

**SUPER  
MARIO**

TM

# What are the characteristics of Super Mario Bros?



# Key characteristics (requirements)

- Side scroller: Mario/Camera moves right
- Gravity effect of jump
- Collects coins and optional powerups
- Enemies (Goombas) try to take lives.
- Time limit in which Mario must reach the end of the level

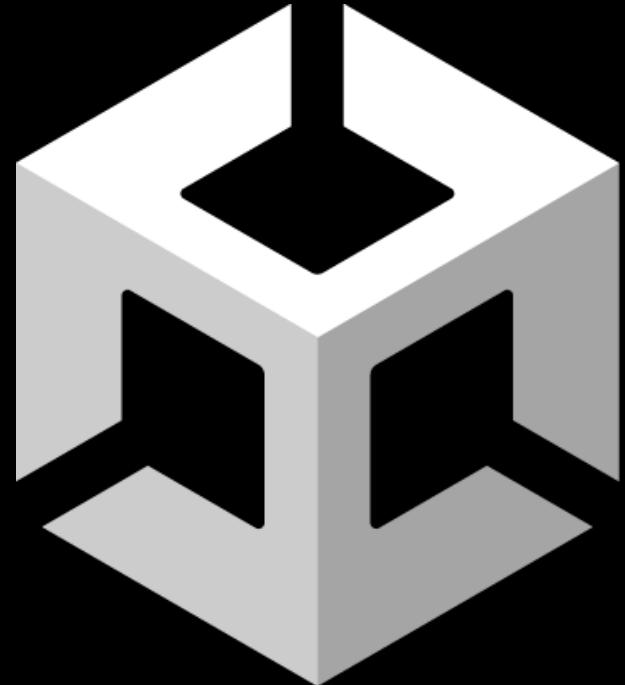


# Steps / Requirements

1. Level Design in Unity
2. Mario Movement (left + right)
3. Object detection / collision
4. Jumping over blocks / gravity
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6. Jumping on Goombas – further collisions
7. Decoration – animation – walking
8. Camera to track Mario (once tile map created)

# Unity Level tilemap





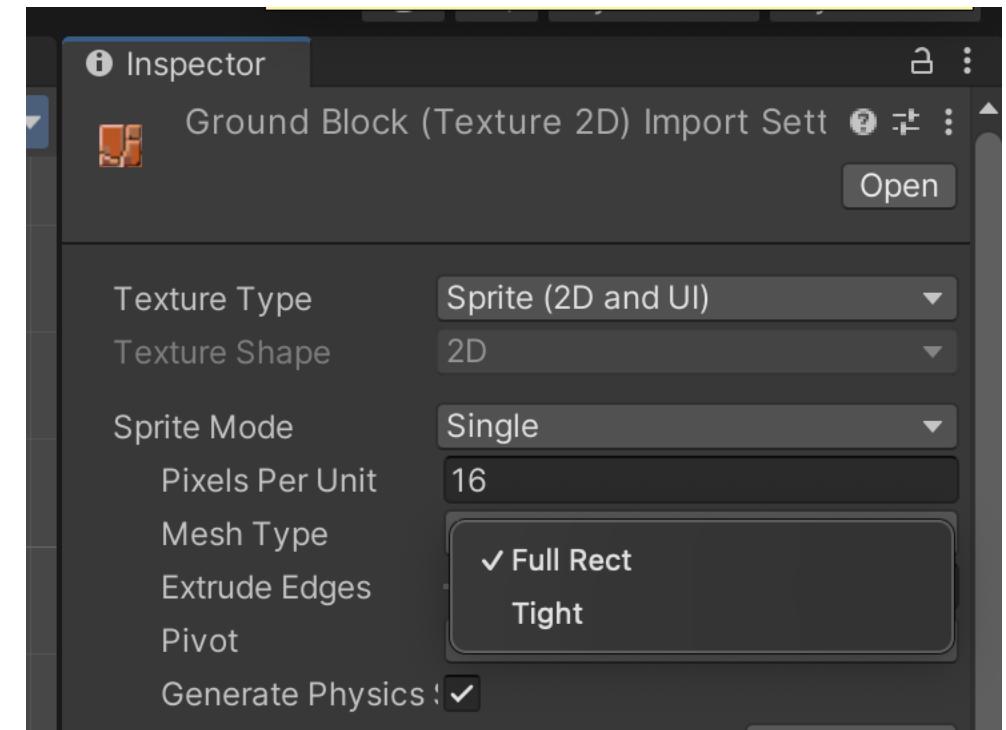
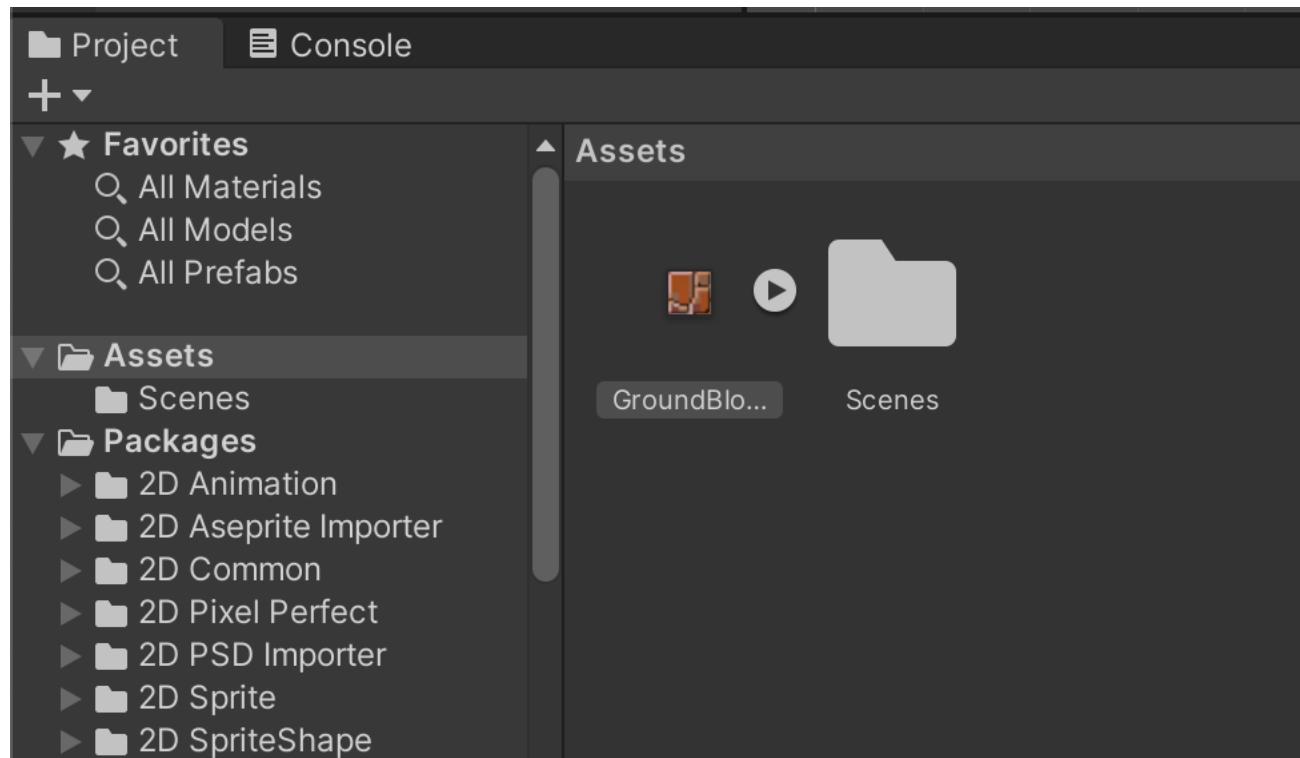
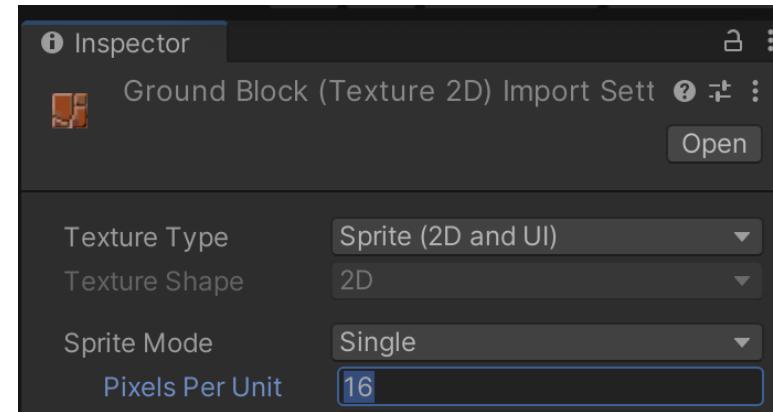
Unity®

