Big Data Technology and its Applications



Introduction

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Outline

What is big data

What is machine learning

Big data and machine learning in power system

Course information

About Big Data

• **Big Data** is an all-encompassing term for any collection of data sets so large and complex that it becomes difficult to process using traditional data processing applications.

• Features: "4V"

Volume

Velocity

Variety

• Veracity/Value

Scale of Data

2.3 Trillion gigabytes of data are created every day

Analysis of Streaming Data

• Smart cars have more than 100 sensors that monitor

Different Forms of Data

Text, image, video, machine data

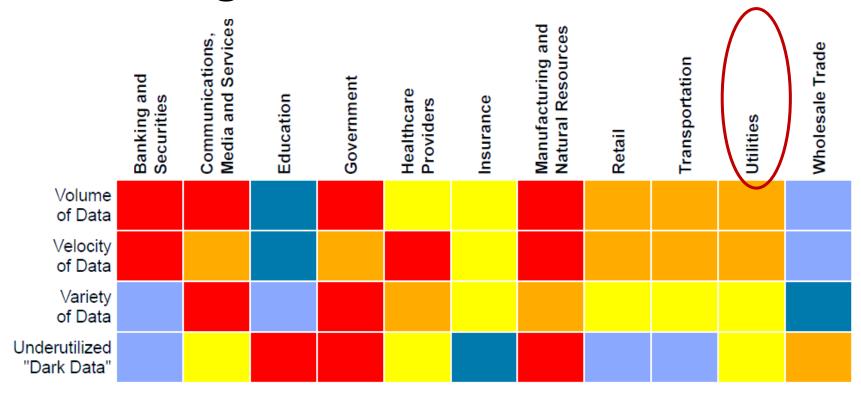
Uncertainty of Data

- Lots of irrelevant information
- Unsure of how much of data was accurate

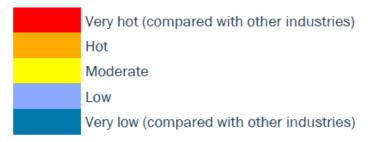
Which area can the big data be helpful in?

Name three areas that you think big data help the most in your area.

Features of Big Data



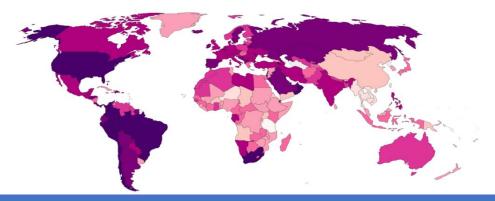
Potential big data opportunity on each dimension is:



Big Data is Changing the World

Total confirmed COVID-19 cases per million people, Sep 1, 2020

The number of confirmed cases is lower than the number of total cases. The main reason for this is limited testing.



Forecast COVID-19 with big data

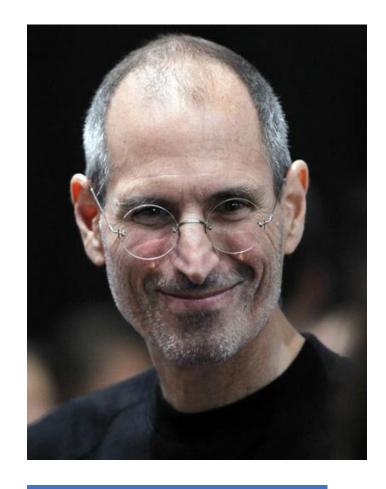
Source: European CDC - Situation Update Worldwide - Last updated 1 September, 10:04 (London time) OurWorldInData.org/coronavirus • CC BY



Recommendation algorithms of APPs



Ezioni's *Farecast* has 10 trillion pieces of data to predict airfare prices



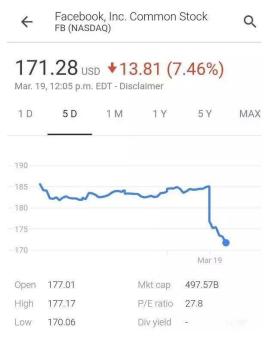
Jobs' cancer fight (2003-2011), sequencing of his own DNA and tumor DNA

