# **Machine Learning for IoT**

## Homework 2

\*\*\*DUE DATE: 23 Dec (h23:59)\*\*\*

### **Submission Instructions:**

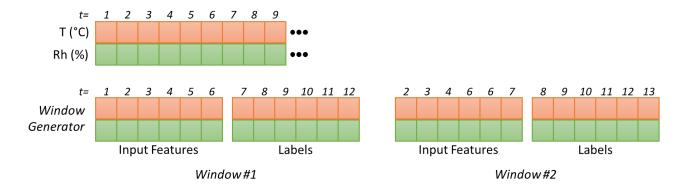
Each group will send an e-mail to <a href="mailto:andrea.calimera@polito.it">andrea.calimera@polito.it</a> and <a href="mailto:valentino.peluso@polito.it">valentino.peluso@polito.it</a> (in cc) with subject <ML4IOT21 GroupN> (N is the group ID). Attached with the e-mail the following files:

- 1. One single .py file for each exercise, titled <HW2\_exM\_GroupN.py>, where M is the exercise number and N is the group ID, containing the Python code. The code must use only the packages that get installed with *requirements.txt*.
- 2. One-page pdf report, titled <GroupN\_Homework2.pdf>, organized in different sections (one for each exercise). Each section should motivate the main adopted design choices and discuss the outcome of the exercise.
- 3. The TFLite models generated in the exercises (more details provided later in the text).

Late messages, or messages not compliant with the above specs, will be automatically discarded.

### **Exercise 1:** Multi-Step Temperature and Humidity Forecasting (3 points)

- Write a Python script to train multi-output models for temperature and humidity forecasting to infer multi-step predictions, i.e. a sequence of future values. Set the number of output steps to 6. Use the Jena Climate Dataset with a 70%/20%/10% train/validation/test split (same as Lab 3).
- Implement a data-preparation pipeline compliant with multi-step predictions. Specifically, the labels shape should be [#Batches, #Output Steps, #Features], e.g. [32, 6, 2]. Use the *WindowGenerator* class of Lab3 as starting point.



• Implement multi-output/multi-step models, i.e. with an output shape equal to [#Batches, #Steps, #Features]. Use the models developed in Lab3 as starting point.

- Implement a *Keras* metric that computes the mean absolute error of temperature and humidity on multi-step predictions (the error shape is [#Features]). Use the error metric developed in Lab3 as starting point.
- Train two different model versions, each one meeting the following constraints, respectively: *Version a*): T MAE < 0.5°C and Rh MAE < 1.8% and TFLite Size < 2 kB *Version b*): T MAE < 0.6 °C and Rh MAE < 1.9% and TFLite Size < 1.7 kB

**N.B:** The models must be trained on the training set only and evaluated on the test set.

• Submit the TFLite models (named *GroupN\_th\_a.tflite* and *GroupN\_th\_b.tflite*), together with one single Python script to train and optimize them. If you have compressed the TFLite file with *zlib*, append .zlib to the filename.

The script should take as input argument the model version:

```
python HW2 ex1 GroupN.py --version <VERSION>
```

where N is the group ID and <VERSION> is "a" or "b", and return as output the TFLite file.

• In the report, explain and motivate the methodology adopted to meet the constraints (discuss on model architecture, optimizations, hyper-parameters, etc.).

#### **Exercise 2: Keyword Spotting (3 points)**

- Write a Python script to train models for keyword spotting on the original mini speech command dataset. Use the train/validation/test splits provided in the *Portale*.
- Train three different model versions, each one meeting the following constraints, respectively:

*Version a*): Accuracy > 90% and TFlite Size < 25 kB

*Version b*): Accuracy > 90% and TFlite Size < 35 kB and Inference Latency < 1.5 ms

*Version c*): Accuracy > 90% and TFlite Size < 45 kB and Total Latency < 40 ms

To measure Latency, run the script *kws\_latency.py* provided in the *Portale*.

• Submit the TFLite models (named *GroupN\_kws\_a.tflite*, *GroupN\_kws\_b.tflite*, *GroupN\_kws\_c.tflite*), together with one single Python script to train and optimize them. If you have compressed the TFLite file with *zlib*, append .zlib to the filename. The script should take as input argument the model version:

```
python HW2 ex2 GroupN.py --version <VERSION>
```

where N is the group ID and <VERSION> is "a", "b", or "c", and return the TFLite file.

• In the report, explain and motivate the methodology adopted to meet the constraints (discuss on pre-processing, model architecture, optimizations, hyper-parameters, etc.).