# ClickBlocks\DB\Reader

## **General information**

Inheritance	no
Child classes	no
Interfaces	Countable, Iterator
Source	Framework/db/core/reader.php

The class allows to iterate rows from a query result set. Since **ClickBlocks\DB\Reader** implements **Iterator** interface you can get the rows of the fetched data by using foreach:

```
foreach ($reader as $row)
// $row represents a row of the fetched data
```

You can also set a specific mode of data fetching for more flexible iterative process. To retrive an instance of the class you can use method query of class ClickBlocks\DB\DB:

```
foreach ($db->query('SELECT * FROM MyTable') as $row)
// $row represents a row of the fetched data
```

## Public non-static methods

## \_\_construct()

public void \_\_construct(PDOStatement \$statement, integer \$mode = PDO::FETCH\_ASSOC, mixed \$arg = null, array \$ctorargs = null)

\$statement	PDOStatement	represents a prepared SQL statement and, after the statement is executed, an associated result set.
\$mode	integer	fetch mode for this SQL statement.
\$arg	mixed	this argument have a different meaning depending on the value of the \$mode parameter.
\$ctorargs	array	arguments of custom class constructor when the \$mode parameter is PDO::FETCH_CLASS.

The class constructor. Sets the specific mode of data fetching.

## getStatement()

```
public PDOStatement getStatement()
```

Returns SQL statement for more low-level operating.

## setFetchMode()

public void setFetchMode(integer \$mode = PDO::FETCH\_ASSOC, mixed \$arg = null, array \$ctorargs = null)

\$mode	integer	the fetch mode should be one of the PDO::FETCH_* constants.
\$arg	mixed	this argument have a different meaning depending on the value of the \$mode parameter.
\$ctorargs	array	arguments of custom class constructor when the <b>\$mode</b> parameter is PDO::FETCH_CLASS.

Set the default fetch mode for the current SQL statement.

## count()

public integer count()

Returns the number of rows in the result set.

## rewind()

public void rewind()

Resets the iterator to the initial state.

## key()

public integer key()

Returns the index of the current row.

## next()

public void next()

Moves the internal pointer to the next row.

## current()

public mixed current()

Returns the current row. If the internal pointer points beyond the end of the row set or the row set is empty, the method returns FALSE

## valid()

public boolean valid()

Returns whether there is a row of data at the current position.

# Protected non-static properties

## st

protected PDOStatement \$st = null

An instance of PDOStatement thar represents a prepared SQL statement and an associated result set.

#### row

protected array \$row = null

The current row of the fetched data.

#### index

protected integer \$index = null



The index of the current row.