The JavaScript Language (Part 4)

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Objectives

- We will cover:
 - A subset of JavaScript...
 - That is appropriate for COS 333...
 - Through example programs

Agenda

- Arrays
- Associative arrays
- · Asynchronous processing: callbacks

Arrays

See<u>arrays.js</u>

```
$ node arrays.js
  'Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter' ]
 'Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter']
 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter' ]
[ 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter', 'Berra' ]
[ 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter' ]
Ruth
Mantle
Jeter
Ruth
Mantle
Jeter
```

arrays. is (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
 2: // arravs.is
 3: // Author: Bob Dondero
 6: 'use strict';
7:
8: function main() {
9: // Creating an array
    let a = ['Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter'];
10:
11: console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter' ]
12: console.log(a.length); // 3
12: console.log(a.length); // 3
13: console.log('-----');
14:
15: // Accessing an element
16: let player = a[1]; // 'Gehrig'
17:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter' ]
18: console.log(a.length); // 3
19: console.log('-----');
20:
21: // Changing an element
     a[1] = 'Mantle':
22:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter' ]
23:
     console.log(a.length); // 3
console.log('-----');
24:
25:
26:
27:
     // Adding an element to the end
28:
     a.push('Berra');
     console.log(a): // ['Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter', 'Berra']
29:
     console.log(a.length); // 4
console.log('-----');
30:
31:
32:
33:
     // Removing an element from the end
     let element = a.pop(); // 'Berra'
34:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter' ]
35:
     console.log(a.length); // 3
console.log('-----');
36:
37:
38:
39:
     // Iterating over an array (version 1)
40:
     for (let i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
41:
      console.log(a[i]);
42:
      // Ruth
43:
       // Mantle
44:
       // Jeter
     console.log('-----');
45:
46:
47:
     // Iterating over an array (version 2)
     for (let element of a)
48:
49 •
      console.log(element);
50:
      // Ruth
51:
       // Mantle
      // Jeter
52 •
     console.log('-----'):
53:
54: }
55:
56: if (require.main === module)
57: main();
```

The JavaScript Language (Part 4): Page 1 of 4

linesort.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
 2: // linesort.is
 3: // Author: Bob Dondero
 6: 'use strict';
 7: const fs = require('fs');
8:
9: //-----
11: function splitIntoLines(str) {
12: let lines = [];
13: let line = '';
14: for (let c of str) {
15: if (c === '\n') { lines.push(line); line = ''; }
16:
      else line += c;
17:  }
18:  if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
19: return lines;
20: }
22: //-----
24: function main() {
25:
26: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
        process.stderr.write('Usage: ' +
27:
          process.argv[0] + ' ' + process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
28:
      process.exit(1);
29:
30: }
31:
32: let fileName = process.argv[2];
33:
34:
     try {
         let data = fs.readFileSync(fileName, 'UTF-8');
35:
36:
         let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
37:
         lines.sort();
38:
         for (let line of lines)
39:
           process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
40: }
41: catch (err) {
42.
      process.stderr.write(err + '\n');
43: }
44: }
46: if (require.main === module)
47: main();
```

Arrays

An array is:

- An object...
- That delegates to Array.prototype...
- That has a length property...
- That is maintained automatically...
- Such that its value is always one greater than the largest integer index (or 0 if the array is empty)

Arrays

· See linesort.js

```
$ cat file1
to be
or not to be
that is
the question
$ node linesort.js file1
or not to be
that is
the question
to be
$
```

