## Homework 1

(Total 130 pts)

## **Due 5:00 pm on June 10, 2020 (Wednesday)**

Note: You work must be electronically submitted to Canvas as a single PDF file.

1. (20 pts) A system has the input-output relation given by  $y[n] = T\{x[n]\} = nx[n]$ .

Determine whether the system is

- (a) linear; (b) time invariant; (c) stable; (d) causal.
- 2. (20 pts) Let  $x[n] = \delta[n] + 2\delta[n-1] \delta[n-3]$  and  $h[n] = 2\delta[n+1] + 2\delta[n-1]$ . Compute the following convolution: y[n] = x[n] \* h[n].
- 3. (30 pts)
  - (a) Calculate the Fourier transform of  $X(e^{j\omega})$  of the sequence: x[n] = u[n+3] u[n-4].
  - (b) In Matlab, plot and label the magnitude of the Fourier transform  $\left|X(e^{j\omega})\right|$  (where  $\omega$  goes from  $-2\pi$  to  $2\pi$ . Attach a printed hardcopy of the plot.
- 4. (20 pts)
  - (a) If x[n] is a complex sequence with Fourier transform being  $X(e^{j\omega})$ , prove that  $\mathcal{F}\{x^*[-n]\} = X^*(e^{j\omega})$ .
  - (b) Suppose x[n] is a real sequence. Use Property 7 of the Symmetry of Fourier Transforms to prove that the imaginary part of its Fourier transform is odd, i.e.,  $X_I(e^{j\omega}) = -X_I(e^{-j\omega})$ .
- 5. (10 pts) Determine the frequency response  $H(e^{j\omega})$  of the LTI system whose input and output satisfy the following difference equation.

$$y[n] + \frac{1}{2}y[n-1] + \frac{3}{4}y[n-2] = x[n] - \frac{1}{2}x[n-1] + x[n-3].$$

6. (10 pts) Suppose the frequency response of an LTI system is given by

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.5e^{j\omega}}$$
. If the input to the system is  $x[n] = 1 + e^{j\pi n}$ , what is the output  $y[n]$ ?

- 7. (20 pts) The sequences s[n], x[n] and w[n] are sample sequences of wide-sense stationary random processes where s[n] = x[n]w[n]. The sequences x[n] and w[n] are zero-mean and statistically independent. The autocorrelation function of w[n] is
  - $E\{w[n]w[n+m]\} = \sigma_w^2 \delta[m]$ . And the variance of x[n] is  $\sigma_x^2$ .
  - (a) Show that s[n] is white.
  - (b) Find the mean square of the s[n],  $E\{s^2[n]\}$ .