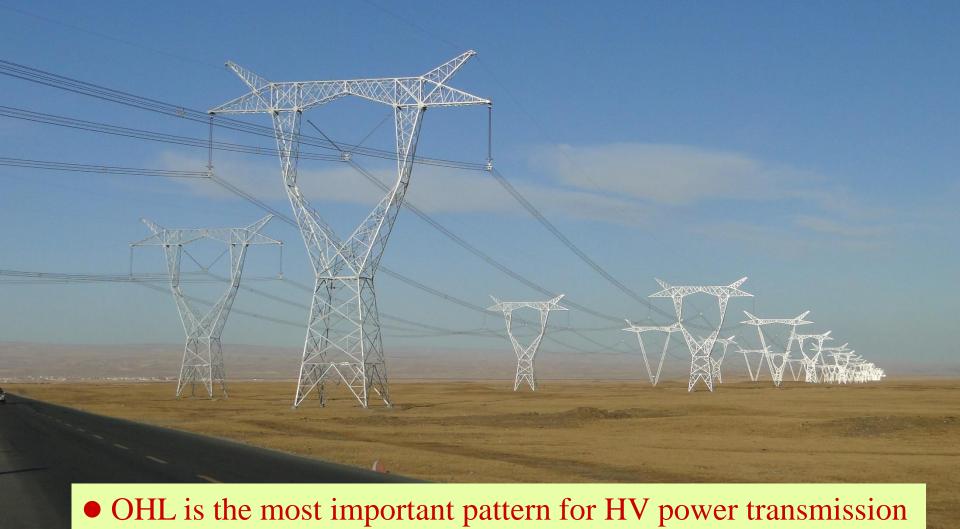
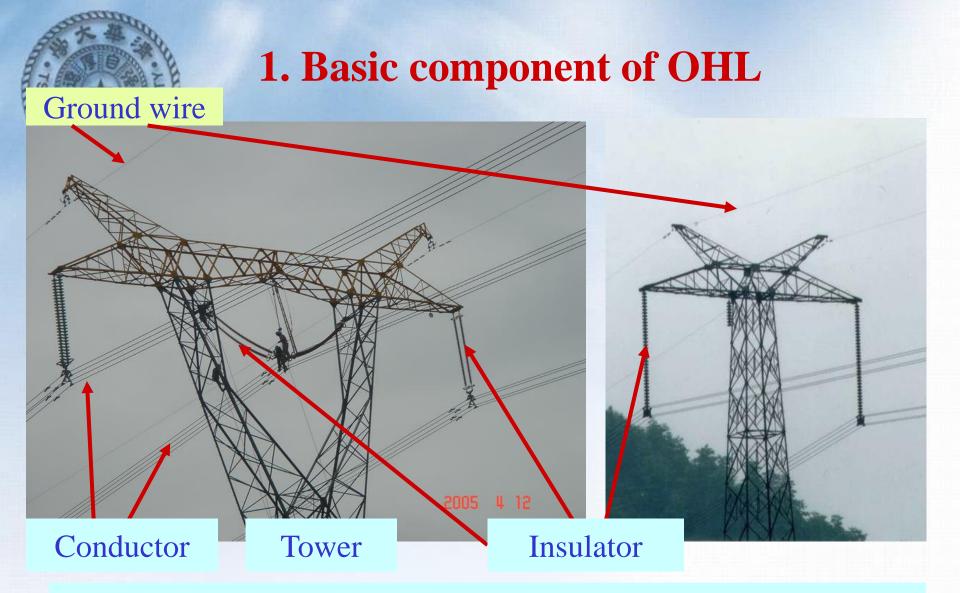
Topic: Overhead Transmission Lines







Insulation of OHL: Air gap insulation between conductor and tower.

Internal and surface insulation of insulator,

Most of the faults of overhead lines are related to insulators.

The component of OHL and basic functions of each part

Conductor: carry current; Tower: support conductor

Insulator: *mechanically connect* (fix) conductor and tower, *electrically isolate* conductor and tower (bare conductor). Thus, a certain insulation distance is maintained between tower and conductor, as well as between the conductors of different phases or different circuits.

Different arrangements of towers and insulators provide a variety of conductor configurations



Insulation of OHL: Air gap insulation between conductor and tower.

