Statistical Natural Language Processing

Çağrı Çöltekin /tʃaːr¹uɪ tʃœltec¹ɪn/ ccoltekin@sfs.uni-tuebingen.de

> University of Tübingen Seminar für Sprachwissenschaft

Summer Semester 2018

Application examples

For profit (engineering):

- · Machine translation
- · Question answering
- Information retrieval
- · Dialog systems
- Summarization
- · Text classification
- Text mining/analytics
- Sentiment analysis
- Speech recognition/synthesis
- · Automatic grading
- · Forensic linguistics

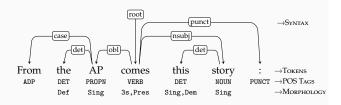
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For fun (research):

- Modeling cognitive/social behavior
- Authorship attribution
- · Investigating language change through time and space
- (Automatic) corpus annotation for linguistic research

Motivation Overview Practical matters Ne

Annotation layers: example



Do we need a pipeline?

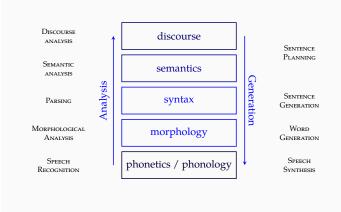
- Most "traditional" NLP architectures are based on a pipeline approach:
 - tasks are done individually, results are passed to upper
- Joint learning (e.g., POS tagging and syntax) often improves the results
- · End-to-end learning (without intermediate layers) is another (recent/trending) approach

Why study (statistical) NLP

- (Most of) you are studying in a 'computational linguistics'
- Many practical applications
- Investigating basic questions in linguistics and cognitive science (and more)

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Layers of linguistic analysis



Motivation Overview Practical matters Next

Motivation Overview Practical matters New

Typical NLP pipeline

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- Text processing / normalization
- Word/sentence tokenization
- POS tagging
- Morphological analysis
- Syntactic parsing
- · Semantic parsing
- Named entity recognition
- · Coreference resolution

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On the word 'statistical'

But it must be recognized that the notion 'probability of a sentence' is an entirely useless one, under any known interpretation of this term. — Chomsky (1968)

- Some linguistic traditions emphasize(d) use of 'symbolic', rule-based methods
- Some NLP systems are based on rule-based systems (esp. from 80's 90's)
- Virtually, all modern NLP systems include some sort of statistical component

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• How many possible parses a sentence may have? • How many ways can you align two (parallel) sentences?

• How to calculate probability of sentence based on the

• Many similar questions we deal with have an exponential

· Naive approaches often are computationally intractable

NLP and computational complexity

probabilities of words in it?

What is difficult with NLP?

- Combinatorial problems computational complexity
- Ambiguity
- Data sparseness

More ambiguities

we do not recognize many of them at first read

• Time flies like an arrow;

fruit flies like a banana.

• Outside of a dog, a book is

a man's best friend; inside

it's too hard to read.

• One morning I shot an

I don't know.

elephant in my pajamas.

• Don't eat the pizza with knife and fork; the one with anchovies is better.

How he got in my pajamas,

search space

NLP and ambiguity

fun with newspaper headlines

- FARMER BILL DIES IN HOUSE
- TEACHER STRIKES IDLE KIDS
- SQUAD HELPS DOG BITE VICTIM
- BAN ON NUDE DANCING ON GOVERNOR'S DESK
- PROSTITUTES APPEAL TO POPE
- KIDS MAKE NUTRITIOUS SNACKS
- DRUNK GETS NINE MONTHS IN VIOLIN CASE
- MINERS REFUSE TO WORK AFTER DEATH

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· Hearing voices? Then you're not alone!

• No parking on both sides.

• They are canning peas.

• My job was keeping him alive.

• We watched another fly.

• Double job pay.

· He fed her cat food.

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Even more ambiguities with pretty pictures



artoon Theories of Linguistics, SpecGram Vol CLIII, No 4, 2008. http://specgram.com/CLIII.4/school.gif

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Statistical methods and data sparsity

- Statistical methods (machine learning) are the best way we know to deal with ambiguities
- Even for rule-based approaches, a statistical disambiguation component is necessary
- Machine learning methods require (annotated) data
- But ...

