2.0.20
added 33 packages from 32 contributors and audited 90 packages in 2.822s

10 packages are looking for funding
run `npm fund` for details

found 0 vulnerabilities
```



Step 15: update package.json scripts:

```
"scripts": {
   "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1",
   "start": "node app.js",
   "dev": "nodemon app"
```



Step 16: npm run dev

```
PROBLEMS
            TERMINAL
                       OUTPUT
                                 DEBUG CONSOLE
                                                   JUPYTER
  nodejs-example-project npm run dev
> nodejs-example-project@1.0.0 dev /Users/hoangnam/Desktop/nodejs-example-project
> nodemon app
[nodemon] 2.0.20
[nodemon] to restart at any time, enter `rs`
[nodemon] watching path(s): *.*
[nodemon] watching extensions: js,mjs,json
[nodemon] starting `node app.js
Application listening on port 8000!
```



Step 17: curl http://localhost:8000/

Step 18: edit app.js: change to "Hello world, again!" and Save

Step 20: curl http://localhost:8000/



The result has already auto updated!

```
PROBLEMS TERMINAL OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE JUPYTER

→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello, world!
→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello, world!
→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Goodbye, world!
→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello world, again!
→ nodejs-example-project
```



The result has already auto updated!

```
PROBLEMS TERMINAL OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE JUPYTER

→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello, world!%

→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello, world!%

→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Goodbye, world!%

→ nodejs-example-project curl http://localhost:8000/
Hello world, again!%

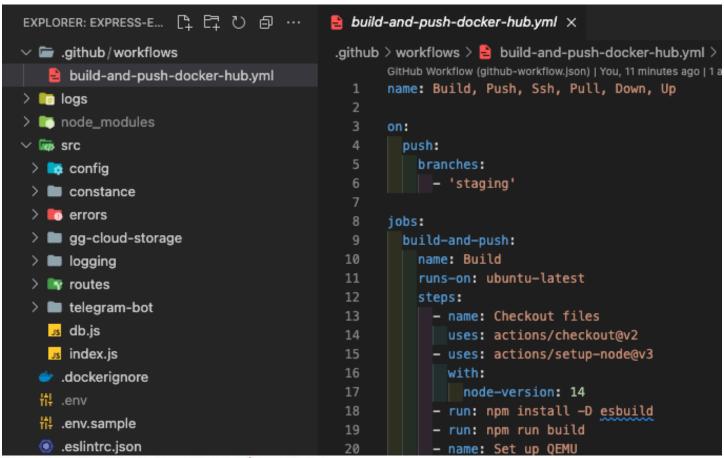
→ nodejs-example-project □
```



Advanced Express

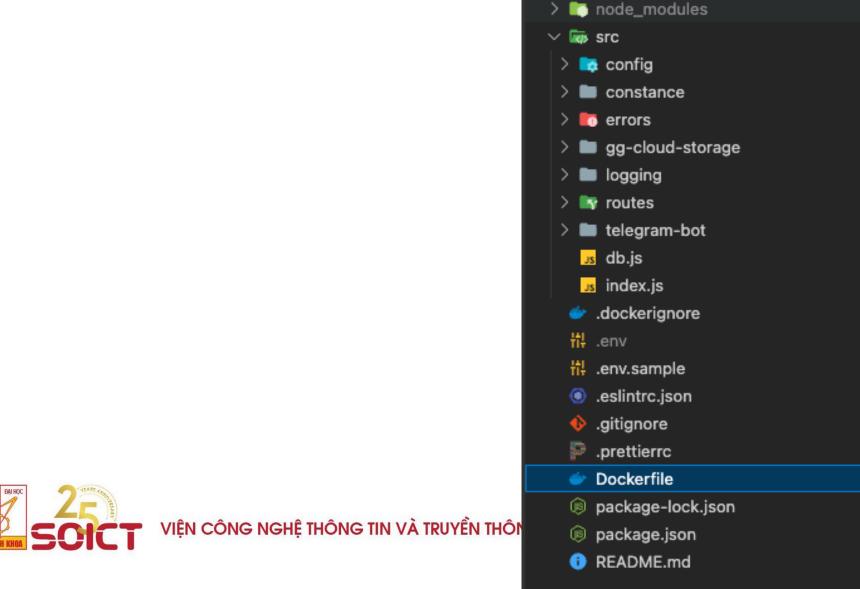


CI/CD





Dockerization



```
EXPLORER: EXPRESS-E... 🖺 🛱 🖔 🗗 …
                                         Dockerfile ×
 ~/Desktop/express-example-project/
                                          Dockerfile >  FROM
 node_modules
                                                  You, 11 minutes ago | 1 author (You)
   build-and-push-docker-hub.yml
                                                  FROM node:14
> 💼 logs
                                             2
                                                 WORKDIR /app
                                                  COPY package*.json ./
                                                 RUN npm install
                                             8
                                                 COPY bundle.js ./
                                            10
                                            11
                                                  EXPOSE 8000
                                            12
                                                  ENTRYPOINT [ "node" ]
                                            13
                                            14
                                            15
                                                 CMD [ "bundle.js" ]
```

Notifying