Internal and surface insulation of insulator,

Most of the faults of overhead lines are related to insulators.



2. Towers

Self-supporting tower, tension tower, Guyed tower

Angle tower, transposition tower

Single circuit tower, multi-circuit tower

Lattice tower, steel pipe tower, concrete tower, wooden tower

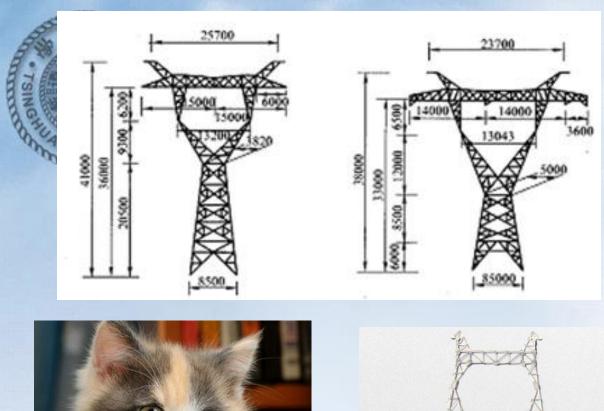
cup type tower, cat head tower...

There are different voltages, different insulator strings...



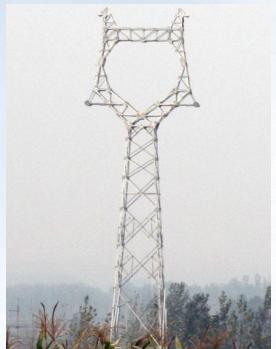


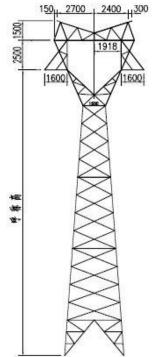
Multi-circuit self-supporting tower Insulator V string, II string, Y string













110kV 典型猫头杆塔图(塔型 ZM1)

