## D-Link dir890L hardcoded login shell

## **Description**

In D-Link dir890L devices, there contains a hard-coded credential for UART authentication. Users can log in into the device's UART port via the hard-coded credential and gain root privilege.

Affected devices: D-Link dir890L, Official URL: <a href="https://www.dlink.com/uk/en/products/dir-890l-ac32">https://www.dlink.com/uk/en/products/dir-890l-ac32</a> <a href="https://www.dlink.com/uk/en/products/dir-890l-ac32">00-ultra-wifi-router</a>

Affected Versions: Versions up to DIR890LA1\_FW111b04.

Firmware download URL: <a href="https://files.dlink.com.au/products/DIR-890L/REV\_A/Firmware/Firmware\_v1.20b01/DIR890LA1\_FW111b04.bin">https://files.dlink.com.au/products/DIR-890L/REV\_A/Firmware/Firmware\_v1.20b01/DIR890LA1\_FW111b04.bin</a>

## **Details**

In the rgbin binary of D-Link dir890L, the authentication for UART is handled via function at address 0xD084. It compares user's input with credential retrieved from system configuration. However, under certain start configuration, the system will uses the hardcoded credential 35dHJLI!wyX:ut77a3d33w for authentication.

```
19
           if (!strcmp(s1a, "login") )
               return sub_D084(a1, (int)a2);
  20
                  get_sys_config(0, 0, "/sys/user:1/name", uname, 79);
get_sys_config(0, 0, "/sys/user:1/password", pwo, 79);
39
40
                  continue;
                case '1':
  off_2D340[0] = (char *)optarg;
                  continue;
                  dword_2D33C = atoi((const char *)optarg);
48
                  if ( dword_2D33C < 0 )
                    dword 2D33C = 60;
50
                  continue:
51
                case 'u':
                  strncpy(uname, "35dHJLI!wyX", 0x50u);
strncpy(pwd, "ut77a3d33w", 0x50u);
52
53
54
                  continue;
                default:
55
                  goto LABEL_2;
56
57
              }
58
59
            break;
60
         }
61
62
       if (access(off_2D340[0], 1) >= 0)
63
64
          signal(14, (__sighandler_t)sub_CA68);
          alarm(dword_2D33C);
65
66
          while ( v16 \le 2 \&\& (s2[0] \mid | sub\_CAF0(s2, 80) >= 0) )
67
68
            if ( !strcmp(uname, s2) )
69
            {
             if (!strcmp(pwd, v9) || !pwd[0] && strlen(v9) == 1 && v9[0] == 10)
73
                alarm(0);
                system(off_2D340[0]);
75
                return 0:
76
              }
77
78
            sleep(3u);
           printf("Login incorrect");
79
```

The security impact would be a attacker having physical access to the device and uses UART to login into the device and gain root privilege.