

AITHRA

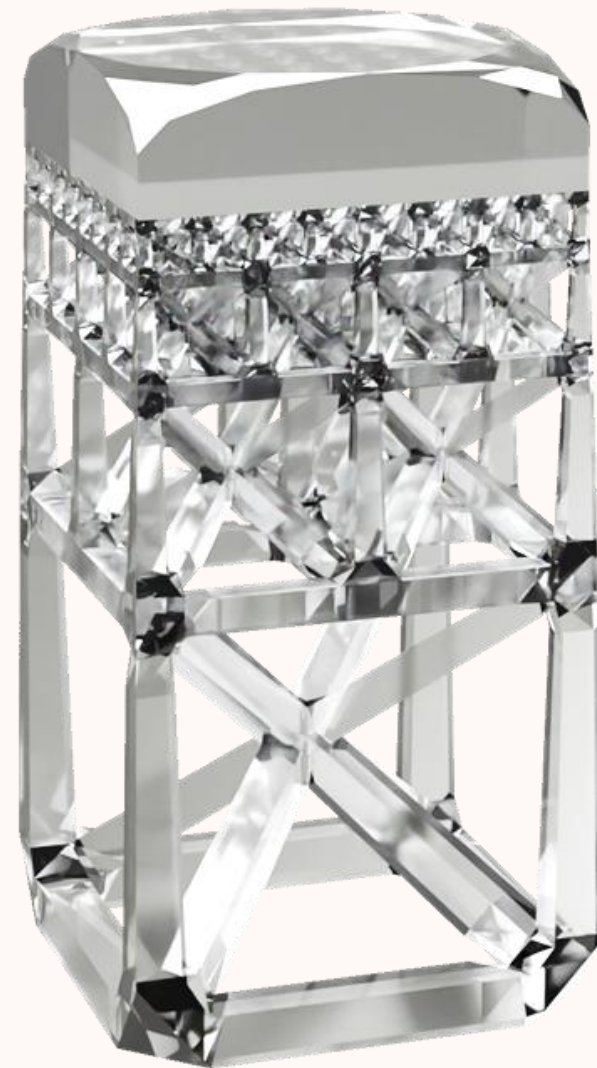
Next-gen 3D printing technology...

...to exceed current manufacturing
limits of cutting-edge industries

Marine Bertucchi – Chief Executive Officer

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TEAM

Complementary founding team with strong experience in hardware R&D projects



Marine Bertucchi – *Chief Executive Officer*



Engineering & Pre-Sales positions at  GE Healthcare **THALES** 



Cédric Neuville – *Chief Technology Officer*



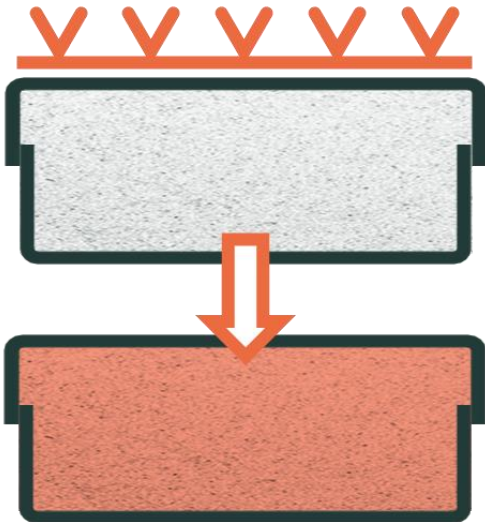
Author / Contributor of **10 published research papers**
Winner of **Paris Saclay's Thesis Prize**
Nominated for **Prize René Pellat**

Supports & Partnerships



Two main ways to produce high added value pieces : High-pressure sintering on a mold (1/2)

Uniform heating
+
Uniform pressure



Limited

High-pressure sintering molds constraints are **limiting the complexity of produced pieces**. Most produced forms must be machined to be adapted to final use.



Time-
consuming

Machining process is very time-consuming **to limit the breakage** and **because ceramics are very hard materials**.

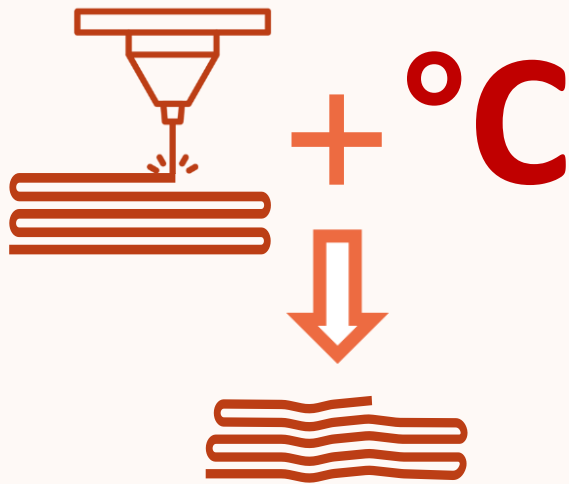


Expensive

Mold production, sintering then machining is finally a **long and expensive process** needing specialized machines **which tools are quickly consumed**.