Guyed tower (Guyed V tower), insulator V string





AC, DC guyed tower Insulator I string





guyed tower, Insulator I string

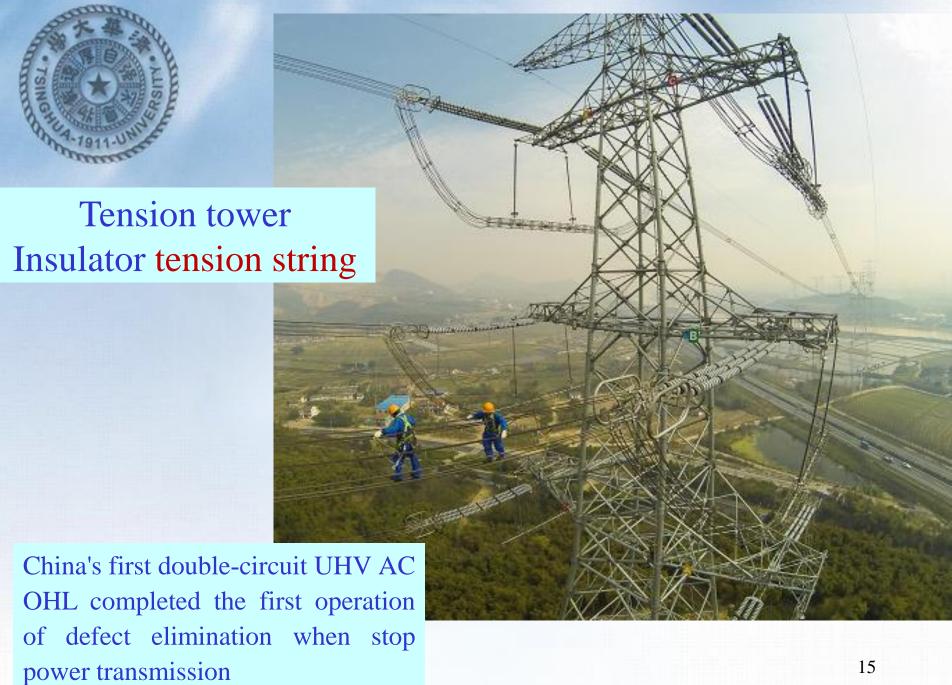


Guyed tower Insulator T string

Tension tower Tension insulator string

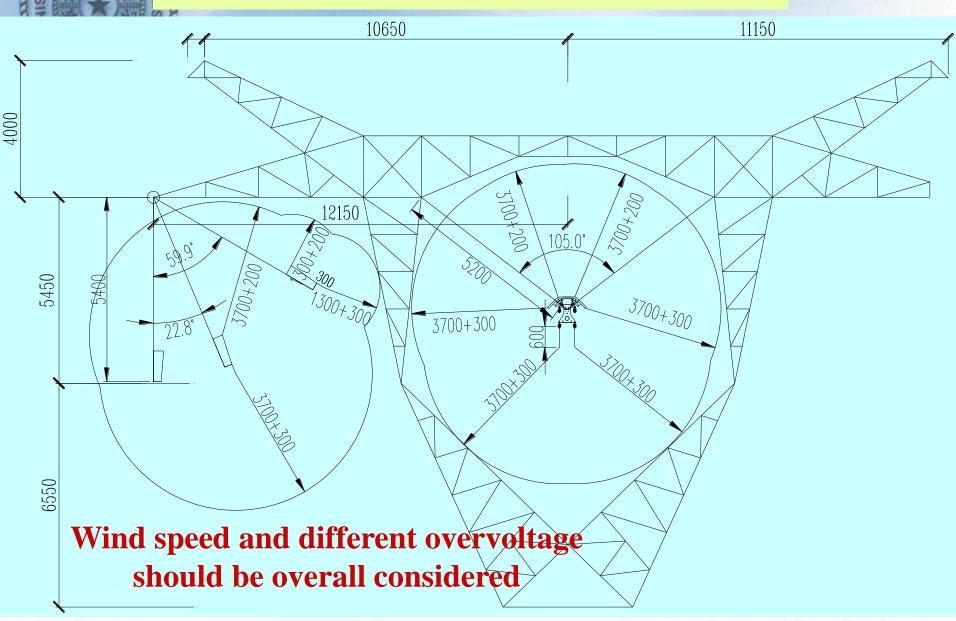


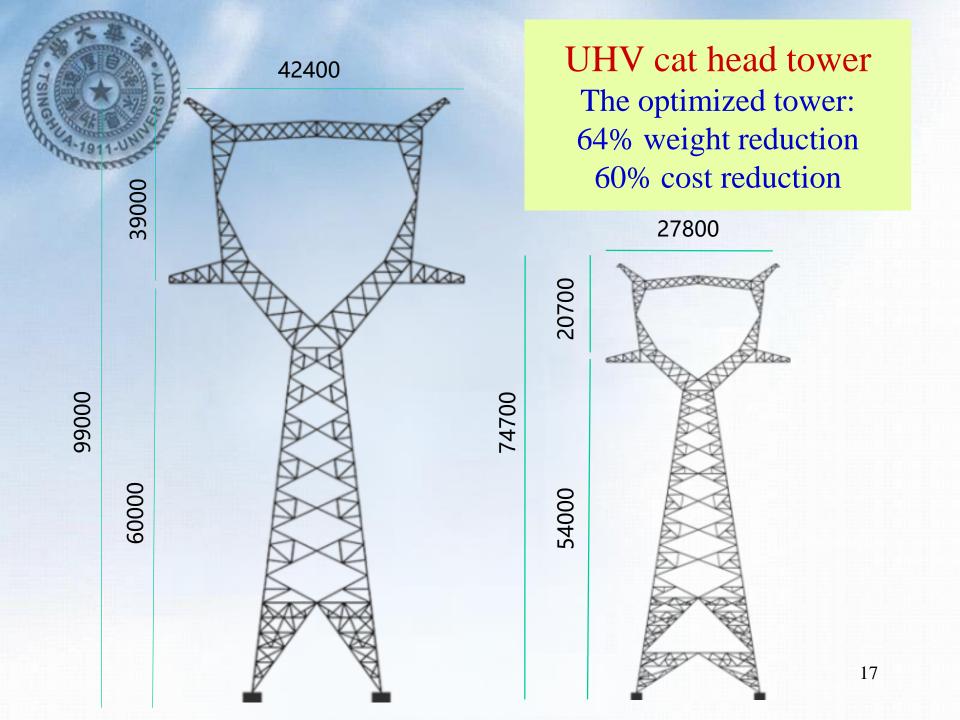




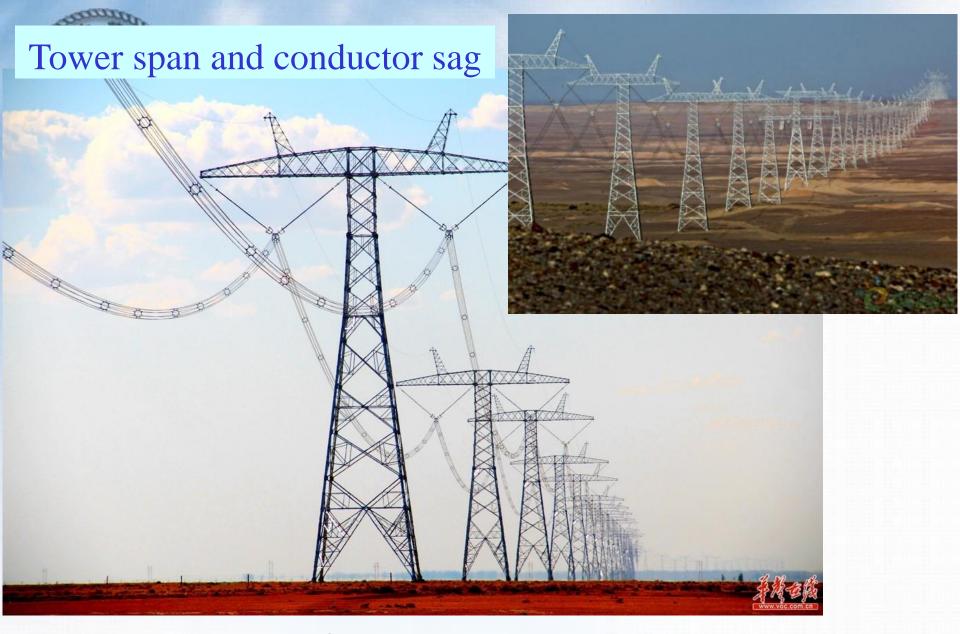


clearance circle of tower window









Changji-Guquan ±1100 kV UHV DC transmission line



Tower span and conductor sag





1000kV Suzhou-Nantong
Yangtze river crossing initial
OHL design
(finally changed to GIL)
5057m distance between two
main tension towers