arrays. is (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
 2: // arravs.is
 3: // Author: Bob Dondero
 6: 'use strict';
7:
8: function main() {
9: // Creating an array
    let a = ['Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter'];
10:
11: console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter' ]
12: console.log(a.length); // 3
12: console.log(a.length); // 3
13: console.log('-----');
14:
15: // Accessing an element
16: let player = a[1]; // 'Gehrig'
17:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter' ]
18: console.log(a.length); // 3
19: console.log('-----');
20:
21: // Changing an element
     a[1] = 'Mantle':
22:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter' ]
23:
     console.log(a.length); // 3
console.log('-----');
24:
25:
26:
27:
     // Adding an element to the end
28:
     a.push('Berra');
     console.log(a): // ['Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter', 'Berra']
29:
     console.log(a.length); // 4
console.log('-----');
30:
31:
32:
33:
     // Removing an element from the end
     let element = a.pop(); // 'Berra'
34:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter' ]
35:
     console.log(a.length); // 3
console.log('-----');
36:
37:
38:
39:
     // Iterating over an array (version 1)
40:
     for (let i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
41:
      console.log(a[i]);
42:
      // Ruth
43:
       // Mantle
44:
       // Jeter
     console.log('-----');
45:
46:
47:
     // Iterating over an array (version 2)
     for (let element of a)
48:
49 •
      console.log(element);
50:
      // Ruth
51:
       // Mantle
      // Jeter
52 •
     console.log('-----'):
53:
54: }
55:
56: if (require.main === module)
57: main();
```

The JavaScript Language (Part 4): Page 1 of 4

linesort.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
 2: // linesort.is
 3: // Author: Bob Dondero
 6: 'use strict';
 7: const fs = require('fs');
8:
9: //-----
11: function splitIntoLines(str) {
12: let lines = [];
13: let line = '';
14: for (let c of str) {
15: if (c === '\n') { lines.push(line); line = ''; }
16:
      else line += c;
17:  }
18:  if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
19: return lines;
20: }
22: //-----
24: function main() {
25:
26: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
        process.stderr.write('Usage: ' +
27:
          process.argv[0] + ' ' + process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
28:
      process.exit(1);
29:
30: }
31:
32: let fileName = process.argv[2];
33:
34:
     try {
         let data = fs.readFileSync(fileName, 'UTF-8');
35:
36:
         let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
37:
         lines.sort();
38:
         for (let line of lines)
39:
           process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
40: }
41: catch (err) {
42.
      process.stderr.write(err + '\n');
43: }
44: }
46: if (require.main === module)
47: main();
```

Agenda

- Arrays
- Associative arrays
- Asynchronous processing: callbacks

See <u>assocarrays1.js</u>

```
$ node assocarrays1.js
{ Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
{ Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
{ Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
{ Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS', Maris: 'RF' }
{ Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
Ruth: P
Gehrig: 1B
Jeter: SS
$
```

assocarrays1.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
2: // assocarravsl.is
3: // Author: Bob Dondero
5:
6: 'use strict';
7:
8: function main() {
9: // Creating an associative array of 3 key-value bindings
    let aa = {'Ruth': 'RF', 'Gehrig': '1B', 'Jeter': 'SS'};
10:
    console.log(aa);
11:
    // { Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
console.log('-----');
12:
13:
14:
15: // Accessing a value for a given key
    let position = aa['Gehrig']; // '1B'
16:
17:
     console.log(aa);
     // { Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
18:
    console.log('-----');
19:
20:
21:
    // Changing a value for a given key
     aa['Ruth'] = 'P':
22:
23:
     console.log(aa):
      // { Ruth: 'P', Gehria: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
24:
     console.log('-----');
25:
26:
27:
     // Adding a binding
     aa['Maris'] = 'RF';
28:
29:
     console.log(aa);
      // { Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS', Maris: 'RF' }
30:
     console.log('----');
31:
32:
33:
     // Deleting a binding
34:
     delete aa['Maris'];
35:
     console.log(aa);
36:
      // { Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
     console.log('-----');
37:
38:
39:
     // Iterating over bindings
40:
     for (let kev in aa)
      console.log(key + ': ' + aa[kev]);
41:
42:
       // Ruth: P
       // Gehrig: 1B
43:
44:
       // Jeter: SS
45: }
46:
47: if (require.main === module)
48: main();
```

The JavaScript Language (Part 4): Page 2 of 4

assocarrays2.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
2: // assocarravs2.is
3: // Author: Bob Dondero
6: 'use strict';
7:
8: function main() {
9: // Creating an associative array of 3 key-value bindings
    let aa = {Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS'};
11: console.log(aa);
     // { Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
12:
13: console.log('-----
14:
15: // Accessing a value for a given key
16: let position = aa.Gehrig; // '1B'
17: console.log(aa);
     // { Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
18:
19: console.log('-----');
21: // Changing a value for a given key
22: aa.Ruth = 'P':
23:
    console.log(aa):
       // { Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
24:
25:
     console.log('-----'):
27: // Adding a binding
28:
     aa.Maris = 'RF';
29:
    console.log(aa);
       // { Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS', Maris: 'RF' }
30:
     console.log('-----');
31:
33: // Deleting a binding
34:
     delete aa.Maris;
35:
     console.log(aa);
36:
     // { Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
     console.log('-----'):
37:
38:
39: // Iterating over bindings
40: for (let key in aa)
     console.log(key + ': ' + aa[kev]);
41:
42:
     // Ruth: P
      // Gehrig: 1B
43:
44:
       // Jeter: SS
45: }
47: if (require.main === module)
48: main();
```

