

Lập trình toàn năng

# **Training Assignments**

Program Code	
Issue/Revision	
Effective date	
Author	

Select one answer for each question.

C. GROUP

D. GROUP BY

## 9. Foregin keys cannot handle deletes and updates.

A. True



B. False

## 10. Which SQL gain table B from table A?

Table A

Table B

Employee ID	Name	Department Code	Salary
10010	Lucy Brown	101	2,000
10020	M. Gordon	201	3,000
10030	W. Smith	101	2,500
10040	John Benton	102	3,500
10050	Tom Cage	102	3,000
10060	Mary Carpenter	201	2,500

Department Code	Employee ID	Name
101	10010	Lucy Brown
101	10030	W. Smith
102	10040	John Benton
102	10050	Tome Cage
201	10020	M. Gordon
201	10060	Mary Carpenter

A. SELECT department\_code, employee\_ID, name FROM A GROUP BY employee\_ID;

- B. SELECT department\_code, employee\_ID, name FROM A GROUP BY department code;
- C. SELECT department\_code, employee\_ID, name FROM ASoftware Developer Entry Test Page 2 of 9 ORDER BY employee\_ID;
- D. SELECT department\_code, employee\_ID, name FROM A
  ORDER BY department\_code.

# 11. The AUTO\_INCREMENT column attribute is best used with which type?

A. FLOAT

B. JINT

C. CHARACTER

D. DOUBLE

12. There is a table including the data items shown below. Which of the following SQL statements can insert a new row in the "student" table?

Name	Null?	Туре
STUD_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(3)
NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(25)
ADDRESS		VARCHAR2(50)
GRADUATION		DATE

- A INSERT INTO student (stud\_id, address, graduation) VALUES (101, 'Dave', '100 Happy Lane', '2001-06-14');
- B. INSERT INTO student (stud\_id, address, name, graduation) VALUES (101, '100 Happy Lane', 'Dave', '2001-06-14');
- C. INSERT INTO student VALUES (101, '100 Happy Lane', '2001-06-14', 'Dave');
- D. INSERT INTO student

VALUES (101, '2001-06-14', '100 Happy Lane', 'Dave');

13. What is abc in the following MySQL statement?

- A. row name
- B. volumn name
- C. view
- D. database
- 14. A view can refer to multiple tables via
  - A. UNION
  - B. SELECT
  - C. GROUP

D. JOIN

15. How many rows are included in the table gained as as result of execution of the following statement?

SELECT DISTINCT customer\_name, merchandise\_name, unit\_price FROM order table, merchandise table

WHERE order table.merchandise number = merchandise table.mnrchandise number;

#### order\_table

#### merchandise table

customer_name	merchandis
	e_number
OyamaShoten	TV28
OyamaShoten	TV28W
OyamaShoten	TV32
Oyama Shokai	TV32
Oyama Shokai	TV32W

merchandis e_number	merchandise_na me	unit_price
TV28	28-inch television	250,000
TV28W	28-inch television	250,000
TV32	32-inch television	300,000
TV32W	32-inch television	300,000

A. 2.



C. 4.

D. 5.

#### 16. Which of these return a result to the client?

- A Stored functions
- B. Stored procedures
- C. Triggers
- D. Events

## 17. Which of these is defined to execute when the table is modified only?

- A. Stored functions.
- B. Stored procedures.



C. Triggers.

D. Events.

## 18. Which of the following SQL statements can extract employee name's whose salary is \$10000 or higher from the table "human\_resource"?

A. SELECT salary

FROM human\_resourceSoftware Developer Entry Test Page 6 of 9

WHERE employee name >= 10000

**GROUP BY salary** 

B. SELECT employee name, COUNT(\*)

FROM human resource

WHERE salary>=10000
GROUP BY employee\_name
C. SELECT employee\_name, salary
FROM human resource

GROUP BY salary HAVING COUNT(\*)>=10000.

D

D SELECT employee\_name

FROM human\_resource

WHERE salary>=10000.

19. You have a table named Employees. You want to identify the supervisor to which each employee reports. You write the following query.

SELECT e.EmloyeeName AS [EmployeeName], s.EmployeeName AS [SuperVisorName] FROM Employees e

You need to ensure that the query returns a list of all employees and their respective supervisor. Which join clause should you use to complete the query?

B.

A RIGHT JOIN Employees s ON e.ReportsTo = s.EmployeeId.

B. LEFT JOIN Employees s ON e.ReportsTo = s.EmployeeId.

C. INNER JOIN Employees s ON e.EmployeeId = s.EmployeeId.

- 20. How many values can be returned from a given stored function?
  - A. 0



 $\overline{C}$  2

D. 3

21. How many values can be returned from a stored procedure?



B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

- 22. Which procedure parameter enables the caller to pass in a value and get back a value?
  - A. IN
  - B. OUT



C) IN OUT

D. GETINOUT

23. Your database contains two tables named DomesticSalesOrders and InternationalSalesOrders. Both tables contain more than 100 million rows. Each table has a Primary Key column named SalesOrderId. The data in the two tables is distinct from one another. Business users want a report that includes aggregate information

about the total number of global sales and total sales amounts. You need to ensure that your query executes in the minimum possible time. Which query should you use?

A. SELECT COUNT(\*) AS NumberOfSales, SUM(SalesAmount) AS TotalSalesAmount FROM (

SELECT SalesOrderId, SalesAmount

FROM DomesticSalesOrders

**UNION ALL** 

SELECT SalesOrderId, SalesAmount

FROM International Sales Orders

) AS p;

B. SELECT COUNT(\*) AS NumberOfSales, SUM(SalesAmount) AS TotalSalesAmount FROM (

SELECT SalesOrderId, SalesAmount

FROM DomesticSalesOrders

UNION

SELECT SalesOrderId, SalesAmountSoftware Developer Entry Test Page 7 of 9

FROM International Sales Orders

) AS p;

C. SELECT COUNT(\*) AS NumberOfSales, SUM(SalesAmount) AS TotalSalesAmount FROM DomesticSalesOrders

**UNION** 

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS NumberOfSales, SUM(SalesAmount) AS TotalSalesAmount FROM International Sales Orders:

D. SELECT COUNT(\*) AS NumberOfSales, SUM(SalesAmount) AS TotalSalesAmount FROM DomesticSalesOrders

UNION ALL

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS NumberOfSales, SUM(SalesAmount) AS TotalSalesAmount FROM International Sales Orders:

## 24. For which of the following are triggers not supported?

- A. delete
- B. update



**D.** views

#### 25. Which statement is used to remove a trigger?

- A. REMOVE
- B. DELETE



D. CLEAR
26. The datatype SMALLINT stores?
A 16 bit
B. 32 bit
C. 48 bit
<b>D.</b> 8 bit
27. Which Numeric Data type has the largest range?
A. Mediumint
B. Smallint
C. Int
D. Tinyint
28. Which is TRIGGER in Mysql?
All
B. After Delete
C. Before Insert
D. Before Update
29. What is the default format for "Datetime" data type?
A. YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS
B. MM-YYYY-DD HH:MI:SS
C. DD-YYYY-MM MI:HH:SS
D. None of the mentioned
30. What is the data in a MySQL database?
A. Objects
B. Tables
C. Networks
D. File systems