# Steps / Requirements

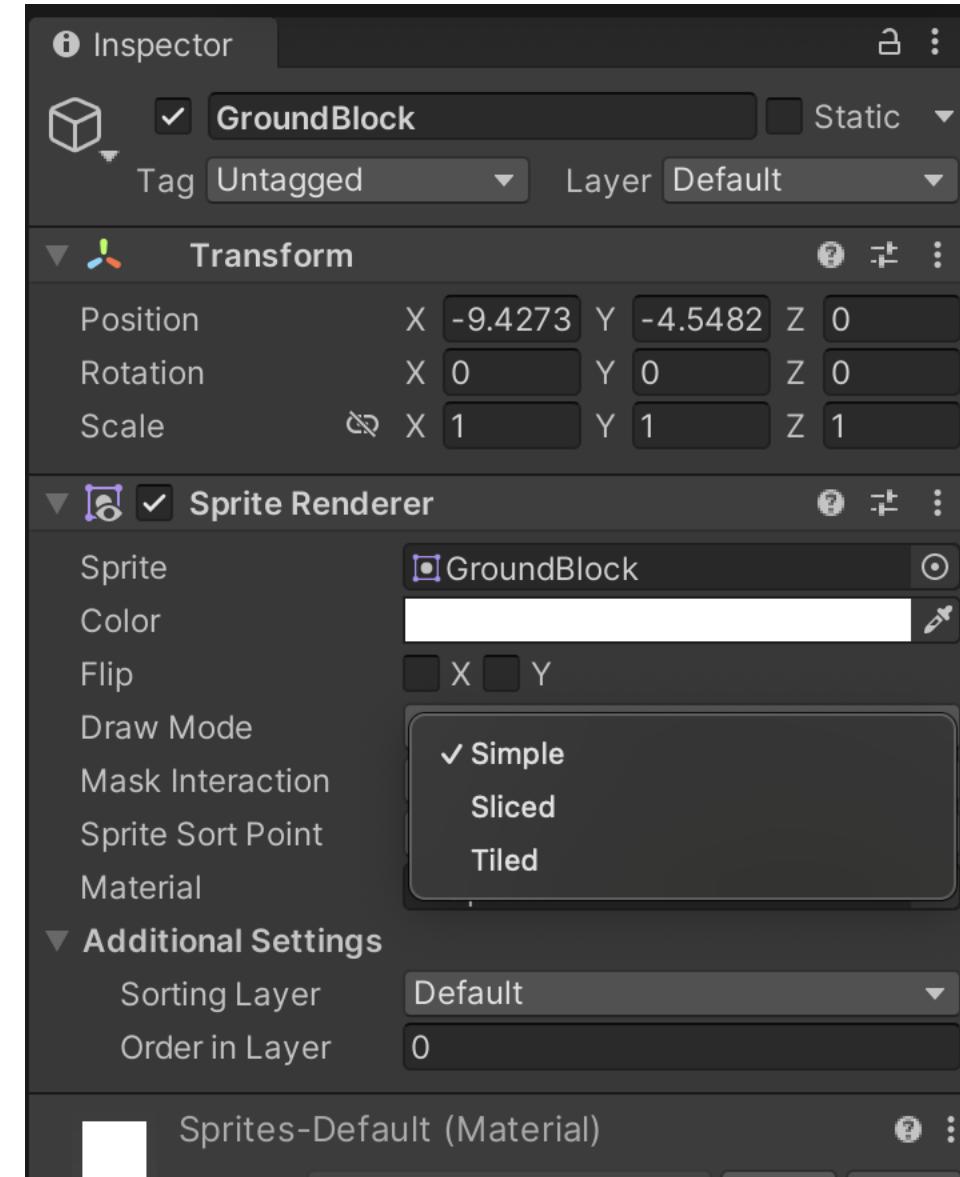
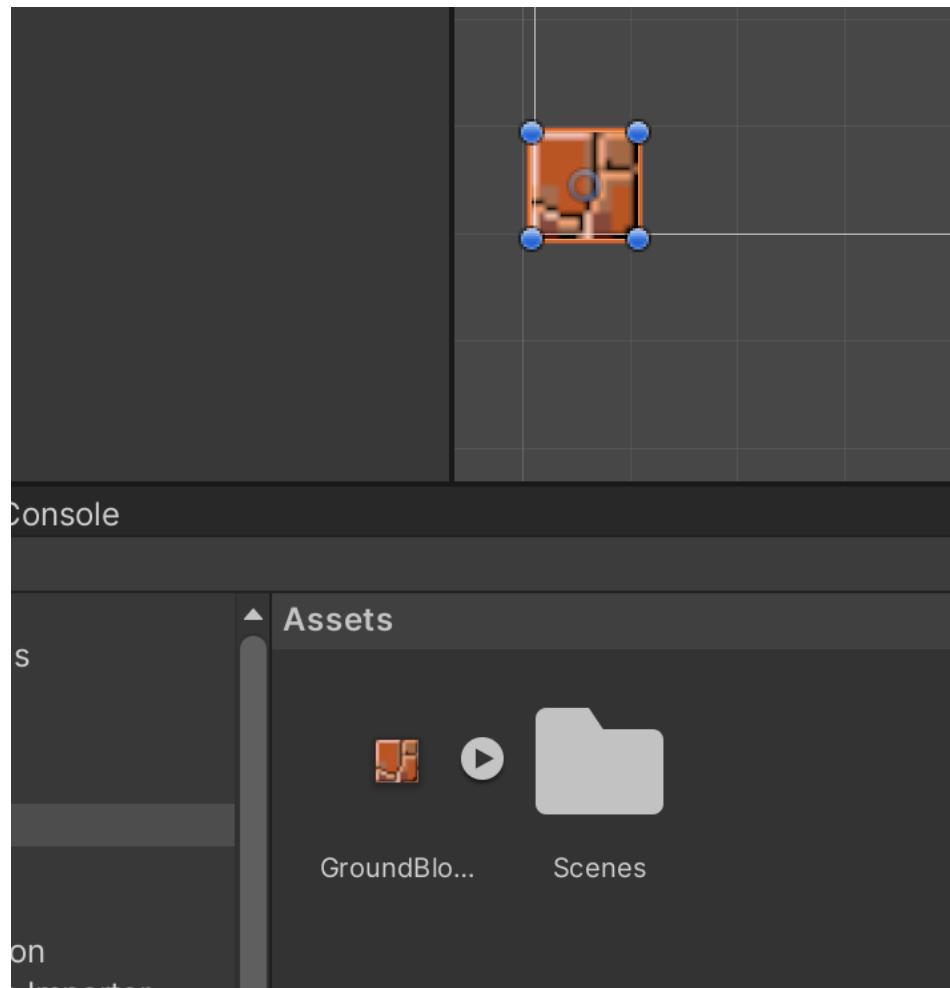
- 1. Level Design in Unity**
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# Level Design - load in Ground Block