Application: Facebook Data Helps The Presidential Election



Facebook shares

 7.46% on March 19,
 evaporating \$36.4
 billion in market
 value



- Data analysis company Cambridge Analytica obtained massive user data from more than 50 million North American users on Facebook. he divided the user data of all American adults into 32 different personalities, and then contacted the advertising company to post 175,000 different ads promoting Trump's views on Facebook.
- Knicks replied this way: "Just give me 68 likes on Facebook, and I can infer the person's skin color, sexual orientation, political leaning, intellectual level, religious preference, whether he drinks alcohol, drugs, and whether his parents are divorced, etc. information"

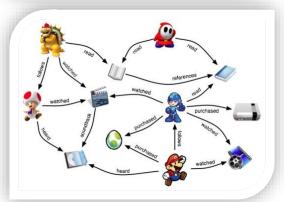
Frontiers of Big Data

- Computer Science
 - Natural language processing (NLP)
 - How to program computers to process and analyze large amounts of natural language data.
 - Computer vision (CV)
 - How computers can gain high-level understanding from digital images or videos.
 - Recommendation system
 - Predict the *rating* or *preference* a user would give to an item.



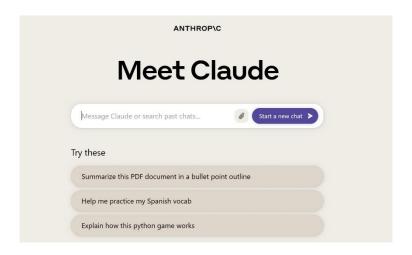






NLP models













你能听懂中文吗





怎样学好大数据技术?



为了学好大数据技术, 你可以通过以下方式进行学习:

- 1. 获取基础知识:通过阅读书籍和参加课程学习数学、统计学、线性代数和计算机科学基础知识。
- 2. 实际操作:通过实际项目练习,熟悉大数据处理的流程和工具,如Hadoop、Spark等。
- 3. 加入社区:加入大数据技术社区,参加会议和活动,与其他专家和爱好者交流经验和想法,不断学习新技术。
- 4. 不断挑战:参加相关竞赛和比赛,挑战自己的技能和知识,发现自己的不足,并不断努力去提高。

