Indirect Iterator

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Date: 2004-11-01

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abstract: indirect_iterator adapts an iterator by applying an extra dereference inside of operator*(). For example, this iterator adaptor makes it possible to view a container of pointers (e.g. list<foo*>) as if it were a container of the pointed-to type (e.g. list<foo>). indirect_iterator depends on two auxiliary traits, pointee and indirect_reference, to provide support for underlying iterators whose value_type is not an iterator.

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indirect_iterator synopsis

```
template <
    class Iterator
, class Value = use_default
, class CategoryOrTraversal = use_default
, class Reference = use_default
, class Difference = use_default
>
class indirect_iterator
{
    public:
        typedef /* see below */ value_type;
        typedef /* see below */ reference;
        typedef /* see below */ pointer;
        typedef /* see below */ difference_type;
        typedef /* see below */ iterator_category;
```

```
indirect_iterator();
         indirect_iterator(Iterator x);
         template <
             class Iterator2, class Value2, class Category2
           , class Reference2, class Difference2
         indirect_iterator(
             indirect_iterator<
                  Iterator2, Value2, Category2, Reference2, Difference2
           , typename enable_if_convertible<Iterator2, Itera-
     tor>::type* = 0 // exposition
        );
         Iterator const& base() const;
         reference operator*() const;
         indirect_iterator& operator++();
         indirect_iterator& operator--();
    private:
        Iterator m_iterator; // exposition
     };
  The member types of indirect_iterator are defined according to the following pseudo-code, where
V is iterator_traits<Iterator>::value_type
     if (Value is use_default) then
         typedef remove_const<pointee<V>::type>::type value_type;
     else
         typedef remove_const<Value>::type value_type;
     if (Reference is use_default) then
         if (Value is use_default) then
             typedef indirect_reference<V>::type reference;
         else
             typedef Value& reference;
     else
         typedef Reference reference;
     if (Value is use_default) then
         typedef pointee<V>::type* pointer;
         typedef Value* pointer;
     if (Difference is use_default)
         typedef iterator_traits<Iterator>::difference_type difference_type;
     else
         typedef Difference difference_type;
     if (CategoryOrTraversal is use_default)
         typedef iterator-category (
             iterator_traversal<Iterator>::type, ''reference'', ''value_type''
         ) iterator_category;
     else
```

```
typedef iterator-category (
        CategoryOrTraversal, ''reference'', ''value_type''
) iterator_category;
```

indirect_iterator requirements

The expression *v, where v is an object of iterator_traits<Iterator>::value_type, shall be valid expression and convertible to reference. Iterator shall model the traversal concept indicated by iterator_category. Value, Reference, and Difference shall be chosen so that value_type, reference, and difference_type meet the requirements indicated by iterator_category.

[Note: there are further requirements on the iterator_traits<Iterator>::value_type if the Value parameter is not use_default, as implied by the algorithm for deducing the default for the value_type member.]

indirect_iterator models

In addition to the concepts indicated by iterator_category and by iterator_traversal<indirect_iterator>::type, a specialization of indirect_iterator models the following concepts, Where v is an object of iterator_traits<Iterator>::value_type:

- Readable Iterator if reference(*v) is convertible to value_type.
- Writable Iterator if reference(*v) = t is a valid expression (where t is an object of type indirect_iterator::value_type)
- Lvalue Iterator if reference is a reference type.

indirect_iterator<X,V1,C1,R1,D1> is interoperable with indirect_iterator<Y,V2,C2,R2,D2> if and only if X is interoperable with Y.

indirect_iterator operations

In addition to the operations required by the concepts described above, specializations of indirect_iterator provide the following operations.

```
Requires: Iterator2 is implicitly convertible to Iterator.

Effects: Constructs an instance of indirect_iterator whose m_iterator subobject is constructed from y.base().

Iterator const& base() const;

Returns: m_iterator

reference operator*() const;

Returns: **m_iterator

indirect_iterator& operator++();

Effects: ++m_iterator

Returns: *this

indirect_iterator& operator--();

Effects: --m_iterator

Returns: *this
```

Example

This example prints an array of characters, using indirect_iterator to access the array of characters through an array of pointers. Next indirect_iterator is used with the transform algorithm to copy the characters (incremented by one) to another array. A constant indirect iterator is used for the source and a mutable indirect iterator is used for the destination. The last part of the example prints the original array of characters, but this time using the make_indirect_iterator helper function.

```
char characters[] = "abcdefg";
const int N = sizeof(characters)/sizeof(char) - 1; // -
1 since characters has a null char
                                                    // at the end.
char* pointers_to_chars[N];
for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i)
  pointers_to_chars[i] = &characters[i];
// Example of using indirect_iterator
boost::indirect_iterator<char**, char>
  indirect_first(pointers_to_chars), indirect_last(pointers_to_chars + N);
std::copy(indirect_first, indi-
rect_last, std::ostream_iterator<char>(std::cout, ","));
std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
// Example of making mutable and constant indirect iterators
char mutable_characters[N];
char* pointers_to_mutable_chars[N];
for (int j = 0; j < N; ++j)
  pointers_to_mutable_chars[j] = &mutable_characters[j];
```

```
boost::indirect_iterator<char* const*> muta-
 ble_indirect_first(pointers_to_mutable_chars),
    mutable_indirect_last(pointers_to_mutable_chars + N);
 boost::indirect_iterator<char* const*, char const> const_indirect_first(pointers_to_chars),
    const_indirect_last(pointers_to_chars + N);
  std::transform(const_indirect_first, const_indirect_last,
                 mutable_indirect_first, std::bind1st(std::plus<char>(), 1));
  std::copy(mutable_indirect_first, mutable_indirect_last,
            std::ostream_iterator<char>(std::cout, ","));
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
  // Example of using make_indirect_iterator()
  std::copy(boost::make_indirect_iterator(pointers_to_chars),
            boost::make_indirect_iterator(pointers_to_chars + N),
            std::ostream_iterator<char>(std::cout, ","));
  std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
The output is:
  a,b,c,d,e,f,g,
 b,c,d,e,f,g,h,
  a,b,c,d,e,f,g,
```

The source code for this example can be found here.