

Session 15: GUI/Desktop Apps with C#

For Aptech Centre Use Only

Objectives

- **Describe Web applications**
- **List the steps to create Web app using C# 9 and Visual Studio 2019**
- **Explain what are UWP apps**
- **List steps to create UWP apps**
- **Explain WPF and Windows Forms**
- **Describe creation of WPF app and Windows Forms app**

Web Applications Using .NET 1-2

A Web application:

- ▶ Runs on a Web server
- ▶ Are accessed by the user through a Web browser
- ▶ Allows you to share and access information over the Internet
- ▶ Can help you perform online transactions

Architecture of a Web application depends on the system in which layers of the application are distributed and communicated to each other.

C# 9.0, .NET 5.0, and Visual Studio 2019 provides a complete platform to create a Web application.

Web Applications Using .NET 2-2

Microsoft ASP.NET

Is a framework for developing dynamic Web applications.

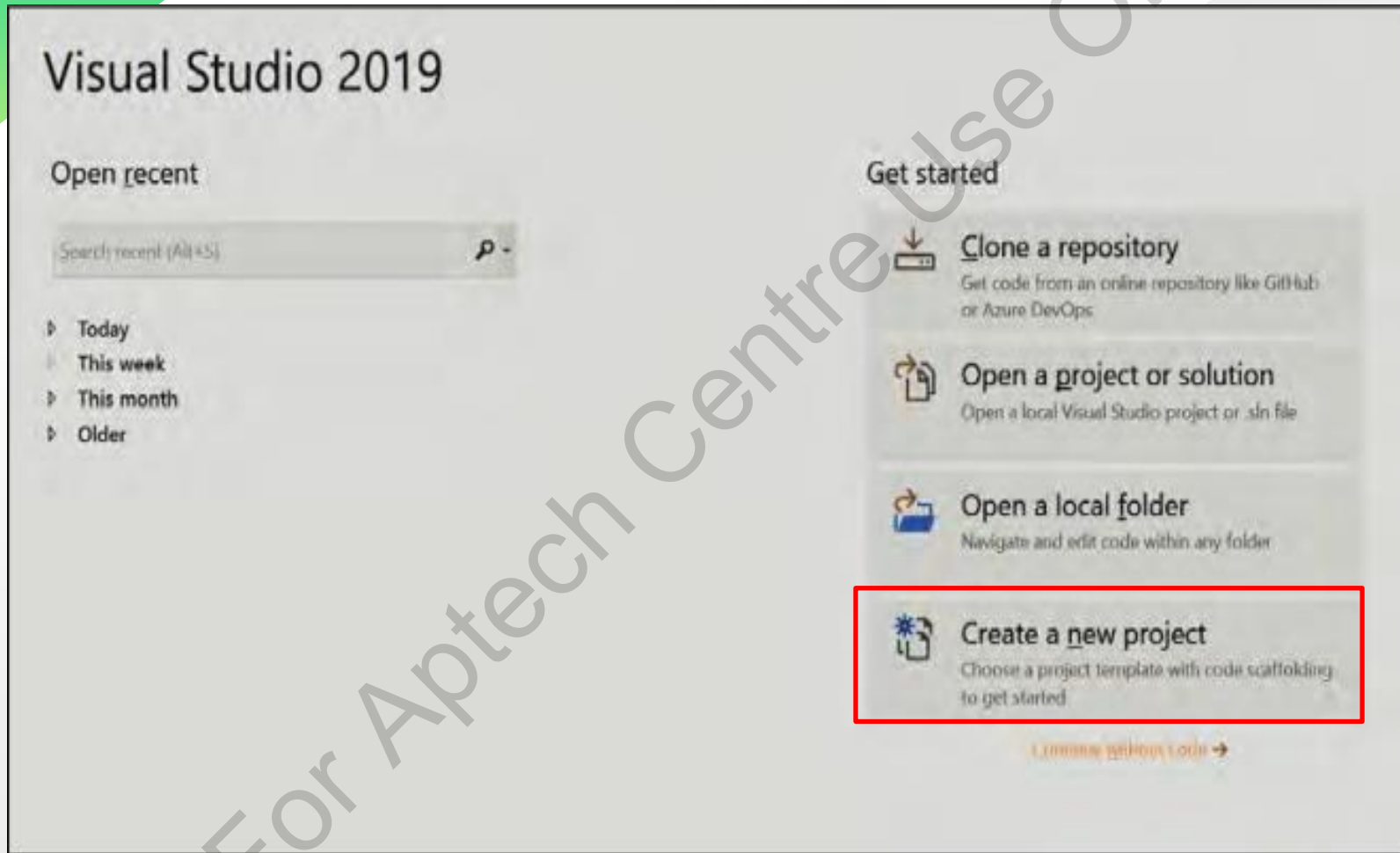
Is a server-side technology with simplicity, security, and scalability.

Applications comprise .aspx Web pages that combine both client- and server-side scripts.

Has ASP.NET Core, released in 2016, as a successor.

Helps developers to build Web apps and services.

Creating a Web App Using C# 1-13



Start Window of Visual Studio 2019

Creating a Web App Using C# 2-13



ASP.NET Core WebApp

Creating a Web App Using C# 3-13

Configure your new project

ASP.NET Core Web App C# Linux macOS Windows Cloud Service Web

Project name

WebApplication1

Location

C:\Users\Admin\source\repos

Solution name ⓘ

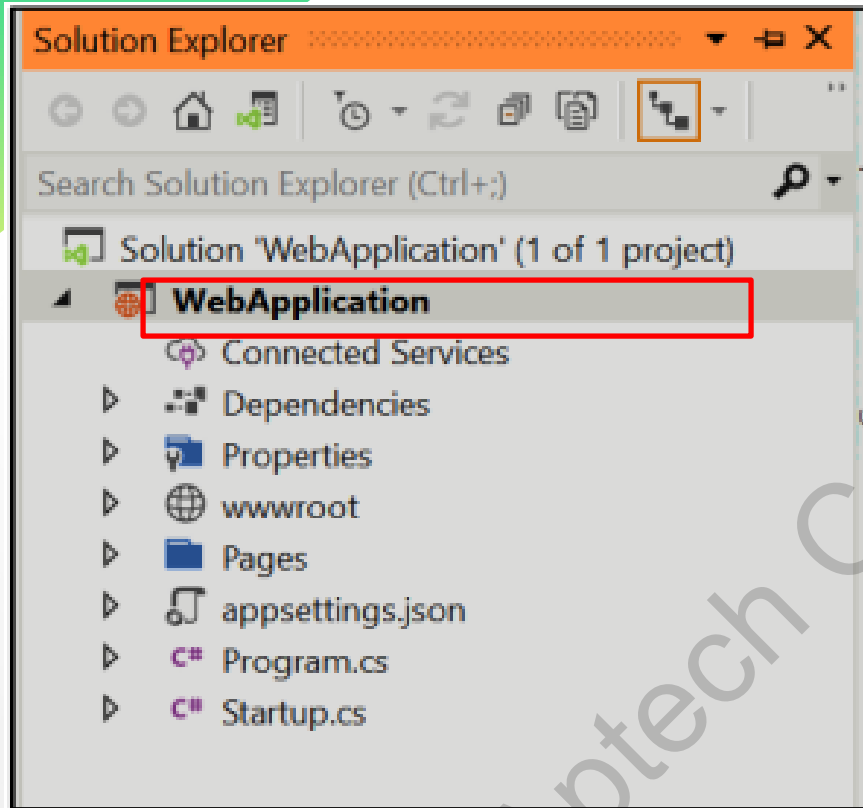
WebApplication1

☐ Place solution and project in the same directory

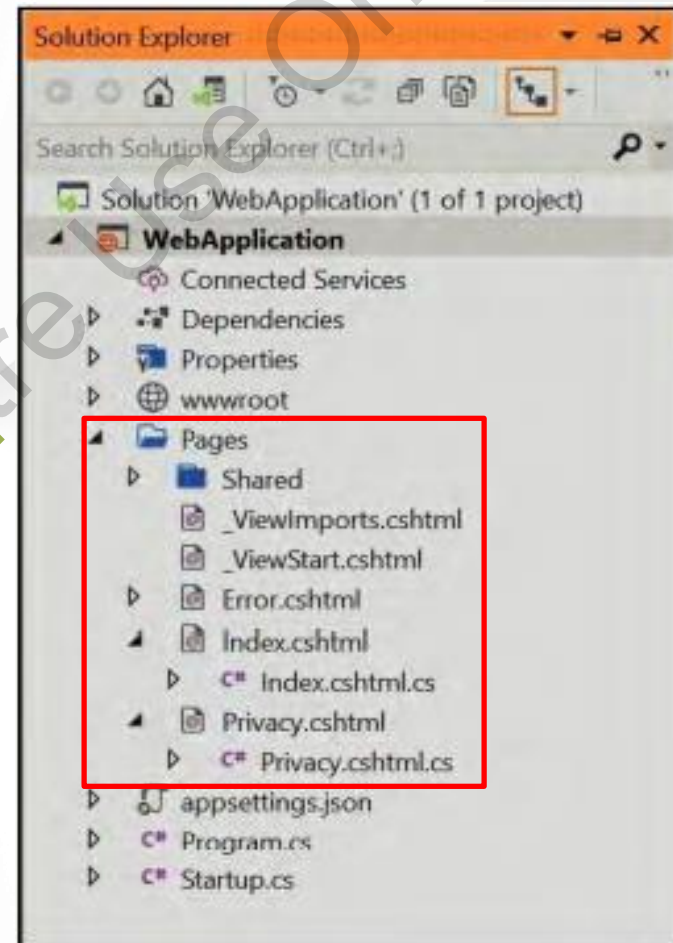
Back Next

Naming the Project and Specifying Location

Creating a Web App Using C# 4-13



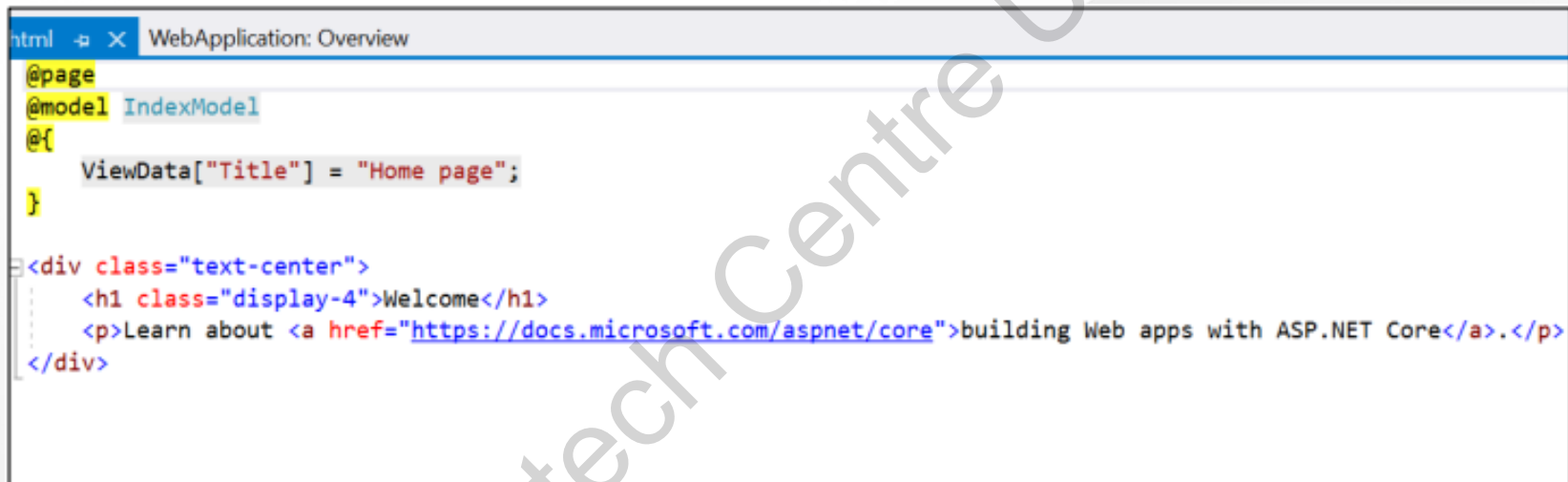
Solution Explorer Showing ASP.NET Core Web Application



Pages Folder

Creating a Web App Using C# 5-13

Edit the boilerplate text and give a title to the HTML page, add links of CSS, and add Google fonts in the `Index.cshtml` file, if required.