总之, 学习大数据技术需要坚持不懈, 不断学习和实践, 才能掌握这一领

Outline

What is big data

What is machine learning

• Big data and machine learning in power system

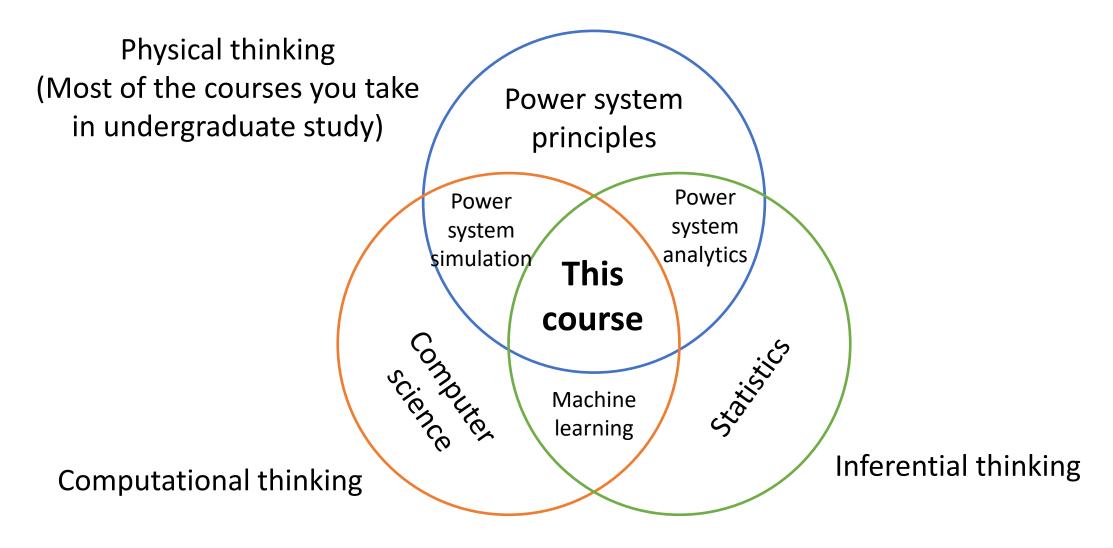
Course information

What is machine learning

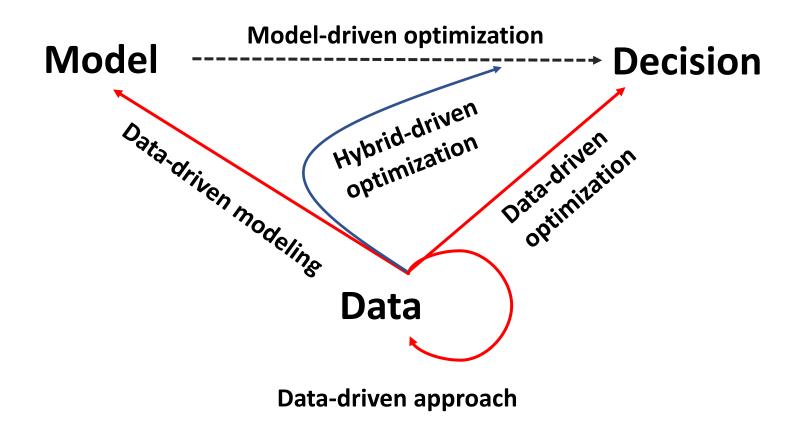
 Machine learning gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed. Machine learning explores the study and construction of algorithms which can learn and make predictions on data.

https://simple.wikipedia.org/wiki/Machine_learning

What is machine learning



Model / Physical driven VS Data driven

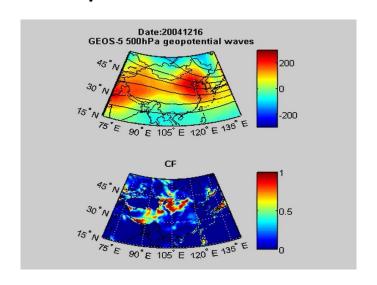


The Fourth Science Paradigm?

