

WELCOME EVERYONE ON WEC 2024!





Agenda for today

- 11:00 general introduction by **Piotr Wójcik**
- 11:10 warm welcome by Gabriela Grotkowska, Dean of our Faculty
- 11:20 description of the contest rules by Marcin Chlebus
- 11:30 Econometric Hackathon 101 by Marcin Chlebus
- 11:50 description of the contest problem by Jacek Lewkowicz
- 12:10 presentation of the data by Piotr Wójcik
- 12:20 mini-lecture by **Katarzyna Peryt-Kowalska**
- 12:40 the 24-hour competition begins!
- 14:00 time for potential confidential questions sent via email to wec@wne.uw.edu.pl







GENERAL INTRODUCTION
by Piotr Wójcik



Organizing Commitee



- ➤ Marcin Chlebus, PhD
- ➤ Department of Data Science



- Jacek Lewkowicz, PhD mult.
- Department of Political Economy



- > Rafał Woźniak, PhD
- Department of Statistics and Econometrics









Office of Communication and IT support



















Participants

- 1st edition (2021)
 - local at the Faculty of Economic Sciences
 - 5 teams
 - 16 participants
- 2nd edition (2022) co-organized by LOT Polish Airlines
 - students from 6 Polish universities
 - 28 teams
 - 93 participants
- 3rd edition (2023) co-organized by the High Tech Foundation
 - students from 23 countries representing 21 European universities
 - 46 teams
 - 134 participants
- 4th edition (2024)
 - students from 19 countries representing 21 European and 1 US university
 - 36 teams
 - 107 participants







warm welcome by Gabriela Grotkowska, Dean of the Faculty of Economic Sciences, University of Warsaw



OF THE CONTEST RULESby Marcin Chlebus



What we expect from you?

- Your core goal is to prepare a research paper in which you describe your solution to the task
 - Present some background and brief literature review
 - Define research questions/hypotheses
 - Describe the data
 - Comment on the methodology
 - Present your results
 - Draw conclusions and provide discussion





Criteria for evaluation

adequacy

comprehensivity

interpretability

predictive power







How to submit your works?

- Send them via email to wec@wne.uw.edu.pl
- Do it before 16:00 CET on Sunday, May 12th 2024
- Submit the article, full codes and all the additional data used, so that we can reproduce your analyses



Prizes

- Satisfaction and glory priceless ©
- Prizes
 - 1st place: PLN 2500 PLN for each team member
 - 2nd place: PLN 1500 PLN for each team member
 - 3rd place: PLN 1000 PLN for each team member

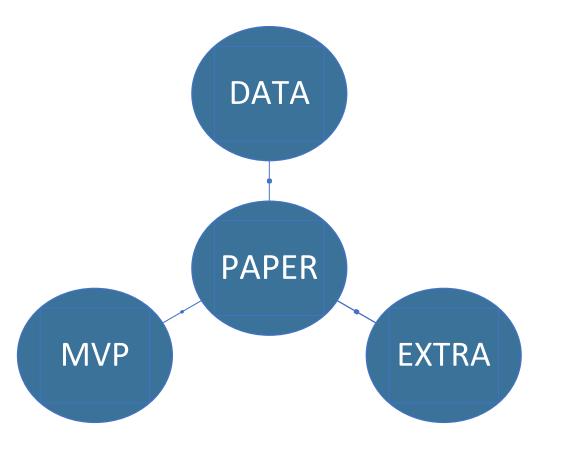




ECONOMETRIC HACKATHON 101 by Marcin Chlebus



A few words about the competition strategy (1/3)



TEAMS OF 4 MEMBERS:

- DATA PREPARATION
- MVP SOLUTION
- EXTRA SOLUTION
- PAPER WRITING

TEAMS OF 3 MEMBERS:

- DATA PREPARATION
- MVP SOLUTION
- PAPER WRITING

TASKS LEADERS ARE NOT DEDICATED TO JUST ONE TASK







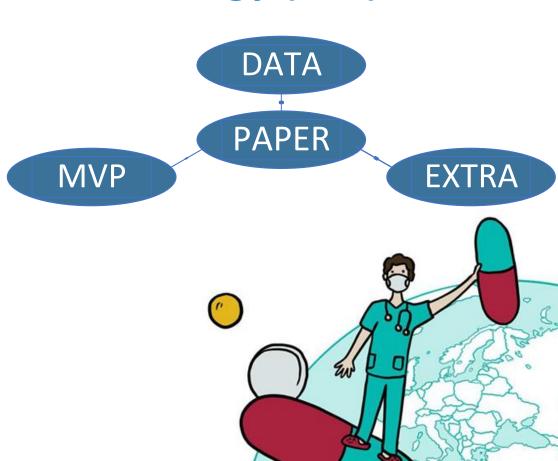
A few words about the competition strategy (2/3)