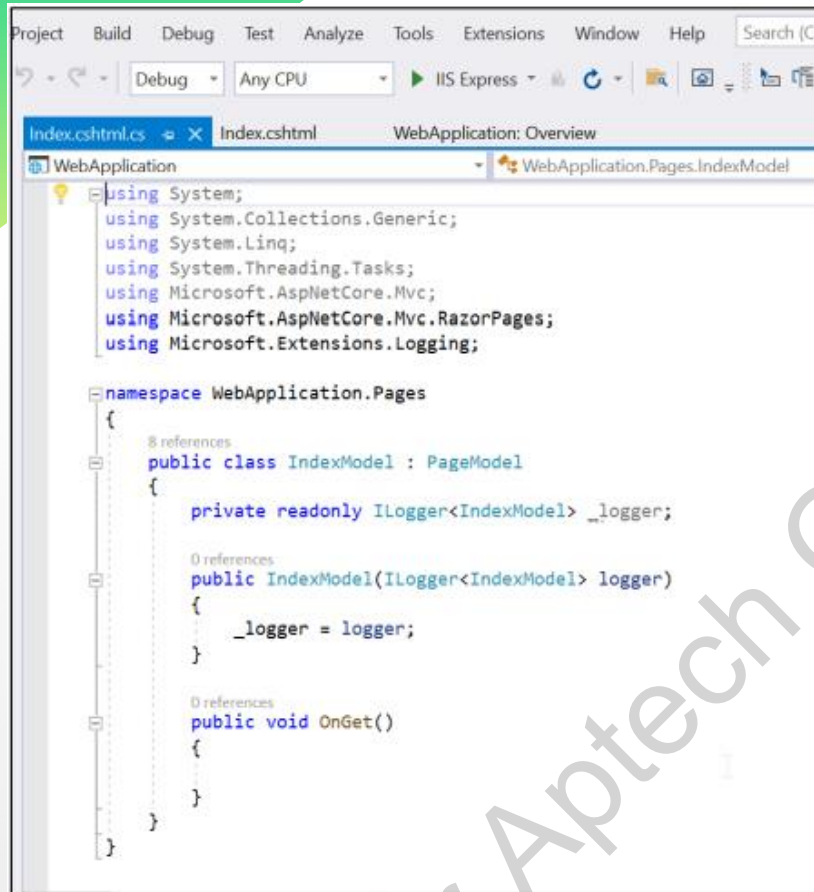


```
html  WebApplication: Overview
@page
@model IndexModel
@{
    ViewData["Title"] = "Home page";
}

<div class="text-center">
    <h1 class="display-4">Welcome</h1>
    <p>Learn about <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/aspnet/core">building Web apps with ASP.NET Core</a>.</p>
</div>
```

Default Autogenerated Code for Index File

Creating a Web App Using C# 6-13



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code editor with the file `Index.cshtml.cs` open. The code is for a web application project named `WebApplication`. It includes the following code:

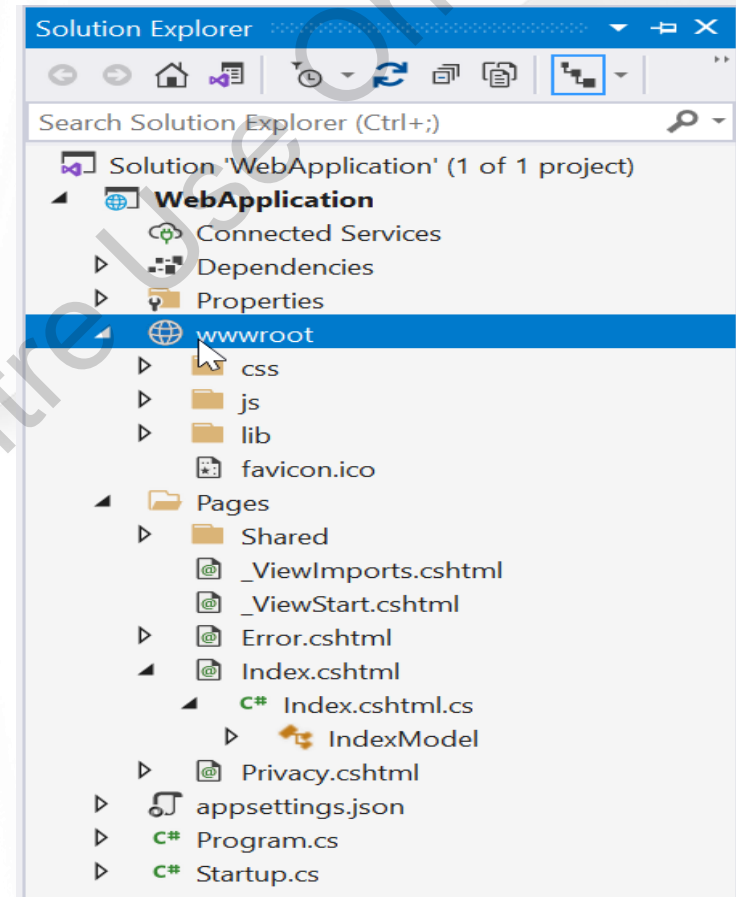
```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc.RazorPages;
using Microsoft.Extensions.Logging;

namespace WebApplication.Pages
{
    [Route("/")]
    public class IndexModel : PageModel
    {
        private readonly ILogger<IndexModel> _logger;

        public IndexModel(ILogger<IndexModel> logger)
        {
            _logger = logger;
        }

        public void OnGet()
        {
        }
    }
}
```