Two main ways to produce high added value pieces : Pressureless sintering after 3D Printing (2/2)

3D printing with binder
+
High-temperature
treatment




Material
Degradation

Pressureless sintering is made possible thanks to a passage through a very high-temperature oven, but it has a **degradation effect on the material capabilities**.


Distortion

The 3D Printing parameters are **not perfectly known** before a piece is produced. It generates **distortion** of produced parts, **making them not suitable for high-precision pieces**.


Time-
consuming

Printing then high-temperature treatment is a long process taking from days to weeks. For each new shape, distortion uncertainty results in an iterative process that extends again production time

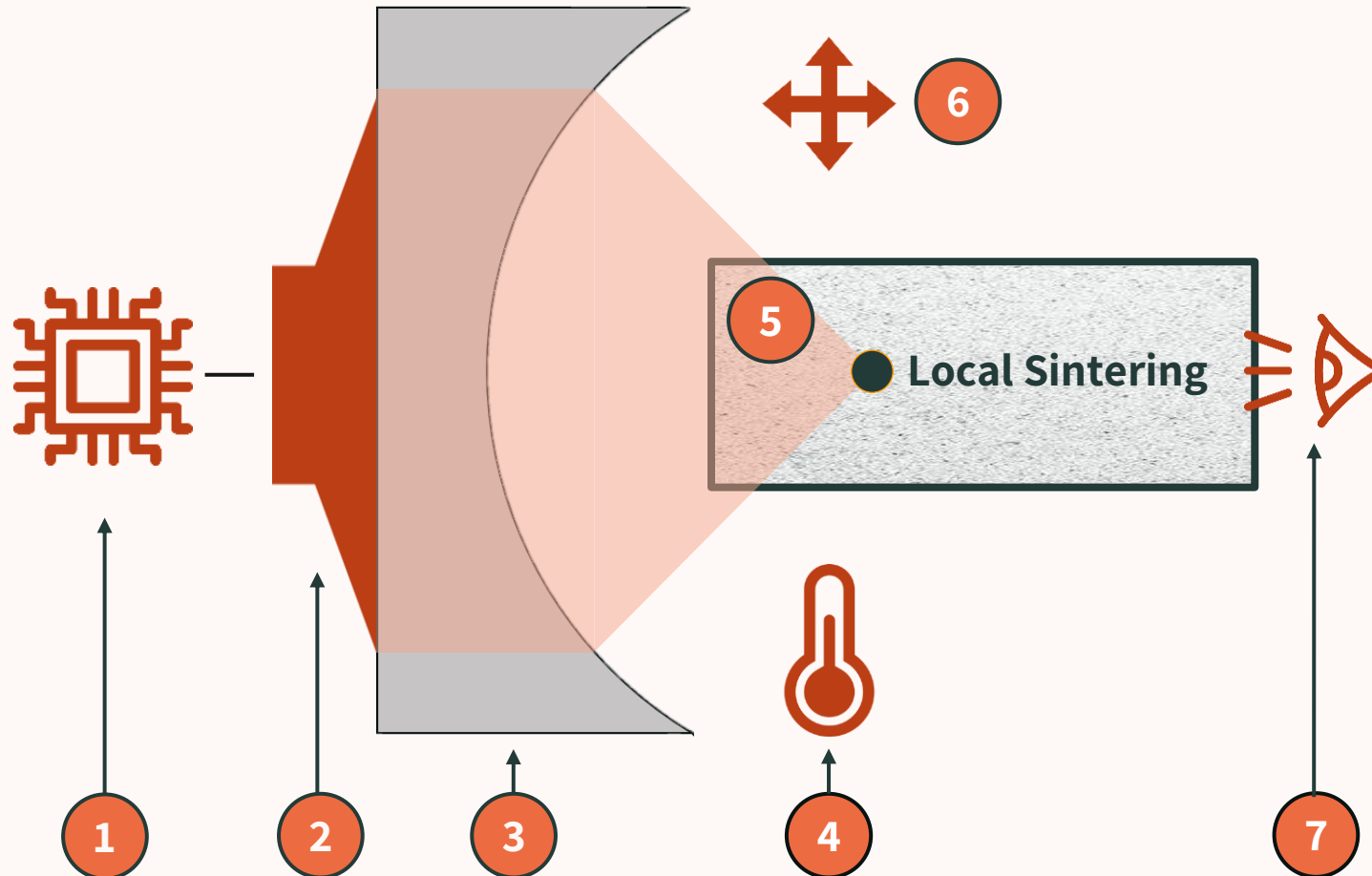
P R O D U C T

AITHRA

**High pressure sintering by acoustic waves to
exceed the manufacturing
limits of cutting-edge industries**

PRODUCT

Patented technology to merge the best of 3D Printing & mold manufacturing methods