PAPER:

- 1. USE ONLINE TOOLS, WHERE ALL TEAM MEMBERS MAY JOINTLY UPDATE THEIR PARTS
- 2. ALL TEAM MEMBERS SUPPORT PAPER WRITING
- 3. KEEP ALL PARTS OF THE ARTICLE AND THE ABSTRACT IN MIND

DATA:

- START WITH PREPARING THE DATA
- TRY TO BE FAST AND PRECISE
 (DO NOT FORGET ABOUT DATA PREPROCESSING)
- PREPARE THE DATA IN A TRANSFERABLE FORMAT







A few words about the competition strategy (3/3)

MVP - MOST VIABLE PRODUCT

- 1. DO NOT START WITH THE MOST SOPHISTICATED SOLUTION, TRY TO DELIVER A WORKING SOLUTION
- 2. ADDRESS ALL MAIN RESEARCH QUESTIONS, CONSIDER THE ADDITIONAL ONES, AND AFTER THAT EXTEND YOUR APPROACH

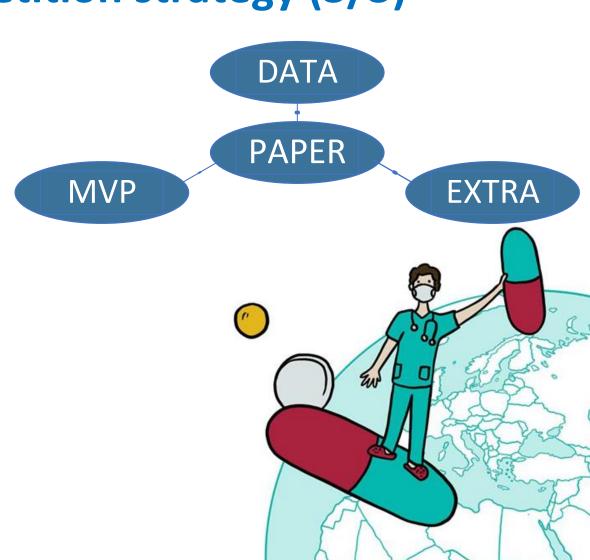
EXTRA SOLUTIONS

- LOOK FOR SOLUTIONS WHICH COULD BE POTENTIALLY UNEXPECTED, SURPRISING BUT APPROPRIATE
- 2. TRY TO APPLY A FEW OF SUCH SOLUTIONS
- 3. CONCENTRATE ON THEIR VALUE ADDED

MOST IMPORTANTLY:

NEVER GIVE UP & ALWAYS ENJOY







DESCRIPTION OF THE CONTEST PROBLEM

by Jacek Lewkowicz







VACCINATION AS A RESPONSE TO THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

THE CASE





Background

economy

social order

COVID-19

public health

politics







Background

Common pandemic measures:

- quarantine
- social distancing
- fiscal support
- vaccination campaigns

Drivers of vaccination uptake:

- personal characteristics
- housing conditions
- population density
- culture
- political preferences



General question

What were the drivers of the level of COVID-19 vaccination in Poland?





Main questions

- 1. Does the size of municipalities/cities matter?
- 2. Do we see a division between eastern and western Poland? Consider i.a. the partitions or Vistula river as borders?