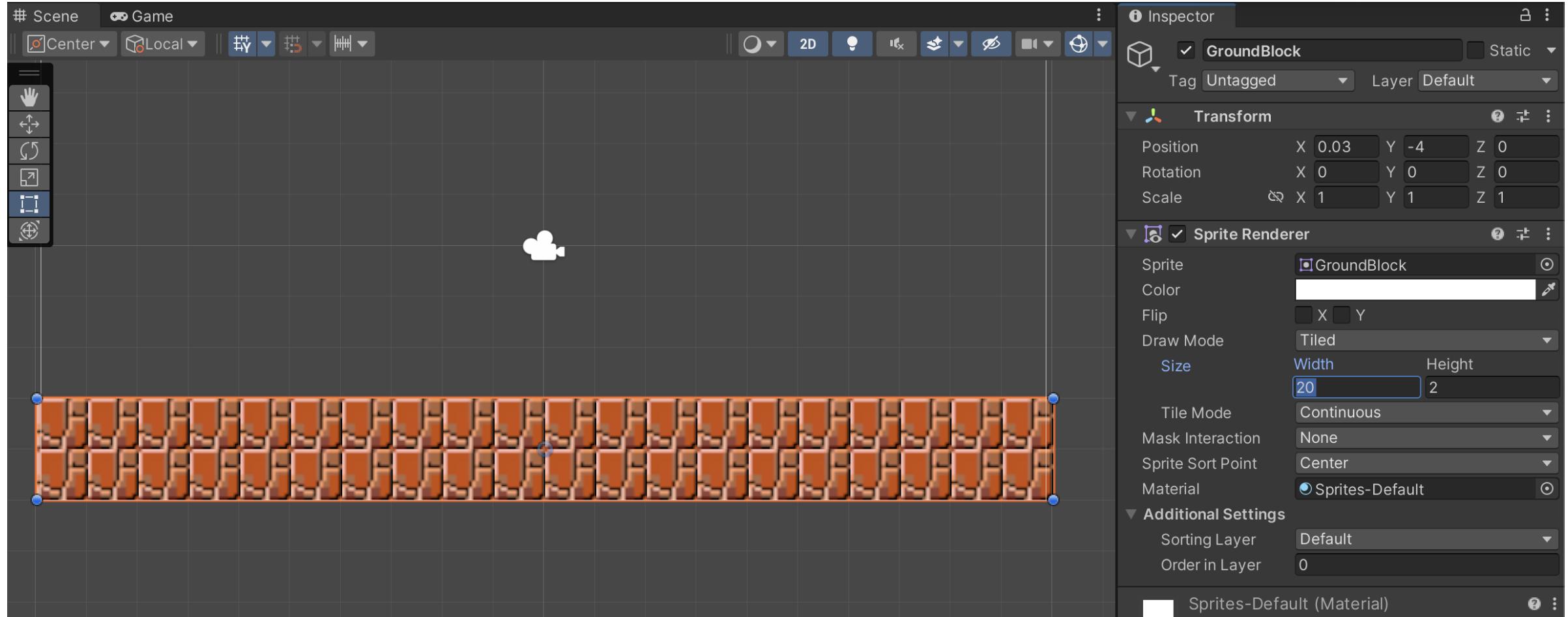
## Pixels Per Unit = 16



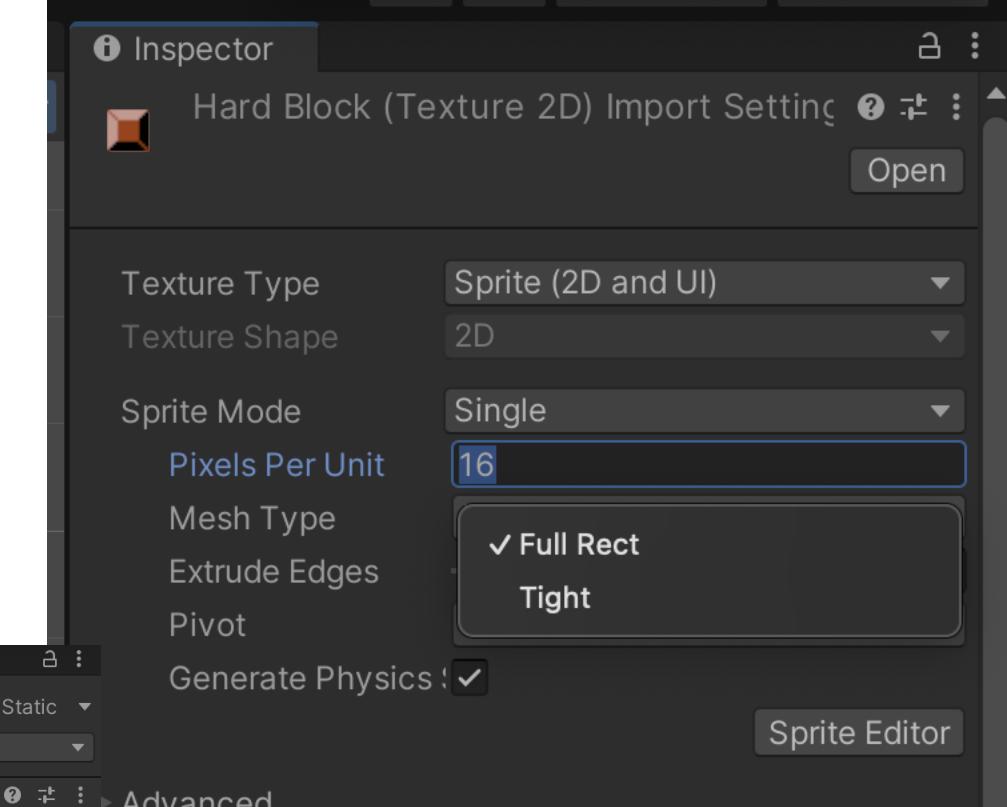
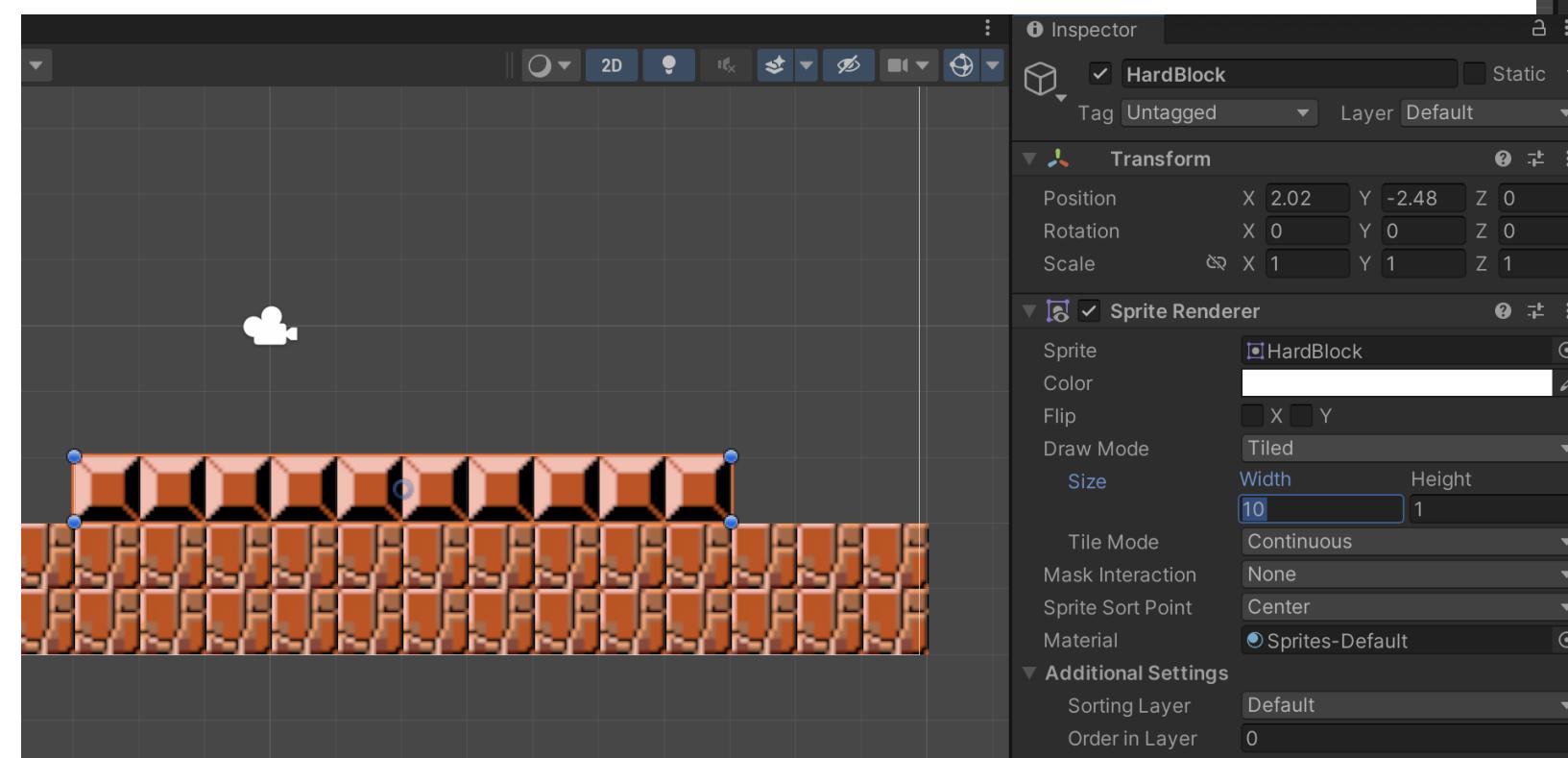
# Select 'Tiled'



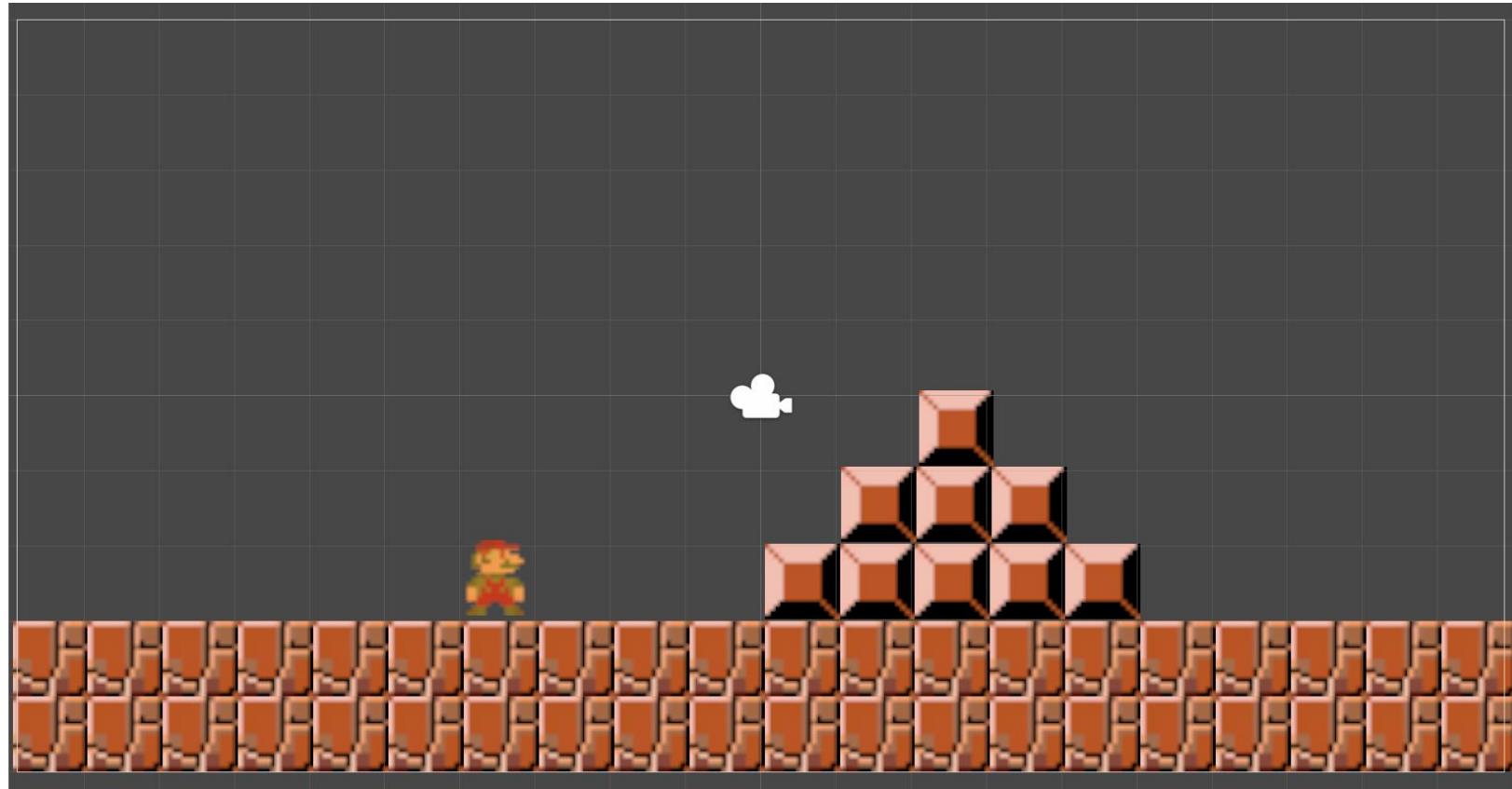
# Tiled Draw Mode – 20 tiles wide x 2 high