Key Steps

- 1 : Power electronics + software to control acoustic waves
- 2 : **Acoustic wave transmitter**
- 3 : Lens which allows the focus
- 4 : Local temperature adjustment
- 5 : Crucible containing ceramics powder*
- 6 : **Movement of sintering point**
- 7 : Control of sintering process

*Ceramics : Non-organic and non-metallic material, made of many nanometric to micrometric grains :
Oxides (**Zirconia**, Alumina, ...) Carbide (**Silicon Carbide**, Tungsten Carbide, ...), Nitride (**Aluminum Nitride**,), etc.

PRODUCT

Unlocking materials & forms possibilities, with the highest precision level



More materials

Aithra's technology is made to work with optimum materials which are either **very hard to use** or **incompatible with 3D Printing**.



Complex forms

Aithra's sintering works on **the most complex forms without using any mold**, thus removing current high-pressure sintering drawbacks.



High precision

Cutting edge industries standards are met in matter of precision with a **resolution up to 1 μm without any prior iteration**.

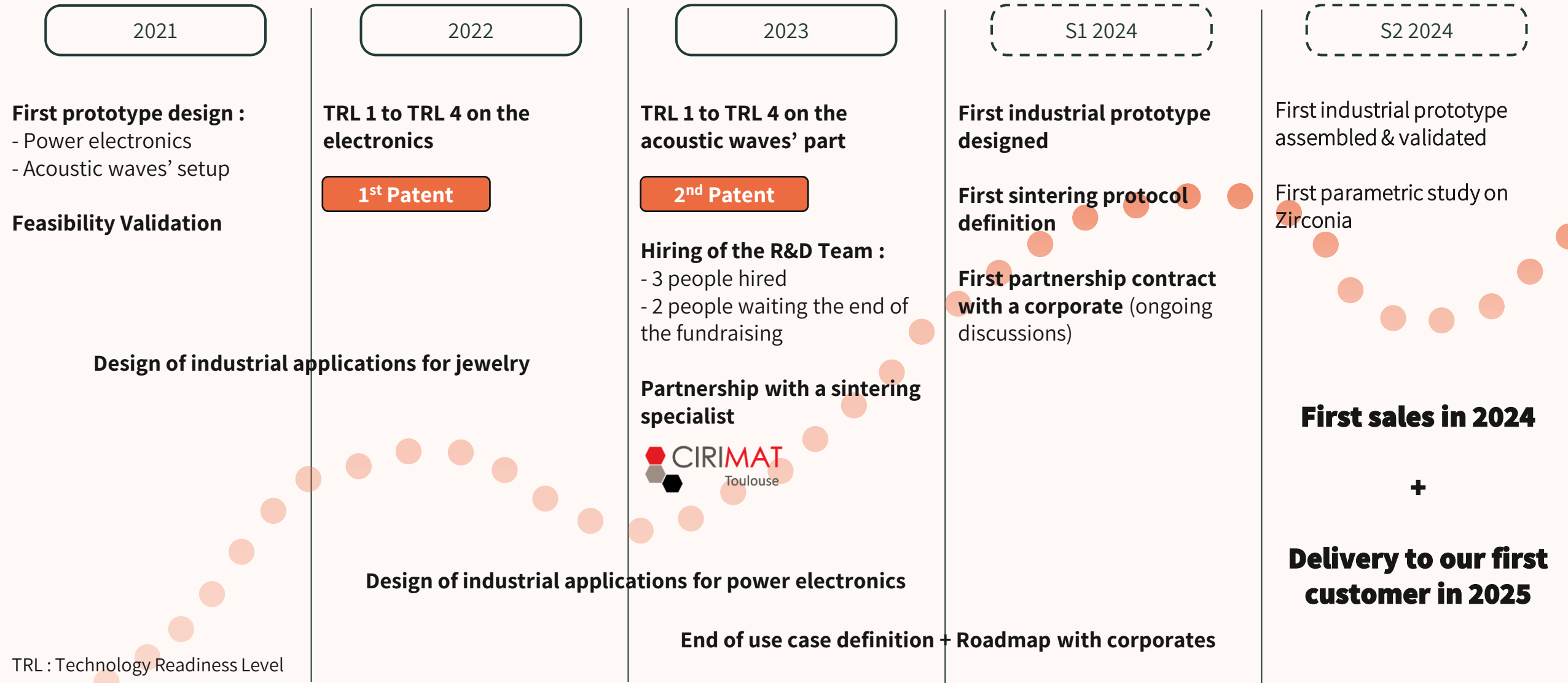
VISION

AITHRA

**Technical ceramics are the next gold rush.
We are the solution to unleash it.**

ROADMAP

4-year long R&D to be ended in 2024 with a first sales...



