

1. Assume that there are 2 happy people and 2 unhappy people in a room. Concretely, persons A and B are happy and persons C and D are unhappy. If you were to randomly pick a person from the room, what is the probability that the person is happy.

1 / 1 point

- ☒ 1/2
- ☐ 1/4
- ☐ 3/4
- ☐ 0

 Correct

2. Assume that there are 2 happy people and 2 unhappy people in a room. Concretely, persons A and B are happy and persons C and D are unhappy. If a friend showed you the part of the room where the two happy people are, what is the probability that you choose person B?

1 / 1 point

- ☒ 1/2
- ☐ 1/4
- ☐ 3/4
- ☐ 1

 Correct

3. From the equations presented below, express the probability of a tweet being positive given that it contains the word happy in terms of the probability of a tweet containing the word happy given that it is positive

1 / 1 point

$$P(\text{Positive} \mid \text{"happy"}) = \frac{P(\text{Positive} \cap \text{"happy"})}{P(\text{"happy"})}$$

$$P(\text{"happy"} \mid \text{Positive}) = \frac{P(\text{"happy"} \cap \text{Positive})}{P(\text{Positive})}$$

- ☒  $P(\text{Positive} \mid \text{"happy"}) = P(\text{"happy"} \mid \text{Positive}) \times \frac{P(\text{Positive})}{P(\text{"happy"})}$   
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**Correct**

Yes, that is the correct answer.

4. Bayes rule is defined as

1 / 1 point

- ☒  $P(X \mid Y) = P(Y \mid X) \times \frac{P(X)}{P(Y)}$   
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**Correct**

Yes.

5. Suppose that in your dataset, 25% of the positive tweets contain the word 'happy'. You also know that a total of 13% of the tweets in your dataset contain the word 'happy', and that 40% of the total number of tweets are positive. You observe the tweet: 'happy to learn NLP'. What is the probability that this tweet is positive? (Please, round your answer up to two decimal places. Remember that  $0.578 = 0.58$  and  $0.572 = 0.57$ )

1 / 1 point

0.77

**Correct**

That's right. You just applied Bayes' rule.

6. The log likelihood for a certain word  $w_i$  is defined as:

1 / 1 point

6. The log likelihood for a certain word  $w_i$  is defined as:

$$\log\left(\frac{P(w_i|pos)}{P(w_i|neg)}\right).$$

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1 / 1 point

- ☒ Positive numbers imply that the word is positive.

✓ Correct

- ☐ Positive numbers imply that the word is negative.

- ☒ Negative numbers imply that the word is negative.

✓ Correct

- ☐ Negative numbers imply that the word is positive.

7. The log likelihood mentioned in lecture, which is the log of the ratio between two probabilities is bounded between

1 / 1 point

- ☐ -1 and 1
- ☒  $-\infty$  and  $\infty$
- ☐ 0 and  $\infty$
- ☐ 0 and 1

7. The log likelihood mentioned in lecture, which is the log of the ratio between two probabilities is bounded between

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1 / 1 point

- ☐ -1 and 1
- ☒  $-\infty$  and  $\infty$
- ☐ 0 and  $\infty$
- ☐ 0 and 1

✓ Correct

Yes!

8. When implementing naïve Bayes, in which order should the following steps be implemented.

1 / 1 point

- ☒ 1. Get or annotate a dataset with positive and negative tweets
2. Preprocess the tweets: `process_tweet(tweet)` →
3. Compute `freq(w, class)`
4. Get  $P(w | pos)$ ,  $P(w | neg)$

✓ **Correct**  
Yes, that is correct.

9. To test naive bayes model, which of the following are required?

1 / 1 point

- ☒  $X_{val}, Y_{val}, \lambda, \logprior$
- ☐  $X_{val}, Y_{val}, \logprior$
- ☐  $X_{val}, \lambda, \logprior$
- ☐  $Y_{val}, \lambda, \logprior$

✓ **Correct**  
This is correct.

10. Which of the following is NOT an application of naive Bayes?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Sentiment Analysis
- ☐ Author identification
- ☐ Information retrieval
- ☐ Word disambiguation
- ☒ Numerical predictions