# In Unity – Select Tiled



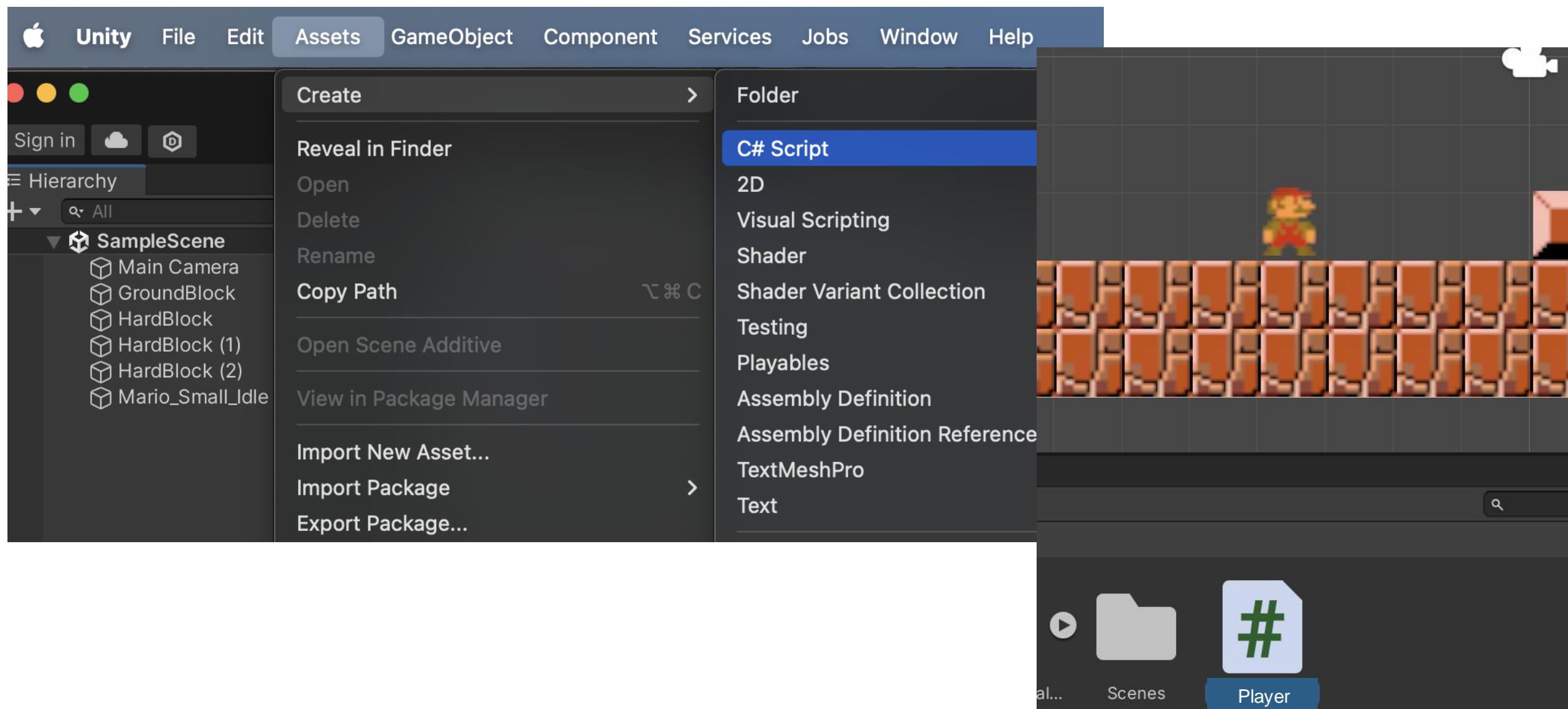
# Simple Level Design



# Steps / Requirements

1. Level Design in Unity 
2. **Mario Movement (left + right)**
3. Object detection / collision
4. Jumping over blocks / gravity
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# 2. Mario Movement

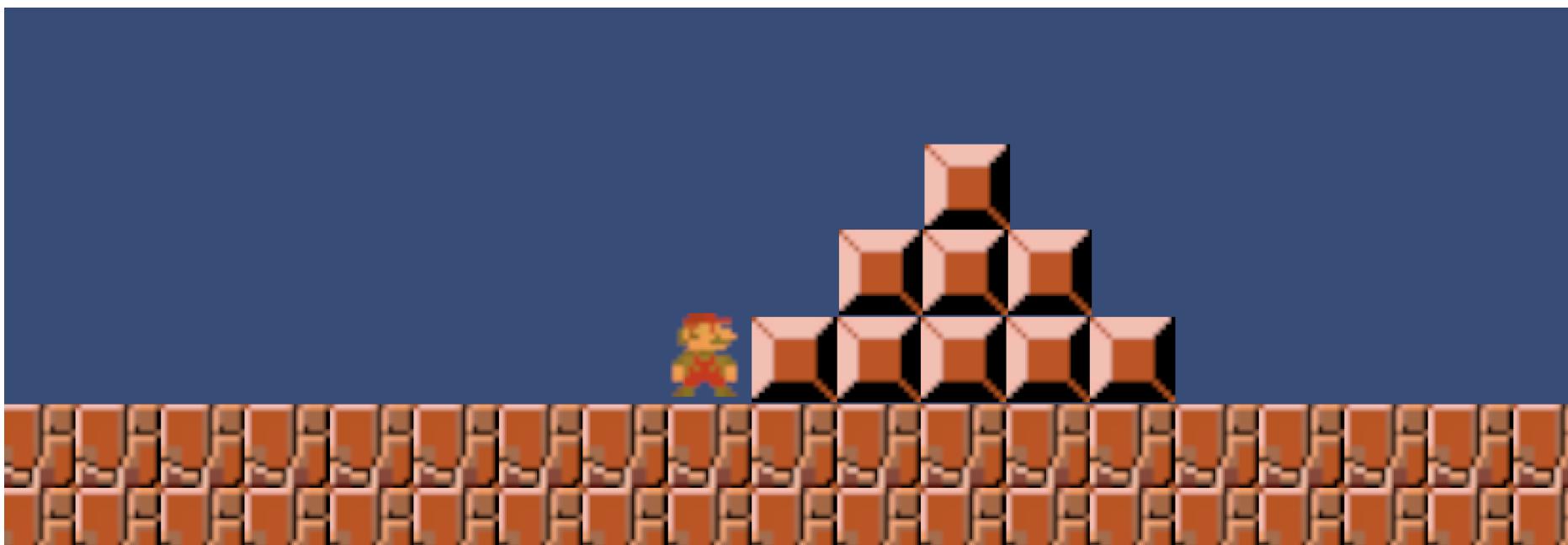
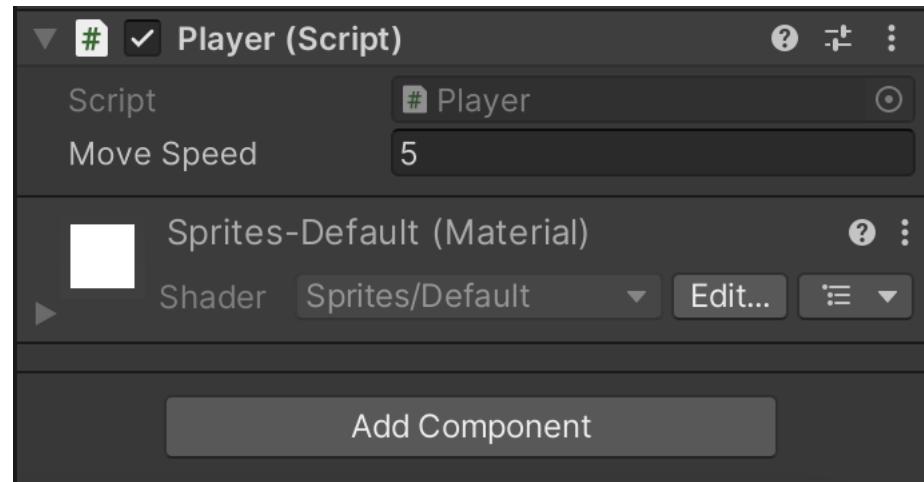
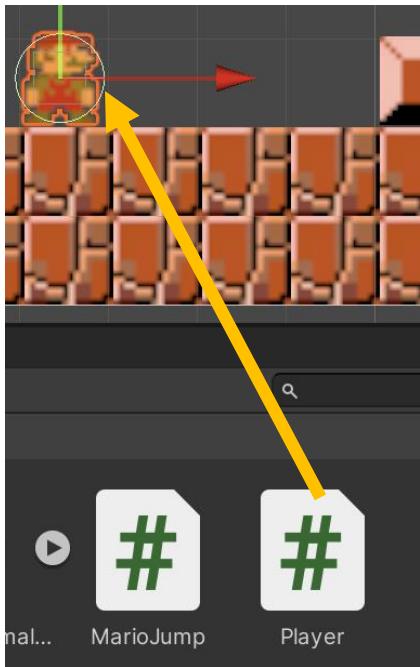


## C# Player.cs X

Users &gt; nick &gt; Documents &gt; test\_p\_1 &gt; Assets &gt; C# Player.cs

```
1  using System.Collections;
2  using System.Collections.Generic;
3  using UnityEngine;
4
5  public class Player : MonoBehaviour
6  {
7      public float moveSpeed = 5f;
8
9      // Start is called before the first frame update
10     void Start()
11     {
12
13     }
14
15     // Update is called once per frame
16     void Update()
17     {
18         // Get horizontal input (-1 for left, 1 for right)
19         float horizontalInput = Input.GetAxis("Horizontal");
20
21         // Calculate movement vector
22         Vector3 movement = new Vector3(horizontalInput, 0f, 0f) * moveSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
23
24         // Move the sprite
25         transform.position += movement;
26     }
27 }
28 }
```