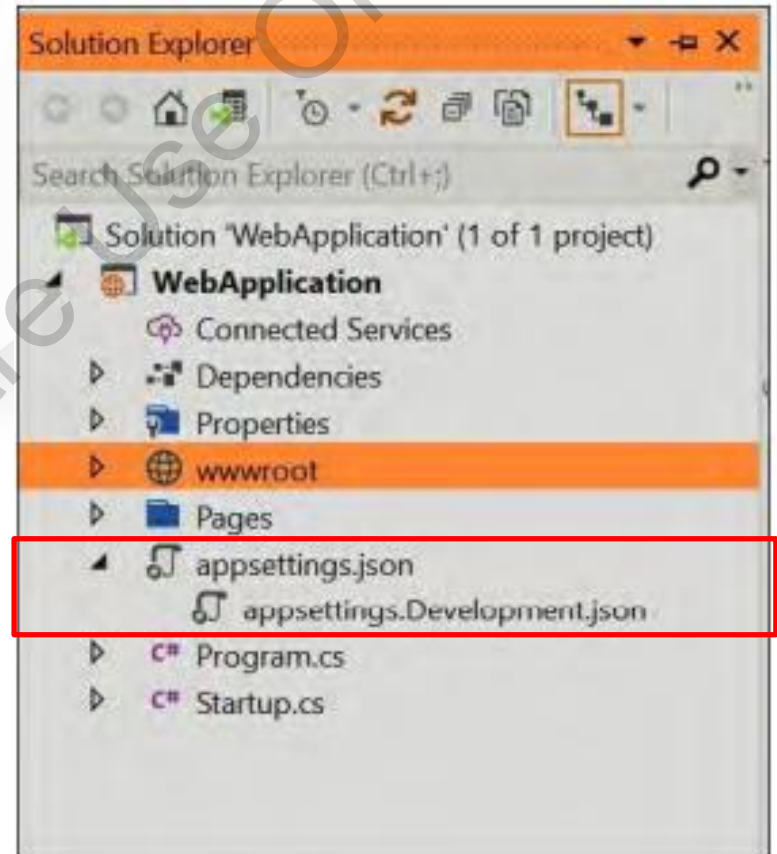
Code File in Editor



Root Folder

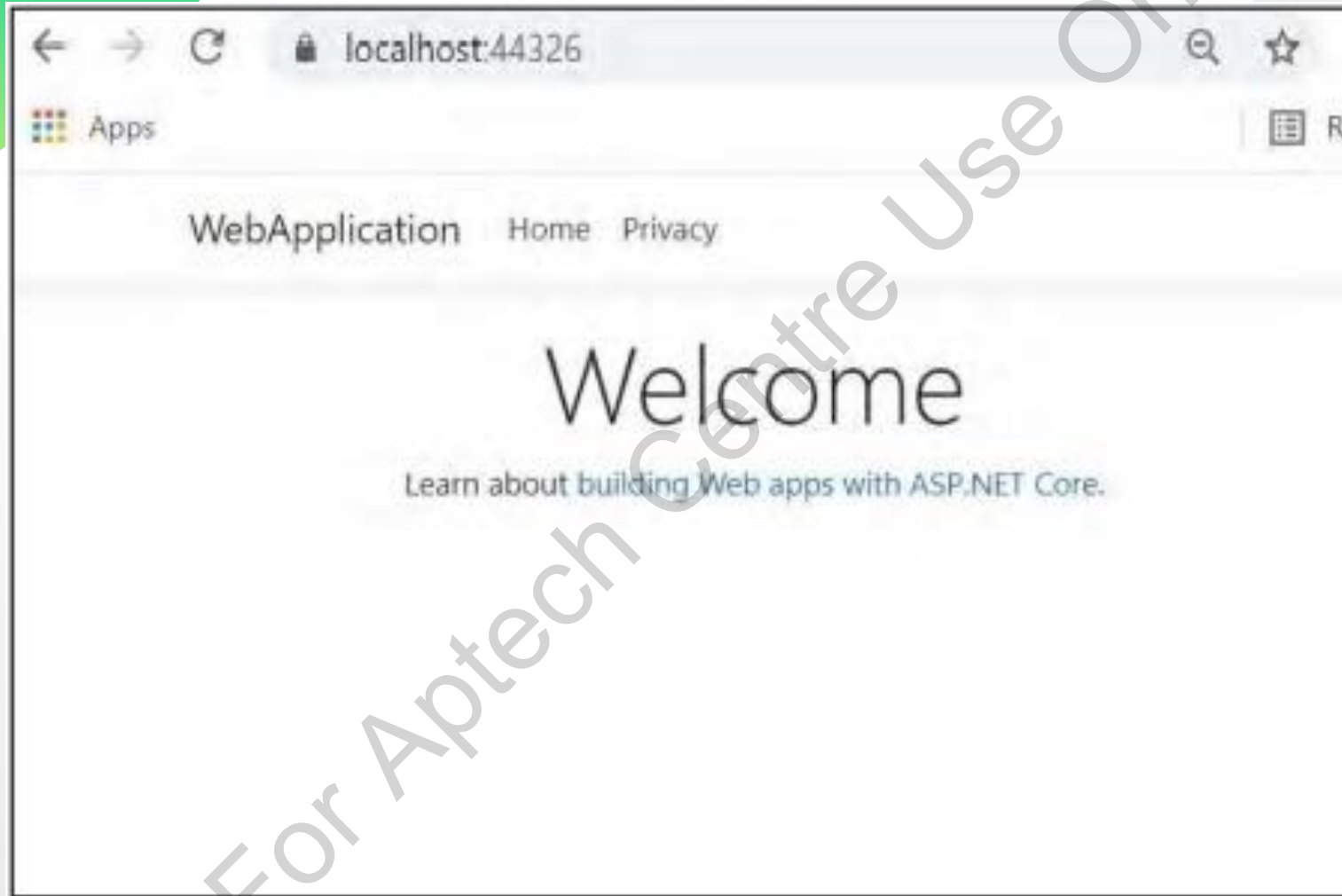
Creating a Web App Using C# 7-13

- ▶ To view the `appsettings.Development.json` file, expand `appsettings.json`



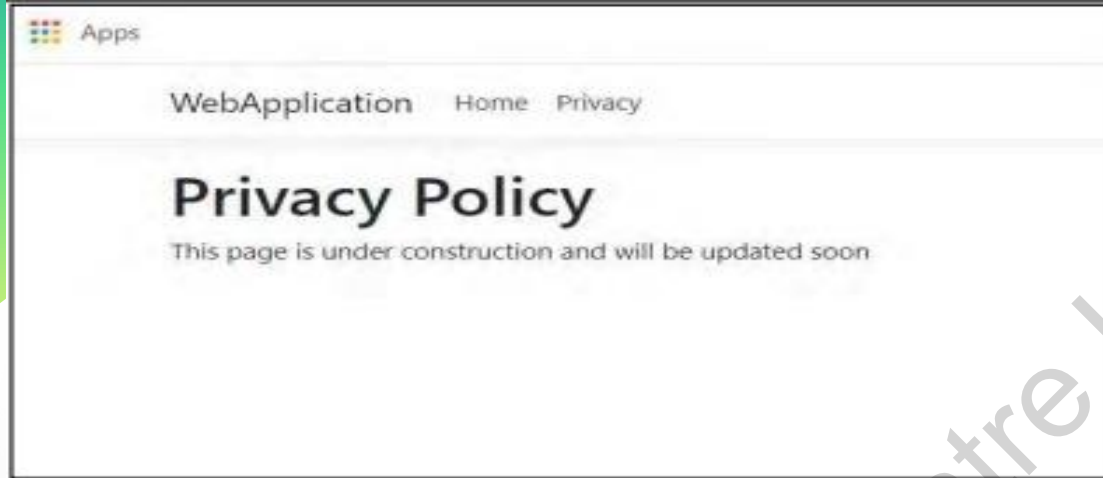
`appsettings.json`

Creating a Web App Using C# 8-13



Output of Web Application in Browser Window

Creating a Web App Using C# 9-13



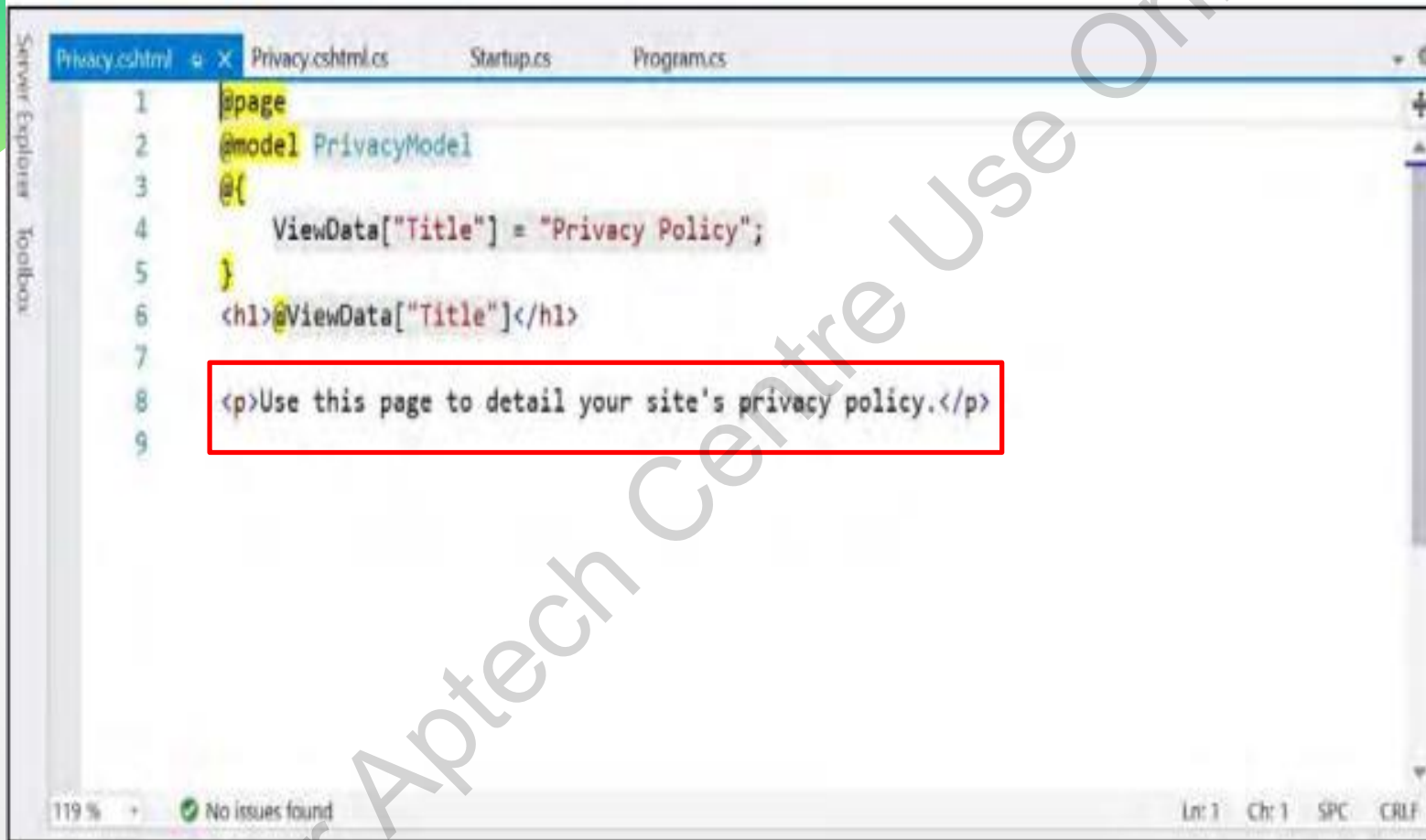
Privacy Tab

A screenshot of a code editor window. The title bar shows 'Process: [10288] iisexpress.exe'. The editor has three tabs: 'Privacy.cshtml*', 'Index.cshtml.cs', and 'Index.cshtml'. The 'Privacy.cshtml*' tab is active, showing the following code:

```
1 @page
2 @model PrivacyModel
3 @
4     ViewData["Title"] = "Privacy Policy";
5
6 <h1>@ViewData["Title"]</h1>
7
8 <p>use this page to detail your site privacy policies</p>
9
```

Privacy.cshtml

Creating a Web App Using C# 10-13



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE with the 'Privacy.cshtml' file open. The file contains the following code:

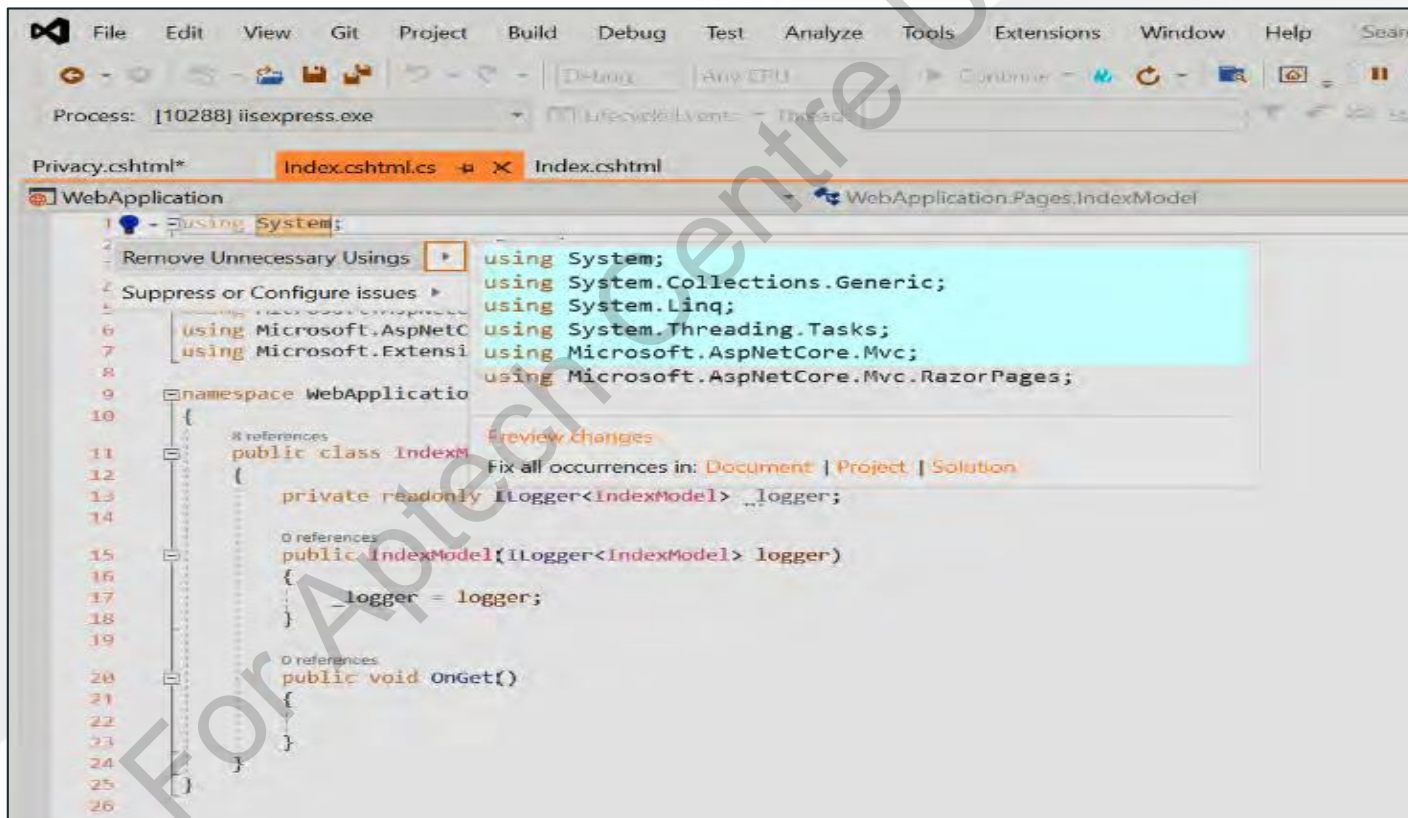
```
1 @page
2 @model PrivacyModel
3 @{
4     ViewData["Title"] = "Privacy Policy";
5 }
6 <h1>@ViewData["Title"]</h1>
7
8 <p>Use this page to detail your site's privacy policy.</p>
9
```

The line `<p>Use this page to detail your site's privacy policy.</p>` is highlighted with a red rectangular box. A green arrow points from the right side of the box towards the right edge of the slide.

Adding the Customized Content

Creating a Web App Using C# 11-13

- ▶ Select `Privacy.cshtml.cs` and remove/clean up the using directive which are in grey color.
- ▶ Right-click the grey colored code and select the light bulb icon. From the drop-down menu, select 'Remove unnecessary using' as shown:



Removing Unnecessary Using

Creating a Web App Using C# 12-13

Code Snippet 1:

```
public void OnGet()  
{  
    string dateTime =  
        DateTime.Now.ToShortDateString();  
    ViewData["TimeStamp"] = dateTime;  
}
```



