D-Link dir890L hardcoded UART credential

Description

In D-Link dir890L devices, there contains a hard-coded credential for UART authentication. Users can log in into the device's UART port via the hard-coded credential and gain root privilege.

Affected devices: D-Link dir890L, Official URL: https://www.dlink.com/uk/en/products/dir-890l-ac32 00-ultra-wifi-router

Affected Versions: Versions up to DIR890LA1_FW111b04.

Firmware download URL: https://files.dlink.com.au/products/DIR-890L/REV A/Firmware/Firmware v1.20b01/DIR890LA1 FW111b04.bin

Details

In the rgbin binary of D-Link dir890L, the authentication for UART is handled via function at address 0xD084. It compares user's input with credential retrieved from system configuration, the system will uses the hardcoded credential 35dHJLI!wyX:ut77a3d33w for authentication with the configuration in case UART is enabled.

```
if ( !strcmp(s1a, "login") )
19
   20
                return sub_D084(a1, (int)a2);
 38
                  case 'c
                   get_sys_config(0, 0, "/sys/user:1/name", uname, 79);
get_sys_config(0, 0, "/sys/user:1/password", pwd, 79);
 39
 40
 41
                    continue:
 42
 43
                  case '1':
                    off_2D340[0] = (char *)optarg;
 44
45
                    continue:
 46
                  case 't':
                    dword_2D33C = atoi((const char *)optarg);
47
                    if ( dword_2D33C < 0 )
 48
                      dword_2D33C = 60;
 49
                   continue;
 50
 51
                  case 'u':
                    strncpy(uname, "35dHJLI!wyX", 0x50u);
strncpy(pwd, "ut77a3d33w", 0x50u);
 52
 53
 54
                    continue;
 55
                  default:
 56
                    goto LABEL_2;
 57
               }
  58
 59
             break;
  60
           }
  61
         if ( access(off_2D340[0], 1) >= 0 )
 62
 63
           signal(14, (__sighandler_t)sub_CA68);
alarm(dword_2D33C);
 64
 65
 66
           while ( v16 \le 2 \&\& (s2[0] \mid | sub\_CAF0(s2, 80) >= 0) )
 67
             if (!strcmp(uname, s2))
 68
 69
             {
 70
                sub_CD0C(v9, 80):
              if (!strcmp(pwd, v9) || !pwd[0] && strlen(v9) == 1 && v9[0] == 10)
 71
  72
                  alarm(0);
system(off_2D340[0]);
 73
 74
 75
                  return 0;
  76
               }
  77
             }
 78
              sleep(3u);
 79
            printf("Login incorrect");
             s2[0] = 0;
 80
```

The security impact would be a attacker having physical access to the device and uses UART to

login into the device and gain root privilege.