

Next Generation User Interfaces Tangible, Embedded and Embodied Interaction

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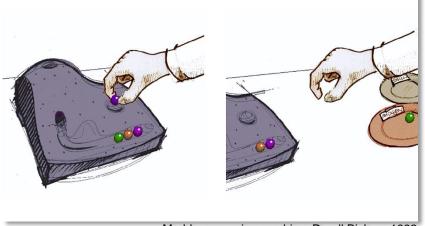






Marble Answering Machine Revisited

- Marble answering machine
 - incoming messages represented by physical marbles
- Differences
 - familiar physical objects show the number of messages
 - aesthetically pleasing and enjoyable to use
 - one step actions to perform a task
 - simple but elegant design with less functionality
 - anyone can listen to any of the messages
- Might not be robust enough to be used in public space
 - important to take into account where a product is going to be used



Marble answering machine, Durell Bishop, 1992





Graspable User Interfaces (1995)

- Direct control of electronic or virtual objects through physical handles (bricks)
- A brick is a new user interface that is tightly coupled to a virtual object



GraspDraw on ActiveDesk

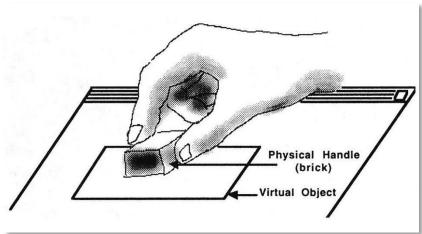
- Bricks are used on top of a large horizontal display surface known as the ActiveDesk
 - GraspDraw is one particular application

George W. Fitzmaurice, Hiroshi Ishii and William Buxton, *Bricks: Laying the Foundations for Graspable User Interfaces*, Proceedings of CHI 1995, ACM Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems, Denver, USA, May 1995

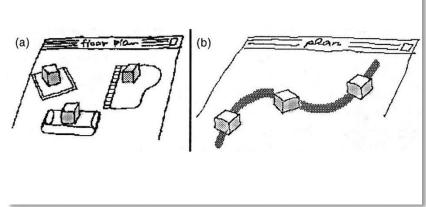




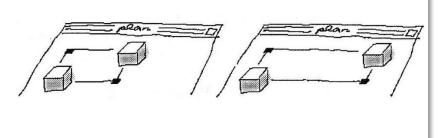
Graspable User Interfaces (1995) ...



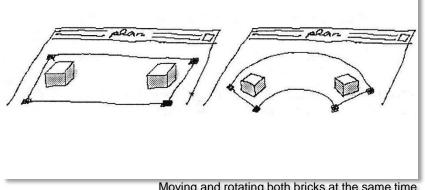
A graspable object



Floor planner: multiple objects with handles and spline with multiple handles



Two bricks attached to a single digital object (one acting as an anchor)



Moving and rotating both bricks at the same time





Graspable User Interfaces (1995) ...

- Advantages of Graspable UI design
 - encourages two-handed interactions
 - shifts to more specialised context-sensitive input devices
 - allows for more parallel input specification
 - makes use of our skills for physical object manipulations
 - affordances of artefacts define how we use the interface
 - externalises traditionally internal computer representations
 - facilitates interactions by making interface elements more "direct and manipulable" by using physical artefacts
 - takes advantage of our spatial reasoning skills
 - affords multi-person collaborative use
 - •
 - Foundations of tangible interaction





