

## VIGENER CIPHER

Vigenere cipher is an encryption method that transforms plain text in to cipher text using a word as a keyword.

### Algorithm

- 1) Enter the plain text and the key.
- 2) Repeat the keyword to make it the length of the plain text.
- 3) Encryption  
Perform the modular addition of the repeating keyword and the plaintext.

$$C_i = P_i + K_i (\text{mod } m)$$

Where  $C_i$  is the cipher text,  $P_i$  is the plain text,  $K_i$  is the repeating keyword and 'm' is the length of the alphabet.

The C function for encryption is as shown below

```
void encrypt(){
    unsigned int i, j;
    char plain[200];
    char key[80];
    printf("\nEnter the plain text: ");
    scanf("%s",plain);
    printf("\nEnter the key: ");
    scanf("%s",key);

    for(i=0,j=0 ; i < strlen(plain); i++,j++){
        if(j >= strlen(key)){
            j = 0;
        }
        printf("%c" ,65 + ( ((toupper(plain[i])-65) +(toupper(key[j])-65)) % 26
    ));
    }
    printf("\n");
}
```

#### 4)Decryption:

Perform modular subtraction of key phrases from cipher text.

$$P_i = C_i - K_i \pmod{m}$$

The C function for decryption is as shown below

```
void decrypt(){
    unsigned int i, j;
    char plain[200];
    char key[15];
    int value;
    printf("\nEnter the cipher text: ");
    scanf("%s",plain);
    printf("\nEnter the key: ");
    scanf("%s",key);

    for(i = 0,j = 0 ; i < strlen(plain) ; i++,j++){
        if(j >= strlen(key) ){
            j = 0;
        }
        value = (toupper(plain[i])-64) - (toupper(key[j])-64);
        if(value < 0){
            value = value + 26 ;
        }
        printf("%c" , 65 + (value % 26));
    }
}
```