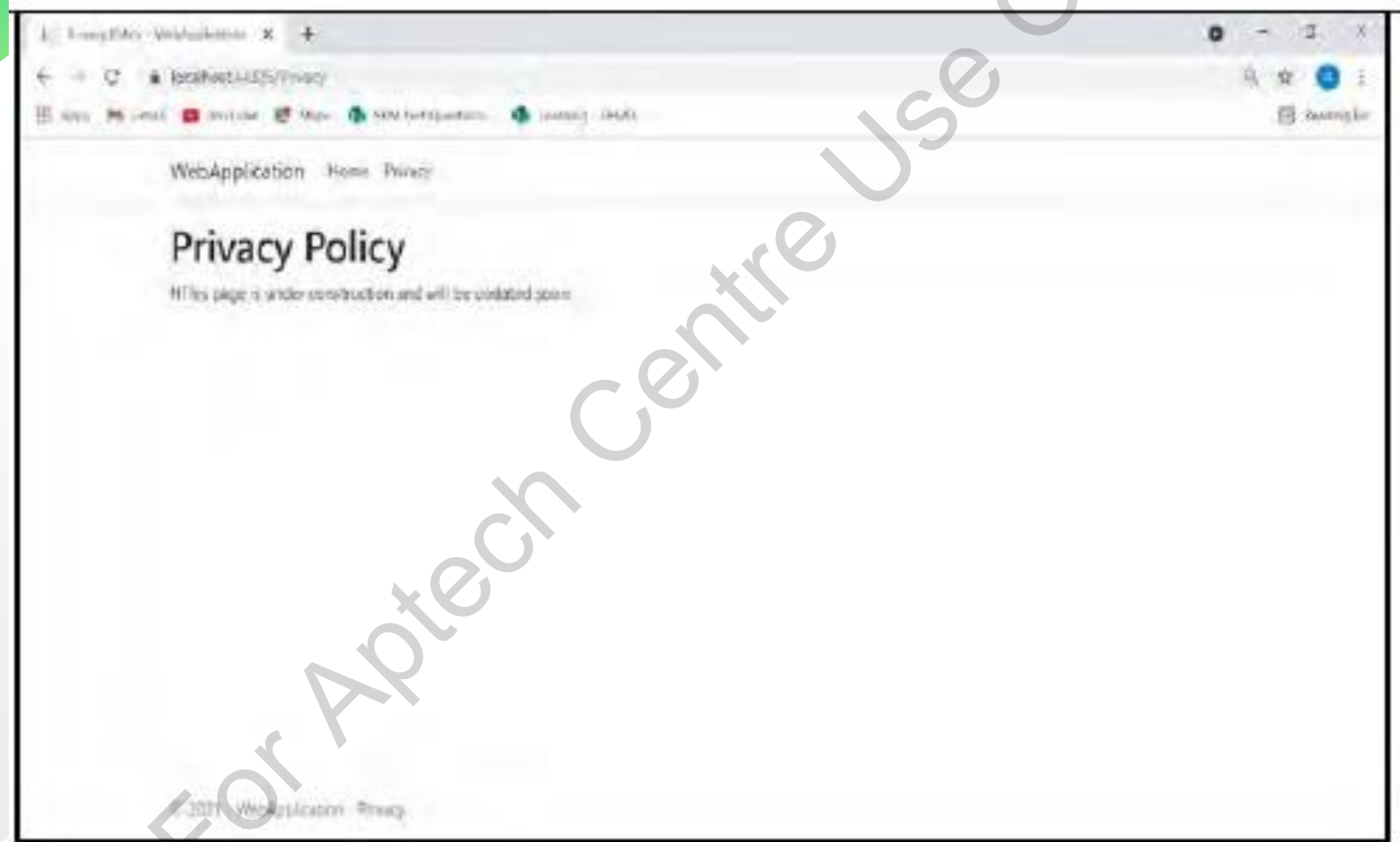
- ▶ An error will be displayed under `DateTime`. The error is displayed because `DateTime` data type is not in the scope. Following error message is displayed:

CS0103 The name 'Date Time' does not exist in the current context.

- ▶ To fix the error, right-click the error and select Quick Action. A drop-down menu will appear. From the drop-down menu, select `using System` to add directives.

Creating a Web App Using C# 13-13

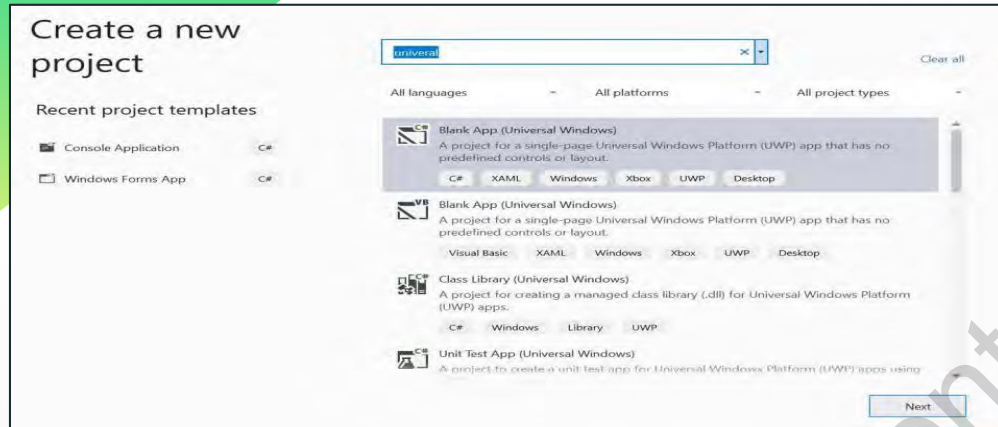
Output:



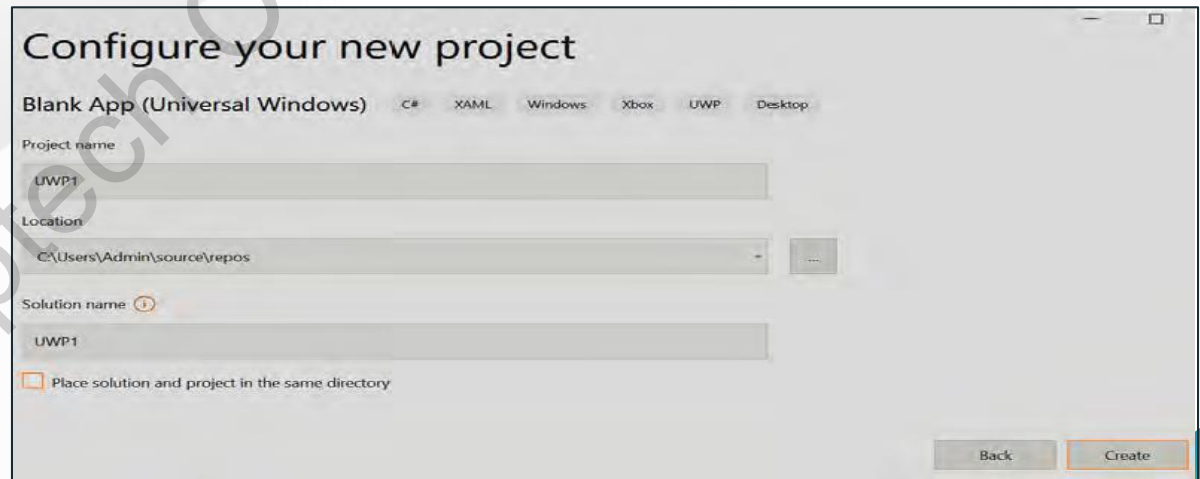
Creating Universal Windows Platform Apps

- ▶ Universal Windows Platform (UWP) is used to create client applications for Windows. Visual Studio 2019 along with .NET 5.0 supports creation of a UWP app. UWP apps use WinRT APIs to provide powerful UI and advanced asynchronous features.
- ▶ A UWP app is secure and uses a common API on all devices that run Windows 10. It is also programmable in C#, C++, Visual Basic, and JavaScript.
- ▶ UWP makes use of Extensible Application Markup Language (XAML) for creating the UI, which provides a declarative model for application programming. It also makes use of WinUI, HTML, and optionally, DirectX.

Create the Project 1-2

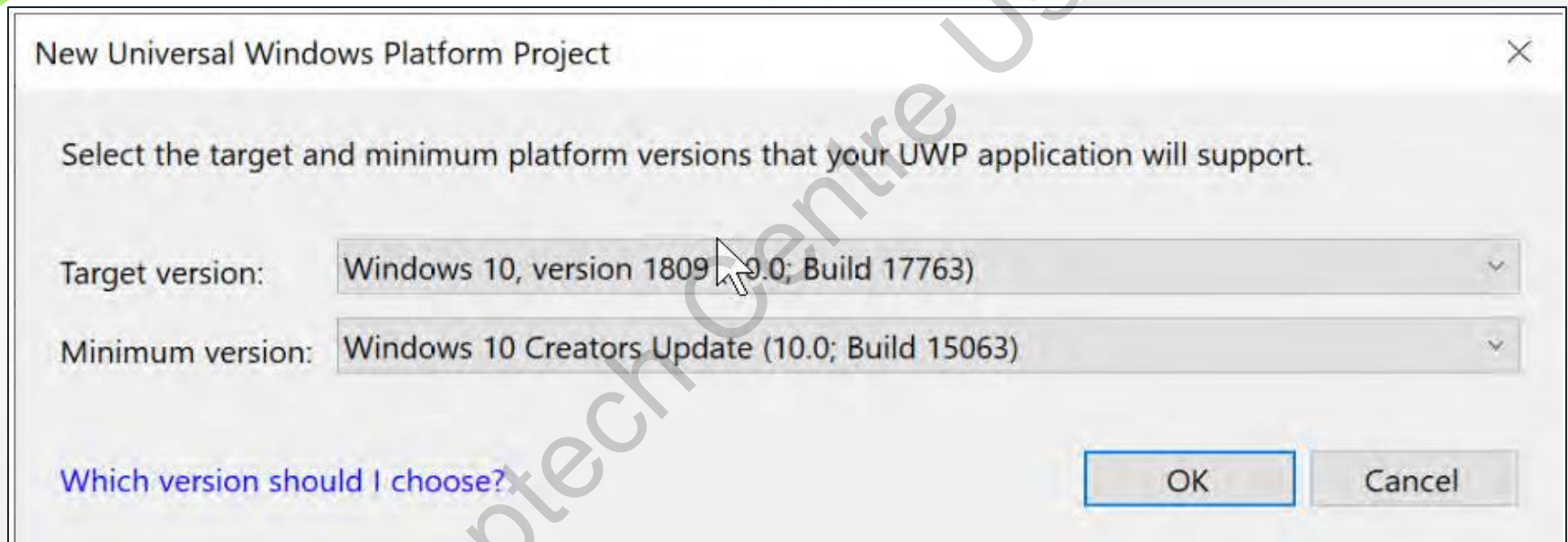


Create a New Project Window



Adding the Name of the Project

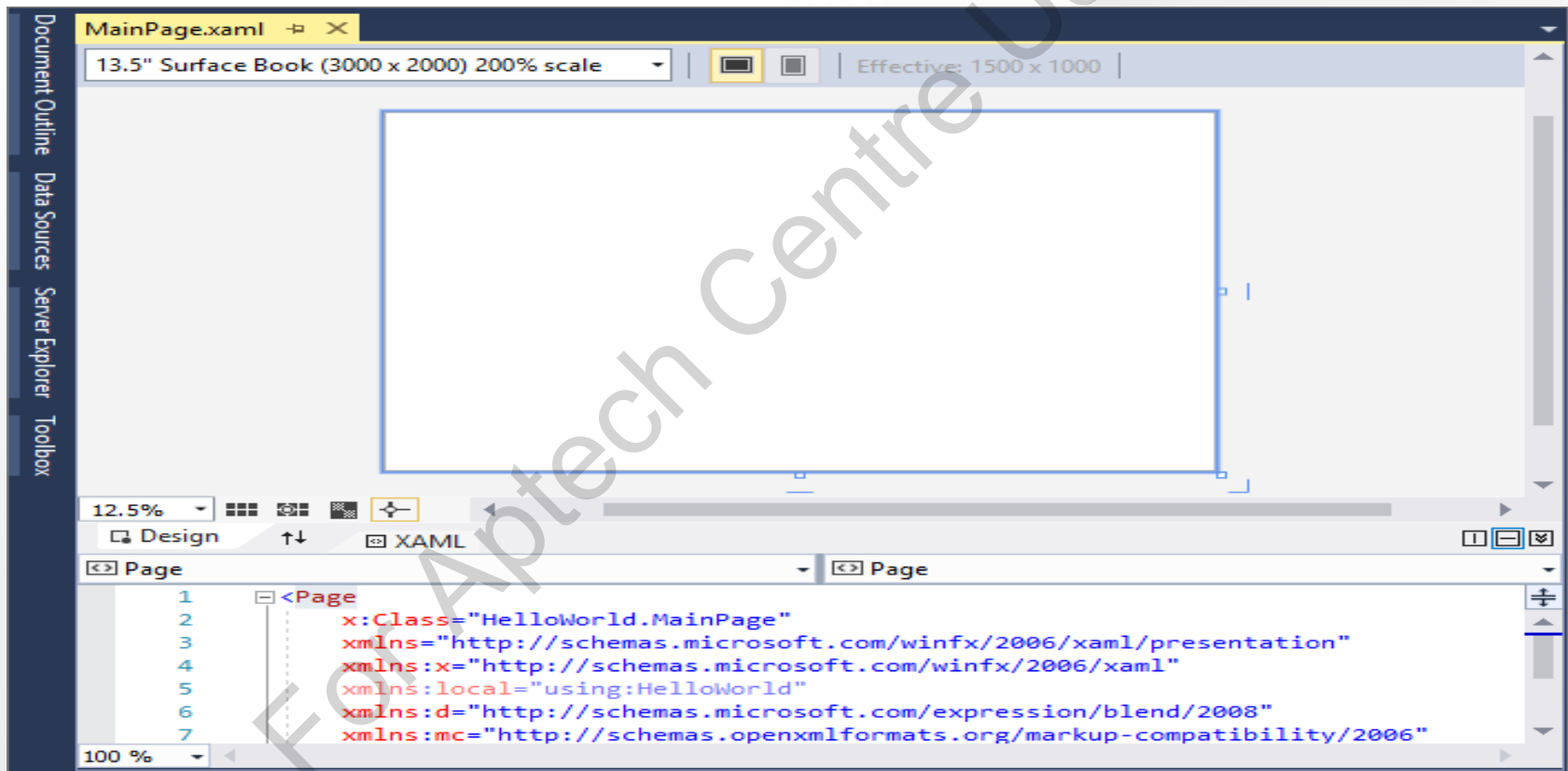
Create the Project 2-2



Default Target Version Window

Create the Application 1-4

- ▶ A Button control and action for the button will be added. The Toolbox displays a wide variety of XAML controls, one of which is the Button control.
- ▶ There are several types of Buttons such as Button, HyperlinkButton, ToggleButton, and so on.