See <u>assocarrays2.js</u>

```
$ node assocarrays2.js
{ Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
{ Ruth: 'RF', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
{ Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
{ Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS', Maris: 'RF' }
{ Ruth: 'P', Gehrig: '1B', Jeter: 'SS' }
Ruth: P
Gehrig: 1B
                Uses object.prop instead
Jeter: SS
                of assocarray [key]
$
```

- . The member access operator
 - object.property
 - property must be a simple identifier
- . The computed member access operator
 - object[property]
 - property can be an arbitrary expression

To create and use an associative array:

```
aa = {'Ruth': 'RF', 'Gehrig': '1B', ...};
...
... aa['Ruth'] ... // Computed member access operator
... aa['Ru' + 'th'] ... // Computed member access operator
... aa.Ruth ... // Member access operator
```

To create and use an **object**:

· See concord.js

```
$ cat file1
to be
or not to be
that is
the question
$ node concord.js file1
to: 2
be: 2
or: 1
not: 1
that: 1
is: 1
the: 1
question: 1
$
```

concord. is (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
2: // concord.is
3: // Author: Bob Dondero
6: 'use strict';
7:
8: const fs = require('fs');
11:
12: function createConcordance(data) {
13: let lowercaseData = data.toLowerCase();
   let words = lowercaseData.match(/[a-z]+/q);
14:
15: if (words === null)
16: words = [];
17:
18: let concordance = {};
19: for (let word of words)
    if (word in concordance)
20:
21:
          concordance[word]++;
22:
       else
23:
       concordance[word] = 1;
24:
    return concordance;
25: }
27: //-----
28:
29: function writeConcordance(concordance) {
30: for (let word in concordance)
       process.stdout.write(word + ': ' + concordance[word] + '\n');
31:
32: }
33:
34: //-----
36: function main() {
37: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
38:
      process.stderr.write('Usage: ' + process.argv[0] + ' ' +
39:
          process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
40:
       process.exit(1);
41:
42:
43:
     let fileName = process.argv[2];
44:
45:
46:
        let data = fs.readFileSync(fileName, 'UTF-8');
47:
        let concordance = createConcordance(data);
        writeConcordance(concordance);
48:
49:
50:
     catch (err) {
         process.stderr.write(err + '\n');
51:
52:
53: }
54:
55: if (require.main === module)
56: main();
```

The JavaScript Language (Part 4): Page 3 of 4

linesortcallback.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
2: // linesortcallback.is
3: // Author: Bob Dondero
6: 'use strict';
7: const fs = require('fs');
9: //-----
11: function splitIntoLines(str) {
12: let lines = [];
13: let line = '';
14: for (let c of str) {
   if (c === ' \setminus n') { lines.push(line); line = ''; }
15:
16:
     else line += c;
1.7:
   if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
19: return lines;
20: }
22: //-----
24: function reportError(err) {
25: process.stderr.write(err.message + '\n');
26: }
28: //-----
30: function writeLines(lines) {
31: for (let line of lines)
     process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
32:
33: }
35: //-----
37: function sortWriteLines(err, data) {
38: if (err)
39:
       reportError(err);
40: else {
41:
    let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
     lines.sort();
42:
43:
      writeLines(lines);
44: }
45: }
47: //-----
49: function main() {
50: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
      process.stderr.write('Usage: ' + process.argv[0] + ' ' +
51 •
52:
         process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
53:
       process.exit(1);
54: }
55: let fileName = process.argv[2];
56: fs.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8', sortWriteLines);
57: process.stderr.write('Doing other work\n');
58: }
60: if (require.main === module)
61: main();
```

Agenda

- Arrays
- Associative arrays
- Asynchronous processing: callbacks

Recall linesort.js

```
...
let data = fs.readFileSync(filename, 'UTF-8');
let concordance = createConcordance(data);
...
```