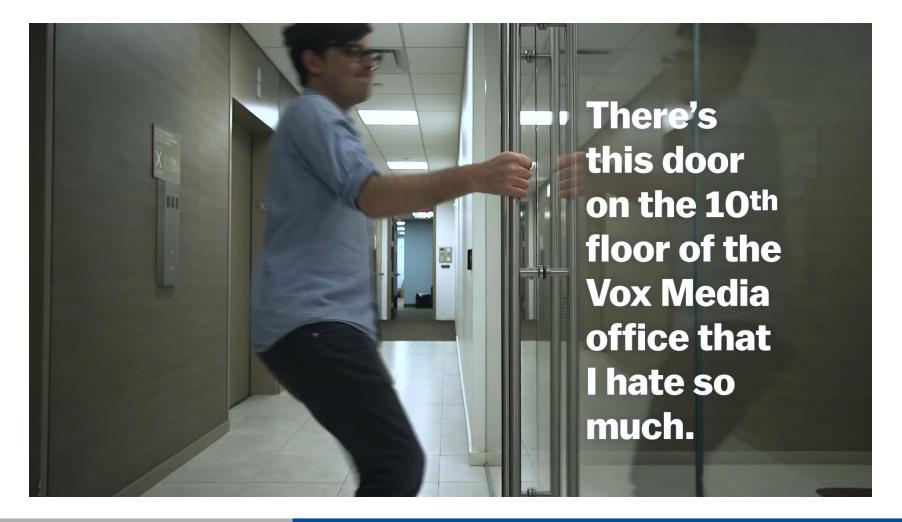
Affordances

- Term affordance introduced in 1977 by psychologist James J. Gibson in the 'The Theory of Affordances'
 - originally defined as all possible actions with an object in an environment independent of an individual's ability to recognise these actions
- Don Norman refined the term affordances in the context of human-machine interaction
 - only those possible actions with an object that can be recognised by an individual
 - an affordance of an object tells us something (gives us a clue) about how to use the object
 - good interaction design will take affordances and the related discoverability into account





Video: The Norman Door







Definition of Tangible Interaction

- Tangible interaction is an umbrella term for
 - graspable user interfaces
 - tangible user interfaces
 - embodied interaction
- Tangible Interaction encompasses user interfaces and interaction approaches that emphasise
 - tangibility and materiality of the interface
 - physical embodiment of data
 - whole-body interaction
 - embedding of the interface and user interaction in real spaces and contexts
 - physical objects as representation and control for digital information





Tangible Bits (1997)

- Beyond GUIs ("painted bits")
 - Tangible User Interfaces (TUIs)
 augment the physical space by
 coupling digital information to
 everyday objects and environments
 - physical instantiation of GUI elements in TUI



- interactive surfaces
- coupling of bits and atoms
- ambient media (inspired by Life Wire)

Hiroshi Ishii and Brygg Ullmer, *Tangible Bits: Towards Seamless Interfaces between People, Bits and Atoms*, Proceedings of CHI 1997, ACM Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems, Atlanta, USA, March 1997





Hiroshi Ishii

Brygg Ullmer





Life Wire (1995)

- Life Wire (dangling string)
 designed by Natalie
 Jeremijenko while she was
 an artist in residence at
 Xerox PARC
 - plastic cord attached to electric motor mounted on the ceiling



Life Wire, 1995

Natalie Jeremijenko

- motor connected to the local
 Ethernet and each passing network packet triggers a switch of the motor
- bits flowing through the network become tangible through motion, sound and touch





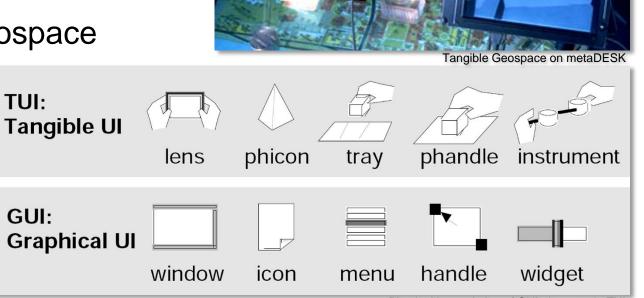
metaDESK

- Back-projected graphical surface with various tools
 - phicons
 - activeLENS and passiveLENS

TUI:

GUI:

- instruments
- Tangible Geospace
 - application prototype



metaDESK Tangible Media Group MIT Media Laboratory





Video: metaDESK







ambientROOM

- Complements the cognitively-foreground interactions of the metaDESK with ambient media
 - ambient light or shadows
 - sound
 - airflow



ambientROOM

- Communicate information at the periphery of human perception
 - investigate how the parallel background processing can be used to convey information via ambient media
 - enable seamless transition between primary foreground task and background processing





Urp

- System supporting urban planning
- Integration of physical model with an interactive simulation
 - tangible models of buildings throw a digital shadow on the interactive surface