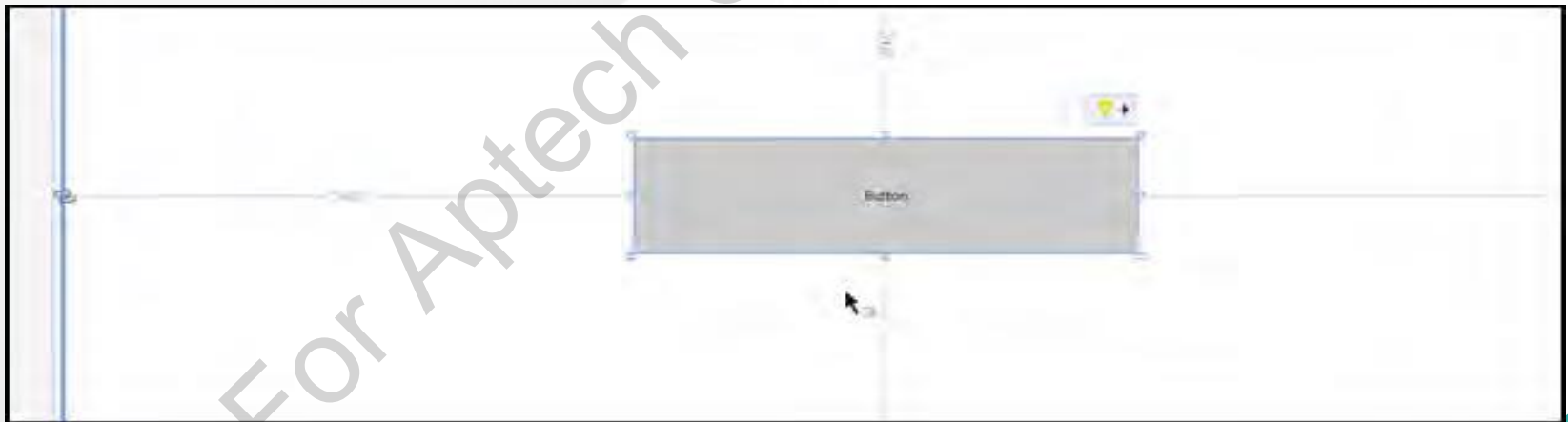


XAML Editor

Create the Application 2-4



Common XAML Controls Drop-down



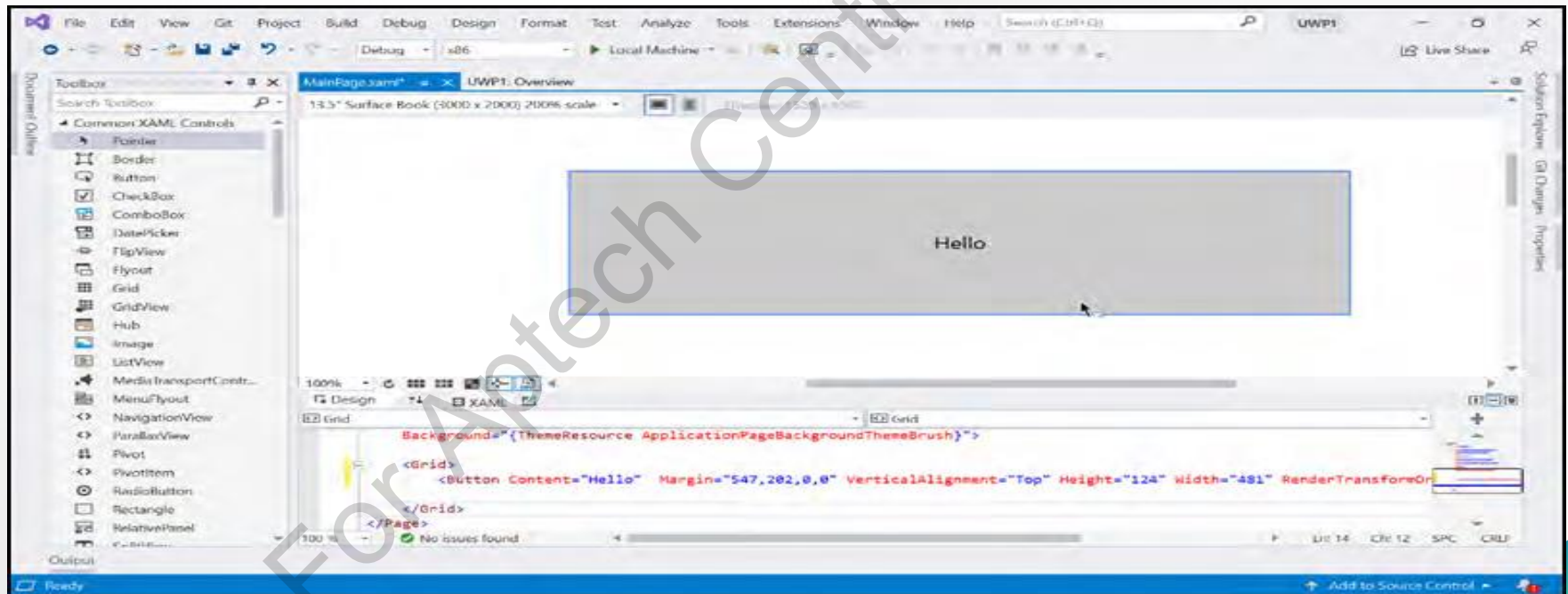
Button Icon Added on Designer Window

Create the Application 3-4

```
Background="{ThemeResource ApplicationPageBackgroundThemeBrush}">

<Grid>
    <Button Content="Hello" Margin="547,202,0,0" VerticalAlignment="Top" Height="124" Width="481" RenderTransformO
</Grid>
</Page>
```

Code for Changing the Label of Button in XAML Editor



Button Label Changed to Hello

Create the Application 4-4

Code Snippet:

```
private void button_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    button.Background = new
SolidColorBrush(Windows.UI.Colors.Blue);
}
```

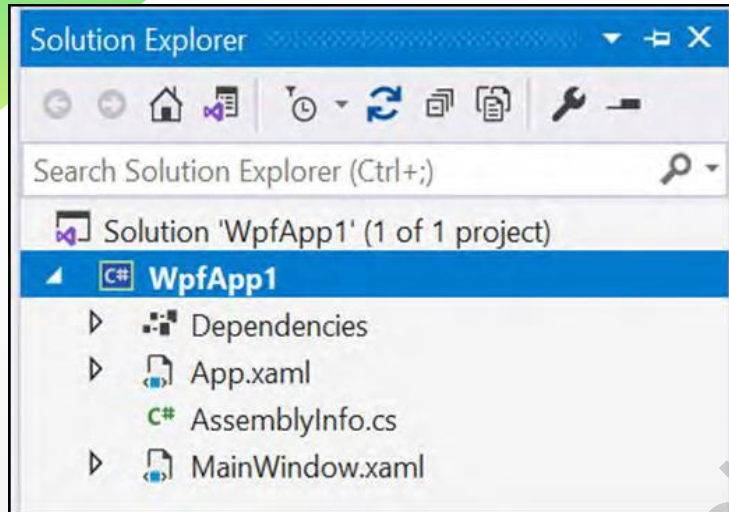
- ▶ Build and run the application. Upon click of the button, the background color of the button will change to blue.

Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 1-9

- ▶ Windows Presentation Foundation (WPF) is a UI framework that is used to create Windows or desktop client applications.
- ▶ The WPF development platform supports a broad set of application development features, including an application model, resources, controls, graphics, layout, data binding, documents, and security. .NET 5.0 along with Visual Studio 2019 provides a complete platform to design and develop WPF apps.
- ▶ WPF also makes use of XAML. One can use Visual Studio 2019 and .NET framework or .NET.

Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 2-9

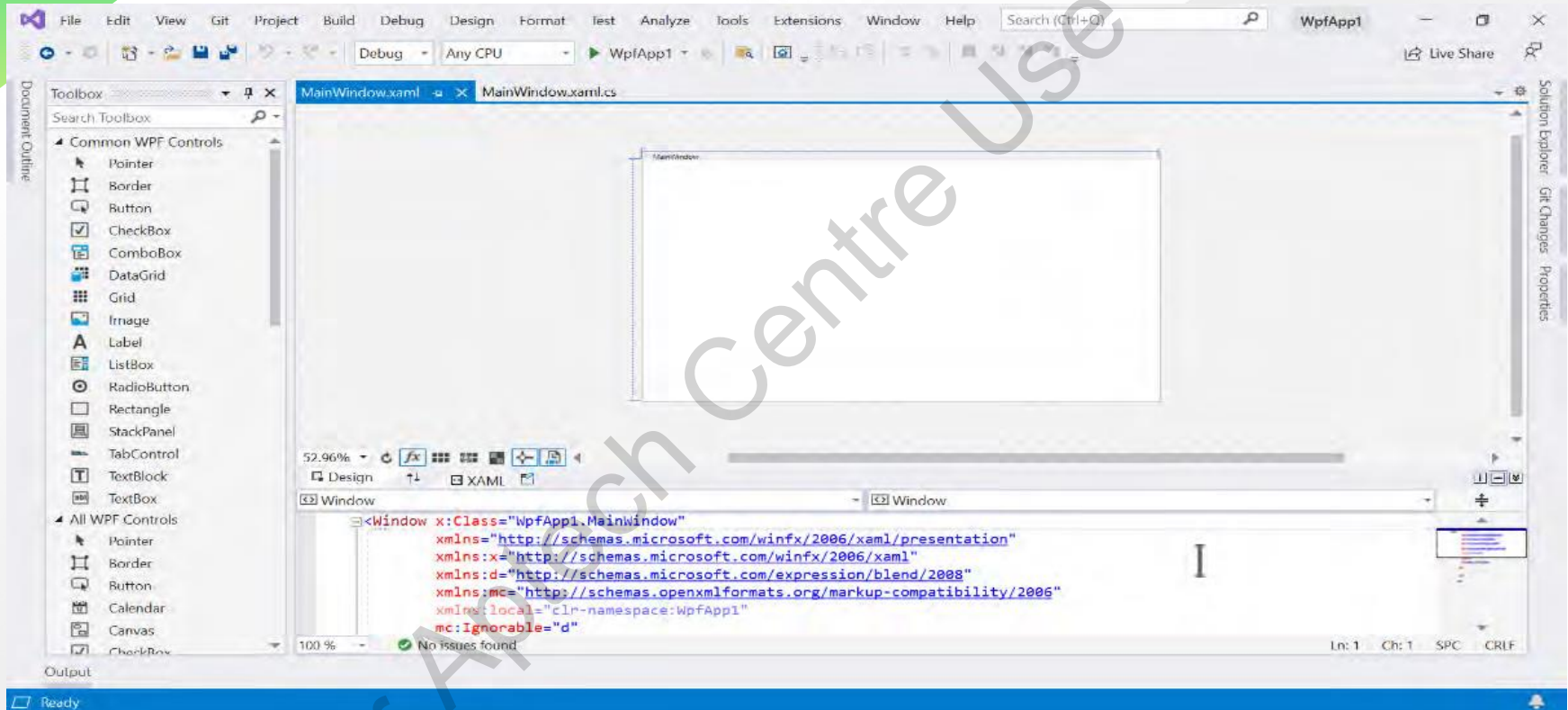
Create a Project:



WpfApp1 as New Project

- ▶ To create a project, open Visual Studio 2019, and in the start window, select Create a new project.
- ▶ Type WPF, select WPF Application framework and click Next. The Configure your new project screen will appear. Write the project name such as WPFApp1 and click Next.
- ▶ In the drop-down menu that is displayed, select the target framework as .NET 5.0 from the options available.
- ▶ Click Create to create the new project.

