# CSE31: Lab #1 - Basics

This lab contains several parts. To ensure you get full credit, make sure you read this lab carefully and follow the instructions precisely.

#### **Overview**

This lab will take you through the steps to compile C program, use gdb and figure out the number representation of the computers used in lab.

## (Reference) Reading

P&H: 3.1-3.2 K&R: 1.1-1.5

## (Exercise) Simple C Program

Download output0.c file from the assignment page. The code in the file looks like this:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main () {
  int n;
  n = ___;
  printf ("%c\n", n);
  return 0;
}
```

Only modify the line "n = \_\_\_\_\_;" so the output displays 0. Expected output is shown below:

```
$ gcc -c output0.c
$ gcc output0.o -o output0
$ ./output0
0
```

- Q1. What does the -c flag do in gcc?
- Q2. What does the -o flag do in gcc?

Compile the program using –g flag so we can use the debugger, gdb.

- Q3. How do you load output0 into gdb? (give the command)
- **Q4**. How do you set breakpoint at main? (give the command)

- Q5. Command to run output0 inside gdb
- **Q6**. Command to single-step through the program

## (Exercise) Number Representation

Download biggestInt.c file from the assignment page. The code works by using 1 and shifting the number until it wraps around or overflows. It exploits the fact C does not really check for these conditions. It allows us to test the limits in a particular system and see the underlying number representation. You may wish to follow the exact steps the code is executing but it is not essential to answer the questions.

- **Q7**. First output gives the value of the most significant bit (MSB) of an unsigned int. What is the size (# of bits) of an unsigned int?
- **Q8**. Second output gives the value of a long int. What is the size of a long?
- **Q9**. Third output shows the most negative signed int. Is the size of a signed int the same as an unsigned int?
- **Q10**. Fourth line shows the value of the most negative value's negation, ie most\_negative\_number. What is the output and the reason for the value to be this way? (Hint: remember the property of 2's complement representation)

### Collaboration

Credit anyone you worked with in three different ways:

- Given help to
- Gotten help from
- Collaborated with and worked together

#### What to hand in

When you are done with this lab assignment, you are ready to submit your work. Make sure you have done the following *before* you press Submit:

- Answers to Q1-Q10.
- Attach output0.c
- List of collaborators (just the names)