Urp system

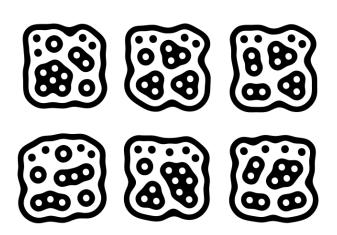
- simulated wind shown as projected arrows on the table
- Various physical tools available to
 - measure distance between two points or wind speed
 - change material of building (e.g. glass walls) or daytime



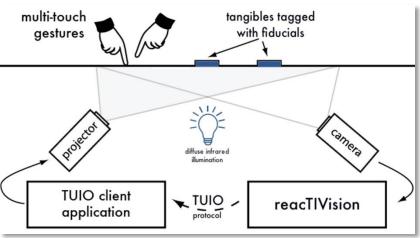


ReacTIVision and Reactable

- Open source toolkit for tangible multi-touch surfaces
- Fiducial markers and multi-touch finger tracking











Video: Reactable









The Sand Noise Music Device

 Interactive art installation offering an intuitive and tactile method for controlling and interacting with a generative electronic music system



The sand noise music device

- virtual objects move in the sand and obey the laws of gravity (e.g. speed up when flowing downhill)
- users can move the physical objects as well as change the topography of the sand landscape





Video: The Sand Noise Music Device

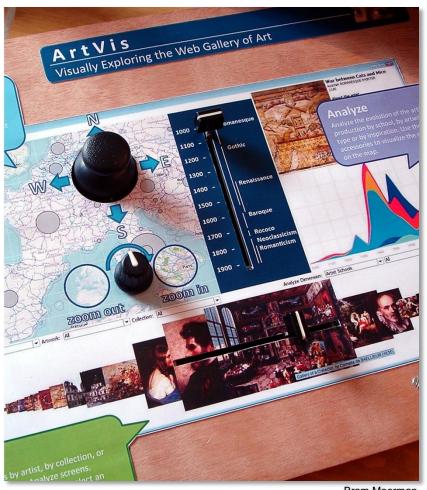






ArtVis

- Advanced visualisation techniques in combination with a TUI
 - explore Web Gallery of Art
 - faceted browsing
 - phidgets-based TUI
 - RFID-tagged physical objects
- Three main components to explore, analyse and browse the information
 - new insights about large collections of data