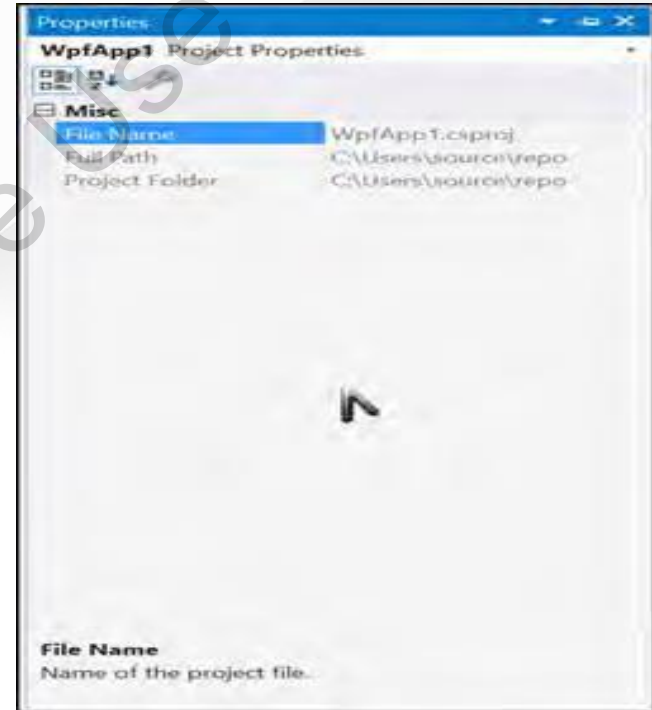
Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 3-9



Views Available in WpfApp1

Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 4-9

- ▶ To customize the project, you can use Properties window.
- ▶ Allows to change the options for project items, controls, and other items in the application. As of now, no controls are added yet to the project.

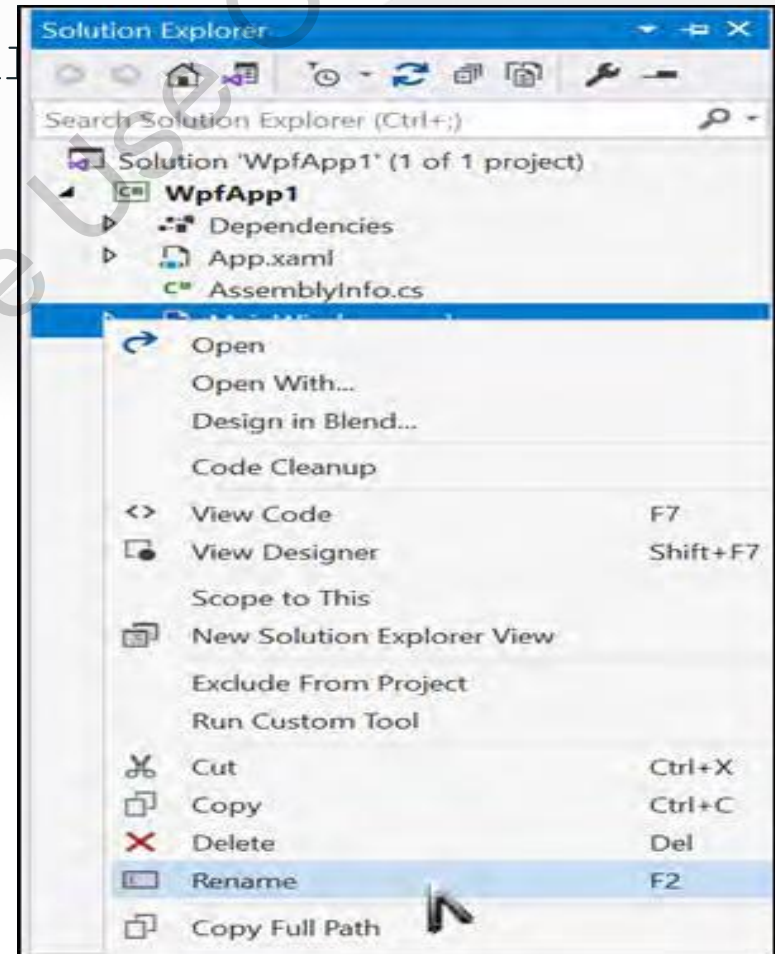


Properties Window

Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 5-9

Change the name of `MainWindow.xaml`

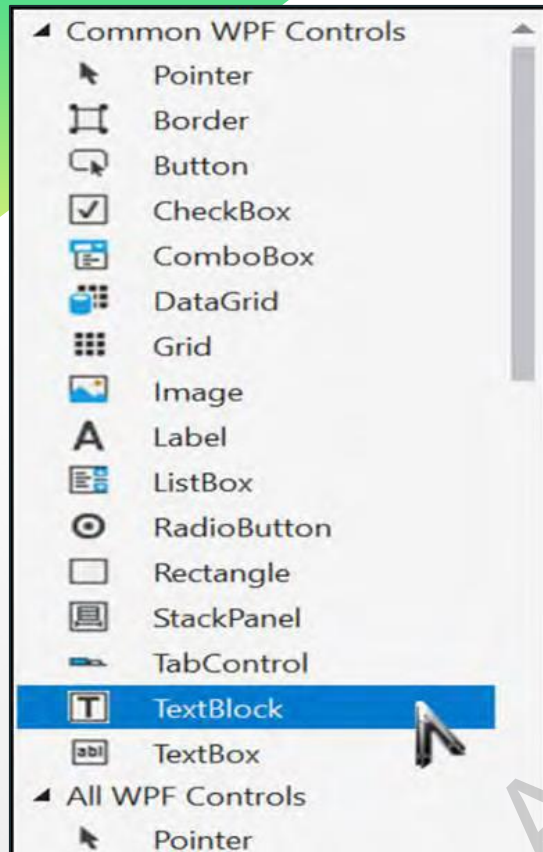
- ▶ To rename `MainWindow.xaml`, go to Solution Explorer, right-click the file name, and select the option `Rename`.
- ▶ Add the name as per the requirement, such as `Greet.xaml`



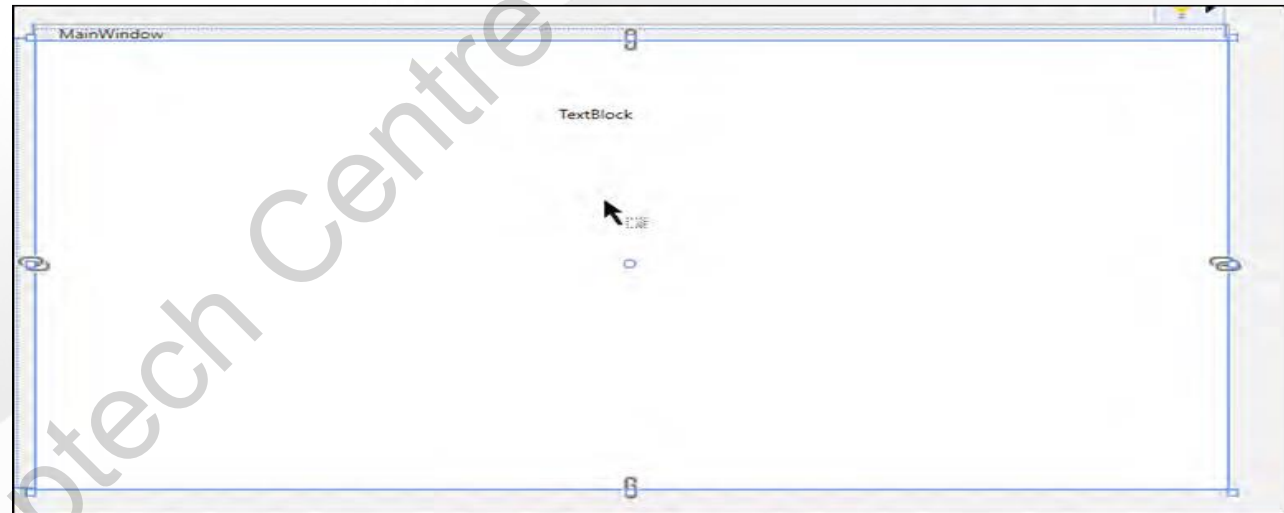
Renaming

`MainWindow.xaml`

Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 6-9



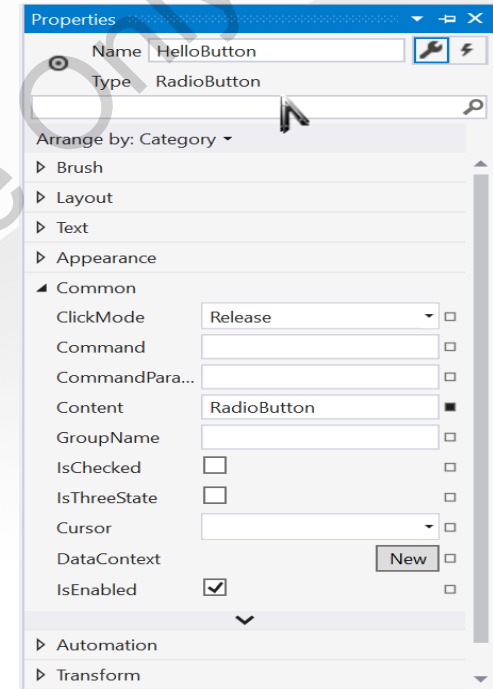
Adding TextBlock Control



TextBlock Placed at Top of Window

Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 7-9

- ▶ In this step, user will add two RadioButton controls, one for greeting with Hello and another for Goodbye. The procedure for adding the radio button is same as TextBlock control.
- ▶ Drag and drop the RadioButton controls to the surface window. In the left radio button, write HelloButton and on the right radio button, write GoodbyeButton.

