

## Assignment 3

1. Finding a hidden parity function:

(a) Truth table of  $f$  and its  $\pm 1$  version:

$x_1$	$x_2$	$f$	$F$
0	0	1	-1
0	1	0	1
1	0	1	-1
1	1	0	1

(b) Truth table of the Walsh basis function:

	$ 00\rangle$	$ 01\rangle$	$ 10\rangle$	$ 11\rangle$
$ 00\rangle$	1	1	1	1
$ 01\rangle$	1	-1	1	-1
$ 10\rangle$	1	1	-1	-1
$ 11\rangle$	1	-1	-1	1

(c)  $F$  as a linear combination of the Walsh basis functions:

(d) Complete trace

$$\begin{aligned}
 |00\rangle &\xrightarrow{H\otimes H} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x \in \{0,1\}^2} |x\rangle \xrightarrow{\hat{U}_f} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x \in \{0,1\}^2} (-1)^{f(x)} |x\rangle \\
 &\xrightarrow{H\otimes H} \frac{1}{4} \sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^2} \left( \sum_{x \in \{0,1\}^2} (-1)^{f(x)} (-1)^{y \cdot x} \right) |y\rangle \\
 &\quad \text{Let } F(x) = (-1)^{f(x)} \\
 &\quad \text{Let } \chi_y(x) = (-1)^{y \cdot x} \\
 &= \sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x \in \{0,1\}^2} F(x) \chi_y(x) \right) |y\rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

We can now use the tables from parts (a) and (b) to solve the equation:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left[ \frac{1}{4} [F(|00\rangle) \chi_{|00\rangle(|00\rangle)} + F(|01\rangle) \chi_{|00\rangle(|01\rangle)} + F(|10\rangle) \chi_{|00\rangle(|10\rangle)} + F(|11\rangle) \chi_{|00\rangle(|11\rangle)}] |00\rangle + \right. \\
 &\quad \frac{1}{4} [F(|00\rangle) \chi_{|01\rangle(|00\rangle)} + F(|01\rangle) \chi_{|01\rangle(|01\rangle)} + F(|10\rangle) \chi_{|01\rangle(|10\rangle)} + F(|11\rangle) \chi_{|01\rangle(|11\rangle)}] |01\rangle + \\
 &\quad \frac{1}{4} [F(|00\rangle) \chi_{|10\rangle(|00\rangle)} + F(|01\rangle) \chi_{|10\rangle(|01\rangle)} + F(|10\rangle) \chi_{|10\rangle(|10\rangle)} + F(|11\rangle) \chi_{|10\rangle(|11\rangle)}] |10\rangle + \\
 &\quad \left. \frac{1}{4} [F(|00\rangle) \chi_{|11\rangle(|00\rangle)} + F(|01\rangle) \chi_{|11\rangle(|01\rangle)} + F(|10\rangle) \chi_{|11\rangle(|10\rangle)} + F(|11\rangle) \chi_{|11\rangle(|11\rangle)}] |11\rangle \right] \\
 &= \left[ \frac{1}{4} [-1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 + -1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1] |00\rangle + \frac{1}{4} [-1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot -1 + -1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot -1] |01\rangle + \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \frac{1}{4} [-1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 + -1 \cdot -1 + 1 \cdot -1] |10\rangle + \frac{1}{4} [-1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot -1 + -1 \cdot -1 + 1 \cdot 1] |11\rangle \right] \\
 &= [0 \cdot |00\rangle - 1 \cdot |01\rangle + 0 \cdot |10\rangle + 0 \cdot |11\rangle] = |01\rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

(e) (T/F) The output of the circuit reveals what  $f$  is.

False the output does not reveal what  $f$  is.

