# Technical design

## Centralized Firewall

## Semester 6 - Infrastructure

Fontys - Eindhoven



#### Version

Version	Date	Author(s)	Amendments	Status
1.0	11/14/2022	Group 1		In progress

## Table of Contents

1. Introduction	3
2. Network diagram	4
3. Fontys Server - NetLab	
3.2 Terraform control	
4.1 Service: EC2	6
4.1.1 Web Server	6
4.1.2 Database	6
4.1.3 Nat1	7
4.2 Service: VPC	8
4.2.3 Subnets	8
4.2.4 Route tables	9
4.2.5 Internet gateways	10
5. Process diagram	

#### 1. Introduction

This document describes in technical detail what the multi-cloud vironment with the firewall solution will look like based on the requirements we received. The specifications are explained and also why certain choices were made for the design. It is highly recommended to read our project plan before reading this document, because we explain the global information and requirements in detail and this document will be easier to understand with more knowledge about the project.



### 2. Network diagram

This is the first version of the Sogeti multi-cloud enviro ent which we created for the first sprint. The goal of this sprint is to show to the stakeholder that that we can roll out the environment with IaC and apply firewall rules for the different VPC's and subnets.

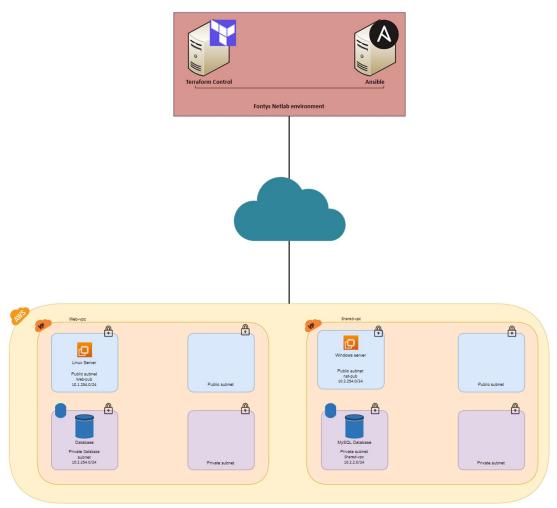


Figure 1: First version of the cloud environment

The environment works as following. On the diagram we have two environments: The first area is a virtual environment from Fontys University called the NetLab. In this area we host server with Ansible and Terrafrom installed on it. From our Terraform control server we are able to apply and roll out changes to the AWS environment. The second area depicts the Sogeti cloud environment. This is the production network of our project. In the future this will contain a firewall for the Sogeti clients to connect to. The first public subnet contains a webserver which is available for public.

### 3. Fontys Server - NetLab

#### 3.2 Terraform control

This virtual machine is used to run the Ansible/Terraform scripts. It is a central point from where the administrator can run numerous different scripts for employing instances on the AWS environment. The AWS CLI is installed on it and is connected to a the groups IAM account (Luuk or Alex).

Hostname: Terraform\_control\_vm
IP Address: 192.168.189.25/24
OS: Ubuntu 20.04.5 LTS

Since we are using a test environment, the Terrafrom control server is installed for now in the NetLab, due the fact that we want to manage the cloud environment remotely. When the firewall solution is going to be used in real-time, the control server will probably be installed in a different on-premise environment to manage the cloud environment remotely. For future use it is recommended to place the Terraform server in an on-site environment. This is because of the security risks if anyone could access the server.

#### 4. Amazon Web Services

We used the region Europe (Ireland) eu-west-1. This is due to a rule in the permissions on our AWS account and its not in our power to choose a region with better latency.

#### 4.1 Service: EC2

This chapter contains and describes the different EC2 instances we use for our project. We use the different services to support the development of our cloud environment and test of the different resources are functioning as they should.

#### 4.1.1 Web Server



This instance is for our public webserver. This EC2 instance helps us testing the AWS security rules. This compute instance is available in a public subnet so it should be accessible to public connections. In the future this instance could be removed.

#### 4.1.2 Database



The database supports our webserver. At this moment the database is placed in a private subnet to show that this resource can only be accessed by the webserver. When the testing sprint is done, this resource can be removed from the environment.