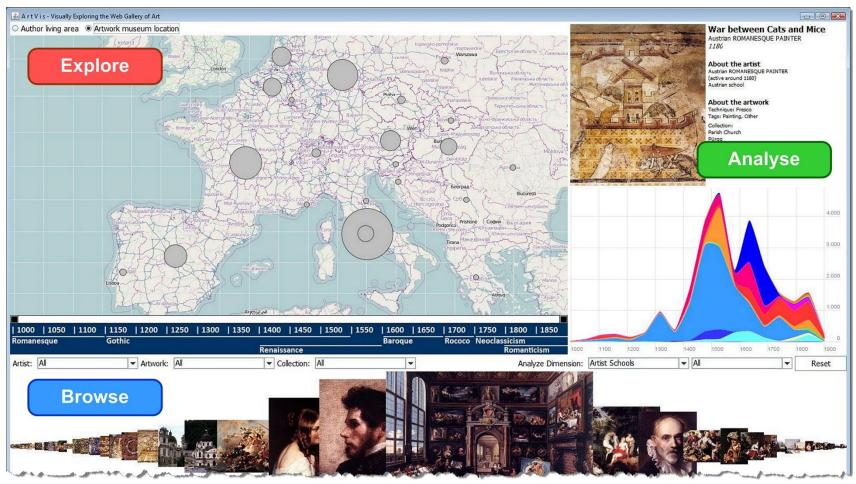


Bram Moerman





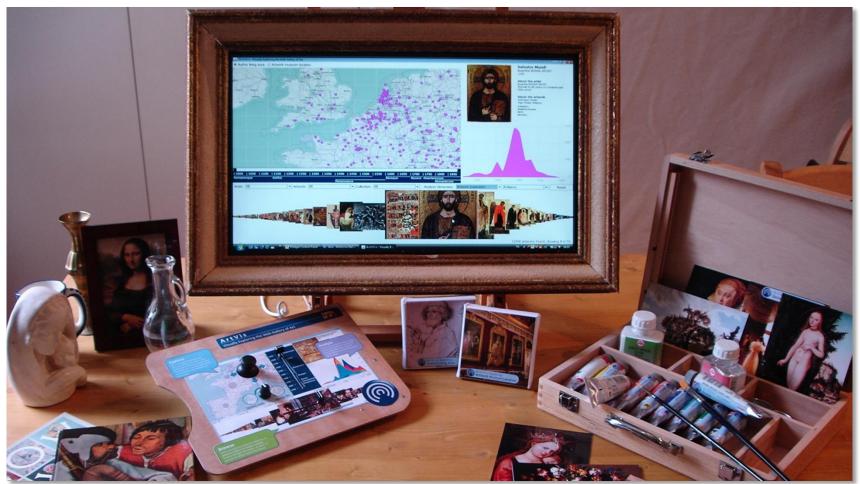
ArtVis ...







ArtVis ...

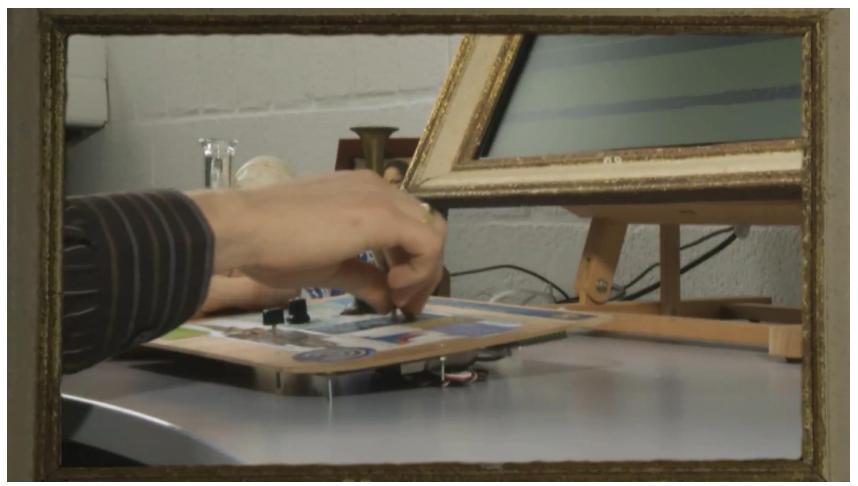


Bram Moerman





Video: ArtVis



Bram Moerman





Sifteo Cubes (Siftables)

- Interactive gaming platform for
 - spatial reasoning
 - collaboration
 - pattern recognition
 - ...
- Originated from Siftables



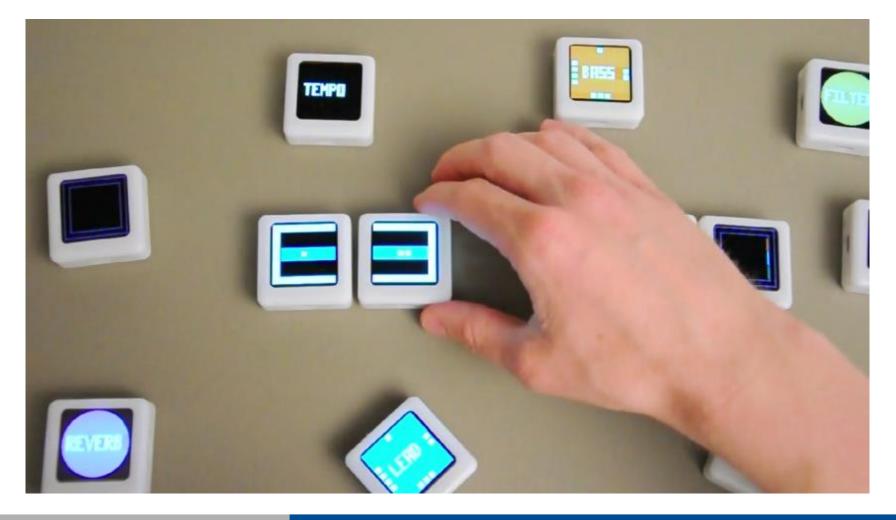
Sifteo Cubes

- Features
 - 1.5" block with 128x128 colour TFT LCD
 - 32 bit ARM CPU
 - 3-axis accelerometer
 - near-field object sensing technology (detect closeby Sifteo cubes)