ROADMAP

...& from there we can replicate the process on other materials

More eligible materials for sintering over time

Machine	Sintering Pressure	Materials	Machine POC	Machine Production
P1	.25 GPa	Zirconia	2023	2025
P2	1 GPa	SiC, AlN	2024	2026
P3	5 GPa	c-BN, Diamond	2025	2027

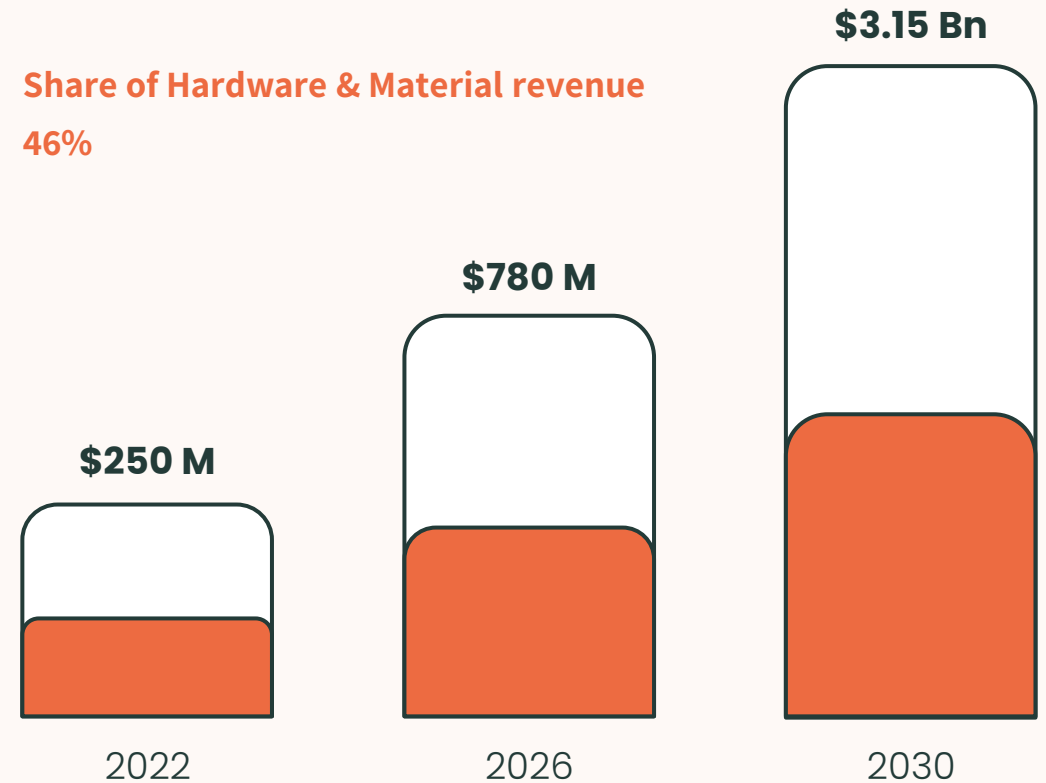
The difference between sinterable materials in 2024, 2025 & 2026 is a matter of pressuring power.

We are at the dawn of a multi billion-dollar market

Technical ceramic manufacturing sector is expected to reach \$350 Bn in yearly revenue by 2030

Est. value of Additive Manufacturing of Technical Ceramics
CAGR : 37%

Share of Hardware & Material revenue
46%







Roadmap already filled for the next 3-years, more industries to sustain our growth on the long run

Short term sales target : Industries with ongoing discussions

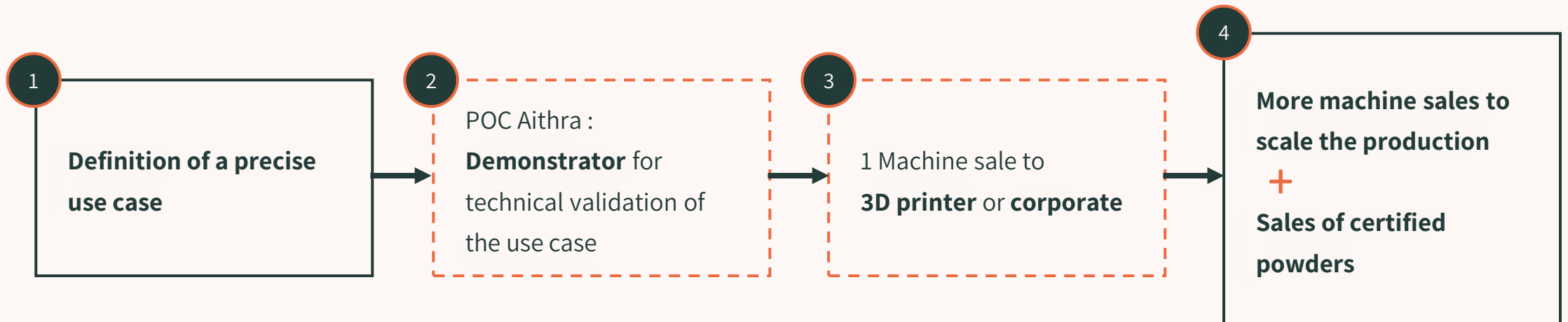
...