"Tension - straight line straight line - tension" with

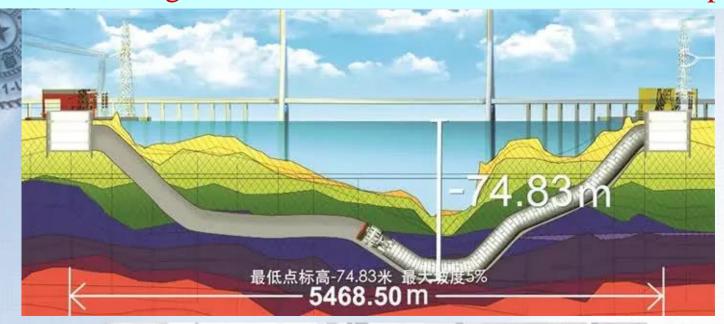
straight line – tension" with span of "1187-2600-1270m" respectively

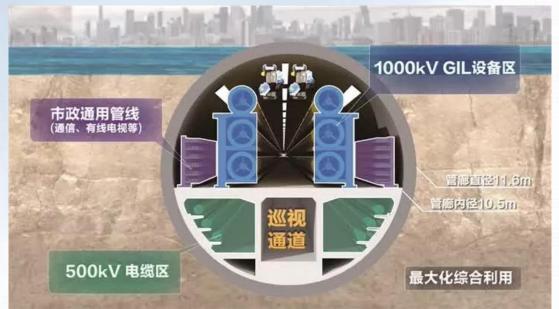
The river crossing tower is 455m high

The amount of steel for single tower is 12200 tons

The tallest tower and the largest construction scale in the world

Suzhou-Nantong 1000kV UHV GIL: 2019.9.26 Put into operation







3. Conductors

Aluminum Conductor Steel Reinforced (ACSR),

large cross-section conductor, heat resistant conductor,

TW conductor, composite reinforced core conductor (low sag),

low noise conductor...

