















# ENADYNE STANDS FOR ADVANCED AND SUSTAINABLE PLASMA-BASED SOLUTIONS

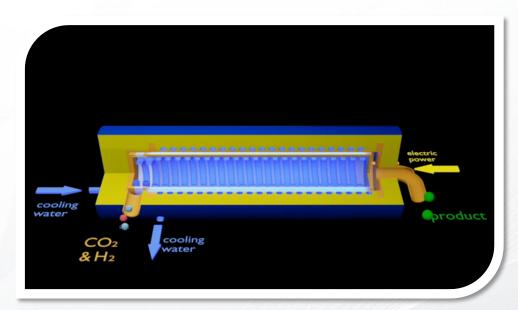
Executive summary

enaDyne stands for plasma reactors that selectively convert CO<sub>2</sub> and a hydrogen source into synthetic base chemicals and e-fuels in a single process step. The core process has an unprecedented energy efficiency, allows complete carbon neutrality and is highly scalable.

The technology solves several critical challenges at the same time:

- The profitable reduction of industrial CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
- The scalable production of synthetic fuels.
- The sustainable replacement of fossil feedstock with the flexible production of synthetic hydrocarbons.

The electrode material that is key to the technology has been patented several times and the project is supported by a network of renowned R&D partners. Beyond that enaDyne was awarded as one of the most promising projects for the sustainable reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by the German Federal Agency for disruptive innovation (SPRIN-D) in its recent Carbon-to-Value Challenge.



enaDyne reactor prototype

Click here for a brief video overview.



# TO OVERCOME THE CLIMATE CRISIS AT SPEED AND SCALE, TECHNOLOGY MUST MEET THREE CRITERIA

The challenge



#### Active reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

Just reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions will not allow us to reach net-zero. As certain emissions are not avoidable, there is an urgent need for active carbon dioxide reduction technologies.



### **Profitable** application

Relying on subsidies will not solve the problem. To achieve a widespread application of the technology and its products, it must achieve a profit for its users.



#### Production of sustainable resources

A sufficient supply of sustainably produced chemicals and fuels is the only way to achieve a lasting independence of fossil oil and gas without hurting existing value chains.



#### THE ENADYNE TECHNOLOGY PROFITABLY CONVERTS CO<sub>2</sub> INTO GREEN CHEMICAL FEEDSTOCK AND E-FUELS

The solution

#### Harmful emissions....



Any process that produces relevant CO<sub>2</sub> emissions is suitable as CO2 source. Possible sources are for example:

- Biogas plants
- Cement, Steel- and aluminum production

In the long run direct air capture might be a valid alternative.



Both green hydrogen and green methane are suitable hydrogen sources. Fossil hydrogen sources are possible but yield no decarbonizing effect. The focus is therefore on:

- H<sub>2</sub> produced via electrolysis
- **CH**<sub>4</sub> produced in biogas plants
- In the long term, also **H**<sub>2</sub>**O** is possible





Energy - Technology is carbon neutral from 80% RE-Share

#### ... become valuable resources

As **primary product**, the reactor selectively produces one out of a variety of hydrocarbons in a single-staged, highly selective process.

- E-Fuels and E-Fuel pre-products
- Feedstock for the chemical industry
- Ethylene, alcohols, aldehydes, etc.



As **byproducts**, most synthesis processes create:

- Oxygen
- Pure, solid carbon

The solid carbon allows permanent carbon sequestration.



Secondary products

Beyond this, several other use cases like the production of ammonia from nitrogen and H<sub>2</sub> are possible.

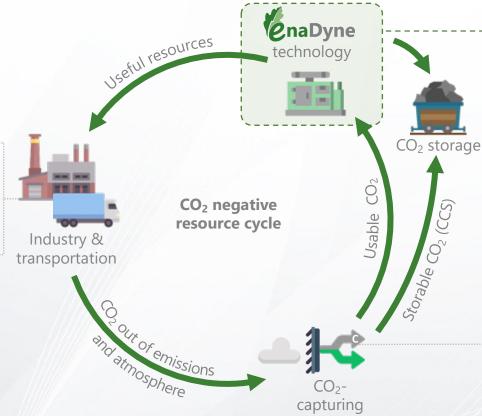


## ENADYNE TECHNOLOGY ESTABLISHES A CARBON NEGATIVE RESOURCE CYCLE

Added value in the context of the energy transition

A large part of the global CO<sub>2</sub> load comes from processes in industry and transport and energy generation.

The CO<sub>2</sub> produced in this way is essentially still emitted as waste gas.



enaDyne's technology allows the direct conversion of  $CO_2$  into chemicals that can be returned to the system. Thus, for the first time, a closed  $CO_2$  cycle can be established.

Fed by renewable green energy or if the products are used in activities with high storage potential like plastics production, the cycle can even be made CO<sub>2</sub> negative.