Long term sales target

	Aerospace	High jewelry	Defense	...	Nuclear	Health
Use Case	Heat exchanger	Watches & Metal replacement in Jewelry	RF antenna		TBD	Filing
Competitive advantage	Process	Workable material	Workable material + Process		Environment-friendly	Environment-friendly + Production time
Identified materials	Zirconia SiC AlN Diamond	Zirconia Spinel AlON Diamond	Zirconia SiC AlN Diamond	• • •	Zirconia SiC Diamond	Zirconia Diamond
Technical validation year	2024 2025 2026	2024 2025 2026	2024 2025 2026		2024 2025	2024 2026
Commercialization year	2025	2026	2026		2027	2027
Business stage	Definition of uses cases with future customer	Definition of uses cases with future customer	Definition of uses cases with future customer		-	-
In talk with	 SAFRAN + 	 COURBET + [under NDA]	 AGENCE INNOVATION DÉFENSE		-	-

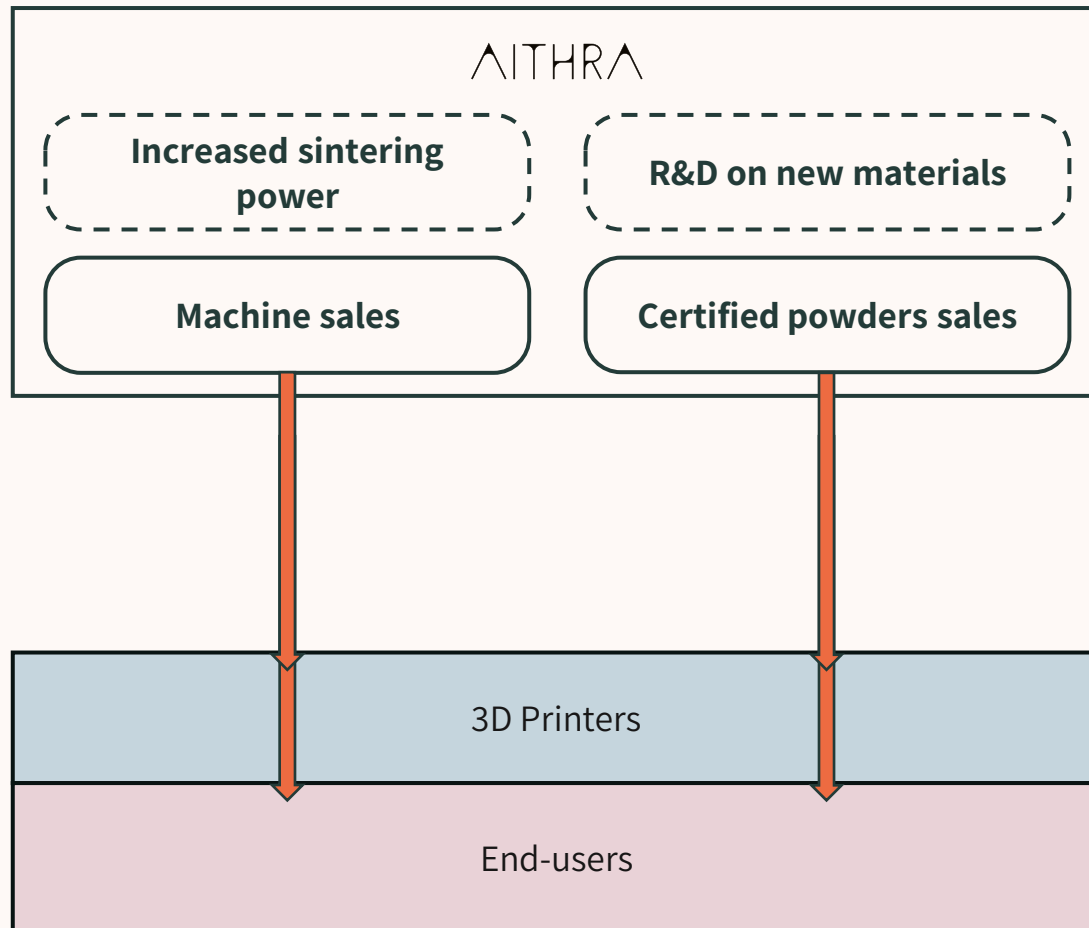
What we build is what our customers ask for