- fs.readFileSync()
 - Reads all data from the file synchronously
 - Execution does not proceed until
 fs.readFileSync() returns

arrays. is (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
 2: // arravs.is
 3: // Author: Bob Dondero
 6: 'use strict';
7:
8: function main() {
9: // Creating an array
    let a = ['Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter'];
10:
11: console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter' ]
12: console.log(a.length); // 3
12: console.log(a.length); // 3
13: console.log('-----');
14:
15: // Accessing an element
16: let player = a[1]; // 'Gehrig'
17:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Gehrig', 'Jeter' ]
18: console.log(a.length); // 3
19: console.log('-----');
20:
21: // Changing an element
     a[1] = 'Mantle':
22:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter' ]
23:
     console.log(a.length); // 3
console.log('-----');
24:
25:
26:
27:
     // Adding an element to the end
28:
     a.push('Berra');
     console.log(a): // ['Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter', 'Berra']
29:
     console.log(a.length); // 4
console.log('-----');
30:
31:
32:
33:
     // Removing an element from the end
     let element = a.pop(); // 'Berra'
34:
     console.log(a); // [ 'Ruth', 'Mantle', 'Jeter' ]
35:
     console.log(a.length); // 3
console.log('-----');
36:
37:
38:
39:
     // Iterating over an array (version 1)
40:
     for (let i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
41:
      console.log(a[i]);
42:
      // Ruth
43:
       // Mantle
44:
       // Jeter
     console.log('-----');
45:
46:
47:
     // Iterating over an array (version 2)
     for (let element of a)
48:
49 •
      console.log(element);
50:
      // Ruth
51:
       // Mantle
      // Jeter
52 •
     console.log('-----'):
53:
54: }
55:
56: if (require.main === module)
57: main();
```

The JavaScript Language (Part 4): Page 1 of 4

linesort.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
 2: // linesort.is
 3: // Author: Bob Dondero
 6: 'use strict';
 7: const fs = require('fs');
8:
9: //-----
11: function splitIntoLines(str) {
12: let lines = [];
13: let line = '';
14: for (let c of str) {
15: if (c === '\n') { lines.push(line); line = ''; }
16:
      else line += c;
17:  }
18:  if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
19: return lines;
20: }
22: //-----
24: function main() {
25:
26: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
        process.stderr.write('Usage: ' +
27:
          process.argv[0] + ' ' + process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
28:
      process.exit(1);
29:
30: }
31:
32: let fileName = process.argv[2];
33:
34:
     try {
         let data = fs.readFileSync(fileName, 'UTF-8');
35:
36:
         let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
37:
         lines.sort();
38:
         for (let line of lines)
39:
           process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
40: }
41: catch (err) {
42.
      process.stderr.write(err + '\n');
43: }
44: }
46: if (require.main === module)
47: main();
```

- Recall linesort.js (cont.)
 - The more normal approach...
 - fs.readFile()
 - Reads all data from the file asynchronously
 - Execution proceeds before fs.readFile()
 returns

See <u>linesortcallback.js</u>

```
$ cat file1
to be
or not to be
that is
the question
$ node linesortcallback.js file1
                                           Note
Doing other work
or not to be
that is
the question
to be
$
```

concord. is (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
2: // concord.is
3: // Author: Bob Dondero
6: 'use strict';
7:
8: const fs = require('fs');
11:
12: function createConcordance(data) {
13: let lowercaseData = data.toLowerCase();
   let words = lowercaseData.match(/[a-z]+/q);
14:
15: if (words === null)
16: words = [];
17:
18: let concordance = {};
19: for (let word of words)
    if (word in concordance)
20:
21:
          concordance[word]++;
22:
       else
23:
       concordance[word] = 1;
24:
    return concordance;
25: }
27: //-----
28:
29: function writeConcordance(concordance) {
30: for (let word in concordance)
       process.stdout.write(word + ': ' + concordance[word] + '\n');
31:
32: }
33:
34: //-----
36: function main() {
37: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
38:
      process.stderr.write('Usage: ' + process.argv[0] + ' ' +
39:
          process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
40:
       process.exit(1);
41:
42:
43:
     let fileName = process.argv[2];
44:
45:
46:
        let data = fs.readFileSync(fileName, 'UTF-8');
47:
        let concordance = createConcordance(data);
        writeConcordance(concordance);
48:
49:
50:
     catch (err) {
         process.stderr.write(err + '\n');
51:
52:
53: }
54:
55: if (require.main === module)
56: main();
```

The JavaScript Language (Part 4): Page 3 of 4

linesortcallback.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
2: // linesortcallback.is
3: // Author: Bob Dondero
6: 'use strict';
7: const fs = require('fs');
9: //-----
11: function splitIntoLines(str) {
12: let lines = [];
13: let line = '';
14: for (let c of str) {
   if (c === ' \setminus n') { lines.push(line); line = ''; }
15:
16:
     else line += c;
1.7:
   if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
19: return lines;
20: }
22: //-----
24: function reportError(err) {
25: process.stderr.write(err.message + '\n');
26: }
28: //-----
30: function writeLines(lines) {
31: for (let line of lines)
     process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
32:
33: }
35: //-----
37: function sortWriteLines(err, data) {
38: if (err)
39:
       reportError(err);
40: else {
41:
    let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
     lines.sort();
42:
43:
      writeLines(lines);
44: }
45: }
47: //-----
49: function main() {
50: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
      process.stderr.write('Usage: ' + process.argv[0] + ' ' +
51 •
52:
         process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
53:
       process.exit(1);
54: }
55: let fileName = process.argv[2];
56: fs.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8', sortWriteLines);
57: process.stderr.write('Doing other work\n');
58: }
60: if (require.main === module)
61: main();
```