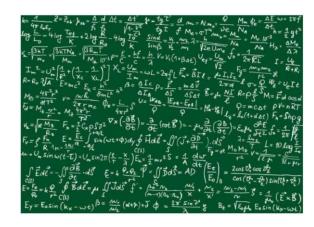
• Experimental Science



Computational Science



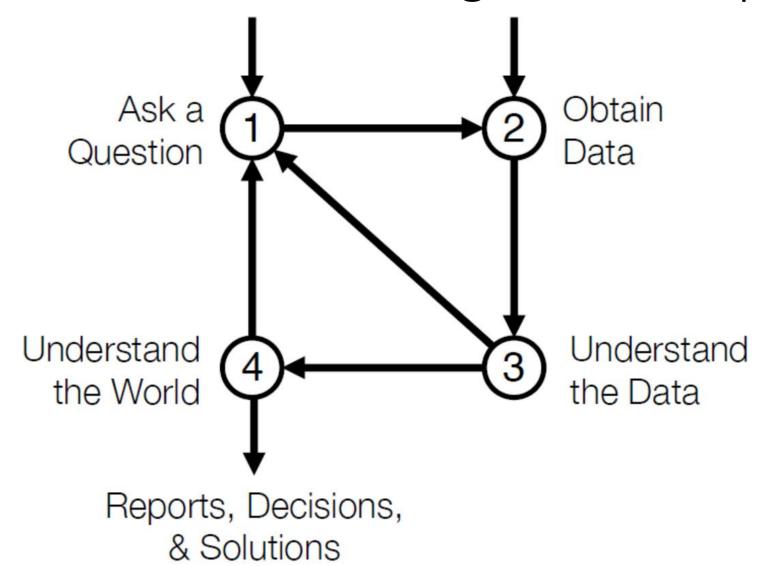
Theoretical Science



Data Science

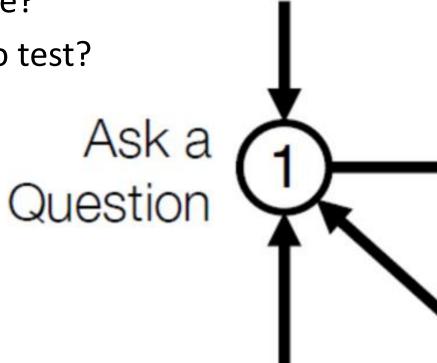


How to use machine learning to solve a problem



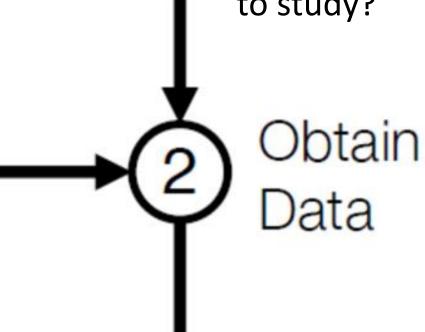
Problem Formulation

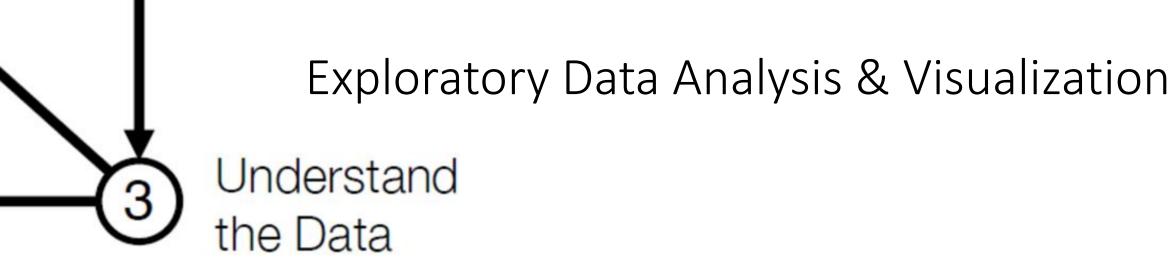
- What do we want to know?
- What problems are we trying to solve?
- What are the hypotheses we want to test?
- What are our metrics of success?



Data Acquisition and Cleaning

- What data do we have and what data do we need?
- How will we sample more data?
- Are the data enough for the study?
- Is our data representative of the population we want to study?





- How is our data organized and what does it contain?
- How do we transform the data to enable effective analysis?
- What do the data tell us (what information is contained in the data)?

Predictions and Inference



- What does the data say about the world?
- Does it answer our questions or accurately solve the problem?
- How robust are our conclusions and can we trust the predictions?

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Power Systems Big Data

No.	System/ Data	Data Source	Data Type	Frequency	Data Structure	
1	Economic Information	Statistic Bureau	GDP、CPI、PMI(Purchasing Managers Index)、Sales Value、 Prosperity Index	Per Month	Non structural	
2	Energy Consumption Data	Energy Efficiency Platform	Electrical Load , Output , Power Quality , Temperature	15Min	Non structural /Structural	
3	Meteorological Data	Meteorological Bureau	Temperature、Humidity、 Rainfall	Per Day	Structural	
4	EV Charging Data	Charging-Pile RTU	Current Voltage Charging Rate State of Charge	15Min	Structural	
5	Customer Service Voice Data	Customer Service System	Customer Voice Data	Real Time	Non structural	

"4V" Characteristics:

High "Variety"

High generation "Velocity"

Huge "Volume"

Relatively low "Value"

10 million Smart Meters, 15min

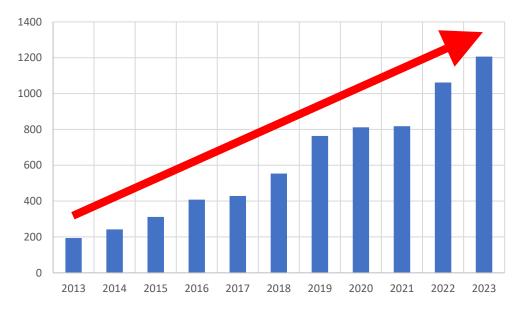


60GB per day, 21TB per year.

 A total of 3.583 million data sheets and 10.874 PB data are collected in the data center of State Grid headquarters + provincial companies!

