# **Tutorial 6: Refactoring R Code**

## Introduction

In this tutorial, you will refactor the code into separate scripts corresponding to each section. The dataset we will use comes from the palmerpenguins package, which contains measurements of penguins from three species.

#### **Load Libraries and Data**

#### Methods

In this section, we perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) and prepare the data for modeling.

From Table 1 and Table 2 we get a rough idea of the data.

## Model

We will fit a classification model using tidymodels to predict the species of a penguin based on its physical characteristics.

#### Results

We evaluate the performance of the model using the test dataset in Table 3

Table 1: Glimpsed Summary

# A tibble: 333 x 8									
species island		island	bill_length_mm	${\tt bill\_depth\_mm}$	${\tt flipper\_length\_mm}$	body_mass_g			
	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>			
1	Adelie	Torgersen	39.1	18.7	181	3750			
2	Adelie	Torgersen	39.5	17.4	186	3800			
3	Adelie	Torgersen	40.3	18	195	3250			
4	Adelie	Torgersen	36.7	19.3	193	3450			
5	Adelie	Torgersen	39.3	20.6	190	3650			
6	Adelie	Torgersen	38.9	17.8	181	3625			
7	Adelie	Torgersen	39.2	19.6	195	4675			
8	Adelie	Torgersen	41.1	17.6	182	3200			
9	Adelie	Torgersen	38.6	21.2	191	3800			
10	Adelie	Torgersen	34.6	21.1	198	4400			
# i 323 more rows									

Table 2: Summarized Summary

#	A tibble: 1 x 2	
	mean_bill_length	mean_bill_depth
	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
1	44.0	17.2

<sup>#</sup> i 2 more variables: sex <chr>, year <dbl>

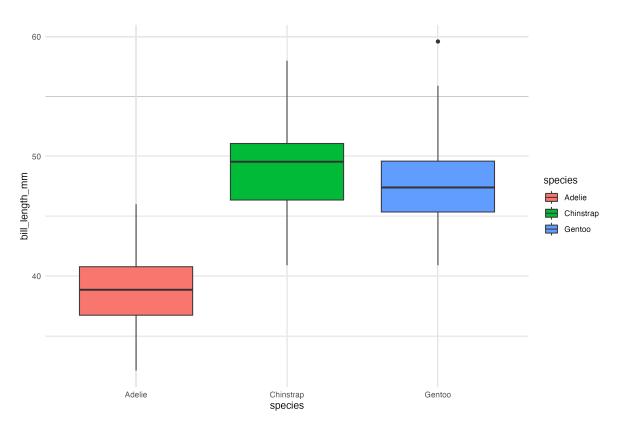


Figure 1: EDA

Table 3: Confusion Matrix Table

	Adelie	Chinstrap	Gentoo
Adelie	36	0	0
Chinstrap	1	17	0
Gentoo	0	0	30

# **Conclusion**

In this tutorial, we:

- Loaded and cleaned the palmerpenguins dataset.
- Performed exploratory data analysis.
- Built a k-Nearest Neighbors classification model using tidymodels.
- Evaluated the model's performance.