3. Do we see variation in vaccination rates among different age groups?





Additional questions

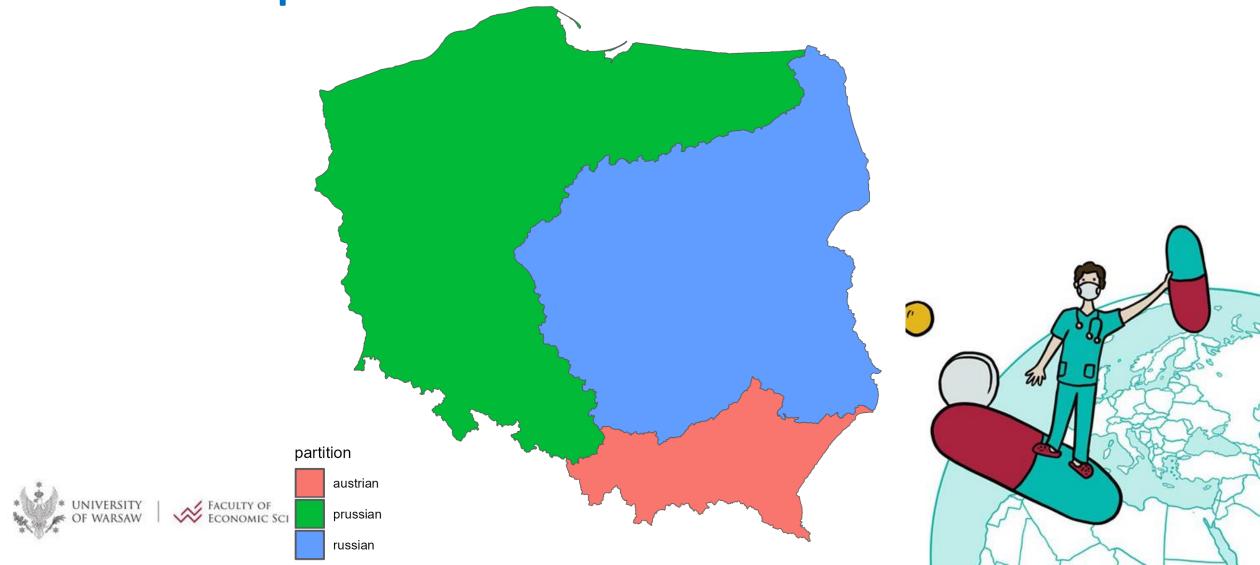
- 4. What makes us best in class? Approach this question in the context of big cities, small cities and rural areas.
- 5. Are there any links between vaccination rate and political views?

