CS 3010 Programming Assignment 4 - Code Upload

CS 3010.02-1 Numerical Methods By Nicholas Magtangob Due: 4 / 27 / 25

Introduction

Like with every other assignment, our code is uploaded in the included zip file, but just in case it doesn't work, we will feature the code here. Another thing to note is that this project differs from the previous 3 as we switched to Python for this project to allow for the use of the Sympy library.

Additionally, the entire project is available on GitHub with the following link: https://github.com/NiccyNet1989/CS-3010---Programming-Project-4

*If the code is not working, please check "readme.txt" included in the project submit, as it outlines the environment the program is intended to run on as well as some library dependencies.

Here is the code from the main .py file:

```
from sympy import symbols, expand, simplify, nsimplify, Float
from sympy.parsing.sympy_parser import (
  parse expr,
  standard transformations,
  implicit multiplication,
  convert xor,
  rationalize,
# First create a function which reads in the contents of the txt file
def read file (path):
  try:
      with open(path, 'r') as file:
          contents = file.read()
          contents = contents.split()
          contents = [float(element) for element in contents]
          return contents
   except FileNotFoundError:
       print("Error: File was not found")
      return []
   except Exception as e:
       print("Error: An unexpected exception occured")
       return []
def printPyramid(pyramid, pyramidName, indent):
   order = 1
   for array in pyramid:
       print(pyramidName + " for order " + str(order) + " : ", end="")
       for element in array:
```

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print(str(element) + " ", end="")
      print()
      order += 1
   if (indent):
      print()
# Press the green button in the gutter to run the script.
if name == ' main ':
   # Use function to read in file contents
   # Change the string in the line below to read in a different text file
   data = read file("input2.txt")
   # for index in range(len(data)):
   # print(data[index])
   # Now split input file into two arrays
   xValuesInitial = data[:(len(data) // 2)]
  yValuesInitial = data[(len(data) // 2):]
   # print(xValuesInitial)
   # print(yValuesInitial)
   # Begin calculating pyramid
   # First, find denominators and numerators
   denominatorPyramid = []
  order = 1
   index = 0
  while len(xValuesInitial) - order != 0:
       # Create a temporary array to add to the denominatorPyramid
       denominators = [0] * (len(xValuesInitial) - order)
       # Initial case when there is no previous array to copy from
       if order == 1:
          for i in range(len(denominators)):
              denominators[i] = xValuesInitial[index + order] -
xValuesInitial[index]
              index = index + 1
          denominatorPyramid.append(denominators)
          order = order + 1
      else:
          # Now calculate cases past initial case
          index = 0
          for i in range(len(denominators)):
              denominators[i] = (xValuesInitial[index + order] -
xValuesInitial[index])
```

```
index = index + 1
           denominatorPyramid.append(denominators)
           order = order + 1
   # Now, find numerator pyramid
   # Divided difference pyramid must be calculated in parallel
   # This is because each next order of numerators is dependent on the
previous order of divided differences
   order = 1
  numeratorPyramid = []
  dividedDifferencePyramid = []
  while len(yValuesInitial) - order != 0:
       # Create temporary array for numerators and divided differences at
given order
      numerators = [0] * (len(yValuesInitial) - order)
      dividedDifferences = [0] * (len(yValuesInitial) - order)
       # Handle initial case when there is no previous order
       if (order == 1):
           for i in range(len(numerators)):
               numerators[i] = yValuesInitial[i + 1] - yValuesInitial[i]
           numeratorPyramid.append(numerators)
           for i in range(len(dividedDifferences)):
               dividedDifferences[i] = numeratorPyramid[0][i] /
denominatorPyramid[0][i]
           dividedDifferencePyramid.append(dividedDifferences)
           order = order + 1
      else: # Now handle cases past initial
           for i in range(len(numerators)):
               numerators[i] = dividedDifferencePyramid[order - 2][i + 1] -
dividedDifferencePyramid[order - 2][i]
           numeratorPyramid.append(numerators)
           for i in range(len(dividedDifferences)):
               dividedDifferences[i] = numeratorPyramid[order - 1][i] /
denominatorPyramid[order - 1][i]
           dividedDifferencePyramid.append(dividedDifferences)
           order = order + 1
   for arrayIndex in range(len(dividedDifferencePyramid)):
       for elementIndex in range(len(dividedDifferencePyramid[arrayIndex])):
           dividedDifferencePyramid[arrayIndex][elementIndex] = round(
               float(dividedDifferencePyramid[arrayIndex][elementIndex]), 3)
```

```
# printPyramid(denominatorPyramid, "Denominators", True)
   # printPyramid(numeratorPyramid, "Numerators", True)
  printPyramid(dividedDifferencePyramid, "Divided Differences", True)
  print()
   # Begin printing out expanded formula using divided difference table
   # Start by getting coefficients along diagonal of divided difference
pyramid
  diagonalCoefficients = []
   # First index must be the diagonal element at order 0, which wasn't
originally added to dividedDifferencesPyramid
   # Thus, it is added manually
   diagonalCoefficients.append(yValuesInitial[0])
   # Now we can add the diagonal elements, which are the first element of each
array in dividedDifferencePyramid
  for array in dividedDifferencePyramid:
      diagonalCoefficients.append(array[0])
   # One last thing, we need the "x - number" values in the equation
   \# These would just be "(x - xInitialValues[number])" as a string
  xTerms = []
   for xValue in xValuesInitial:
      xTerms.append("x-" + str(xValue))
   # Last element is unused, by nature of divided difference equation
expansion
   del xTerms[len(xTerms) - 1]
   # print(diagonalCoefficients)
   # print(xTerms)
  polynomial = ""
   def wrapInParentheses(value):
       return "(" + value + ")"
   for index in range(len(diagonalCoefficients)):
      if index == 0:
          polynomial = polynomial +
wrapInParentheses(str(diagonalCoefficients[index]))
      else:
           term = ""
           term = term + wrapInParentheses(str(diagonalCoefficients[index]))
           for integer in range (0, index):
               term = term + wrapInParentheses(str(xTerms[integer]))
```

```
polynomial = polynomial + "+" + term
   # Polynomial can now be reasonably displayed
   print("Polynomial using Divided Difference Table:\n" + polynomial)
   # For the final part of the lab, we will be using the Python library Sympy
to parse the equation
  print("\n")
   def round near numbers(expr, tolerance=1e-6):
      def round if close(x):
           # If x is a float and very close to an integer, round it
           if isinstance(x, Float):
               rounded = round(float(x))
               # Check if value should be rounded
               if abs(x - rounded) < tolerance:</pre>
                  return rounded
           return x
       # Apply rounding to all other numerical terms in the expression
       return expr.replace(
           lambda t: t.is number,
           lambda t: round if close(t)
      )
   def simplify equation(equation str, tolerance=1e-6):
      transformations = standard transformations + (implicit multiplication,)
      expr = parse expr(equation str, transformations=transformations)
       # Expand and simplify first
       expanded expr = expand(expr)
      simplified expr = simplify(expanded expr)
       # Round numbers very close to integers
       rounded expr = round near numbers (simplified expr, tolerance)
      return rounded expr
   transformations = standard transformations + (implicit multiplication,
convert xor, rationalize)
   simplifiedPolynomial = simplify equation(polynomial)
  print("Simplified Polynomial:\n" + str(simplifiedPolynomial))
```