Power Systems Big Data

Analysis of electricity consumption big data shows a continuous growth trend



WoS索引论文数量 (2023-12-31)

Web of Science核心合集

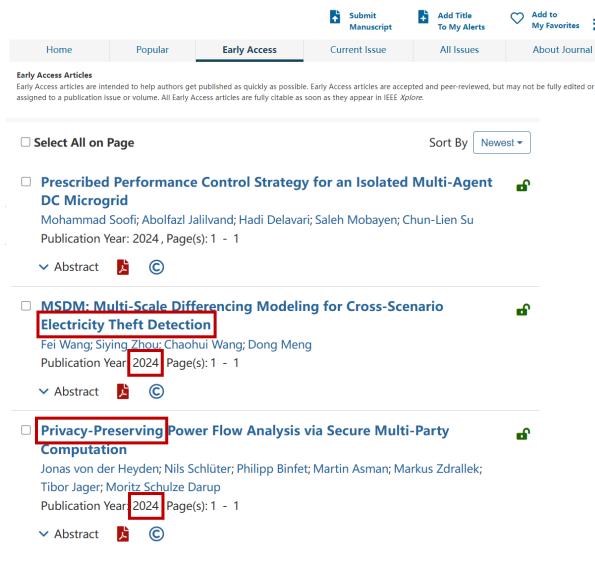
TS=(("smart meter" OR "consumption" OR "demand" OR "load") AND "data" AND ("household" OR "resident" OR "residential" OR "building" OR "industrial" OR "individual" OR "customer" OR "consumer") AND ("energy theft" OR "demand response" OR "clustering" OR "forecasting" OR "profiling" OR "classification" OR "abnormal" OR "anomaly") AND ("smart grid" OR "power system"))

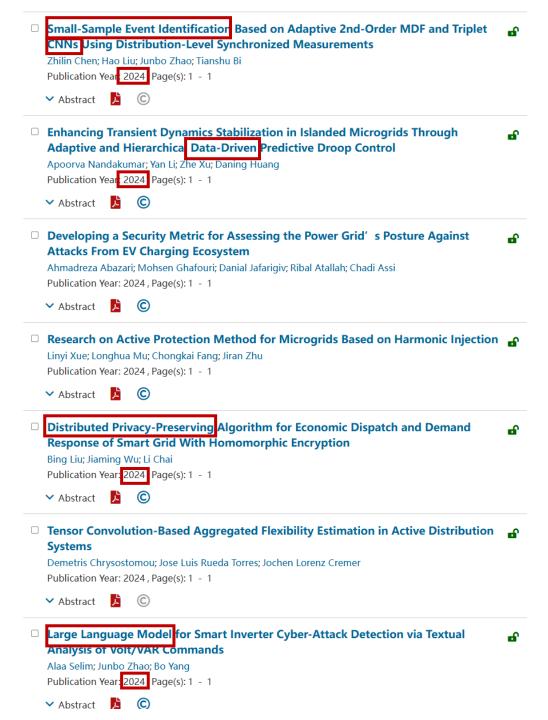
• What is Data Analytics:

- Data Analytics is commonly dissected into three stages: descriptive analytics (what do the data look like), predictive analytics (what is going to happen with the data), and prescriptive analytics (what decisions can be made from the data).
- Descriptive: What is the existing data?
- Predictive: What will happen in the future?
- Prescriptive: What kind of decision can be made?

Power Systems Big Data

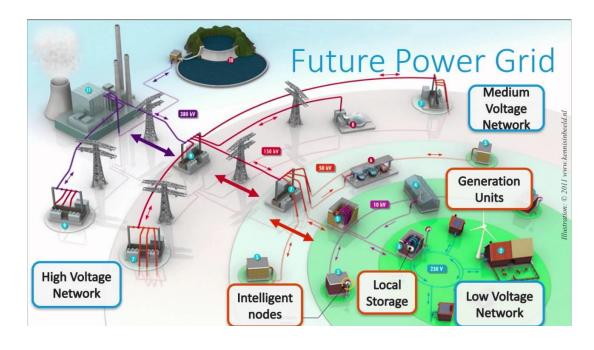
IEEE Transactions on Smart Grid





Digital: The driving force of the energy transition

China's big energy companies, such as State
Grid Corporation of China, China Southern
Power Grid Corporation and State Oil and
Gas Pipeline Network Corporation, have
developed digital transformation strategies
to treat data as an important factor of
production.