6. Is there a neighborhood effect? Is the propensity to vaccinate

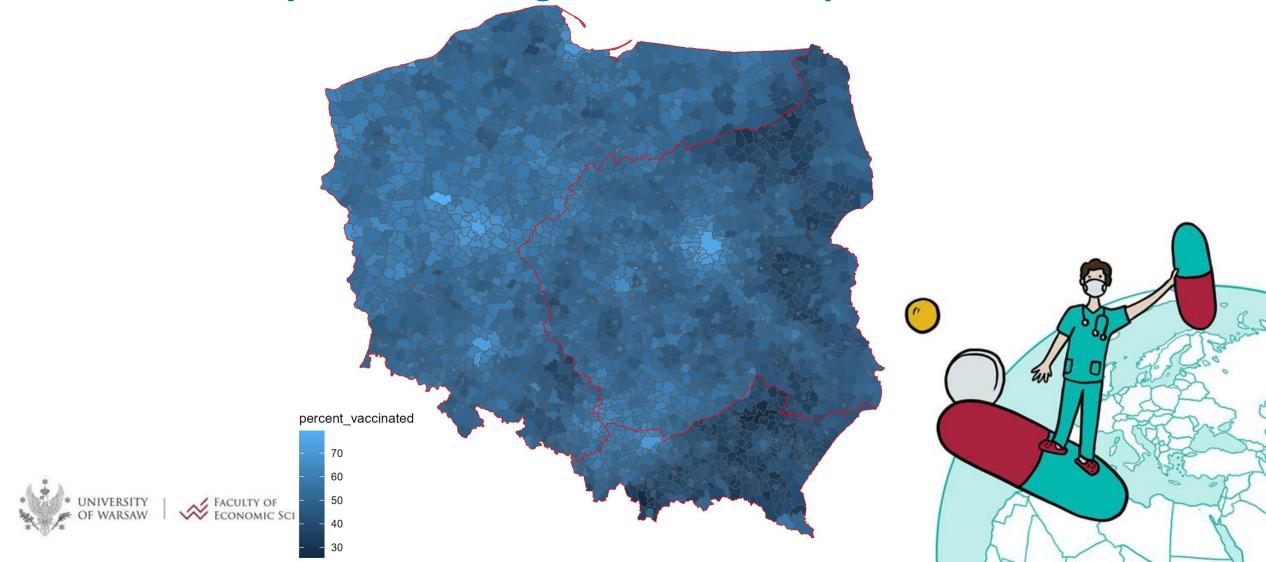
contagious? 😊



Historical partitions of Poland



Percent fully vaccinated against historical partitions of Poland



DATA DESCRIPTION by Piotr Wójcik





Files

- _data/data_municipalities.csv data for 2477 Polish municipalities (pl. *gmina*), 100 variables, source: Ministry of Health, Local Data Bank Statistics Poland (https://bdl.stat.gov.pl)
- _data/ data_counties.csv data for 380 Polish counties (pl. powiat), 12 variables, source: Local Data Bank Statistics Poland (https://bdl.stat.gov.pl)
- _data/ data_description.pdf description of all variables from the above mentioned files
- _data/map_municipalities shapefile for Polish municipalities
- _tutorials/Local_Data_Bank_tutorial.mp4 tutorial on accessing Local Data Bank Statistics Poland
- _tutorial/map_spatial_tutorial.mp4 recording of the tutorial on using shapefiles
- _tutorial/map_spatial_tutorial.R— R codes for the tutorial on using shapefiles

Suggested additional data sources

- Local Data Bank Statistics Poland: https://bdl.stat.gov.pl/
- Results of 2023 parliamentary elections: https://sejmsenat2023.pkw.gov.pl/sejmsenat2023/en
- https://ourworldindata.org/coronavirus/country/poland





MINI-LECTURE
by Katarzyna Peryt-Kowalska



Strengtening the resilience of the health systems

Strategy no 17 – implementing effective Covid-19

vaccination programmes





Health economics

- J. Kenneth ARROW (1972) \rightarrow complexity of health care (#1963)
- Joseph STIGLITZ (1991)

"We note with concern the rising costs of the healthcare system. Generally, an increase in the price of a commodity is not in itself sufficient reason for state intervention" (paraphrase)

- Why does the increase in healthcare spending raise widespread concern?
 - the scale and pace of spending growth,
 - tax base is shrinking... (+ demographic trends...)
 - distinctive features of health care





Four distinctive features of health care

- 1. Derived demand for health care
- 2. Uncertainty and risk
- 3. Incomplete and asymmetric information
- 4. Externalities (external effects)





Distinctive features of health care ad. (4) **Externalities**

- ✓ Some actions have a positive (+) or negative (-) impact on the situation of other exchange parties.
- ✓ Beneficiaries (+) of the existence of positive effects do not

pay for them.

✓ Losers (-) feel aggrieved because no one compensates them for losses.



Distinctive features of health care (4) Infectious diseases and externalities

- Pandemics: COVID-19, plague, Spanish flu, leprosy, tuberculosis, SARS, AIDS, jaundice, venereal diseases, tropical diseases
- Epidemics and public health
- External effect in infectious disease
- How to reduce external costs?





Externalities historically: What institutional solutions?

- Forcing the "internalization" of costs (e.g., leprosaria)
- Shifting costs onto individuals who do not directly create externalities, but whose actions may impact limiting their occurrence (quarantines, day care centers for children)
- Vaccinations
 - Mandatory vaccinations at school
 - Funding primary care physicians according to thresholds of vaccinated population
 - Subsidies (financing vaccines)





Covid-19 and vaccination rollout

- December 2020: first COVID-19 vaccine; 50% uptake app.
- The number of people unwilling to get vaccinated remains very high.
- The anti-vaccination movement a hobby or a dangerous trend?
- Influence of misinformation on vaccination acceptance (historically...)
- Compulsory Vaccination Act 1853
- Religious and freedom-based arguments







The Cow Pock _ or _ the Wonderful Effects of the New Inoculation ! _ vise the Publications of y Anti-Vaccine Society.

Influence of misinformation on vaccination acceptance - contemporary context

- Nanochips and GPS in human body?
- DPT and encephalopathy (diphtheria, tetanus, and pertussis)
- Decrease in DPT vaccination from 70 to 30% (U.S.)
- Pertussis epidemic
- MMR and autism (measles, mumps, and rubella)
- Measles cases
- The cyclical nature of anti-vaccination movements (Robert T. Chen & Beth Hibbs)





Influence of misinformation on vaccination acceptance – COVID-19 context

- Extreme conspiracy theories on nonexistence of coronaviruses and Covid-19
- Reluctancy to verify fake news
- Mayfly phenomenon (Israeli operation)
- Trolling
- Hybrid warfare (Institute for Internet and Social Media Research, 2022)
- Viewing anti-vaccination movements through the lens of the ongoing hybrid warfare





How do health systems respond to a shock? The four stages of a shock cycle

Stage 1
Preparedness
of health
systems to
shocks

Source: Sagan A. et al., Health systems resilience during COVID-19: Lessons for building back better...