```
EXPLORER: EXPRESS-E... ☐ ☐ □ ···

✓ Image: Value of the second of the sec
                                                                   build-and-push-docker-hub.yml
     > 💼 logs
       > node_modules
 > config
                         constance
                         > n errors
                         gg-cloud-storage
                         > 🖿 logging
                         > III routes

✓ Image: Value of the valu
                                                                                     ıs index.js
                                                                 Js db.js
```

```
₃ index.js ×
src > telegram-bot > Js index.js > ...
       You, 12 minutes ago | 1 author (You)
       require("dotenv").config();
       const axios = require("axios").default;
     v async function sendNotify(message) {
          if (process.env.ENABLE_TELEBOT === "false") return console.log("Telegram bot: Disabled");
          return axios.post(`https://api.telegram.org/bot${process.env.BOT_TOKEN}/sendMessage`, {
            chat id: process env CHAT ID,
            text: message || "Some errors happened!",
          });
   9
  10
  11
  12
       module.exports = { sendNotify };
  13
```



Logging

```
🥦 morgan-config.js 🗙
~/Desktop/express-example-project/.github/workflows

✓ Image: Value of the second of the sec
                                                                                                                                                       src > logging > _s morgan-config.js > [@] morganBodyConfig
                                                                                                                                                                               You, 12 minutes ago | 1 author (You)
              build-and-push-docker-hub.yml
                                                                                                                                                                               const rfs = require("rotating-file-stream");
   > lig logs
                                                                                                                                                                2
   > node_modules
                                                                                                                                                                                const errorsLogStream = rfs.createStream("errors.log", {
                                                                                                                                                                                       interval: "1d",
 ∨ k src
                                                                                                                                                                                       path: process.env.LOG_PATH
      > tonfig
                                                                                                                                                                               });
      > constance
      > n errors
                                                                                                                                                                                const morganBodyConfig = { You, 12 minutes ago * :octo
                                                                                                                                                               8
      gg-cloud-storage
                                                                                                                                                                                       noColors: true,
                                                                                                                                                                9
                                                                                                                                                                                       dateTimeFormat: "iso",
     logging
                                                                                                                                                            10
                                                                                                                                                                                       skip: (req, res) => res.statusCode < 400,</pre>
                                                                                                                                                            11
                  morgan-config.js
                                                                                                                                                            12
                                                                                                                                                                                       stream: errorsLogStream
                  winston-logger.js
                                                                                                                                                            13
                                                                                                                                                                                      // timezone: "Asia/Ho_Chi_Minh",
             routes
                                                                                                                                                            14

✓ i telegram-bot

                                                                                                                                                           15
                                                                                                                                                                               module.exports = {errorsLogStream, morganBodyConfig};
                                                                                                                                                           16
                   Js index.js
```

Error Handling

```
Js errors.js ×
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            src > errors > Js errors.js > 😭 BaseError

✓ Image: Value of the second of the sec
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  You, 12 minutes ago | 1 author (You)
                  build-and-push-docker-hub.yml
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  class BaseError extends Error {
> 💼 logs
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             constructor(message, description, statusCode) {
> node_modules
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      super(message);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Object.setPrototypeOf(this, new.target.prototype);

∨ key src

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       this description = description;
      > tonfig
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       this statusCode = statusCode;
      > constance
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Error.captureStackTrace(this);

∨ Image: Value of the valu
                         s errors.js
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    10
                         handle-errors-middleware.js
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  You, 12 minutes ago | 1 author (You)
         > gg-cloud-storage
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   class InputDataInvalid extends BaseError {
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    11
      logging
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    12
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             constructor({message, description = message, statusCode = 400}) {
                         Js morgan-config.js
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    13
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       super(message, description, statusCode);
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    14
                         Js winston-logger.js
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    15
       > III routes
      17
                         Js index.js
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  module.exports = {BaseError, InputDataInvalid};
                   Js db.js
                  VIỆN CÔNG NGHỆ THÔNG TIN VÀ TRUYỀN THÔNG
```

GG Cloud Storage

```
✓ Image: Value of the second of the sec
                               build-and-push-docker-hub.yml
   > lig logs
   > node_modules
∨ ksrc
             > tonfig
             constance
           Js errors.js
                                         b handle-errors-middleware.js

∨ Image gg-cloud-storage

                                          s index.js
           logging
                                         morgan-config.js
```

```
₃ index.js
src > gg-cloud-storage > Js index.js > [∅] <unknown> > № uploadFile
       You, 12 minutes ago | 1 author (You)
       const { Storage } = require("@google-cloud/storage");
       const { config } = require("../config");
       const fs = require('fs');
       fs.writeFileSync("./service-account-key.json", process.env.GG_STORAGE_KEY);
       const storage = new Storage({ keyFilename: "./service-account-key.json" });
   8
   9
       async function uploadFile(buff, destFileName) {
          return storage.bucket(config.BUCKET_NAME).file(destFileName).save(buff);
 10
 11
 12
 13
       module.exports = { uploadFile };
 14
```



Modularization routes