SALES PROCESS

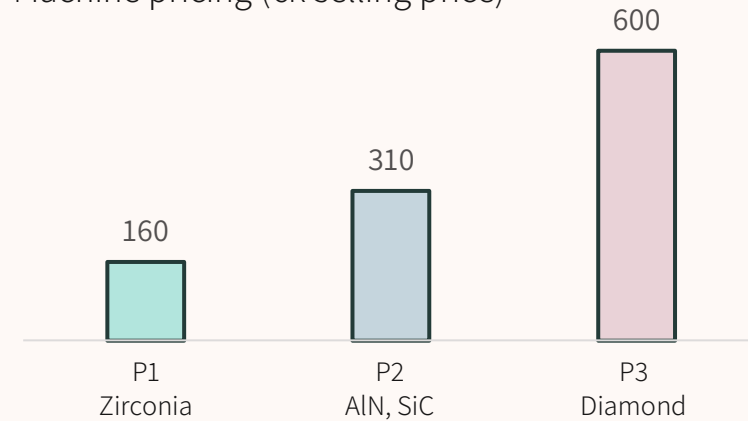


BUSINESS MODEL

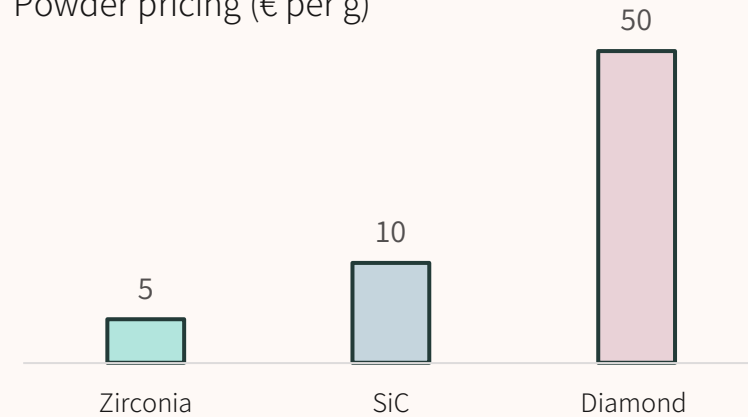
**Our model is meant to upsell organically
as we increase the number of mastered materials**



Machine pricing (€k selling price)

