Power Electronics-Assignment-5

1. Simulate the single-phase and three-phase bridge DC-AC circuits using two sets of the circuit parameters below, analyze and compare the fundamental component and harmonics in the output line-to-line voltages and input current by the Fourier Analysis

1)
$$V_d = 540V$$
, $R_{load} = 5\Omega$, $L_{load} = 5mH$, $f_1 = 50Hz$, $m_a = 0.8$, $m_f = 39$;

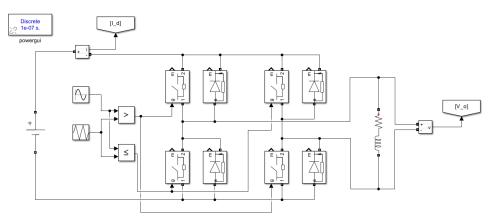
2)
$$V_d=540V$$
, $R_{load}=5\Omega$, $L_{load}=5mH$, $f_1=50Hz$, $m_a=1.2$, $m_f=44$;

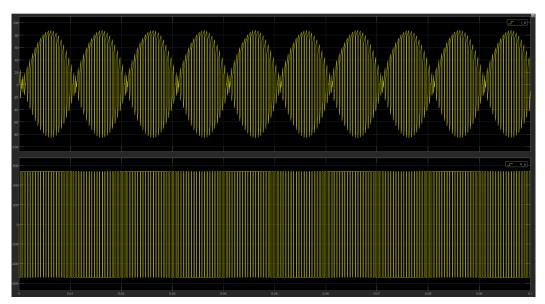
Simulate the frequency converter AC-DC-AC using the three phase bridge diode AC-DC with the input line voltage of 380 Vrms, design the capacitor of the DC link, calculate the power factor on the input AC side.

1) 单相双极性电压电路 $(m_a = 0.8, m_f = 39)$

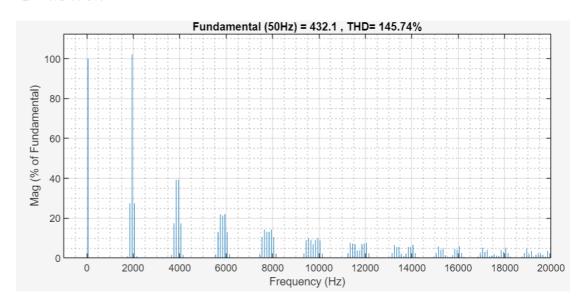
设置三角波 V_{tri} 频率为 1950Hz、幅值为 1,设置正弦波 $V_{control}$ 频率为 50Hz、幅值为 0.8。

仿真电路图:



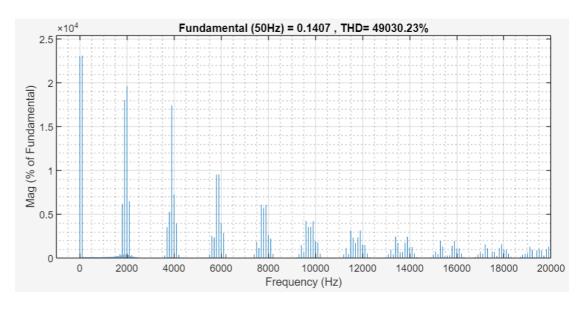


电压谐波分析图:



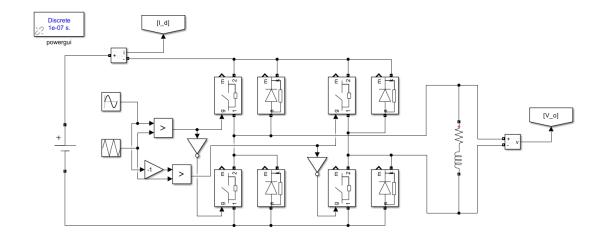
虽然总谐波失真高达145.74%,但是可观察出低频段谐波含量很低。

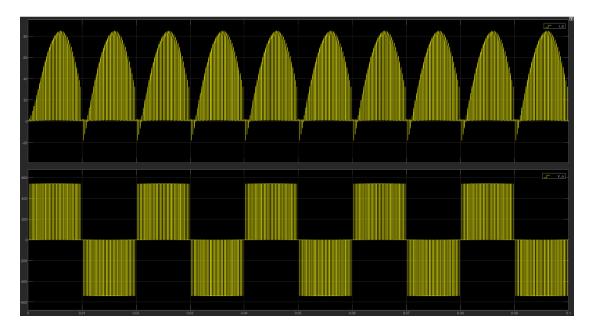
电流谐波分析图:



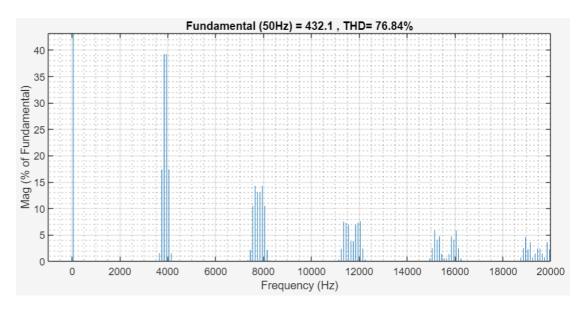
电流谐波中主要是直流量、二次谐波和开关频率附近谐波、基波含量很低。

2) 单相单极性电压电路 $(m_a = 0.8, m_f = 39)$

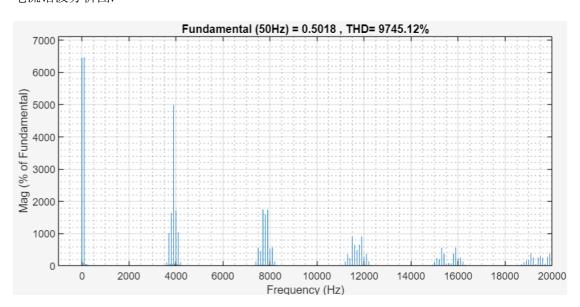




电压谐波分析图:

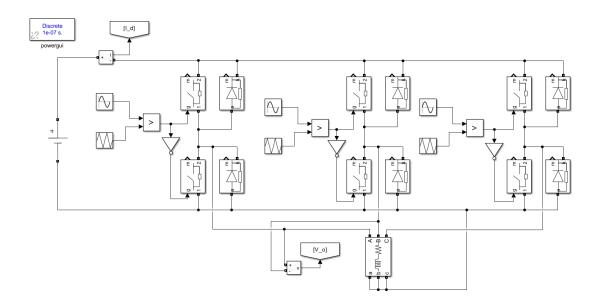


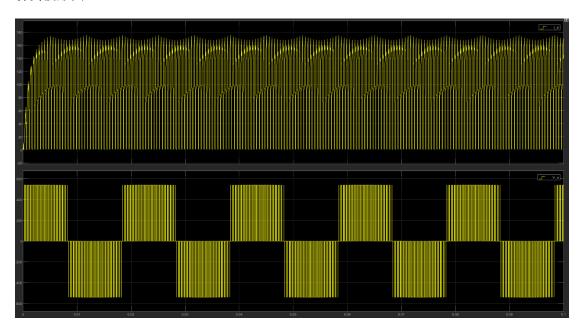
总谐波失真大大降低,为76.84%,为双极性电压电路的一半。



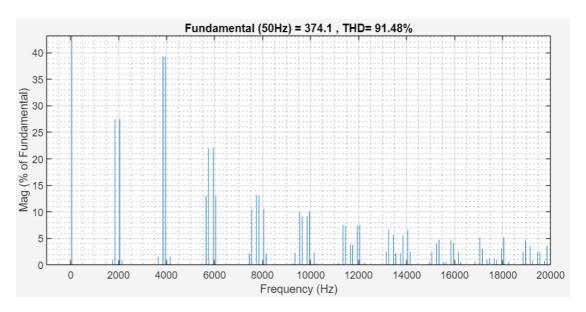
电流谐波中主要是直流量、二次谐波和开关频率附近谐波,基波含量很低。

3) 三相桥式逆变电路 $(m_a = 0.8, m_f = 39)$



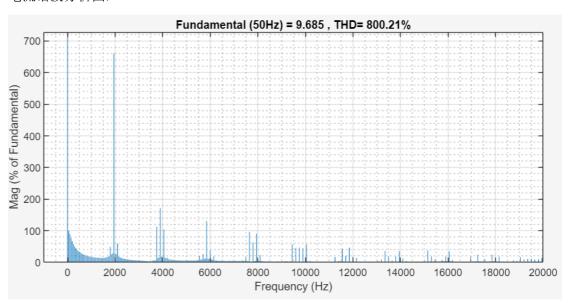


电压谐波分析图:



总谐波失真比单相双极性电路低,为 91.48%,最大的谐波峰值为基波的 40%左右,相较单相双极性电路有明显下降,与单相单极性电路持平。

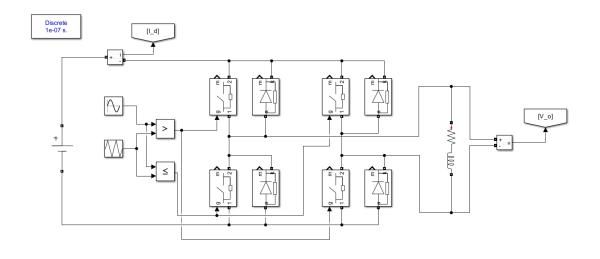
电流谐波分析图:

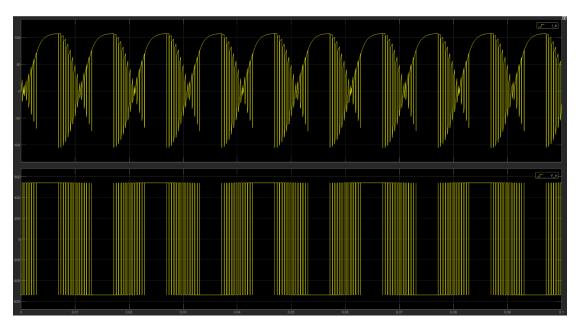


电流谐波中主要是直流量、开关频率附近谐波, 基波含量很低。

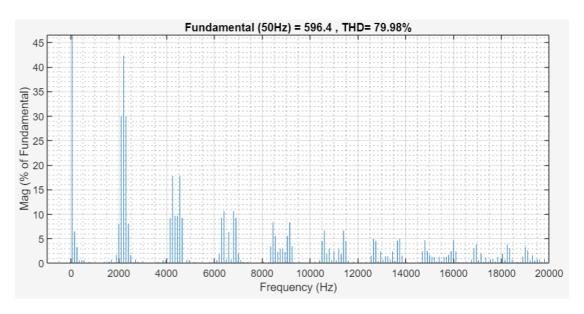
4) 单相双极性电压电路 $(m_a = 1.2, m_f = 44)$

设置三角波 V_{tri} 频率为 2200Hz、幅值为 1,设置正弦波 $V_{control}$ 频率为 50Hz、幅值为 1.2。

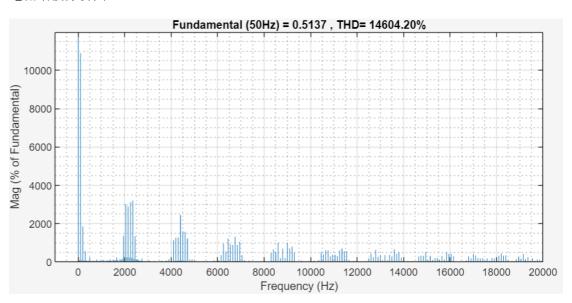




电压谐波分析图:

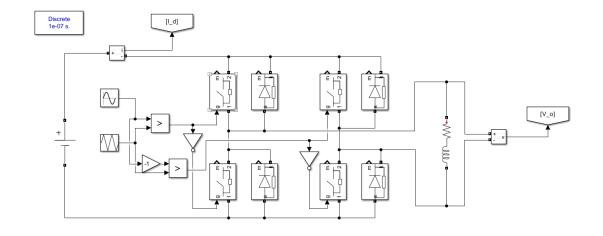


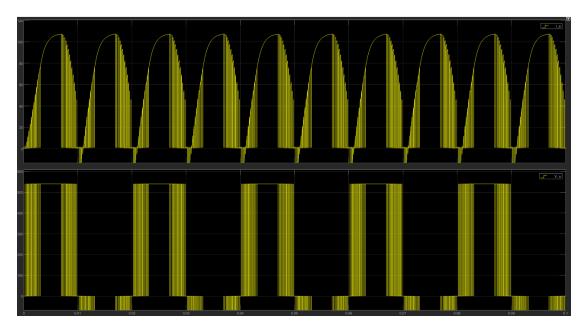
电路处于超调制模式,经 FFT 分析,频域发生频谱泄露,低频段谐波含量增加



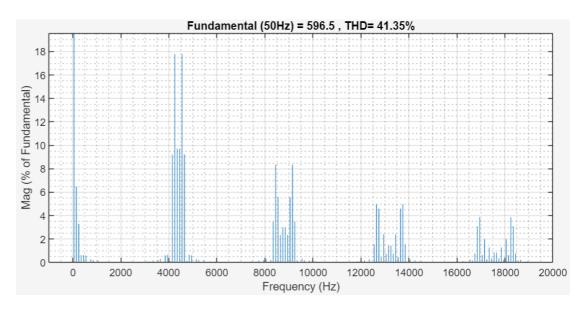
各次谐波均出现,相比于正常调制模式的电路,二次谐波含量显著下降,基波含量较低。

5) 单相单极性电压电路 $(m_a = 1.2, m_f = 44)$



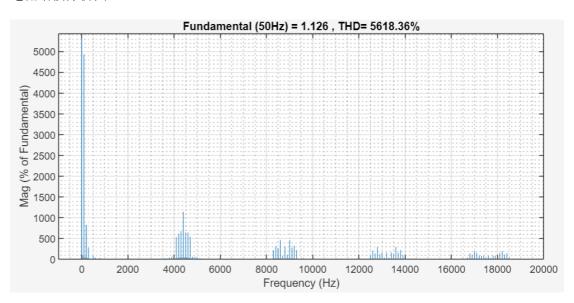


电压谐波分析图:



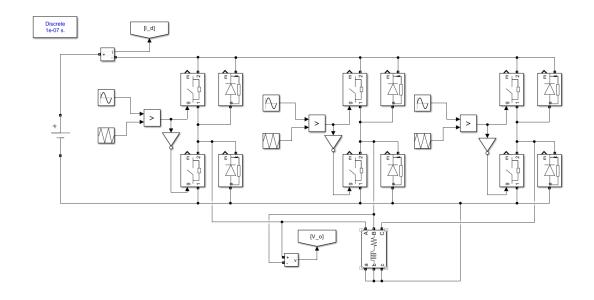
单极性电压电路相当于将 fs 提高了一倍,但是低频段谐波含量仍然增加。

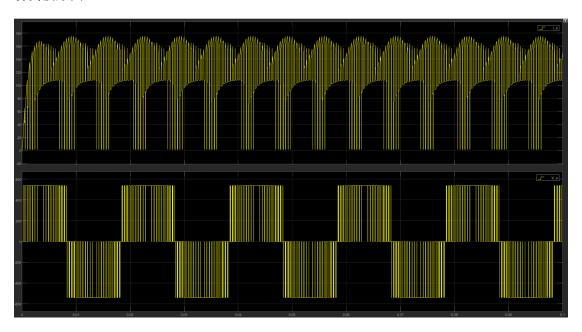
电流谐波分析图:



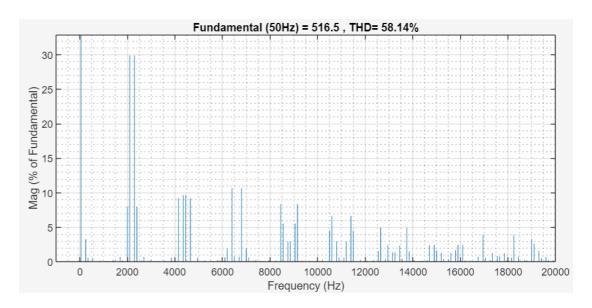
二次谐波基波含量很低。

6) 三相桥式逆变电路 $(m_a = 1.2, m_f = 44)$

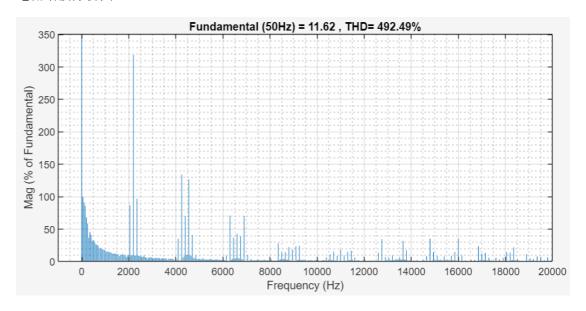




电压谐波分析图:



同上 mf、3mf 等次谐波消失,图中看到三次谐波也消失,最低次谐波为 4 次谐波且幅值不大。

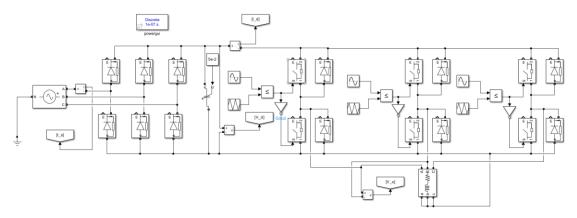


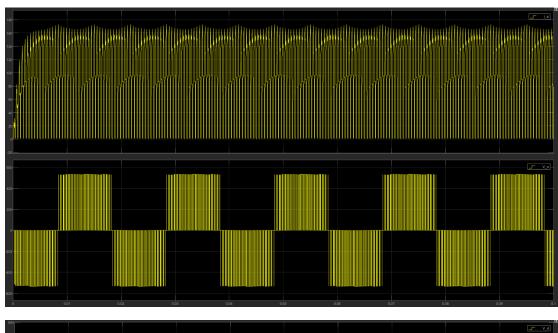
二次谐波含量又回升,基波含量较低,各次谐波均存在。

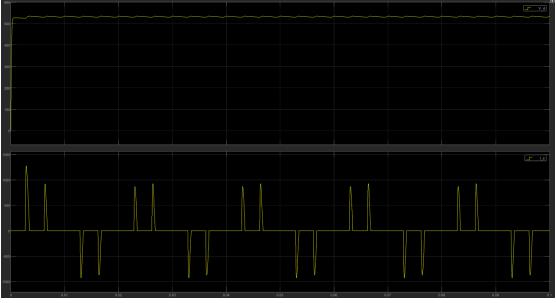
7) AC-DC-AC 变频器

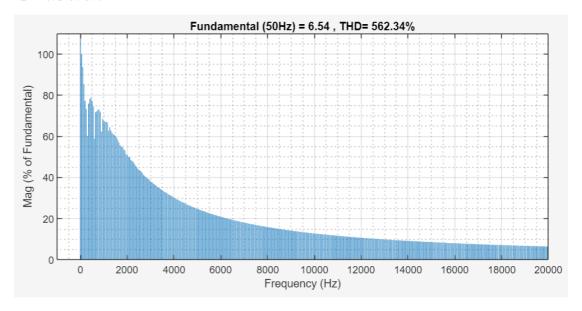
$$\begin{aligned} V_d = 540V, R_{load} = 5\Omega, L_{load} = 5mH, f_1 = 50Hz, m_a = 0.8, m_f = 39; \\ PF = \xi cos~\varphi \\ \xi = \frac{I_{S1}}{I_S} = 0.955 \\ \varphi = 0 \\ PF = 0.955 \end{aligned}$$

仿真电路图:









$$THD = \frac{\sqrt{I_S^2 - I_{S1}^2}}{I_{S1}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\xi^2} - 1}$$

$$\xi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + THD^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + 5.6234^2}} = 0.1751$$

$$PF = \xi \cos \varphi = 0.1751$$