Node.js

```
JS Engine
function sortWriteLines(
   err, data) {
   JS statements:
function main() {
   JS statements;
   fs.readFile(fileName,
      'UTF-8',
      sortWriteLines);
   JS statements;
```

JS Event Queue

```
fs.readFile(file, enc,
    callback) {
    C++ statements;
    Queue an event;
}
```

Node.js

```
JS Engine
function sortWriteLines(
   err, data) {
   JS statements;
function main() {
   JS statements;
   fs.readFile(fileName,
      'UTF-8',
      sortWriteLines);
   JS statements;
```

JS Event Queue

```
fs.readFile(file, enc,
     callback) {
    C++ statements;
    Queue an event;
}
```

Node.js

```
JS Engine
function sortWriteLines(
   err, data) {
   JS statements:
function main() {
   JS statements;
   fs.readFile(fileName,
      'UTF-8',
      sortWriteLines);
   JS statements;
```

```
JS Event Queue
```

```
fs.readFile(file, enc,
      callback) {
    C++ statements;
    Queue an event;
}
```

Node.js

```
JS Engine
function sortWriteLines(
   err, data) {
   JS statements;
function main() {
   JS statements;
   fs.readFile(fileName,
      'UTF-8',
      sortWriteLines);
   JS statements;
```

JS Event Queue

```
fs.readFile(file, enc,
    callback) {
    C++ statements;
    Queue an event;
}
```

Node.js

```
JS Engine
function sortWriteLines(
   err, data) {
   JS statements;
function main() {
   JS statements;
   fs.readFile(fileName,
      'UTF-8',
      sortWriteLines);
   JS statements;
```

JS Event Queue

```
fs.readFile(file, enc,
    callback) {
    C++ statements;
    Queue an event;
}
```

Node.js

```
JS Engine
function sortWriteLines(
   err, data) {
   JS statements;
function main() {
   JS statements;
   fs.readFile(fileName,
      'UTF-8',
      sortWriteLines);
   JS statements;
```

```
JS Event Queue

Event:

sortWriteLines(err,

data)
```

```
fs.readFile(file, enc,
      callback) {
    C++ statements;
    Queue an event;
}
```

Node.js

```
JS Engine
function sortWriteLines(
   err, data) {
   JS statements;
function main() {
   JS statements;
   fs.readFile(fileName,
      'UTF-8',
      sortWriteLines);
   JS statements;
```

JS Event Queue

```
fs.readFile(file, enc,
      callback) {
    C++ statements;
    Queue an event;
}
```

Summary of the cycle:

(1) JS Engine handles event	
(2) JS Engine calls slowfn(), giving it callback()	
(3) JS Engine continues handling event	(3) Node.js executes slowfn()
(4) JS Engine, when finished handling event, examines JS Event Queue	(4) Node.js, when finished executing slowfn(), adds event to JS Event Queue to call callback()
(5) JS Engine removes event from JS Event Queue	
(6) Go to step (1)	

- Python is:
 - Multithreaded
 - Preemptive
 - OS can context switch at any time
 - Must beware of race conditions

JavaScript is:

- Event driven (not multithreaded)
- Not preemptive
 - Handles each event to completion without interruption
 - So (esp in browsers) event handlers must consume little time
 - Delegates slow tasks to container (browser or node.js)
 - Race conditions can occur only in the sense that the container finishes handling slow tasks at unpredictable times