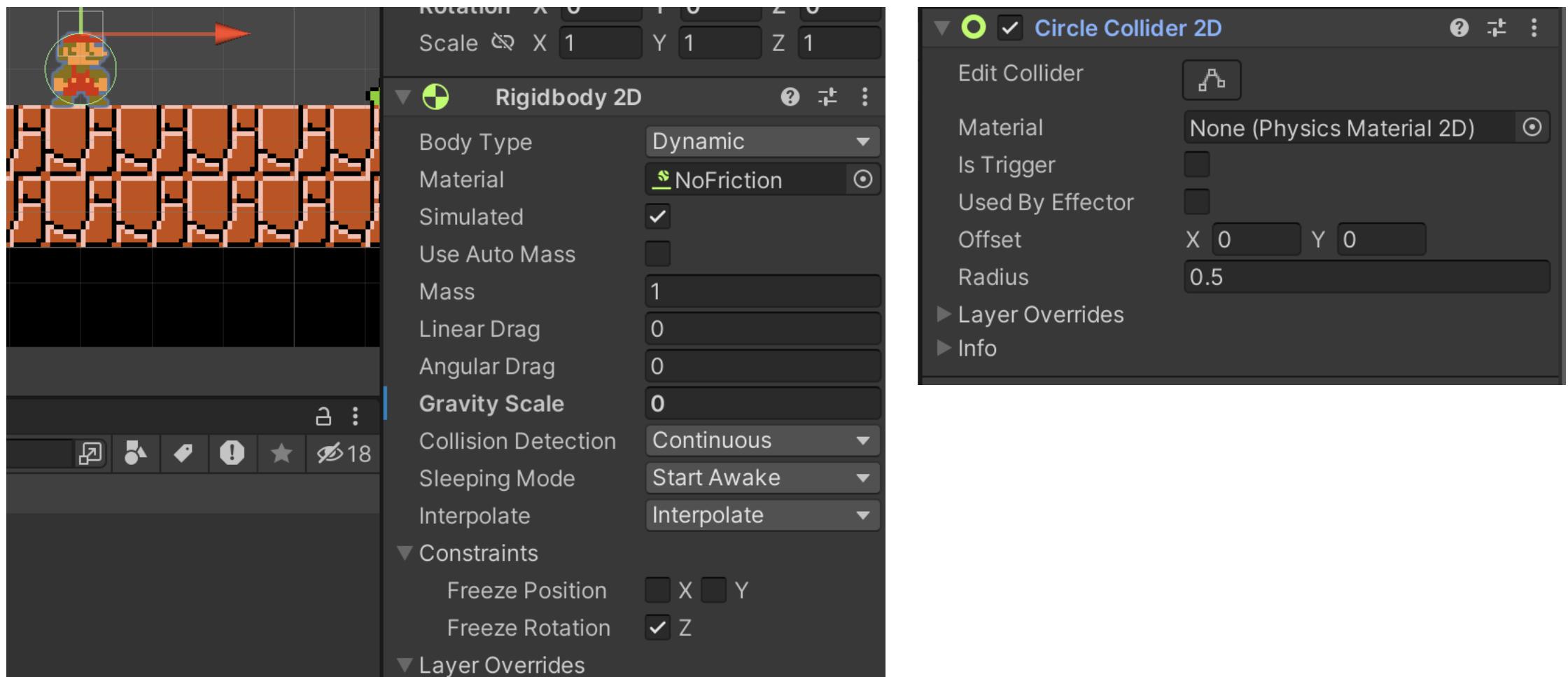
## 2. Mario Movement



# Steps / Requirements

1. Level Design in Unity 
2. Mario Movement (left + right) 
3. **Object detection / collision**
4. Jumping over blocks / gravity
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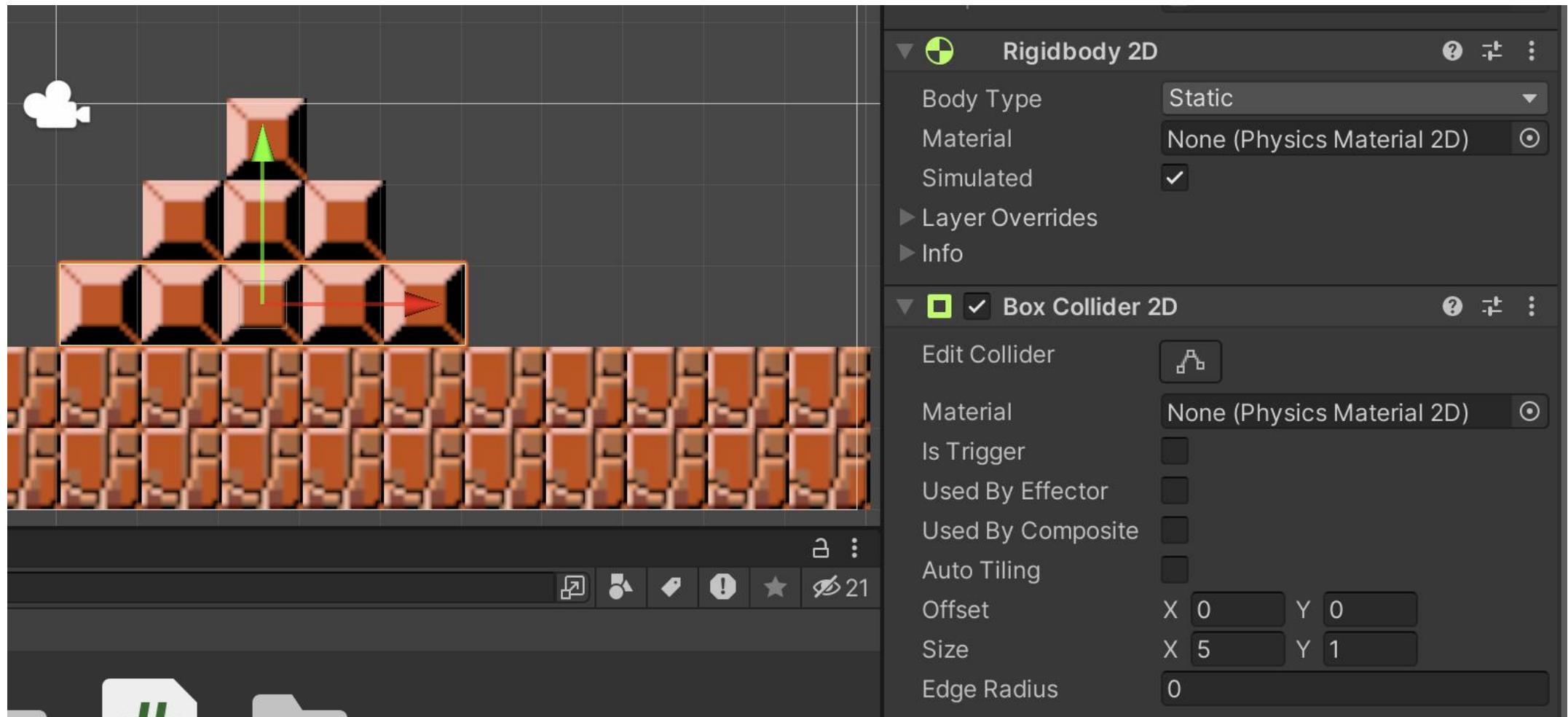
# 3. Object Detection – Colliders for Mario



Click on Mario – add new Component -> Physics -> Rigidbody 2D

Click on Mario – add new Component -> Physics -> Circle Collider 2D

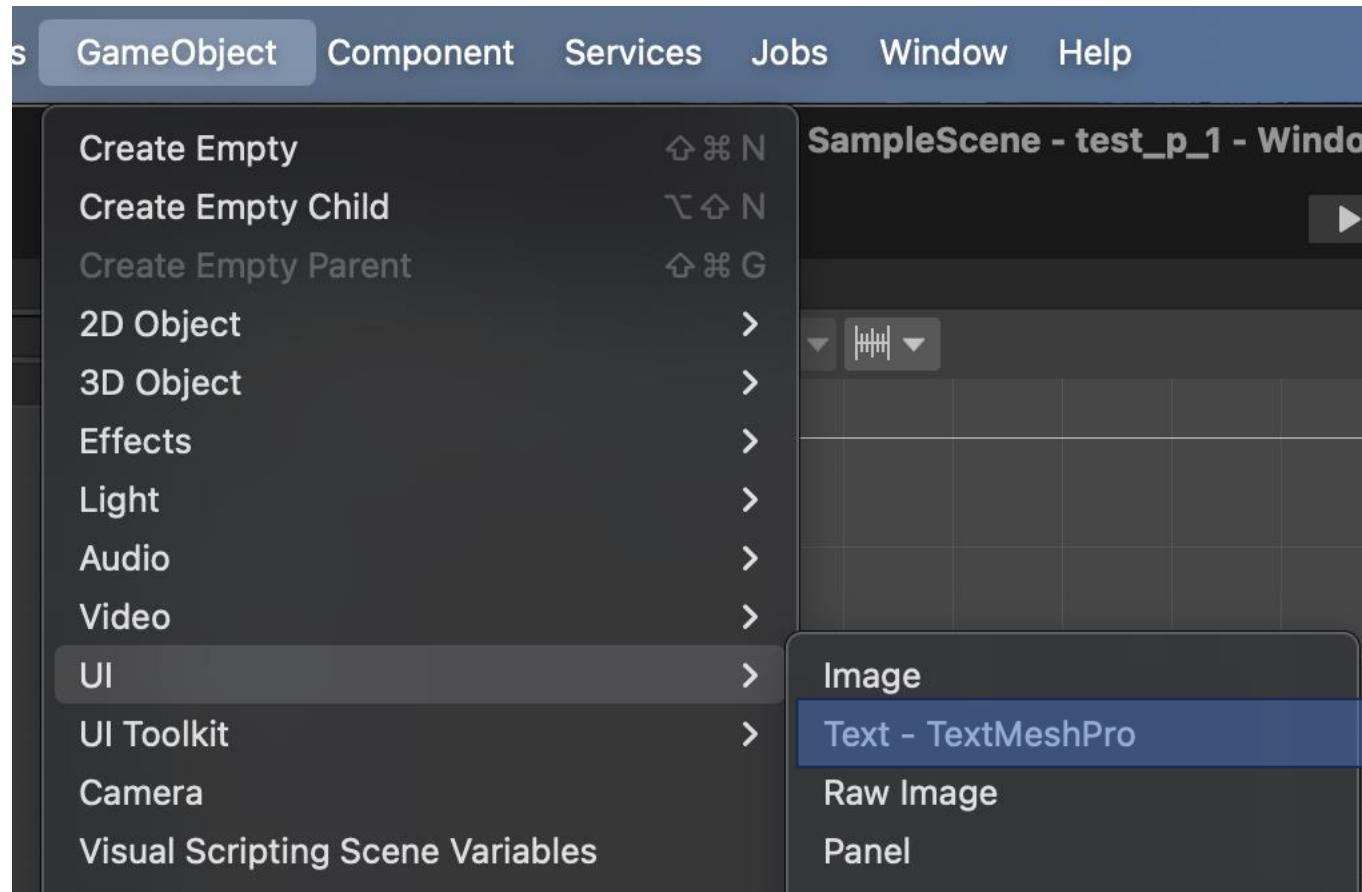
### 3. Object Detection – Colliders for Block