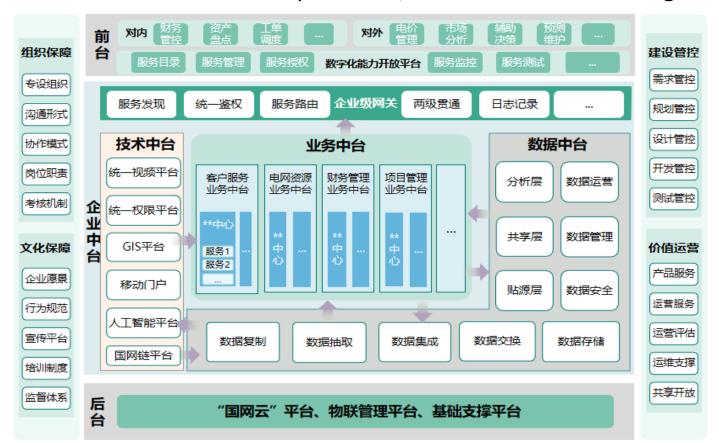
- ➤ Big Data Center of the State Grid ,
 Power Internet of Things
- ➤ Digital Grid Research Institute, Transparent Grid

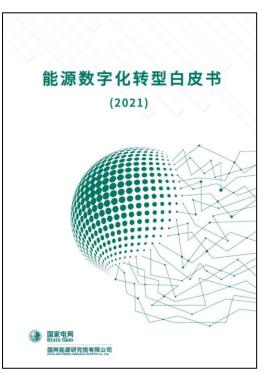




Started construction in March 2019 and was officially listed on May 21. It is the **professional support organization, data service platform, digital innovation platform, and data sharing platform** for the company's digital transformation.

Carry out the **whole chain management, operation and service of data business**, break through the data barriers of various specialties, and realize data convergence, fusion and sharing.







Digital transformation strategy of China Southern Power Grid 中国南方电

"Digital South Grid": In 2019, China Southern Power Grid put forward the digital transformation project. Constructions of **four digital business platform**, **three basic digital platform** (the digital grid platform, the global Internet platform, the whole-stack cloud platform) are proposed. Achieving the connections to the national industrial Internet and digital government). **The data center of the integration of cloud and data** is going to be constructed.



Motivation

- Information traffic in power systems.
 - State Grid Electric Power Dispatching & Control Center

表 3-1: 国调/备调出口业务流量(150 个调度点)								
序号	业务流量组成	业务流量(M)	链路数量	可靠性要求	并发比例	小计 (M)		
1	调度电话	2	150	2	100%	600		
2	调度数据网 (一平面)	622	6	1	100%	3732		
3	调度数据网 (二平面)	1000	6	1	100%	6000		
4	调度数据网 (接入网)	155	15	1	100%	2325		
5	行政电话 (IMS)	4	1	1	100%	4		
6	变电站视频监控	2	16	1	100%	32		
7	变电站设备监控	1	150	1	10%	15		
8	输电线路监控	3	150	1	5%	22. 5		
9	调度视频会商	8	6	1	100%	48		
10	GIS	2. 31	80	1	15%	27. 72		
11	主备调数据同步	155	1.	1	100%	155		
总计								