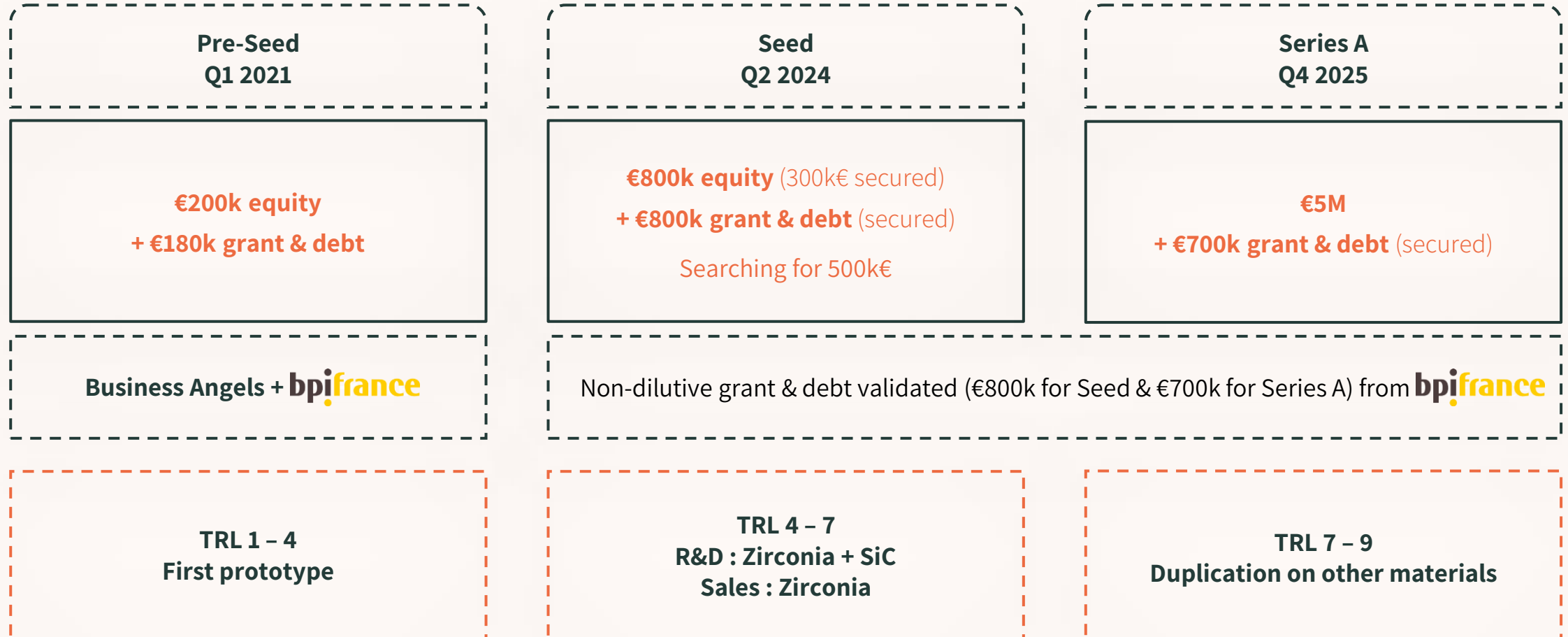


Powder pricing (€ per g)



FUNDRAISING

**Raising €1.6M - including €1.1M secured -
to reach commercialization stage & continue R&D for next materials**



VISION

**Become the #1 manufacturing solution for
cutting-edge industries**

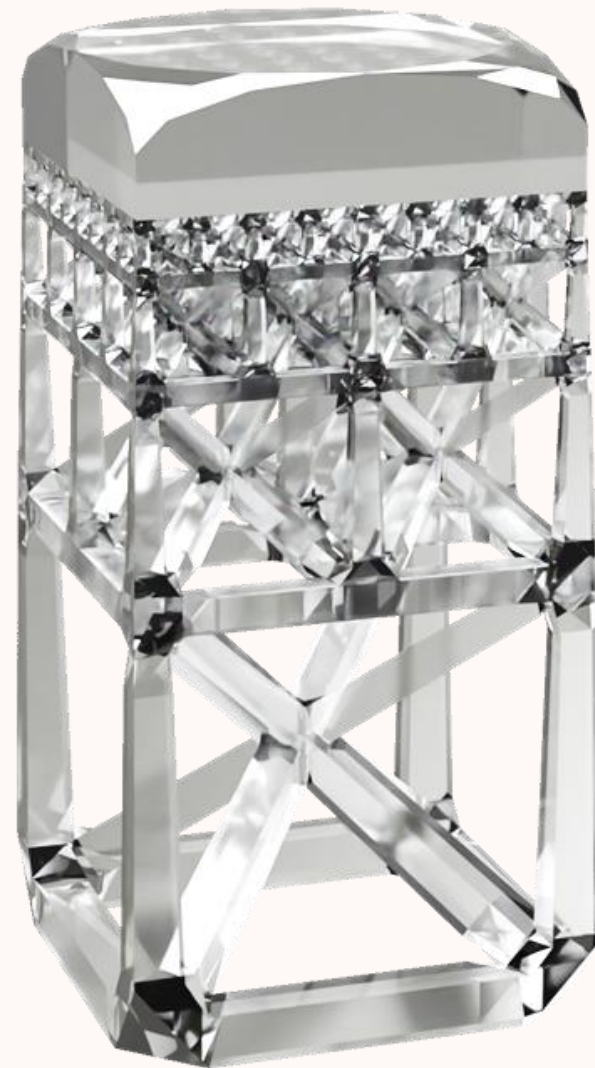
AITHRA

Selective high-pressure sintering to go beyond cutting-edge industries' limits

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Diamond as an exponential lever of growth from 2026

Exceptional...

- Ability to **convert radioactivity into electricity & to recover remaining energy from nuclear waste** ;
- **Best-known thermal conductivity** (5 times greater than copper) :
Outperforms all heat exchangers and heat sinks in the energy and power electronics markets ;
- **Enabler of a new generation of water purification** for water leaving factories and hospitals.

...but inexploited features

- No current technology **can control the shape of diamond parts** which are either small stones, small slabs or powders, **so it limits their possible uses** ;
- **These shapes are extremely difficult to manufacture** because diamond is the **hardest material known** ;
- **Financial and environmental costs of diamonds** are currently prohibitive.

A solution with **ΛITHRA**

- All shapes, whether long, wide, convex or concave, become possible, **enabling innovative uses** ;
- **Improved mechanical strength**, all other characteristics being equal ;
- **Environmental and financial costs are reduced** because
 - Generation process less energy-intensive & less complex than competing technologies ;
 - No longer any need to produce a large rough diamond to cut a small diamond.