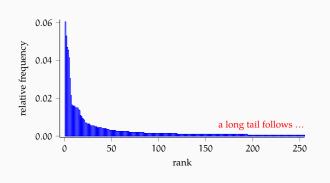
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Languages are full of rare events

word frequencies in a small corpus



What is in this course

- Quick introduction / refreshers on important prerequisites
- The computational linguist's toolbox: basic methods and tools in NLP
- Some applications of NLP

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• Tokenization, normalization, segmentation

• Distributed representations (of words, and other linguistic

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• Cutting edge, latest methods & applications • In-depth treatment of particular topics

• Introduction to terms / concepts from linguistics

• N-gram language models

· Part of speech tagging

· Statistical parsing

What is not in this course

What is in this course

Preliminaries

- Linear algebra, some concepts from calculus
- Probability theory
- · Information theory
- Statistical inference
- Some topics from machine learning
 - Regression & classification

 - Sequence learning (HMMs)Neural networks and deep learning
 - Unsupervised learning

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objects)

What is in this course

NLP Tools and techniques

What is in this course

Applications

- · Text classification
 - sentiment analysis
 - language detection
 - authorship attribution

If time allows

- Statistical machine translation
- Named entitiy recognition
- Text summarization
- Dialog systems

• ...

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Reading material

Logistics

- Lectures: Mon/Fri 12:15 at Hörsaal 0.02
- Practical sessions: Wed 10:15 at Hörsaal 0.02
- Office hours: Wed 12:00-14:00 (room 1.09), or by appointment (email ccoltekin@sfs.uni-tuebingen.de)
- · Course web page: http://sfs.uni-tuebingen.de/~ccoltekin/courses/snlp
- We will use GitHub classroom in this class (more on this soon)

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Grading / evaluation

- Seven graded homework assignments (5 % each)
- Final exam (70 %)
- Attendance
 - $5\,\%$ (bonus) if you miss only one or two classes
 - you lose one bonus point for each additional class you miss
- Up to 5 % additional bonus points for Easter eggs:
 - first person finding intentional trivial mistakes in the course material gets $1\,\%$

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Assignments

• For distribution and submission of assignments, we will use GitHub Classroom

• Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin (2009). Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing,

Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition. second.

- Draft chapters of the third edition is available at

http://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/slp3/

http://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/ElemStatLearn/

• Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, and Jerome Friedman (2009).

The Elements of Statistical Learning: Data Mining, Inference, and

Prediction. Second. Springer series in statistics. Springer-Verlag

Pearson Prentice Hall. ISBN: 978-0-13-504196-3

New York. ISBN: 9780387848587. URL:

- The amount of git usage required is low, but learning/using git well is strongly recommended
- You are encouraged to pair up for the assignments, but you cannot pair with the same person twice
- · Late assignments up to one week, will be graded up to half points indicated
- The solutions will be discussed in the tutorial session after one week from deadline

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Assignment 0

- Your first assignment is already posted on the web page
- You need to follow the URL on the print version of the
- By completing assignment 0, you will
 - register for the course
 - have access to the non-public course material
 - exercise with how later assignments will work
 - provide some data for future exercises
- The repository created for assignment 0 is private, and can only be accessed you and the instructors

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• Once you complete Assignment 0, you will be a member of

• You are also encouraged to use 'issues' in this repository as a place to discuss course topics, ask questions about the

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Further git/GitHub usage

the 'organization' snlp2018 You will get access to - private course material

news and announcements

· Make sure to watch this repository

https://github.com/snlp2018/snlp2018

assignment links

through the repository at

material and assignments

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Practical sessions

• Tutor: Verena Blaschke

tutorial/refresher

 $\langle \mathtt{verena.blaschke@student.uni-tuebingen.de} \rangle$

• You need to bring your own computer, make sure you have

• You are encouraged to ask questions about the assignments

• You are encouraged to ask questions about the exercises

• The solutions will be discussed during tutorial sessions

• We will start with two sessions on Python

a working Python interpreter

during practical sessions

Fri (this week) a hands-on introduction to Python

Mon Mathematical preliminaries (some linear algebra and bits from calculus)

Wed Python tutorial (continued)

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Next

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References / additional reading material

Bishop, Christopher M. (2006). Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Springer. ISBN: 978-0387-31073-2.







Manning, Christopher D. and Hinrich Schütze (1999). Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing. MIT

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