

A 200-MVA, 12-kV, 0.85-PF-lagging, 50-Hz, 20-pole, Y-connected water turbine generator has a per-unit synchronous reactance of 0.9 and a per-unit armature resistance of 0.1. This generator is operating in parallel with a large power system (infinite bus).

- (a) What is the speed of rotation of this generator's shaft?
- (b) What is the magnitude of the internal generated voltage E_A at rated conditions?
- (c) What is the torque angle of the generator at rated conditions?
- (d) What are the values of the generator's synchronous reactance and armature resistance in ohms?
- (e) If the field current is held constant, what is the maximum power possible out of this generator? How much reserve power or torque does this generator have at full load?
- (f) At the absolute maximum power possible, how much reactive power will this generator be supplying or consuming? Sketch the corresponding phasor diagram. (Assume I_F is still unchanged.)

Homework 11

$$(a) \quad n = \frac{120f}{p} = \frac{120 \times 50}{20} = 300 \text{ r/min}$$

$$(b) \quad \dot{V}_\phi = 1.0 \angle 0^\circ \text{ pu}, \quad \dot{I}_A = 1.0 \angle -31.79^\circ \text{ pu}$$

$$\dot{E}_A = \dot{V}_\phi + R_A \dot{I}_A + j X_s \dot{I}_A$$

$$= 1 \angle 0^\circ + (0.1)(1.0 \angle -31.79^\circ) + j(0.9)(1.0 \angle -31.79^\circ)$$

$$= 1.714 \angle 24.55^\circ \text{ pu}$$

$$E_A = 1.714 \angle 24.55^\circ \times \frac{12 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3}} = 11874 \angle 24.55^\circ$$

$$(c) \quad \delta = 24.55^\circ$$

$$(d) \quad Z_{base} = \frac{3 V_{\phi base}^2}{S_{base}} = \frac{3 \times \left(\frac{12 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3}} \right)^2}{200 \times 10^6} = 0.72$$

$$R_A = 0.1 \times 0.72 = 0.072 \Omega$$

$$X_s = 0.9 \times 0.72 = 0.648 \Omega$$

$$(e) \quad P_{max} = \frac{3 V_\phi E_A}{X_s} \sin \delta$$

$$= \frac{3 \times \frac{12 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3}} \times 11874}{0.648} \sin 90^\circ$$

$$= 380 \text{ MW}$$

$$P = 200 \text{ M} \times 0.85 = 170 \text{ MW}$$

$$\frac{170}{380} \times 100\% = 44.74\%$$

$$(f) \quad \dot{E}_A = \dot{V}_\phi + R_A \dot{I}_A + j X_s \dot{I}_A$$

$$\dot{I}_A = \frac{\dot{E}_A - \dot{V}_\phi}{R_A + j X_s}$$

$$= \frac{11874 \angle 90^\circ - \frac{12 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3}} \angle 0^\circ}{0.072 + j 0.648}$$

$$= 21085 \angle 36.60^\circ$$

$$Q = 3 V_\phi I_A \sin \theta$$

$$= 3 \times \frac{12 \times 10^3}{\sqrt{3}} \times 21085 \times \sin(-36.60^\circ)$$

$$= -261 \text{ M}$$

supplying