ground wire, OPGW



Diameter mm

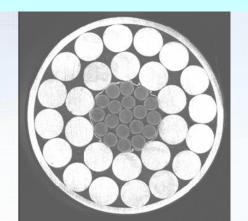
indiv Core 2.2 2.4 2.7 2.9 2.1 2.2 2.4 2.6 indiv Al 2.9 3.1 3.4 3.7 4.4 3.6 4.0 4.4 Core 6.7 7.3 8.0 8.7 10.4 10.9 12.1 13.1 Total D 18.3 19.9 21.8 23.5 28.1 32.8 36.2 39.2

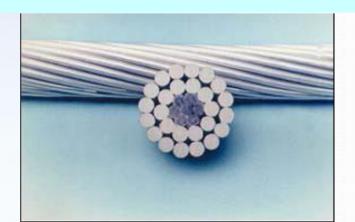
Area mm²

Al 170 201 241 282 403 564 685 806 **Total A** 198 234 281 328 467 635 771 908

Weight kg/m

0.566 0.669 0.802 0.937 1.333 1.812 2.200 2.589





Area mm²

Al 170 241 322 403 523 645 685 806

Total Area

198 281 374 467 590 726 771 908

Resistance ohms/km

DC @ 20C

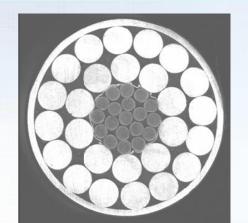
0.1614 0.1138 0.0854 0.0683 0.0535 0.0435 0.0409 0.0348

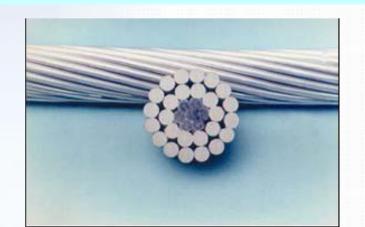
AC @ 25C

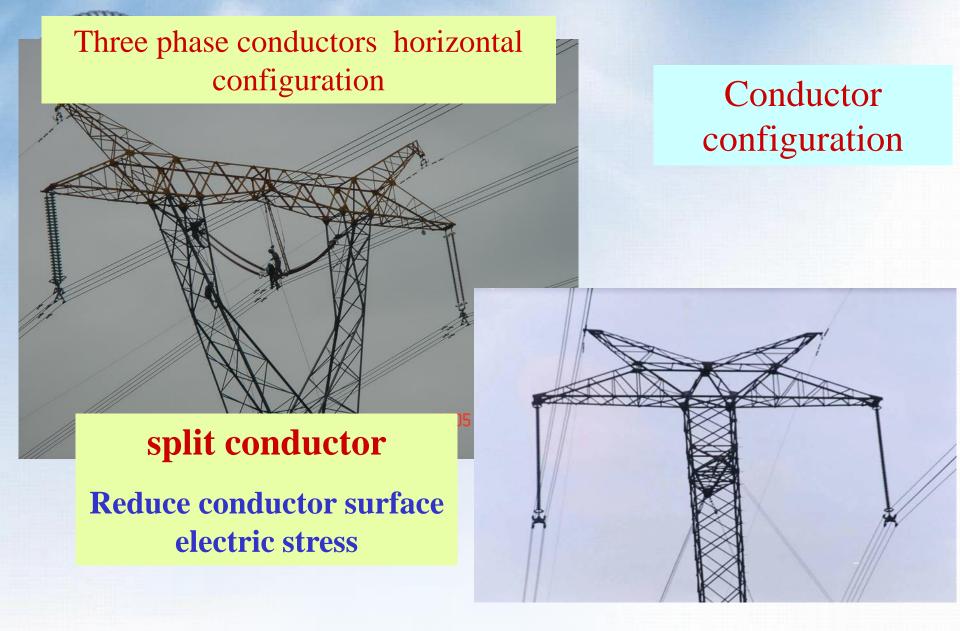
0.1652 0.1165 0.0875 0.0700 0.0548 0.0445 0.0419 0.0356