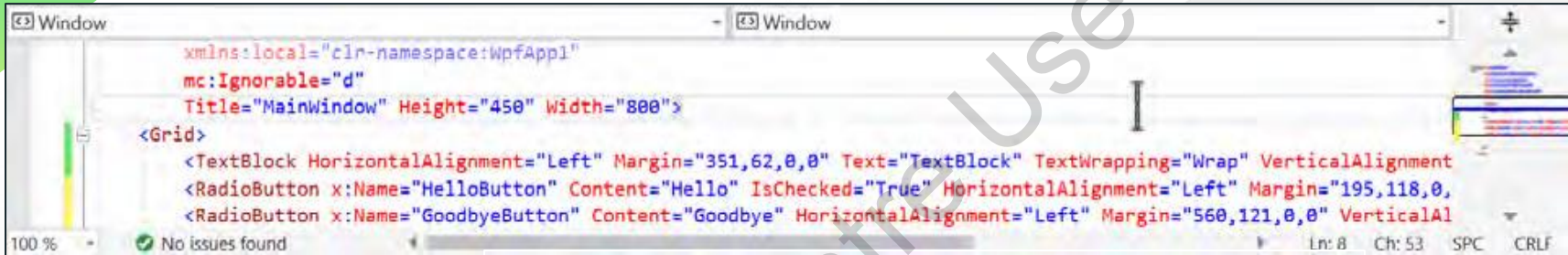


Adding Radio Buttons

Code Snippet 3:

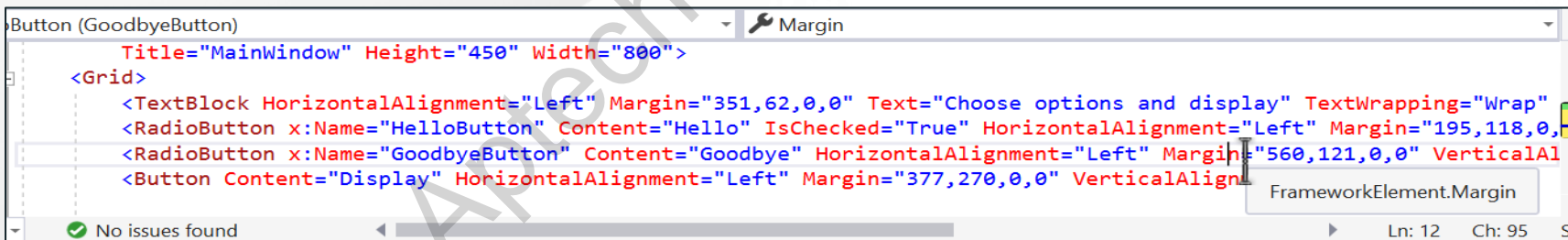
```
<Grid>
    <TextBlock HorizontalAlignment="Left" Margin="252,47,0,0" TextWrapping="Wrap"
Text="Select a message option and then choose the Display button."
VerticalAlignment="Top"/>
    <RadioButton x:Name="HelloButton" Content="Hello" HorizontalAlignment="Left"
Margin="297,161,0,0" VerticalAlignment="Top"/>
    <RadioButton x:Name="GoodbyeButton" Content="Goodbye" HorizontalAlignment="Left"
Margin="488,161,0,0" VerticalAlignment="Top"/>
</Grid>
```

Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 8-9



```
xmlns:local="clr-namespace:WpfApp1"
mc:Ignorable="d"
Title="MainWindow" Height="450" Width="800">
<Grid>
<TextBlock HorizontalAlignment="Left" Margin="351,62,0,0" Text="TextBlock" TextWrapping="Wrap" VerticalAlignment
<RadioButton x:Name="HelloButton" Content="Hello" IsChecked="True" HorizontalAlignment="Left" Margin="195,118,0,
<RadioButton x:Name="GoodbyeButton" Content="Goodbye" HorizontalAlignment="Left" Margin="560,121,0,0" VerticalAl
```

Adding IsChecked="True" in Code

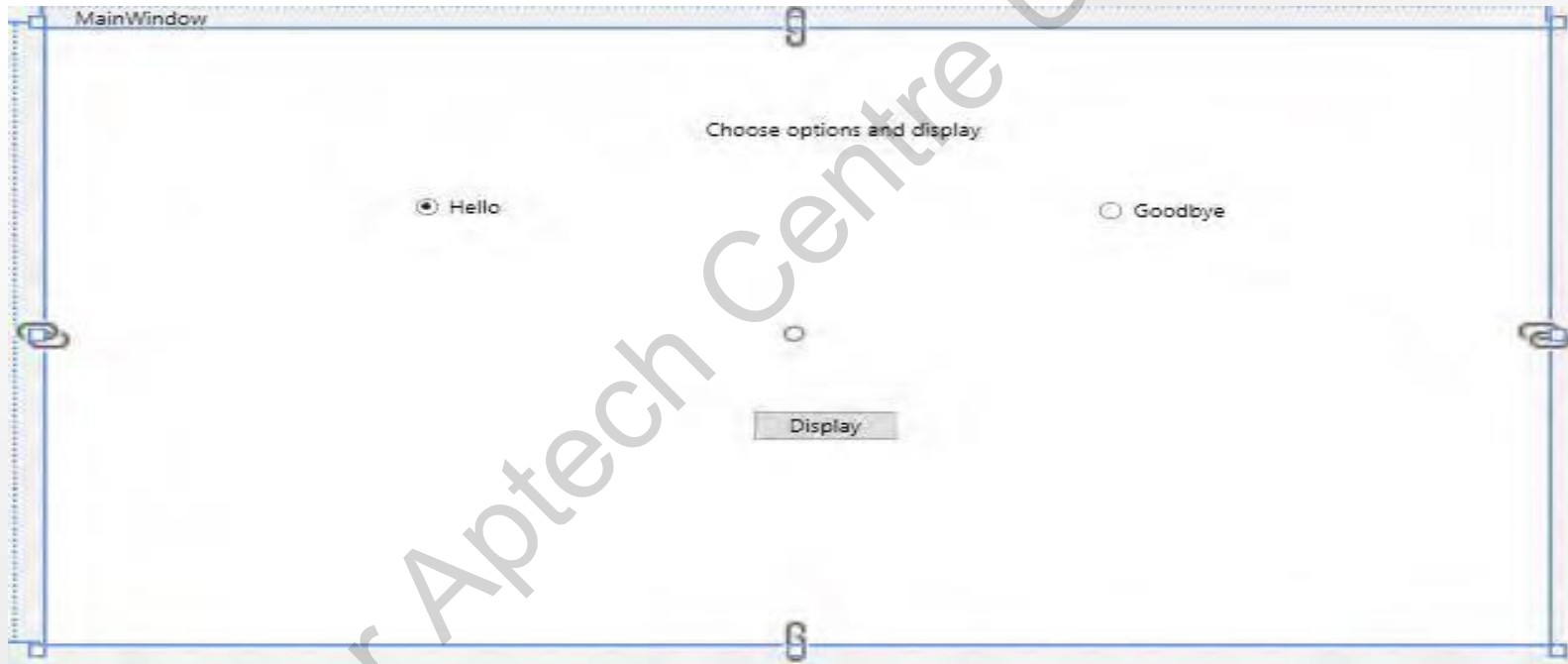


```
Title="MainWindow" Height="450" Width="800">
<Grid>
<TextBlock HorizontalAlignment="Left" Margin="351,62,0,0" Text="Choose options and display" TextWrapping="Wrap"
<RadioButton x:Name="HelloButton" Content="Hello" IsChecked="True" HorizontalAlignment="Left" Margin="195,118,0,
<RadioButton x:Name="GoodbyeButton" Content="Goodbye" HorizontalAlignment="Left" Margin="560,121,0,0" VerticalAl
<Button Content="Display" HorizontalAlignment="Left" Margin="377,270,0,0" VerticalAlign
```

Editing the TextBlock

Creating Windows Presentation Foundation Apps 9-9

Output:

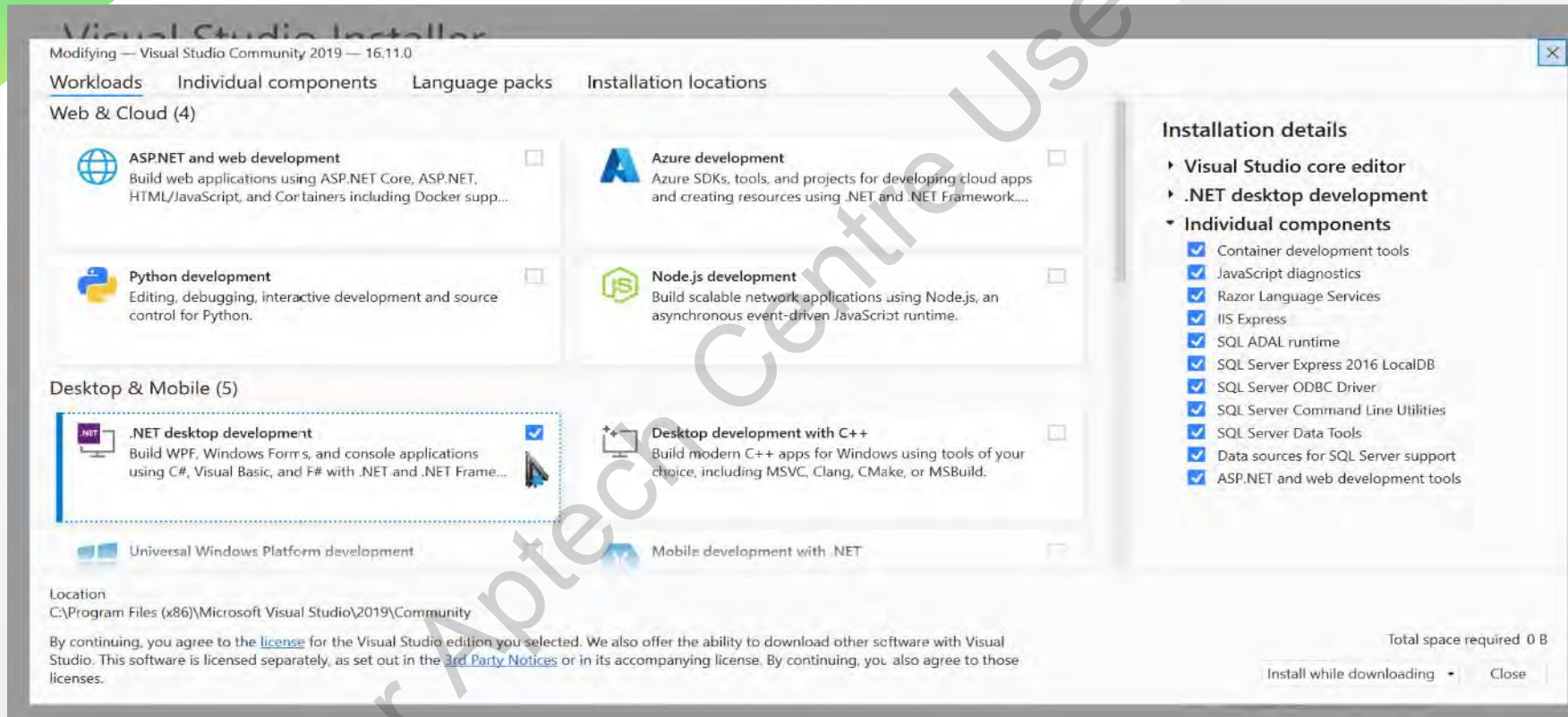


Creating Windows Forms Apps 1-6

- ▶ Windows Forms or WinForms is the first UI framework that was created for building Windows desktop apps. It was introduced together with .NET 1.0 in 2002.
- ▶ WinForms offers better than WPF or UWP, which is ease of development.
- ▶ WinForms is a great choice for making a quick prototype of an application.
- ▶ The learning curve is less steep than it is for WPF or UWP. Users will not have to struggle with complex syntax of XAML – there is more of drag-and-drop development here as compared to WPF or UWP.
- ▶ Microsoft Visual Studio 2019 along with .NET 5.0 framework supports WinForms development

Creating Windows Forms Apps 2-6

Creating a Project



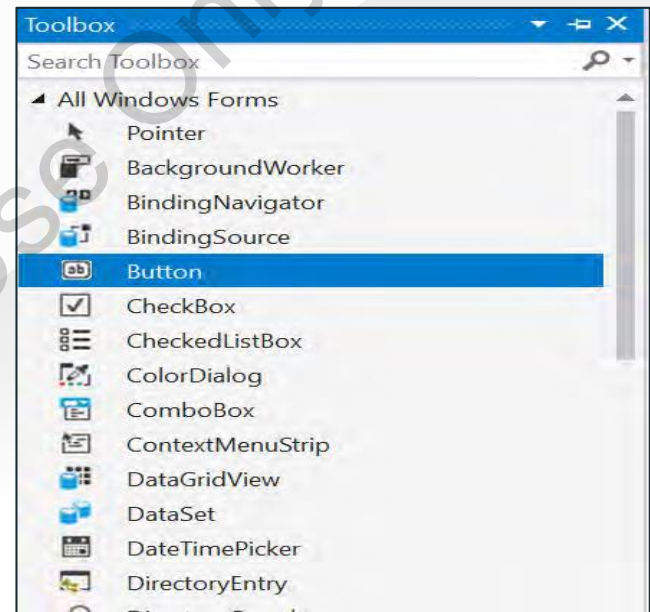
Visual Studio Installer

Creating Windows Forms Apps 3-6

Adding Controls

A screenshot of a Windows Form titled "User Information". It contains two text boxes labeled "Enter Country" and "Enter State". Below these are two radio buttons labeled "Male" and "Female". To the right is a list box labeled "lstCountry". At the bottom are two buttons labeled "Add" and "Show Details".