Click on Block – add new Component -> Physics -> Rigidbody 2D

Click on Block – add new Component -> Physics -> Box Collider 2D

# 3. Collision text – for visual cues



GameObject -> UI -> Text - TextMeshPro

### 3. Collision code in our C# Script - for visual cues

```
using UnityEngine;

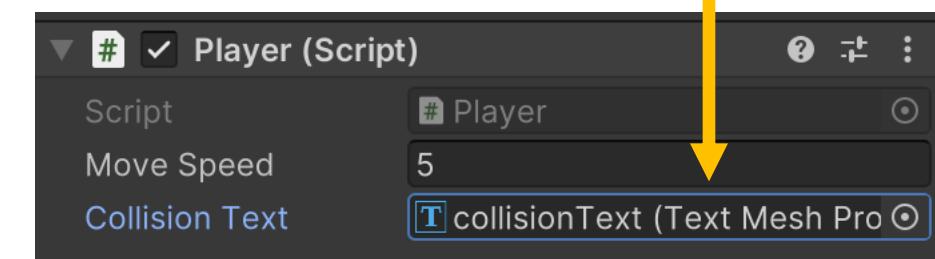
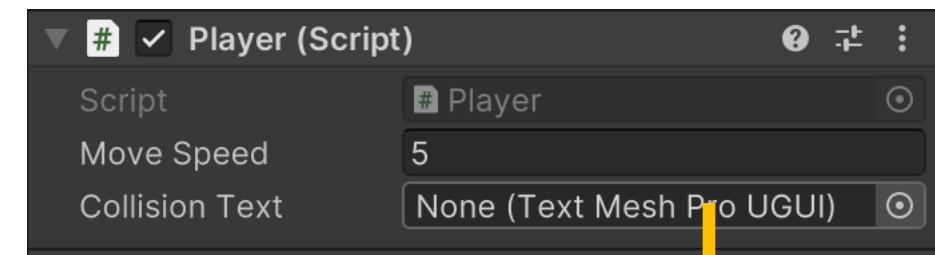
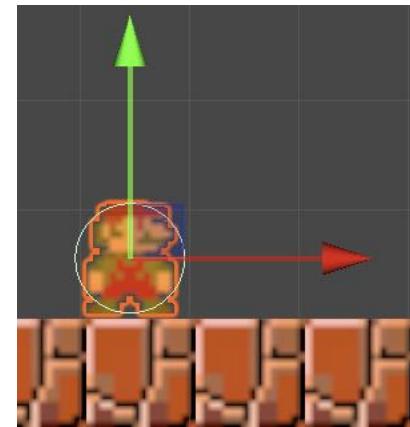
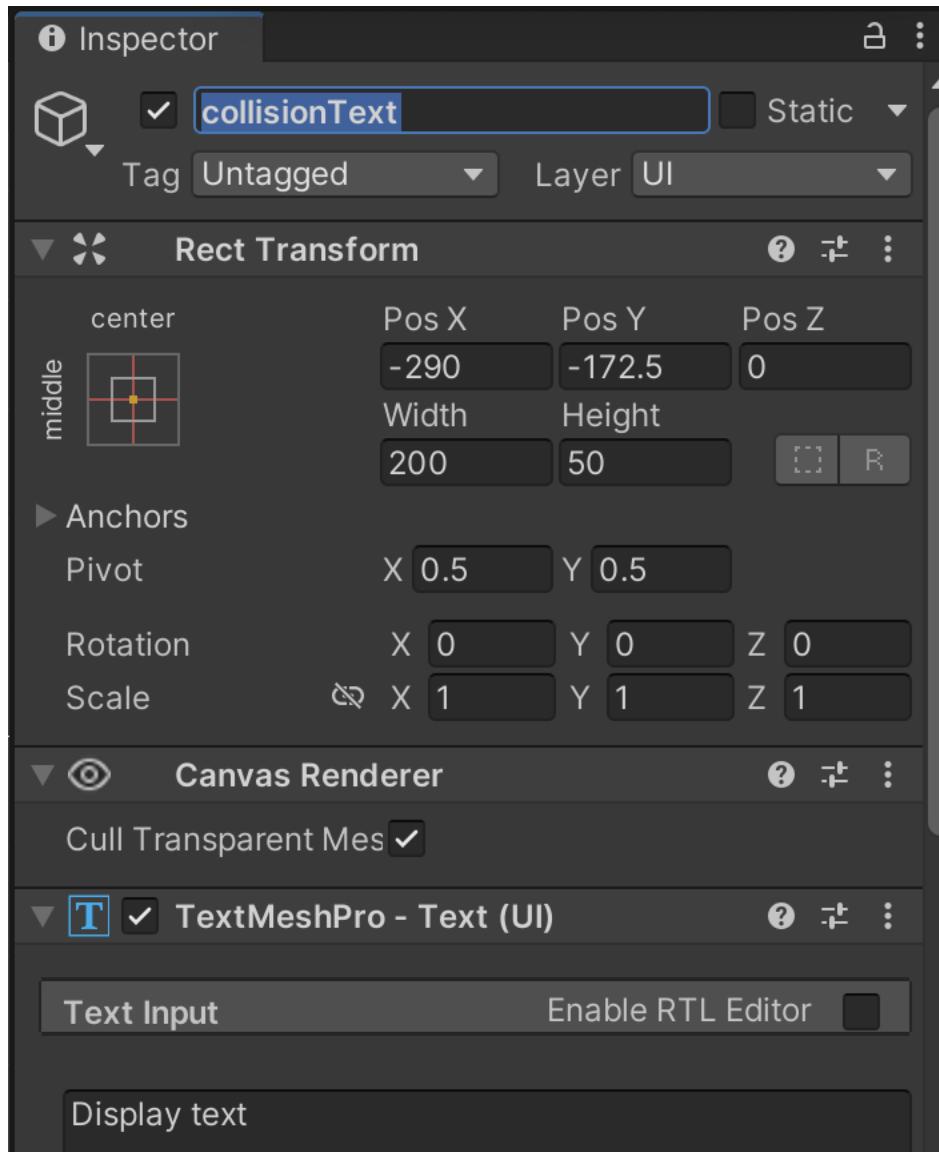
using TMPro; // For TextMeshPro

public class Player : MonoBehaviour
{
    public float moveSpeed = 5f;

    public TextMeshProUGUI collisionText;
```

```
void OnCollisionEnter2D(Collision2D collision)
{
    collisionText.text = "Collided with: " + collision.gameObject.name;
    // Print a message to the Console when a 2D collision occurs
    Debug.Log("Collided with: " + collision.gameObject.name);
}
```

### 3. Update parameters in the Inspector



### 3. Change the TextMesh.text upon collision!

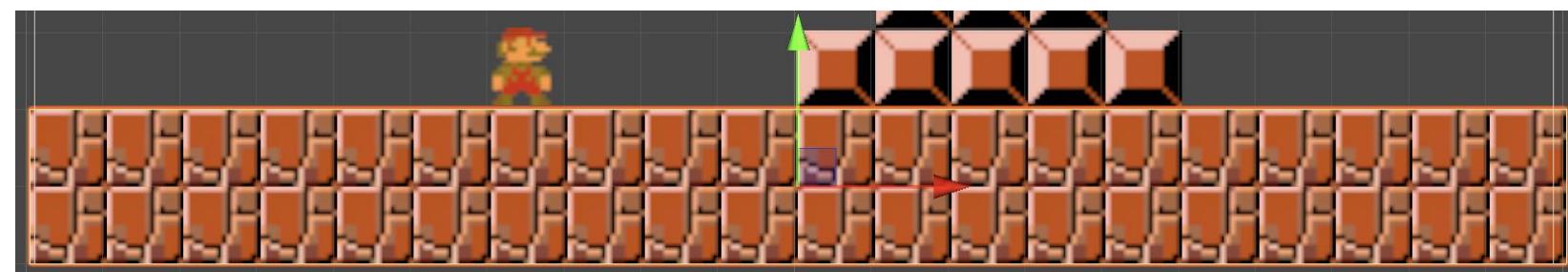


# Steps / Requirements

1. Level Design in Unity 
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# 4. Gravity / Jump – Mario

Start by setting Mario's RigidBody 2D Gravity to a low value  $> 0$  but  $< 1$  so you can check whether he falls through the floor or not...



Also make sure to 'INCLUDE' Ground tiles/layers you have

Rigidbody 2D

Body Type: Dynamic  
Material: None (Physics Material 2D)  
Simulated: ✓  
Use Auto Mass:   
Mass: 1  
Linear Drag: 0  
Angular Drag: 0.05  
Gravity Scale: 0.05  
Collision Detection: Discrete  
Sleeping Mode: Never Sleep  
Interpolate: None

Constraints:  X  Y  Z

Layer Overrides: Block, Ground  
Include Layers: Nothing  
Exclude Layers: Everything, Default, TransparentFX, Ignore Raycast, Player, Water, UI