Video: Siftables

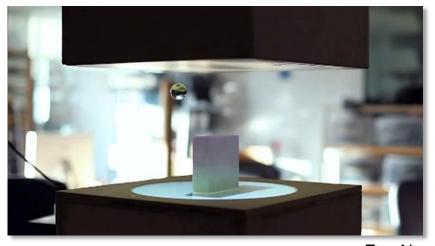






ZeroN

- Anti-gravity interaction element that can be levitated and moved freely by a computer in 3D space
 - explores how altering the fundamental rule of the physical world will transform interaction between humans and materials in the future



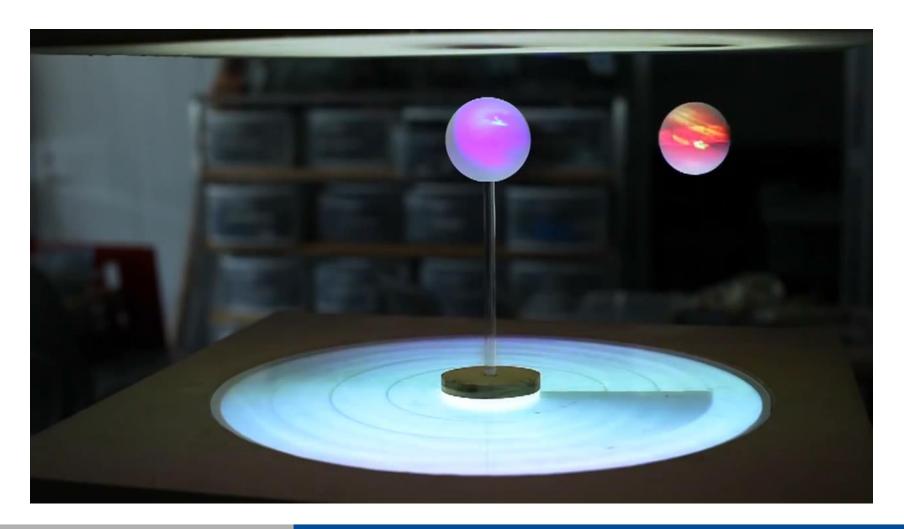
ZeroN

Users can place or move the ZeroN in the mid-air
 3D space in the same way they can place and interact with objects on surfaces





Video: ZeroN







TRANSFORM

- Dynamic shape display that can physically render
 3D content
 - tangible interaction with digital content
 - geospatial data
 - 3D modelling
 - ...
 - TRANSFORM display can also interact with the physical world around it
 - remote users can be displayed physically
- Step towards MIT's vision of Radical Atoms

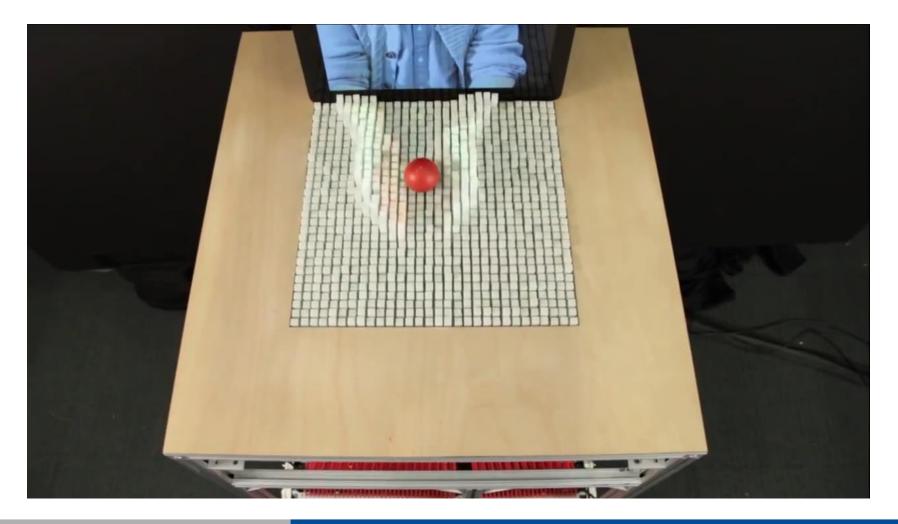


TRANSFORM, MIT





Video: TRANSFORM







Radical Atoms (2012)

