Lab Button CSIS-1410

- In Eclipse create a new package called ImageButton
- Download the images Image1, Image2 and Image3 from Canvas and import them to the package ImageButton (right-click ImageButton, import . . . ) Notice the different file extensions.
- Create two public classes: ImageButton and ImageButtonApp
- ImageButton derives from JFrame

## In ImageButton do the following:

Create two final fields:

```
imgButton of type JButton
clickImage of type Icon
```

- In the constructor do the following:
  - Set the title to Lab Button
  - o Create two local variables of type lcon: image1 and image2.
    Initialize them with a new ImageIcon base on Image1 and Image2 like this:
    Icon image1 = new ImageIcon(getClass().getResource("Image1.png"));
  - o Initialize the field clickImage with a new ImageIcon that is based on Image3
  - o Initialize the field imgButton with a new JButton that accepts image1 as the only argument
  - o Call the method setRolloverIcon on imgButton and pass image2 as roll-over icon
  - o Add the imgButton to this (ImageButton, which is a JFrame)

## • In ImageButtonApp do the following:

- Crate an instance of ImageButton
- Make sure that the ImageButton (which is a JFrame) terminates when the user clicks the x-Button to exit
   Hint: call setDefaultCloseOperation
- Set the size to 660 x 660
- Set visibility to true
- Compile / Run .. you should see an image that changes every time you roll over the mouse
- Back in ImageButton do the following:
  - Outside the constructor but still inside class ImageButton create a private class called
     ButtonClickEventHandler. It implements the interface ActionListener
     (soon we'll look at an alternative way using an anonymous inner class)
  - Eclipse can help with the import statement. It can also create a method stub for the method actionPerformed.
  - In actionPerformed replace the TODO comment with the following code:
    - o Disable rollorver on imgButton Hint: use the method setRolloverEnabled and pass false
    - Set the image to Image3 Hint: use the method setIcon and pass the field clickImage
  - At the end of the constructor body do the following:
  - Create an instance of ButtonClickEventHandler and name it buttonEventHandler
  - Associate the buttonEventHandler with the imgButton by calling the method addActionListener and by passing buttonEventHandler as an argument.