Sample Form



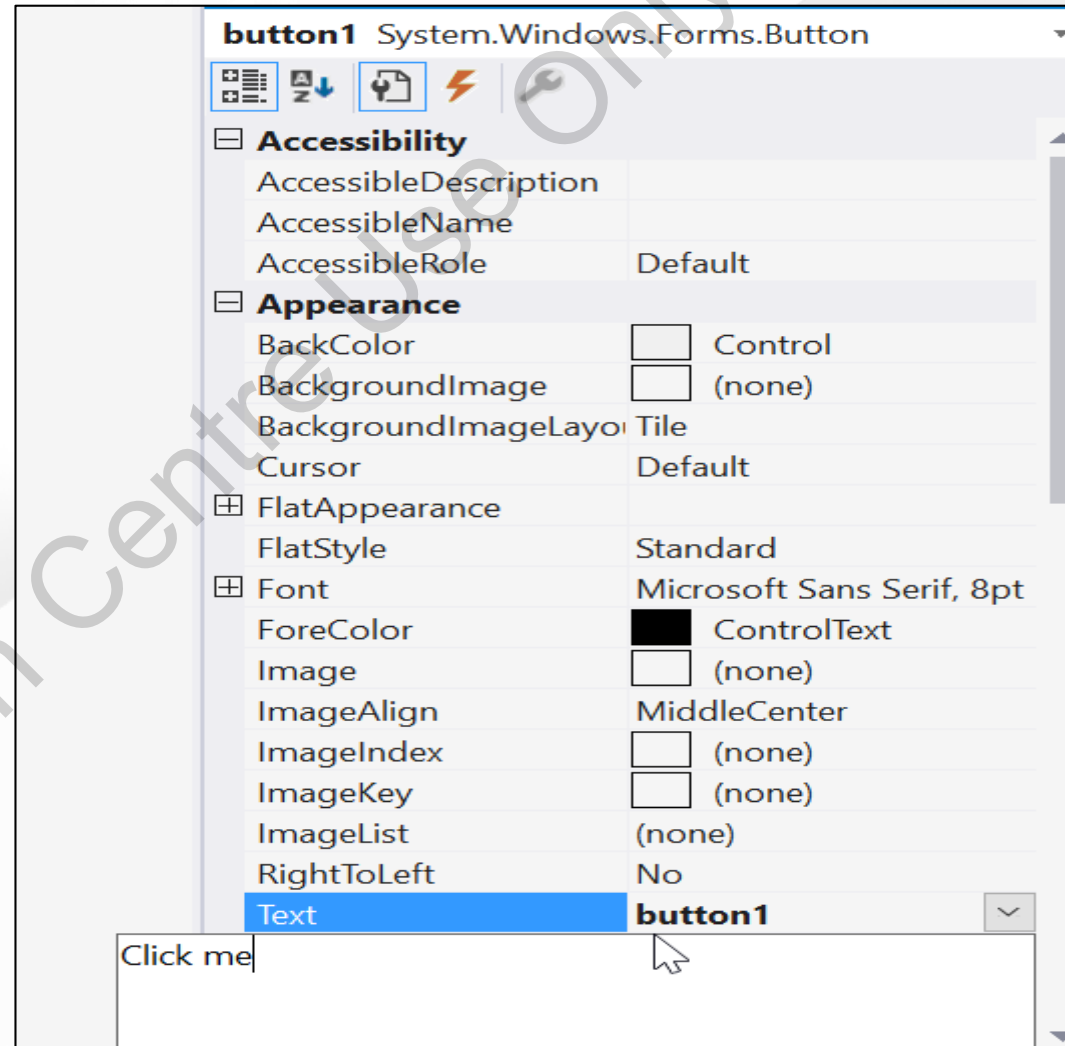
Selecting Button from Toolbox

A screenshot of a new Windows Form titled "Form1". A button control, labeled "button2", has been added to the form. The button is positioned in the lower right area of the form.

Button Added in Form Window

Creating Windows Forms Apps 4-6

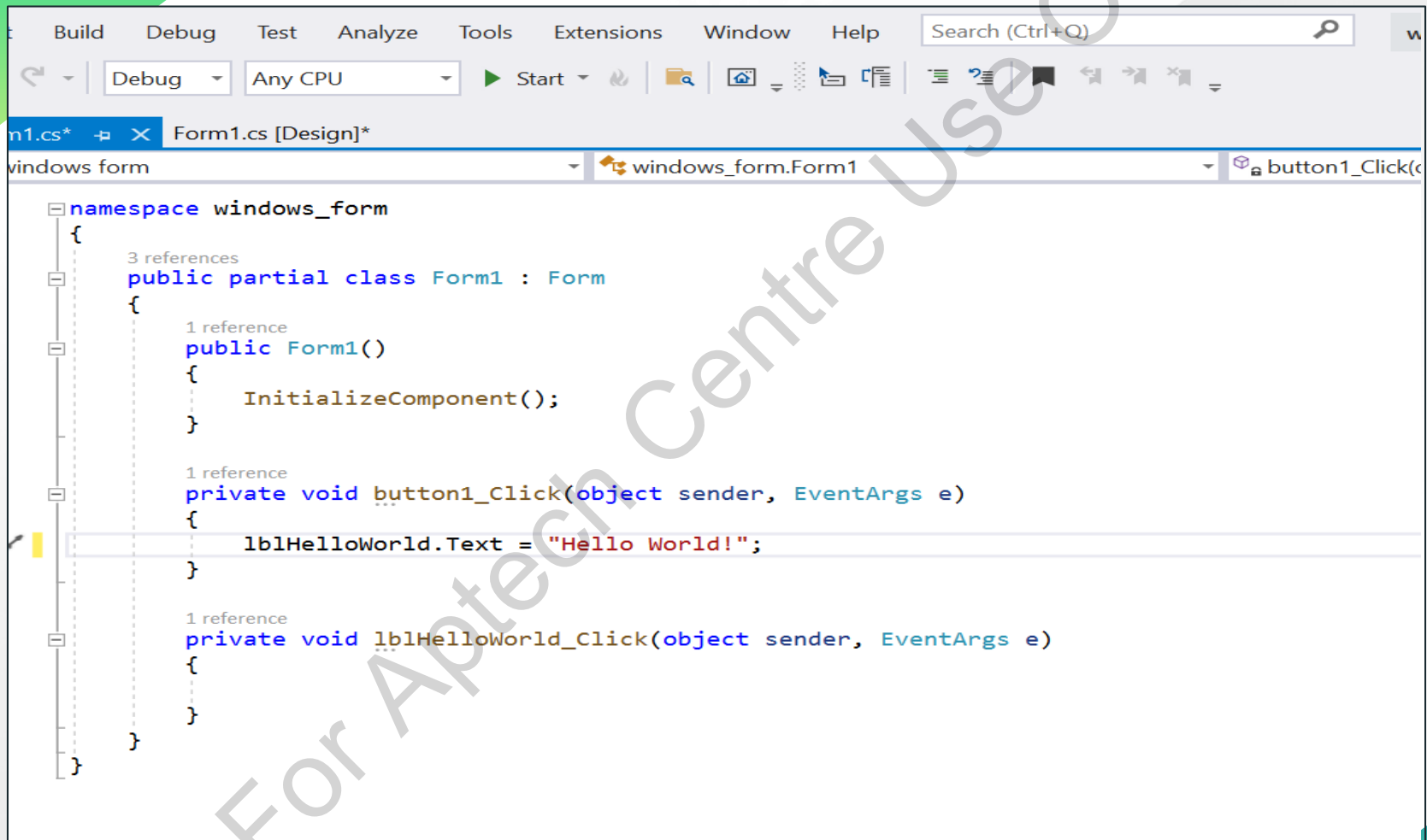
- ▶ To modify the text of the Button, go to the Properties window, locate Text option, and change the text from button1 to the desired name Click Me.



Modifying the Button Text

Creating Windows Forms Apps 5-6

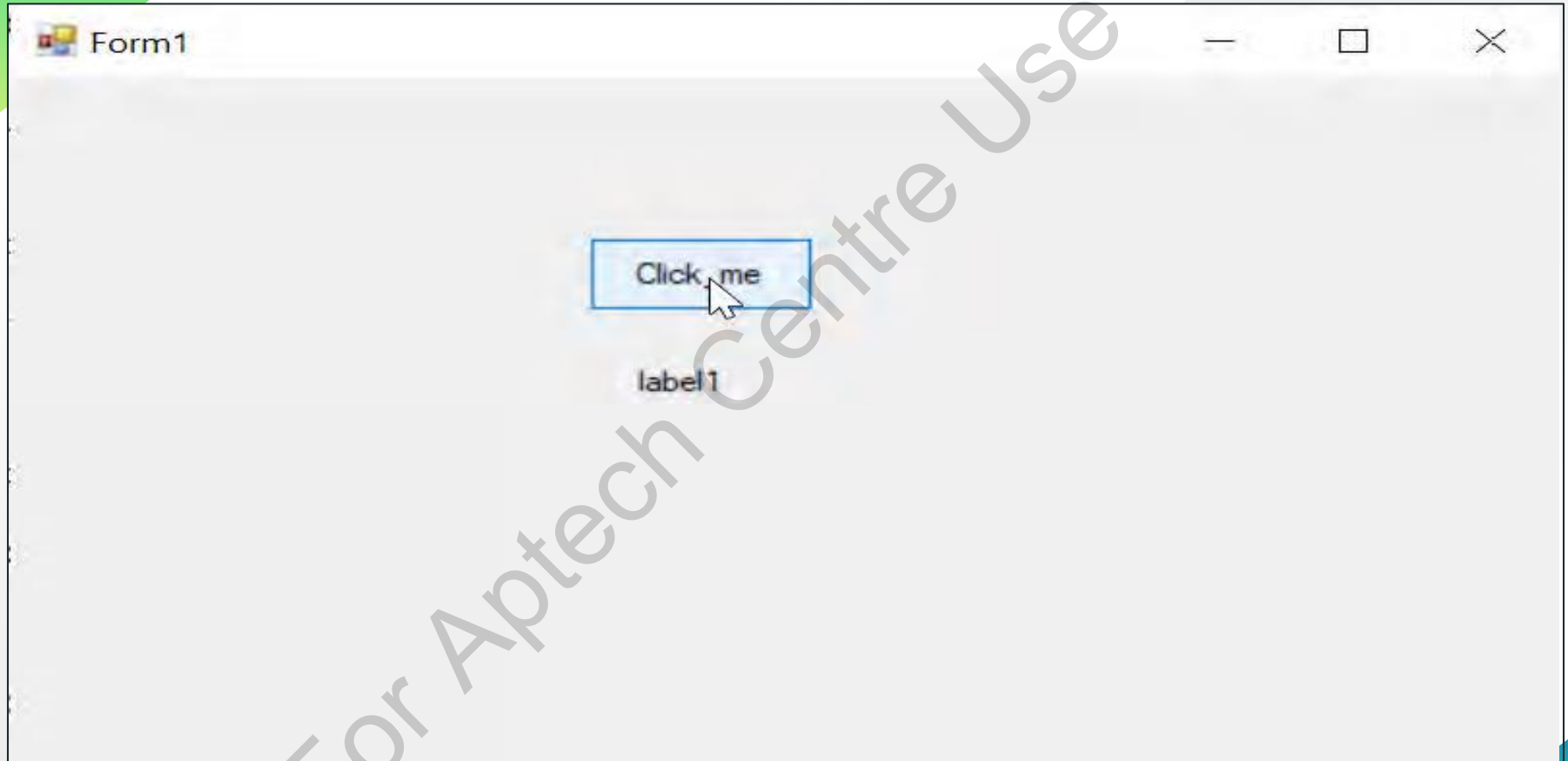
Adding Code to the Form



Adding Code to the Form

Creating Windows Forms Apps 6-6

Running the Form



Summary

- ▶ C# 9.0 along with .NET 5.0 can be used to create Web apps and desktop apps.
- ▶ ASP.NET and ASP.NET Core are Web technologies offered by Microsoft for Web development with C#.
- ▶ Desktop apps can be created using UI frameworks such as WPF, UWP, and WinForms.
- ▶ UWP apps make use of WinUI, XAML, HTML, or DirectX for designing UI.
- ▶ WPF designer has two views, namely, designer view and XAML view. The XAML view is used to write and edit XAML markup.
- ▶ A Form in a Windows Forms application represents a window or dialog box that is part of makes up an application's UI and is used by the user to add buttons, labels, check box, and so on.