Several technologies already deal with the capture of CO<sub>2</sub> from exhaust gases and the atmosphere.

In principle, these technologies help to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. However, the question of what happens to the CO<sub>2</sub> after being captured remains unanswered.



### **ENADYNE IS THE ONLY TECHNOLOGY THAT COMBINES FOUR VITAL TECHNOLOGY ADVANTAGES**

Technology advantages



#### More efficient

Plasma catalysis technology works just above room temperature and around ambient pressure. This allows the selective conversion of CO<sub>2</sub> to green resources in a single process step with an energy efficiency far above that of common technologies.



#### More flexible

The technology can selectively and flexibly produce diverse chemical feedstocks and e-fuels. It is also independent of green hydrogen as it can also use biomethane as a hydrogen source. Moreover, its ramp-up time is only a few minutes.



#### More scalable

enaDyne pursues a modular approach in which cost-effective reactors are connected in parallel. This enables efficient series production and qualifies the technology for both scaled industrial as well as decentralized applications.



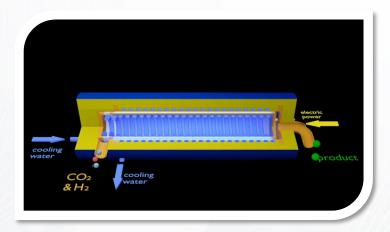
#### More sustainable

The enaDyne technology can be operated  $CO_2$  neutrally with as little as 80% RE share, since small portions of processed carbon are captured in solid form. Furthermore, no rare earths are required for production and operation of the reactors.



## THE TECHNOLOGY IS DEVELOPED AS A MODULARLY SCALABLE CONTAINER SOLUTION

Modular scaling approach



enaDyne reactor design

- The enaDyne reactor is based on our functionalized ceramics material that is patented several times.
- The plasma-active properties of the material allow us to build up a highly selective nonthermal plasma only slightly above room temperature.
- Depending on how the material is adjusted, the process can be used to yield a variety of different products.



enaDyne reactor - modular scaling approach

- Instead of further scaling the reactor, we pursue a modular approach in which we cluster up to 250 reactors.
- The chosen approach allows a centralized and more scalable production and more flexibility for our customers.
- Most of the peripheral technology<sup>1)</sup> is standard technology that is **enabled by our core material**. This way significant parts of the production can be performed by external partners.



# ENADYNE TECHNOLOGY DIFFERENTIATES ITSELF THROUGH SCALABILITY AT HIGH EFFICIENCY

Competitive Landscape

		e.g. <b>UCIT</b> Electro catalysis		e.g. LanzaTech 🕅 Microorganisms	e.g. Linite Dry Reforming
Energy efficiency	++	++		+	-
Flexibility	+	-	/////-	-	-
Scalability	++	-	+	-	+
Space requirement	+	+	+	-	
Product diversity	+	+ ////	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>
Process complexity	+	+	-	-	-///
Technology readiness			+	+	+
","	2 <sup>nd</sup> Generation		1 <sup>st</sup> Generation		

- Second-generation power-to-X technologies use advanced catalysis approaches to reduce process complexity and enable higher efficiency in converting CO<sub>2</sub> into green chemical feedstock.
- Compared to the competing electrocatalysis, plasma catalysis ensures a significantly increased scalability.



### OUR TARGET CUSTOMERS ARE OWNERS OF CO<sub>2</sub> EMITTING PROCESSES

Customers



#### **Biogas plants**

- enaDyne processes raw biogas
- Output is upgraded
- Plant becomes CO<sub>2</sub> negative

#### **Heavy emitters**

- Cement
- Steel
- Gas-fired power plants

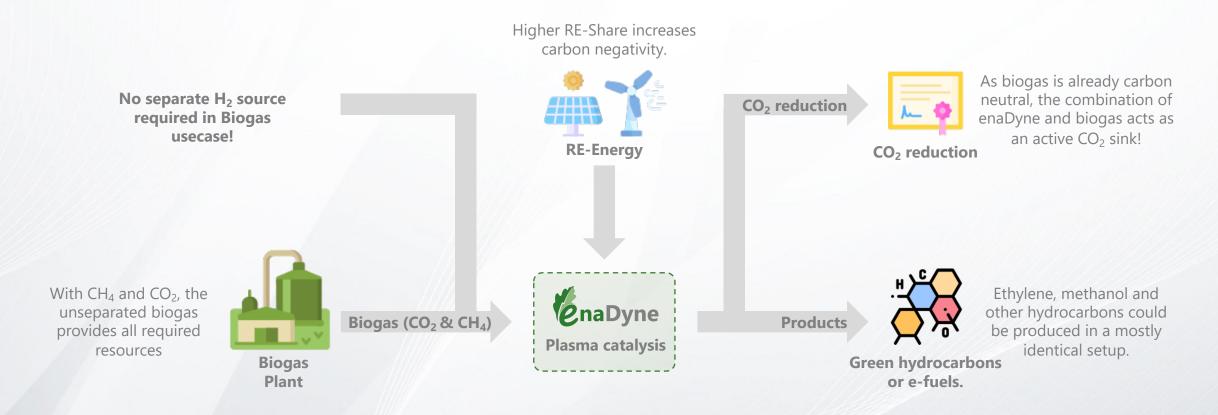
#### **Energy sector**

- Energy transport/storage
- Grid stability solutions
- Alternative to feeding into grid