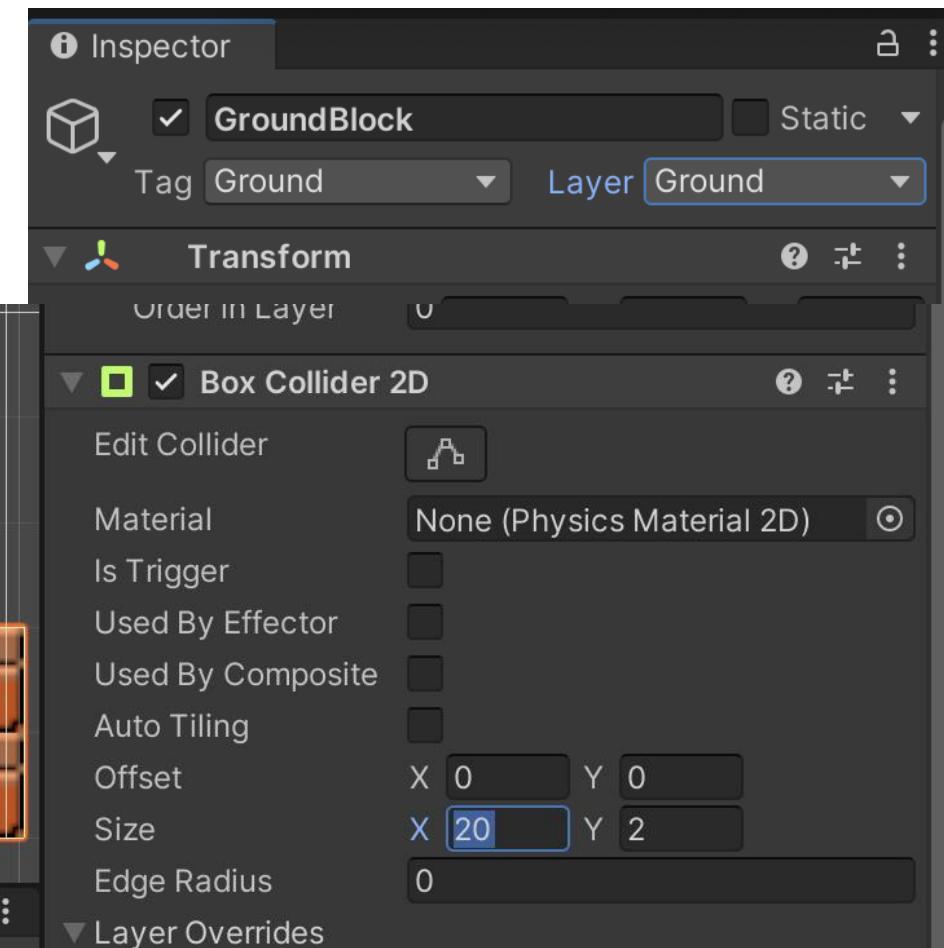
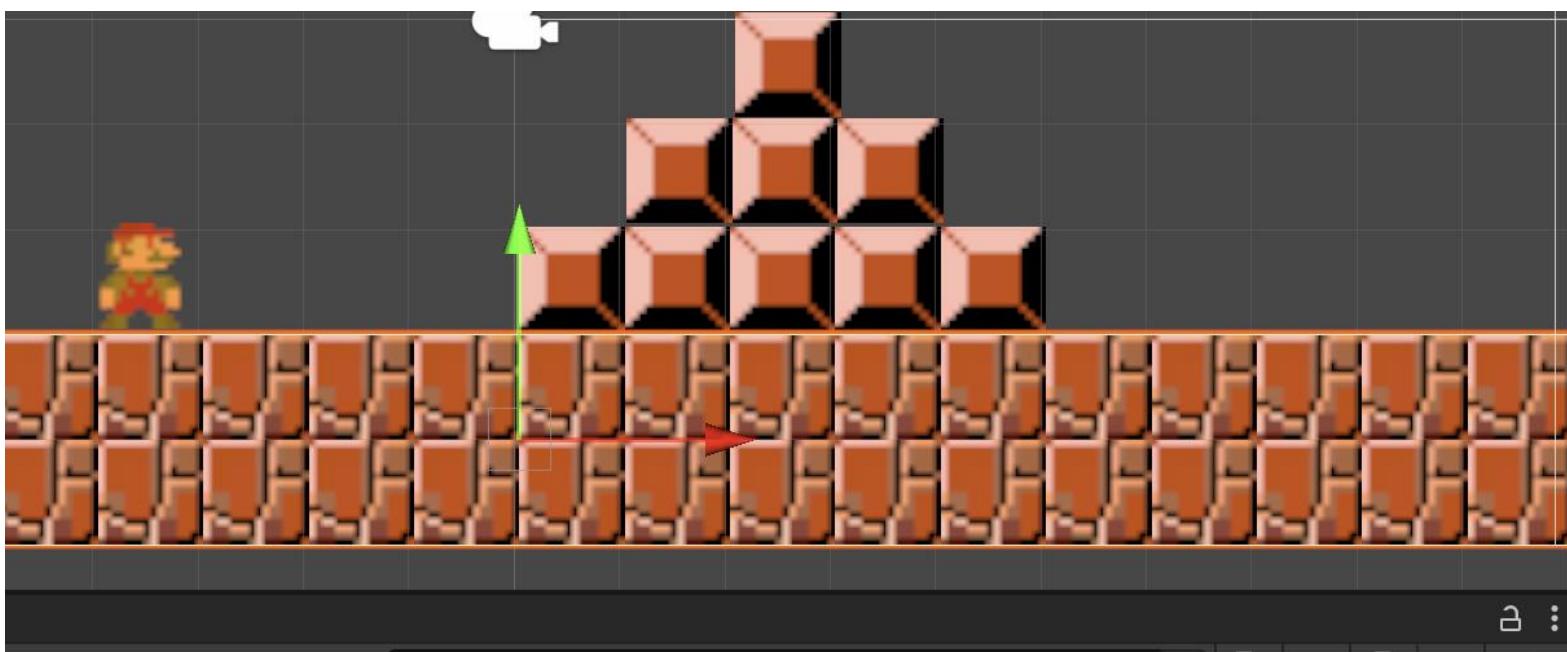
New Behavior: Script, Move Speed, Collision Text

Mario Jump (S): Script, Jump Force, Ground Layer

Ground Layer: Block, Ground

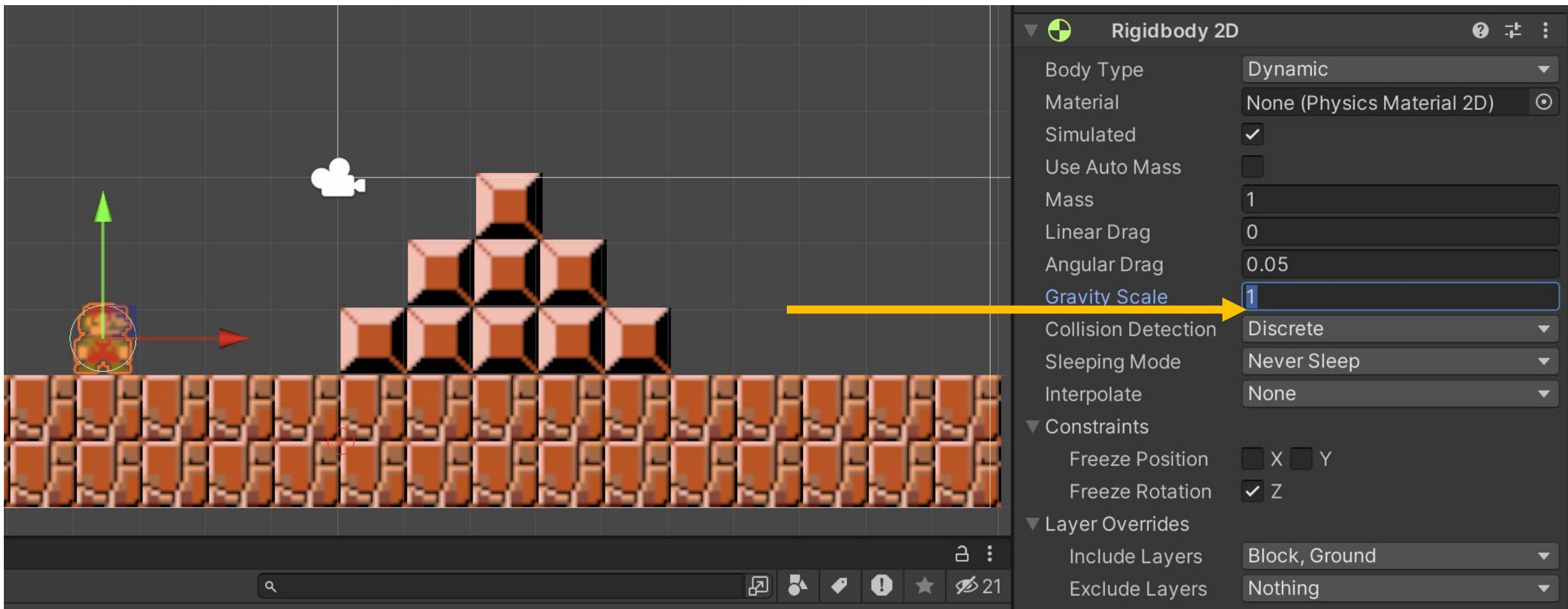
# 4. Gravity / Jump – Check Ground tiles

Ground tiles should only need a Box Collider 2D  
– I didn't need to include a Rigidbody 2D here



# 4. Gravity / Jump – Mario

If Mario doesn't fall through the floor – then increase the Gravity Scale to 1 (or higher)



Users > nick > Documents > test\_p\_1 > Assets > C# MarioJump.cs

4

```
1  using UnityEngine;
2  using TMPro; // For TextMeshPro
3
4  public class MarioJump : MonoBehaviour
5  {
6      private Rigidbody2D rb;
7      public float jumpForce = 10f; // Force of the jump
8      public LayerMask groundLayer; // Layer representing ground
9      public Transform groundCheck; // Empty GameObject to check if on the ground
10     public float groundCheckRadius = 0.2f; // Radius of the ground check circle
11
12     private bool isGrounded;
13
14     void Start()
15     {
16         rb = GetComponent<Rigidbody2D>();
17     }
18
19     void Update()
20     {
21         // Check if Mario is on the ground
22         isGrounded = Physics2D.OverlapCircle(groundCheck.position, groundCheckRadius, groundLayer);
23
24         // Jump logic
25         if (Input.GetButtonDown("Jump") && isGrounded)
26         {
27             Jump();
28         }
29     }
30 }
```