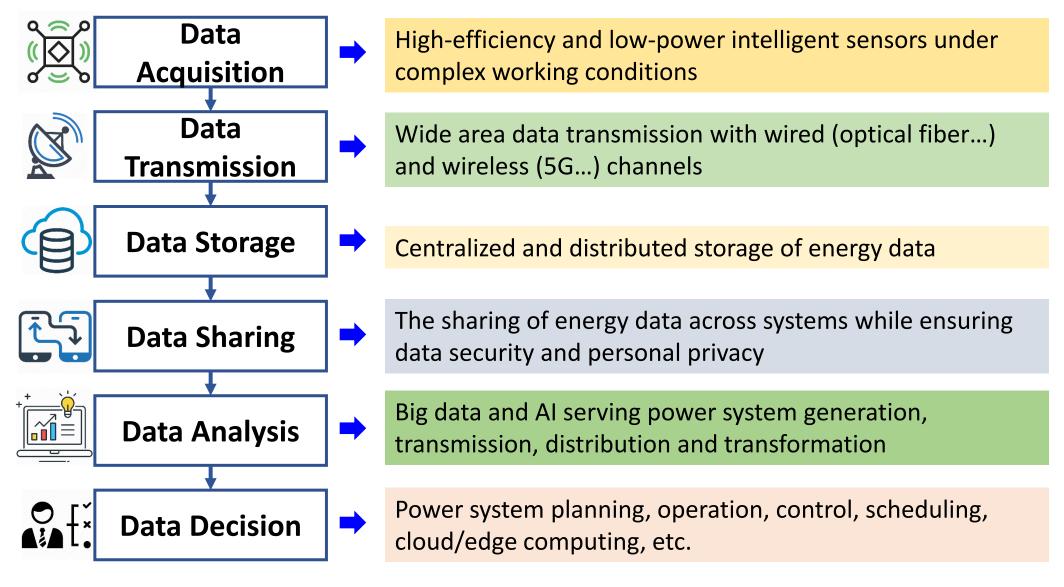
• State Grid Corp. of China (During the 13th Five-Year Plan)

• SGCC Headquarter: 133000 Mbps

• Regional branch: 39000 Mbps

• Provincial company: 68000 Mbps

Digitalization of the Power System







大数据技术可以应用在电气工程当中,为电气工程带来许多优势。例如,大数据分析可以用 🗘 🖓 来分析电网数据,对电网的运行状态进行监控和预测,为电网的安全运行提供保障。另外, 大数据技术还可以用来优化电网的运行模式,提高电网的效率,降低电网的运行成本。

在应用大数据技术之前,需要对电气工程的特点进行分析,了解电气工程中使用的数据类型 和数据量,以及对数据处理的要求。基于这些信息,可以选择适当的大数据处理技术,如分 布式存储、分布式计算、数据挖掘等,来解决电气工程中的实际问题。

在应用过程中,需要注意以下几点:

- 1. 数据准确性: 电气工程中使用的数据需要精确、可靠, 否则会对分析结果造成影响。因 此,在处理数据时,需要对数据进行清洗、校验和规范化,保证数据的质量。
- 2. 算法选择: 电气工程中的数据通常具有高度的时间相关性



请继续说完



那么电气工程中的数据通常具有高度的时间相关性,这就要求在进行数据分析时,选择能够 🗘 🖓 考虑时间因素的算法。例如,在进行时间序列分析时,可以使用滑动窗口算法、预测算法 等,来分析数据的趋势和变化。





3. 实时性: 电气工程中的数据通常具有实时性, 这要求大数据处理技术能够快速响应数据的 变化, 并及时产生分析结果。因此, 在应用大数据技术时, 需要选择能够支持实时处理的 技术, 如流式计算、事件驱动等。

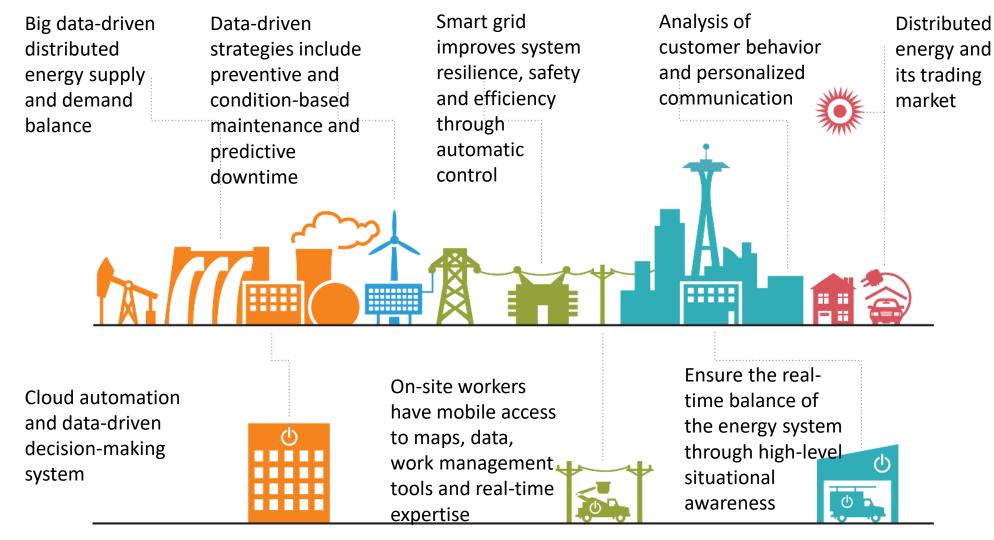
总之,大数据技术可以有效地应用在电气工程中,为电气工程的发展带来巨大的潜力。通过 深入了解电气工程的特点,选择适当的大数据处理方法,可以实现对电气工程的有效监控和 优化,为电气工程的安全运行和高效发展做出重要贡献。