# IN OUR BIOGAS USECASE, ENADYNE TURNS BIOGAS PLANTS INTO ACTIVE CO<sub>2</sub>-SINKS

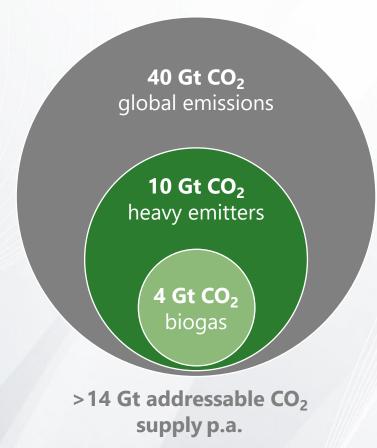
Example usecase – Biomethane & CO<sub>2</sub> to usable resources



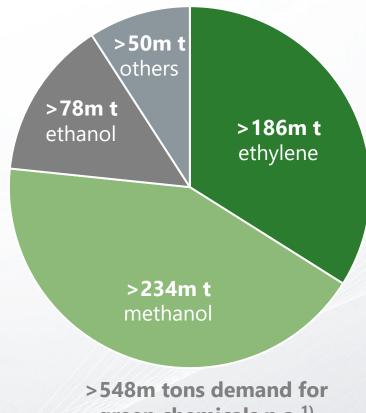


#### OUR MARKET IS A COMBINATION OF ADRESSABLE CO<sub>2</sub> AND DEMAND FOR GREEN CARBON-BASED CHEMICALS

Market potential



The enaDyne technology is the only one that can use CO<sub>2</sub> to address demands for multiple chemical products at scale.



green chemicals p.a.<sup>1)</sup>



## THE TECHNOLOGY IS PROVEN, PATENTED AND WILL BE MARKET READY IN A MAXIMUM OF 4 YEARS

Status quo

2

working prototypes.

First **demonstrator** projects in planning phase.

2

registered patents.

6 additional patents in pipeline!

12

renowned R&D and industrial partners.

To support **development** and production **scaling**.

4

years time-to-market.

**Earlier revenues possible** with other applications.



## THE TECHNOLOGY'S HIGH PROFITABILITY ALLOWS BOTH A SALES APPROACH AND A TAAS MODEL

Business model

>30-50%

profit margin

We currently estimate a sales price for the container version of around € 1.3m at a production cost of € 0.8-1m. 4-5

years to positive ROI

The investment in an enaDyne container solution will pay off after 4-5 years.

Therefore, also technology-as-a-service approaches are feasible.

90%

commodity technology

As most of the container solution's periphery are standard components, we will focus on our core material and final assembly.

In a first step, we will produce and sell our reactor solution and work with partners to scale production and maintenance. Later, licensing or technology-as-a-service models are also viable.



## WE HAVE BUIT A STRONG NETWORK OF INDUSTRIAL AND ACADEMIC PARTNERS

Partner Network





Gas handling, separation & engineering





Biogas & value chain

Industry



Core technology & electrode material

Our partners increase our pace by giving us access to resources, know-how, industrial testing possibilities and production scaling.



**Enamel & Machinelearning** 



**Catalysis** 



**Academia** 

Measurement technology



**Measurement technology** 





### ENADYNE WAS FOUNDED BY AN INTERDISCIPLINARY TEAM AND IS SUPPORTED BY STRONG ADVISORS

Team



**Torsten Lorenz Material Science** 

Christian Koch
Co-Founder Science

Martin Drössiger Electrical Engineering

**Dr. Dave Arens IT / Machine Learning** 

Philipp Hahn Co-Founder Business

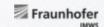


**Dr. Juliane Titus** Advisor Catalysis



Dr. Martin Kilo Advisor Material Science











Teambackground:







SIEMENS









## IN OUR NEXT TWO FINANCING ROUNDS, WE LOOK FOR FUNDS TO BUILD PROTOTYPES AND DEMONSTRATORS

Financing rounds

€ 1.5m

Seed round Late 2022 (closing soon)

Team setup, infrastructure, materials development, prototype development,

€ 4-8m\*

(Pre-)Series A round Mid/Late 2023

Team extension, infrastructure, industry demonstrator,

Beta-Prototype Design Biogas → Methanol

Goals

Industry demonstrator Modular Scalability