- We have covered:
 - Arrays
 - Associative arrays
 - Asynchronous processing
 - Function callbacks

- JavaScript language summary
 - C/Java-like syntax
 - Many versions
 - Transpilers used routinely
 - Dynamically typed
 - "Never fail" design philosophy

- JavaScript language summary (cont.)
 - Unusual object model
 - Delegation to prototypes
 - Objects are associative arrays and vice versa
 - ES6 syntax is much different from pre-ES6
 - Event driven, not multi-threaded
 - Asynchronous computation is the norm

Commentary

- JavaScript is:
 - Difficult to learn
 - Difficult to use
 - Unavoidable in web applications
 - Worth learning

Summary

- We have covered:
 - A subset of JavaScript...
 - That is appropriate for COS 333...
 - Through example programs
- See also:
 - Appendix 1: Asynchronous processing: promises
 - Appendix 2: Asynchronous processing: await

Appendix 1: Asynchronous Processing: Promises

Problem:

Programs using (many) callbacks can be difficult to understand

Solution...

· See <u>linesortpromises.js</u>

```
$ cat file1
to be
or not to be
that is
the question
$ node linesortpromises.js file1
                                   Note
or not to be
that is
the question
to be
$
```

linesortpromises.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
2: // linesortpromises.is
3: // Author: Bob Dondero
6: 'use strict';
7: const fs = require('fs');
8:
9: //----
10: function splitIntoLines(str) {
11: let lines = [];
    let line = '':
12:
13: for (let c of str) {
14: if (c === '\n') { lines.push(line); line = ''; }
15:
      else line += c;
16: }
17: if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
18:
    return lines;
19: }
20:
21: //-----
22: function reportError(err) {
     process.stderr.write(err.message + '\n');
24: }
25:
26: //-----
27: function writeLines(lines) {
28: for (let line of lines)
29:
       process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
30: }
31:
32: //-----
33: function sortLines(data) {
34: let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
35:
    lines.sort();
    return lines;
36:
37: }
38:
39: //-----
40: function main(argv) {
41: if (argy.length !== 3) {
42:
       process.stderr.write(
43:
          'Usage: ' + process.argv[0] + ' ' + process.argv[1] +
         ' infile\n');
44:
45:
      process.exit(1);
46:
47:
     let fileName = process.argv[2];
48 •
     // let promise1 = fs.promises.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8');
49:
50:
     // let promise2 = promise1.then(sortLines);
51:
     // let promise3 = promise2.then(writeLines);
52:
     // promise3.catch(reportError);
53:
     fs.promises.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8')
54:
55:
      .then(sortLines)
56:
       .then(writeLines)
57:
       .catch (reportError);
58.
     process.stderr.write('Doing other work\n');
59:
60: }
61:
62: if (require.main === module)
     main(process.argv);
```

The JavaScript Language (Part 4): Page 4 of 4

linesortawait.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
2: // linesortawait.is
3: // Author: Bob Dondero
6: 'use strict';
7: const fs = require('fs');
9: //----
10: function splitIntoLines(str) {
11: let lines = [];
12: let line = '';
13: for (let c of str) {
14: if (c === '\n') { lines.push(line); line = ''; }
15:
     else line += c;
16: }
17: if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
18: return lines;
22: function reportError(err) {
23: process.stderr.write(err.message + '\n');
24: }
26: //-----
27: function writeLines(lines) {
28: for (let line of lines)
      process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
30: }
32: //-----
33: function sortLines(data) {
34: let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
35: lines.sort();
36: return lines;
37: }
39: //-----
40: asvnc function handleFile(fileName) {
41: trv {
42:
     let data = await fs.promises.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8');
43:
       let lines = sortLines(data);
44:
       writeLines(lines);
45: }
46:
    catch (err) {
47:
    reportError(err);
48:
49: }
51: //-----
52: function main() {
53: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
       process.stderr.write('Usage: ' + process.argv[0] + ' ' +
54 .
        process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
55:
56:
       process.exit(1);
57: }
58: let fileName = process.argv[2];
59: handleFile(fileName);
60: process.stderr.write('Doing other work\n');
61: }
63: if (require.main === module)
64: main();
```

See <u>linesortpromises.js</u> (cont.)

```
let promise1 = fs.promises.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8')
// Let promisel represent err and data, the future
// result of reading from fileName
let promise2 = promise1.then(sortLines)
// Let promise2 represent lines, the future result of
// calling sortLines(data)
let promise3 = promise2.then(writeLines)
// Let promise3 represent null, the future result
// of calling writeLines(lines)
promise3.catch(reportError);
// If err is not null, then call reportError(err)
```

See <u>linesortpromises.js</u> (cont.)

```
fs.promises.readFile(
  fileName, 'UTF-8')
  .then(sortLines)
  .then(writeLines)
  .catch(reportError);
```

Dear Node.js:

Call fs.promises.readFile
asynchronously, passing it fileName.