AC @ 75C

0.1979 0.1396 0.1048 0.0838 0.0657 0.0533 0.0502 0.0427







500kV AC and DC OHL, usually 4-split conductor in China



750kV AC OHLs usually 6-split conductor in China

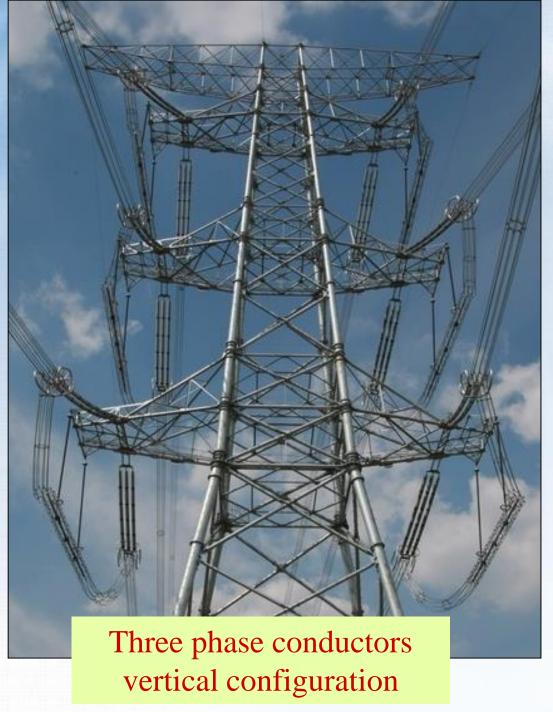
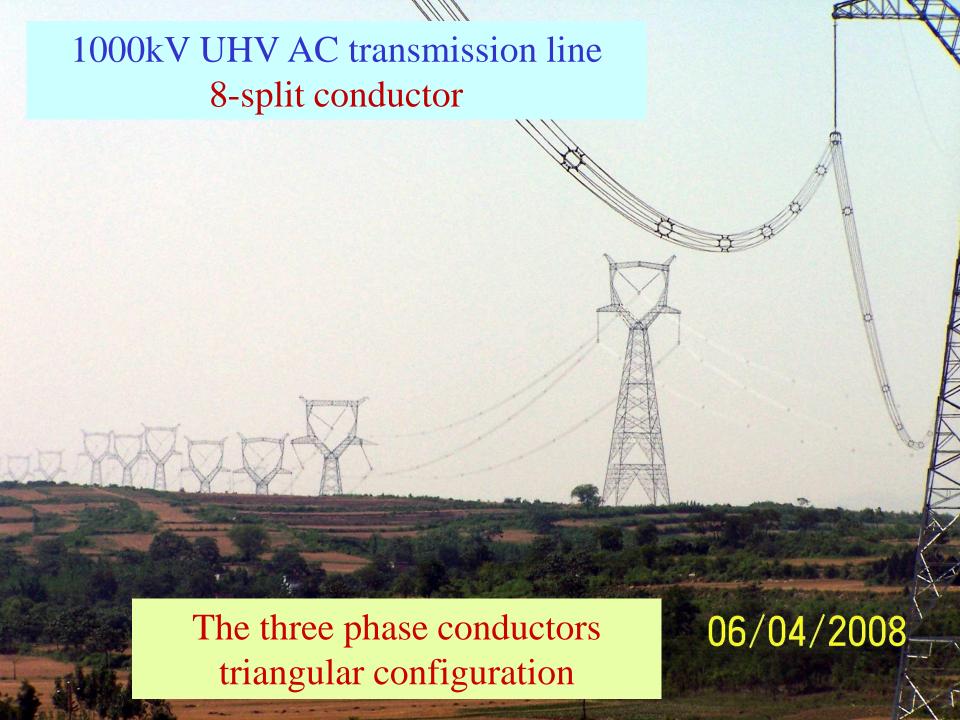




Fig. 9. Installation of low-noise conductors in an actual 1,000-kV

1000kV OHLs usually 8-split conductor in China





500kV tower
double circuit tower
small angle tower
tension tower
transposition tower

Please note: How the upper, middle and lower phases of the right circuit (yellow) are transposed?

