Project 5 Pseudocode

Insert:

newNode ← new node containing new data

If tree is empty then

Set root to newNode

Set root to newNode Increment size of tree Return success status code

Else

currentNode ← root node
parentNode ← currentNode

While currentNode is not null

parentNode ← currentNode

If new data < data of currentNode

currentNode ← left child of currentNode

Else if new data > data of currentNode

 $currentNode \leftarrow right \ child \ of \ currentNode$

Else

Return error status code (There is duplicate data!)

(parentNode is now a leaf node)

If new data < parentNode then

Set left child of parentNode to newNode

Else (the case where new data > parentNode)

Set right child of parentNode to newNode

Increment size of tree
Return success status code

Contains:

currentNode ← root node

While currentNode is not null

If data to be found < data of currentNode

currentNode ← left child of currentNode

Else if data to be found > data of currentNode

currentNode ← right child of currentNode

Else

Return success status code (We found the data!)

Return error status code (We reached a leaf node without finding the data.)

Preorder Helper:

arr[index] ← data of root node Increment index

Call preorder_helper() on left child of the root node Call preorder_helper() on right child of the root node

Preorder Traversal:

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{arr} \leftarrow \text{empty array} \\ \text{index} \leftarrow 0 \\ \text{Call preorder_helper() on the root node} \\ \text{Return the array of values} \end{array}$

Duplicate Without:

```
dataArray ← Call preorder_traversal() on the root node to get an array of all of the values newTree ← initialize a new BST foundDataRemoved ← -1

For each value in dataArray

If value = data_removed

foundDataRemoved ← index of current value

Else

Insert a new node into newTree with the value

If foundDataRemoved >= 0 (we found the data to be removed at some point)

Destroy the data to be removed

Else
```

Return NULL (The data to be removed is not in the BST.)

Destroy the original tree Return the new tree

Destroy Node:

Call destroy_node() on left child of the node Call destroy_node() on right child of the node

If destroy_data == 1
Destroy the data
Destroy the node

Destroy Tree:

Call destroy_node() on the root node Destroy the tree