Then, after readFile is finished, call sortLines, passing it the value returned by readFile (i.e., data).

Then, after sortLines is finished, call writeLines, passing it the value returned by sortLines (i.e., lines).

If readFile, sortLines, or writeLines throws an exception, then call reportError, passing it the exception object.

- Promises commentary
 - Difficult to understand the implementation
 - (Usually) easy to use

Appendix 2: Asynchronous Processing: await

Async Processing: await

Await and async

```
function f(...) {
   initial code
   f1(args)
        .then(f2)
        .then(f3)
        .catch(f4);
   final code
}
```



```
async function helper(args) {
   try {
      let data1 = await f1(args);
      let data2 = f2(data1);
      f3(data2);
   catch (ex) {
      f4(ex);
function f(...) {
   initial code
   helper(args);
   final code
```

Async Processing: await

See <u>linesortawait.js</u>

```
$ cat file1
to be
or not to be
that is
the question
$ node linesortawait.js file1
                                        Note
Doing other work -
or not to be
that is
the question
to be
$
```

linesortpromises.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
1: //-----
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3: // Author: Bob Dondero
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    let line = '':
12:
13: for (let c of str) {
14: if (c === '\n') { lines.push(line); line = ''; }
15:
      else line += c;
16: }
17: if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
18:
    return lines;
19: }
20:
21: //-----
22: function reportError(err) {
     process.stderr.write(err.message + '\n');
24: }
25:
26: //-----
27: function writeLines(lines) {
28: for (let line of lines)
29:
       process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
30: }
31:
32: //-----
33: function sortLines(data) {
34: let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
35:
    lines.sort();
    return lines;
36:
37: }
38:
39: //-----
40: function main(argv) {
41: if (argy.length !== 3) {
42:
       process.stderr.write(
43:
          'Usage: ' + process.argv[0] + ' ' + process.argv[1] +
         ' infile\n');
44:
45:
      process.exit(1);
46:
47:
     let fileName = process.argv[2];
48 •
     // let promise1 = fs.promises.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8');
49:
50:
     // let promise2 = promise1.then(sortLines);
51:
     // let promise3 = promise2.then(writeLines);
52:
     // promise3.catch(reportError);
53:
     fs.promises.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8')
54:
55:
      .then(sortLines)
56:
       .then(writeLines)
57:
       .catch (reportError);
58.
     process.stderr.write('Doing other work\n');
59:
60: }
61:
62: if (require.main === module)
     main(process.argv);
```

The JavaScript Language (Part 4): Page 4 of 4

linesortawait.js (Page 1 of 1)

```
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13: for (let c of str) {
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15:
     else line += c;
16: }
17: if (line !== '') lines.push(line);
18: return lines;
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23: process.stderr.write(err.message + '\n');
24: }
26: //-----
27: function writeLines(lines) {
28: for (let line of lines)
      process.stdout.write(line + '\n');
30: }
32: //-----
33: function sortLines(data) {
34: let lines = splitIntoLines(data);
35: lines.sort();
36: return lines;
37: }
39: //-----
40: asvnc function handleFile(fileName) {
41: trv {
42:
     let data = await fs.promises.readFile(fileName, 'UTF-8');
43:
       let lines = sortLines(data);
44:
       writeLines(lines);
45: }
46:
    catch (err) {
47:
    reportError(err);
48:
49: }
51: //-----
52: function main() {
53: if (process.argv.length !== 3) {
       process.stderr.write('Usage: ' + process.argv[0] + ' ' +
54 .
        process.argv[1] + ' infile\n');
55:
56:
       process.exit(1);
57: }
58: let fileName = process.argv[2];
59: handleFile(fileName);
60: process.stderr.write('Doing other work\n');
61: }
63: if (require.main === module)
64: main();
```