Stage 4 Recovery and learning Stage 2 Shock onset and alert

Stage 3 Shock impact and management



Table 1.1 Responding to COVID-19: 20 key strategies to enhance resilience

| LEADING AND GOVERNING THE COVID-19 RESPONSE | |
|--|--|
| Strategy 1 | Steering the response through effective political leadership |
| Strategy 2 | Delivering a clear and timely COVID-19 response strategy |
| Strategy 3 | Strengthening monitoring, surveillance and early warning systems |
| Strategy 4 | Transferring the best available evidence from research to policy |
| Strategy 5 | Coordinating effectively within (horizontally) and across (vertically) levels of government |
| Strategy 6 | Ensuring transparency, legitimacy and accountability |
| Strategy 7 | Communicating clearly and transparently with the population and stakeholders |
| Strategy 8 | Involving nongovernmental stakeholders including the health workforce, civil society and communities |
| Strategy 9 | Coordinating the COVID-19 response beyond national borders |
| FINANCING COVID-19 SERVICES | |
| Strategy 10 | Ensuring sufficient and stable funds to meet needs |
| Strategy 11 | Adapting purchasing, procurement and payment systems to meet changing needs and balance economic incentives |
| Strategy 12 | Supporting universal health coverage and reducing barriers to services |
| MOBILIZING AND SUPPORTING THE HEALTH WORKFORCE | |
| Strategy 13 | Ensuring an adequate health workforce by scaling-up existing capacity and recruiting additional health workers |
| Strategy 14 | Implementing flexible and effective approaches to using the workforce |
| Strategy 15 | Ensuring physical, mental health and financial support for health workers |
| STRENGTHENING PUBLIC HEALTH INTERVENTIONS | |
| Strategy 16 | Implementing appropriate nonpharmaceutical interventions and Find, Test, Trace, Isolate and Support (FTTIS) services to control or mitigate transmission |
| Strategy 17 | Implementing effective COVID-19 vaccination programmes |
| Strategy 18 | Maintaining routine public health services |
| TRANSFORMING DELIVERY OF HEALTH SERVICES TO ADDRESS COVID-19 AND OTHER NEEDS | |
| Strategy 19 | Scaling-up, repurposing and (re)distributing existing capacity to cope with sudden surges in COVID-19 demand |
| Strategy 20 | Adapting or transforming service delivery by implementing alternative and flexible patient care pathways and interventions and recognizing the key role of primary health care |

Health systems resilience during COVID-19 Lessons for building back better Edited by Anna Sagan Erin Webb Natasha Azzopardi-Muscat Isabel de la Mata Martin McKee Josep Figueras

Strategy no 17 – implementing effective Covid-19 vaccination programmes

- 20 strategies (overlapping)
- Quantitative and qualitative analyses a perfect tandem
- Remember the meaning of context and quality of resources
- Success of C19 vacc. campaigns in other countries:
 - strong government guidance
 - good distribution systems
 - trust in vaccines
 - clear communication on the vaccine importance
 - different vaccine choices
 - good health care system etc. etc.





... GOOD LUCK!!!



References

- Sagan A. et al., *Health systems resilience during COVID-19: Lessons for building back better*, WHO Regional Office for Europe on behalf of the European Observatory on Health Systems and Policies, 2021. Available at: https://eurohealthobservatory.who.int/publications/i/health-systems-resilience-during-covid-19-lessons-for-building-back-better
- Thomas S, Sagan A, Larkin J, Cylus J, Figueras J, Karanikolos M. Strengthening health systems resilience: Key concepts and strategies. Policy Brief 36. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe on behalf of the European Observatory on Health Systems and Policies, 2020. Available at: https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/332441
- Davies P., Chapman S., Leask J. (2002). *Antivaccination activists on the world wide web*. Archives of Disease in Childhood, 87(1): 22–25.
- Regional Committee for Europe, 71st session. (2021). Seventy-first Regional Committee for Europe: virtual session, 13–15 September 2021: response to the COVID-19 pandemic: lessons learned to date from the WHO European Region. World Health Organization. Regional Office for Europe. https://iris.who.int/handle/10665/343157
- Kenneth J. Arrow, Uncertainty and the Welfare Economics of Healthcare, AER vo. 53 (5), 1963, p. 941-973
- May be helpful:
 - https://eurohealthobservatory.who.int/publications/studies
 - https://eurohealthobservatory.who.int/monitors/hsrm/









All solutions have to be sent to wec@wne.uw.edu.pl

Before 16:00 Sunday 12th of May 2024

GOOD LUCK!!!







LET THE COMPETITION BEGIN!