COMPARISON

The best of 3D Printing & High-pressure sintering

	3D printing + Pressureless sintering	High-pressure sintering	ΛITHRAΛ
Production steps	2 steps : Printing + Unbinding/Sintering	3 steps : Mold production + Piece production + Post-processing	1 step
Complex forms limitation	Any complex form if not too thick (<4mm)	Limited	Any
Use of a binder*	Yes : Polluting + Thickness limitation (<4mm)	No	No
Control of Shrinkage-related deformation	No	Yes	Yes
Material limitation	Yes	No	No
Post-production performances	#3	#2	#1

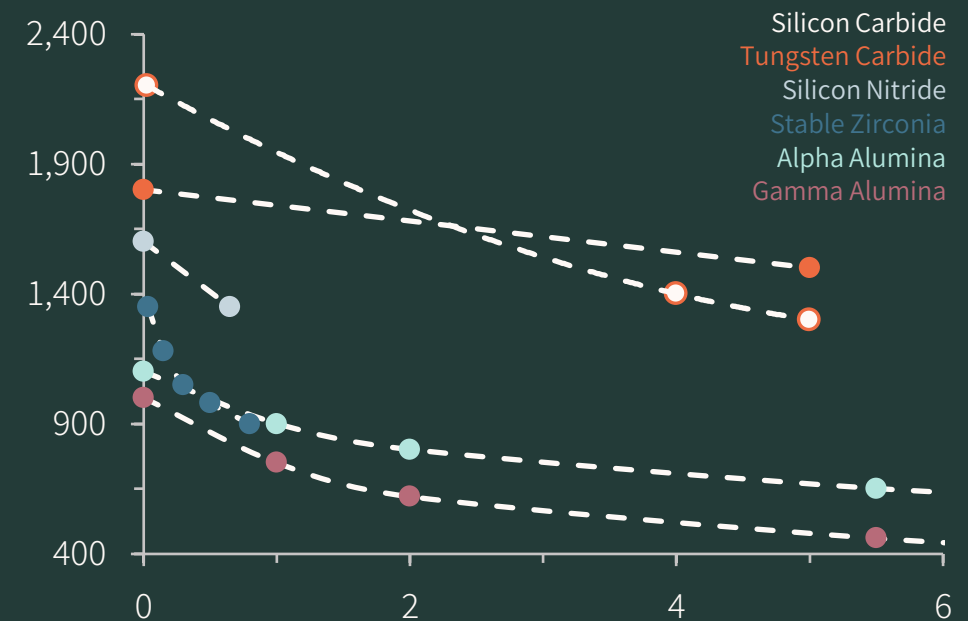
Best-in-class solution for both customers & our planet

High-pressure sintering is environment friendly by nature...



1. Additive manufacturing is already less consuming in matter of raw materials and energy
2. The absence of binder burning (made of plastic) avoids additional pollution

...& energy efficient as much as we increase pressuring power



Estimation of performances of our first machine, outperforming existing technologies

3D Printing Key Performance Indicators	Current Technologies Best Performances	2024 [Demonstrator]	2025 [First delivery]	2026+ [Maximum performances]
Resolution	10 - 50 µm*	50 µm	25 µm	1 µm
Tolerance	35 - 300 µm*	200 µm	100 µm	10 µm
State of surface	10 - 50 µm*	50 µm	10 µm	< 1 µm
Grain size	1 - 10 µm*	200 nm	200 nm	100 nm
Density	97 %	95 %	99 %	100 %
Pressure	Ambient	.25 GPa	1 GPa	5 GPa

* Minimum values are for small pieces with simple forms, after many iterations.
Maximum values are actual performances on complex parts.

Each material is a billion-dollar business opportunity

	Zirconia	Silicon Carbide	Aluminum Nitride
Use Case	Watch and jewelry components	heat shield for atmospheric re-entry (missile & spatial)	Heat sinks
Use Case	Thermal barrier	Heat exchanger	Opto-electronics thermal management
Use Case	Fuel cells	Furnace components	Electric insulators
Use Case	Dental implants	Spatial optics	Electronic Substrates
Use Case	Antennas	Cutting & abrasive tools	Military Applications
Market (in \$ Bn)	5.3	3.3	1.3
CAGR	6.8 %	11.7 %	8.8 %

Current & future FTEs

CURRENT EMPLOYEES



Antoine D.
Position : Acoustics Engineer
Exp. : Experimental Physics



Cloé B. [PhD CIFRE]
Position : Research Engineer
Exp. : Additive manufacturing & SPS



Marc M.
Position : Architect Engineer
Exp. : Multi-physics simulations



HIRED POST-FUNDRAISING [CONFIRMED]



Pauline D.
Position : Algorithm Engineer
Exp. : Algorithms & AI



Frédéric P.
Electronics Expert
Exp. [25 yrs] : Power electronics for acoustics