## 2. Finding a hidden shift:

(a) Show the truth table  $f$  and its  $\pm$  version:

$x_1$	$x_2$	$f$	$F$
0	0	0	1
0	1	1	-1
1	0	1	-1
1	1	0	1

(b) Complete trace:

$$\begin{aligned}
|00\rangle &\xrightarrow{H \otimes H} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x \in \{0,1\}^2} |x\rangle \xrightarrow{\hat{U}_f} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{x \in \{0,1\}^2} (-1)^{f(x)} |x\rangle \\
&\xrightarrow{H \otimes H} \frac{1}{4} \sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^2} \left( \sum_{x \in \{0,1\}^2} (-1)^{f(x)} (-1)^{y \cdot x} \right) |y\rangle \\
&\quad \text{Let } F(x) = (-1)^{f(x)} \\
&\quad \text{Let } \chi_y(x) = (-1)^{y \cdot x} \\
&= \sum_{y \in \{0,1\}^2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \sum_{x \in \{0,1\}^2} F(x) \chi_y(x) \right) |y\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

We can now use the table from part (a), and our knowledge of  $\chi$ , to solve the equation:

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left[ \frac{1}{4} [F(|00\rangle) \chi_{|00\rangle}(|00\rangle) + F(|01\rangle) \chi_{|00\rangle}(|01\rangle) + F(|10\rangle) \chi_{|00\rangle}(|10\rangle) + F(|11\rangle) \chi_{|00\rangle}(|11\rangle)] |00\rangle + \right. \\
&\quad \frac{1}{4} [F(|00\rangle) \chi_{|01\rangle}(|00\rangle) + F(|01\rangle) \chi_{|01\rangle}(|01\rangle) + F(|10\rangle) \chi_{|01\rangle}(|10\rangle) + F(|11\rangle) \chi_{|01\rangle}(|11\rangle)] |01\rangle + \\
&\quad \frac{1}{4} [F(|00\rangle) \chi_{|10\rangle}(|00\rangle) + F(|01\rangle) \chi_{|10\rangle}(|01\rangle) + F(|10\rangle) \chi_{|10\rangle}(|10\rangle) + F(|11\rangle) \chi_{|10\rangle}(|11\rangle)] |10\rangle + \\
&\quad \left. \frac{1}{4} [F(|00\rangle) \chi_{|11\rangle}(|00\rangle) + F(|01\rangle) \chi_{|11\rangle}(|01\rangle) + F(|10\rangle) \chi_{|11\rangle}(|10\rangle) + F(|11\rangle) \chi_{|11\rangle}(|11\rangle)] |11\rangle \right] \\
&= \left[ \frac{1}{4} [1 \cdot 1 + -1 \cdot 1 + -1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1] |00\rangle + \frac{1}{4} [1 \cdot 1 + -1 \cdot -1 + -1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot -1] |01\rangle + \right. \\
&\quad \left. \frac{1}{4} [1 \cdot 1 + -1 \cdot 1 + -1 \cdot -1 + 1 \cdot -1] |10\rangle + \frac{1}{4} [1 \cdot 1 + -1 \cdot -1 + -1 \cdot -1 + 1 \cdot 1] |11\rangle \right] \\
&= [0 \cdot |00\rangle + 0 \cdot |01\rangle + 0 \cdot |10\rangle - 1 \cdot |11\rangle] = |11\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

(c) The final output of the circuit is  $|00\rangle$ .(d) (T/F) The circuit reveals the hidden string  $s$ ?

True the circuit does output the hidden string.

## 3. Quantum Fourier Transform

(a) (T/F) The following bit-level QFT derivation for  $N = 4$  is correct.True the derivation for  $N = 4$  is correct.(b) (T/F)  $R_k H |0\rangle = \frac{(|0\rangle + e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}} |1\rangle)}{\sqrt{2}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
R_k H |0\rangle &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 0 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 1 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 0 \cdot -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}} \cdot -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}}}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}}}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot 0 \\ \frac{e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot 1 + -\frac{e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}}}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{(|0\rangle + e^{\frac{2\pi i}{2^k}} |1\rangle)}{\sqrt{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

True. //

- (c) (T/F) The following is a correct QFT circuit for  $N = 4$ .

True, the circuit is correct because  $N = 4 = 2^2$  so  $n = 2$ . Where (starting from the bottom wire) the pattern of gates is as follows  $H\Sigma_{i=2}^n R_i$  for all lines  $|j_n\rangle \dots |j_1\rangle$ . Then for line  $|j_0\rangle$  just the Hadamard gate is applied.