#### 4.1.3 Nat1

Instance ID Public IPv4 address Private IPv4 addresses ☐ i-0892e9a8cb47cc116 (Nat1) 18.203.241.46 | open address 
 ✓ 10.2.254.254 IPv6 address Instance state Public IPv4 DNS ⊖ Stopped Hostname type Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only) IP name: ip-10-2-254-254.eu-west-1.compute.internal ip-10-2-254-254.eu-west-1.compute.internal Answer private resource DNS name Instance type Elastic IP addresses □ 18.203.241.46 [Public IP] t2.micro Auto-assigned IP address VPC ID AWS Compute Optimizer finding Opt-in to AWS Compute Optimizer for recommendations. Learn more 🔼 IAM Role Subnet ID Auto Scaling Group name

#### 4.2 Service: VPC

#### 4.2.1 web-vpc



This is the VPC we use for the webserver. This VPC is accessible to the public to view the content on the webserver. The webserver VPC serves a demo purpose to show that we can control access between the VPCs

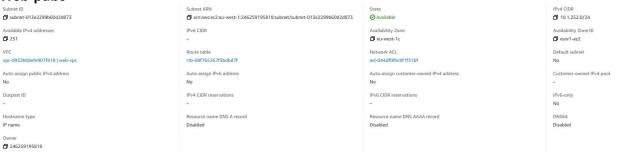
#### 4.2.2 shared-vpc

The database is in a private VPC disconnected from the public VPC. The database is not accessible for public view on the internet, because of security reasons.



#### 4.2.3 Subnets

#### Web-pub3



Web-pub3 is a public subnet which we used for testing our environment. The subnet is currently empty and could be removed in the future.

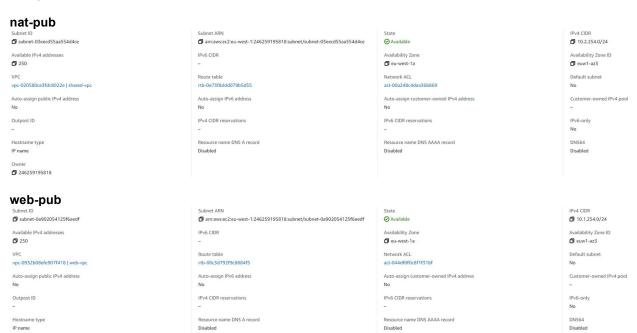
#### **Database**



This subnet is a private subnet in which contains our database. The subnet is set to private for security purposes. When the testing sprint is finished, this database subnet could be removed if we have no further need of RDS.

#### web-pub2 IPv4 CIDR 10.1.253.0/24 State O Available Subnet ID subnet-0db6f688af85b0f12 am:aws:ec2:eu-west-1:246259195818:subnet/subnet-0db6f688af85b0f12 Available IPv4 addresses d eu-west-1b d euw1-az1 Default subnet vpc-0932b08efe907f418 | web-vpc rtb-08f765267f3bdbd7f Auto-assign public IPv4 address Auto-assign IPv6 address Auto-assign customer-owned IPv4 address Customer-owned IPv4 pool Outpost ID IPv4 CIDR reservations IPv6 CIDR reservations Resource name DNS AAAA record IP name Disabled Disabled **1** 246259195818

Web-pub2 is a public subnet which we used for testing our environment. The subnet is currently empty and could be removed in the future.



#### 4.2.4 Route tables

**5** 246259195818

There are four route tables created for the public and private subnets. The tables specify how packets are forwarded between the subnets within the VPC.

Route table ID  The observed in the result of the results of the r	Main  Type  Type	Explicit subnet associations -	Edge associations
VPC vpc-0932b08efe907f418   web-vpc	Owner ID 246259195818		
Route table ID  Trtb-0a69c963b532e7a12	Main  T Yes	Explicit subnet associations -	Edge associations
VPC vpc-020580ce3fdc8022e shared-vpc	Owner ID		
Route table ID  1 rtb-00c3d792f9c8884f5	Main  No	Explicit subnet associations subnet-0a902054125f6eedf / web-pub	Edge associations -
VPC vpc-0932b08efe907f418   web-vpc	Owner ID		
Route table ID  Tirb-0e73f8ddd079b5d55	Main 🗗 No	Explicit subnet associations subnet-03eecd55aa554d4ce / nat-pub	Edge associations
VPC vpc-020580ce3fdc8022e   shared-vpc	Owner ID		

4.2.5 Internet gateways
A Internet Gateway is created for the public and private VPC's because these VPC's need to have internet access.

# 5. Process diagram (Aleks will added here the information about the diagram)