Which area can the big data be helpful in power system?

Name three areas that you think big data help the most.

Frontiers of Big Data – Power Systems

 The digitization of the power system will reach all part of power systems, including power generation, transmission, distribution and transformation.



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Course Overview

Big Data × Power Systems

Fundamentals
Big data thinking
Know-how

Using big data science to solve power system problems

Syllabus

- 1. Introduction (Python)
- 2. Mathematics
- 3. Database
- 4. ML(1) Regression
- 5. ML(2) Artificial Neural Networks
- 6. ML(3) Logistic Regression and SVM
- 7. ML(4) Decision Tree
- 8. ML(5) Ensemble Learning and Random Forest
- 9. ML(6) Unsupervised Learning
- 10. Big Data in the Demand Side Forecasting
- 11. Big Data of Electricity Consumption
- 12. Big Data Data-driven Power Flow Calculation
- 13. Power System Topology Identification
- 14. Overview of Big Data Applications –CV, NLP, and power system analytics
- 15. Final Assignment

Grading

- Homework (30%)
 - 5~6 assignments: Implementing a machine learning algorithm on Python (Coding)
 - Or solving a mathematic problem on the algorithm (Model constructing)
- Project (70%) = Code + Report + Presentation (All required)
 - Assigned competitive project

 Honor Code: discussion is allowed but copying or sharing the code is not allowed.

Resources

Lessons

- CS229: Machine Learning (Stanford)
- CS231n: Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Recognition (Stanford)
- Pattern Recognition, Zhang Xuegong, Tsinghua
- Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, CST, Tsinghua

Books

- An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R.
- Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig
- 模式识别, 张学工
- 数理统计, 韦来生
- 机器学习, 周志华
- Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms
- Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis.
- Time Series Analysis with Applications in R

Website

- https://scikit-learn.org/
- https://tensorflow.google.cn/

Instructor





- Ning Zhang, Department of Electrical Engineering, Tsinghua University
- BS (2007), Ph.D(2012) from Tsinghua University, China.
- Post Doc. 2012-2014, Tsinghua university, China.
- Research assistant, 2010.10~2011.07, University of Manchester, UK
- Research assistant. 2013.12~2014.03, Harvard University, US
- ☐ Assistant Professor. 2014.09~ 2017.01, Tsinghua University, China.
- ☐ Associate Professor. 2017.01~, Tsinghua University, China.

□ Main research interests:

- ✓ Renewable energy analytics and grid integration
- ✓ Multiple energy systems
- ✓ Power system planning
- ✓ Power system uncertainty analysis
- ✓ Power system data driven analysis
- Website: http://www.ningzhang.net/
- Meeting: Monday 4:00~5:00 PM, 3-206 West main building



Teaching Assistant



Mingchen Ma

- 2019~2023, B.S. degree in Electrical engineering, Tsinghua University.
- 2023~, Ph.D. student in Electrical engineering, Tsinghua University.

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国庆节及中秋节上课安排

- 根据学校中秋节以及国庆节放假安排,我们的课程原第四节10月2日停上,因此, 前四节课的上课时间分别是:
- 第一节: 9月11日(校历第1周)星期三第1节
- 第二节: 9月18日(校历第2周)星期三第1节
- 第三节: 9月25日(校历第3周)星期三第1节
- 第四节: 10月9日 (校历第5周) 星期三第1节
- 请大家注意上课时间。

Q&A