- Vision taking a leap beyond Tangible Bits
 - assuming a hypothetical generation of materials that can change their form and appearance dynamically
- Radical Atoms is
 - a computationally transformable and reconfigurable material that is bidirectionally coupled with an underlying digital model (bits)
 - the future material that can transform its shape, conform to constraints and inform the users of its affordances
 - a vision for the future of human-material interaction, in which all digital information has a physical manifestation so that we can interact directly with it
 - about a new Material User Interface (MUI)

Hiroshi Ishii, Dávid Lakatos, Leonardo Bonanni and Jean-Baptiste Labrune, *Radical Atoms: Beyond Tangible Bits, Toward Transformable Materials*, interactions 19(1), January 2012





Radical Atoms Concept

Transform

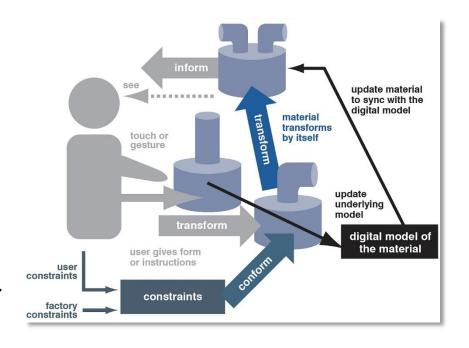
 interface can transform its shape to modify the model and reflect changes in the computational model

Conform

 interface has to conform to some physical laws and user constraints (e.g. for safety)

Inform

 user has to be informed about changing interface affordances







Interactions with Radical Atoms

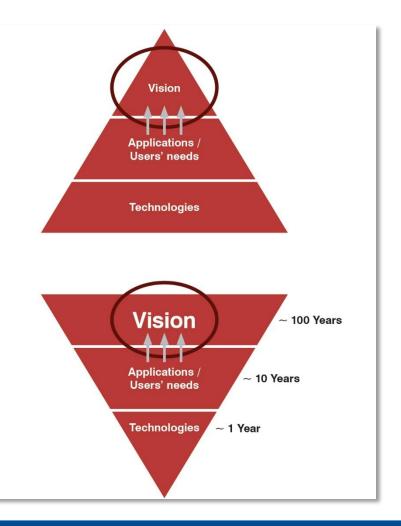
- Direct touch and gestural interaction
 - gestures coupled with direct touch create an interaction appropriate for Radical Atoms since users are able to rapidly reform dynamic materials at all scales
- Context-aware transformation
 - context-aware transformations of the hand tool/interface
 - e.g. screwdriver adapting to the type of screw it is operating on
- Shape-memory clay: Perfect Red
 - Perfect Red is a fictional material that can be sculpted like and responds according to rules inspired by CAD operations
 - e.g. if we split a piece in two even halves, then the operations performed on one part are mirrored on the other part





Vision-Driven Design Research

- Quantum leaps in HCI rarely result from studies on user needs but from the passion and dreams of visionaries
 - e.g. Douglas Engelbart
- Vision-driven research
 - strong vision can last beyond our lifespan
 - have to wait for enabling technologies but exploration of interaction design can already start!







Homework



- Read the following paper that is available on PointCarré (papers/Ishii 2012)
 - H. Ishii, D. Lakatos, L. Bonanni and J.-B. Labrune, Radical Atoms: Beyond Tangible Bits, Toward Transformable Materials, interactions, 19(1), January 2012





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 - https://www.interaction-design.org/encyclopedia/ tangible_interaction.html
- Durrell Bishop's Marble Answering Machine
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RgVbXV1krgU
- The Norman Door
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yY96hTb8Wgl
- metaDESK
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FsHHYK_UXkw
- ambientROOM
 - http://vimeo.com/48815734







- Reactable
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Mgy1S8qymx0&gl=BE
- The Sand Noise Music Device
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VJgD-IEUPpo
- Siftables
 - http://www.ted.com/talks/david_merrill_demos_siftables_the_smart_block
 s
- TRANSFORM
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ICARHatJQJA
- ZeroN
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-i2kJMJz7Wg



Next Lecture Virtual and Augmented Reality