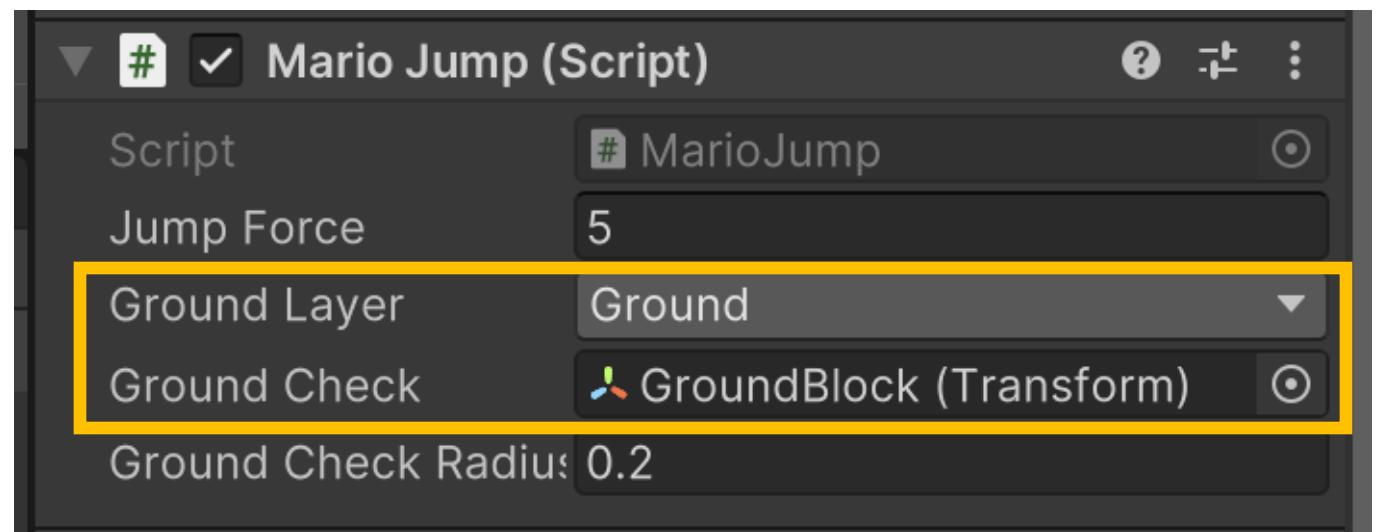
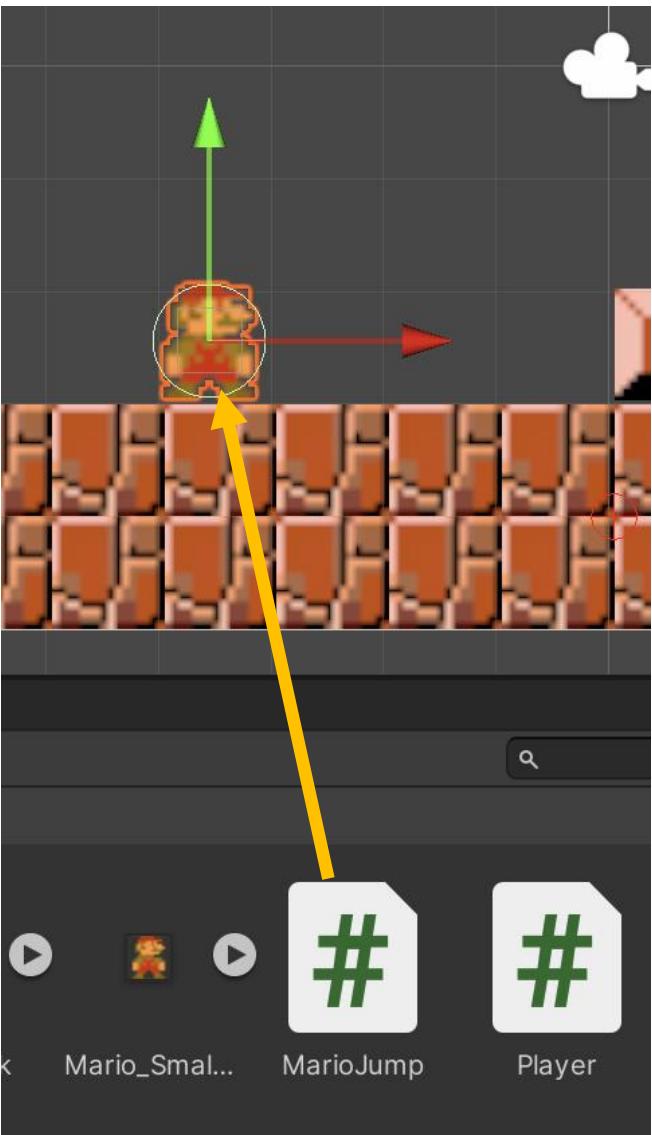
C# Player.cs

C# MarioJump.cs X

Users > nick > Documents > test\_p\_1 > Assets > C# MarioJump.cs

```
5  {
18
19      void Update()
20      {
21          // Check if Mario is on the ground
22          isGrounded = Physics2D.OverlapCircle(groundCheck.position, groundCheckRadius, groundLayer);
23
24          // Jump logic
25          if (Input.GetButtonDown("Jump") && isGrounded)
26          {
27              | Jump();
28          }
29      }
30
31      void Jump()
32      {
33          | rb.velocity = new Vector2(rb.velocity.x, jumpForce); // Apply upward velocity
34      }
35
36      private void OnDrawGizmosSelected()
37      {
38          // Draw ground check radius for debugging
39          if (groundCheck != null)
40          {
41              | Gizmos.color = Color.red;
42              | Gizmos.DrawWireSphere(groundCheck.position, groundCheckRadius);
43          }
44      }
45 }
```

## 4. Gravity / Jump – Mario



## 4. Gravity / Jump – Mario



Collided  
with:

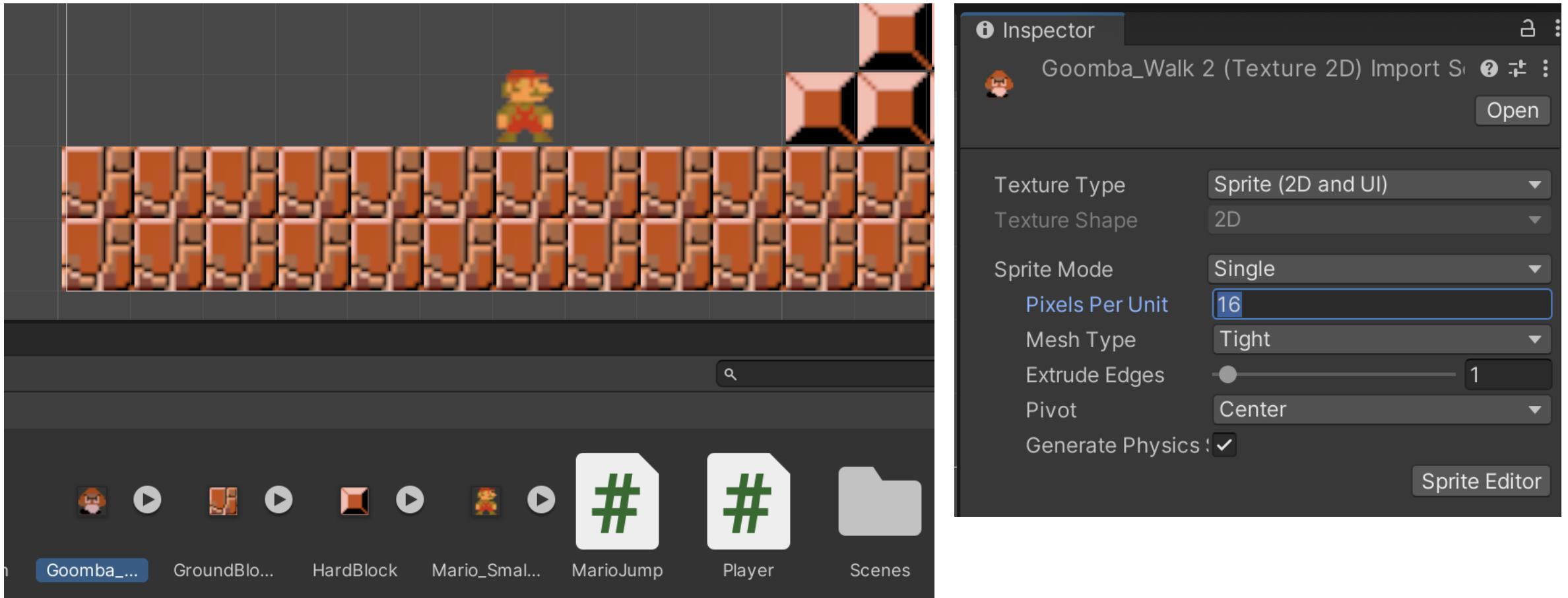


Collided  
with:

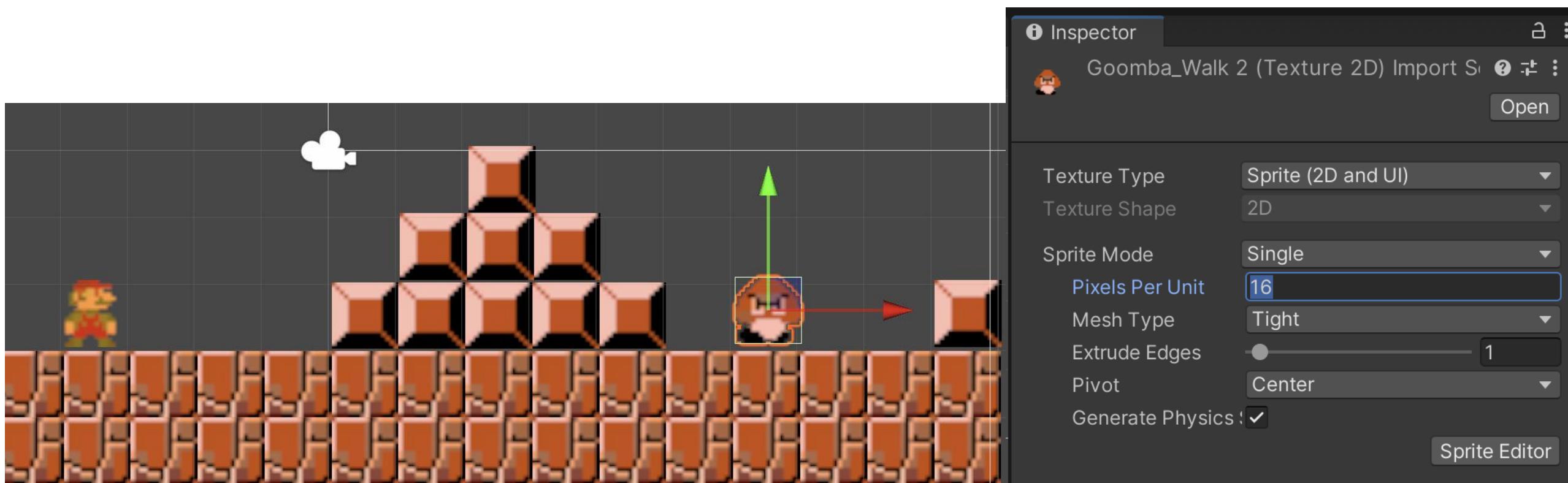
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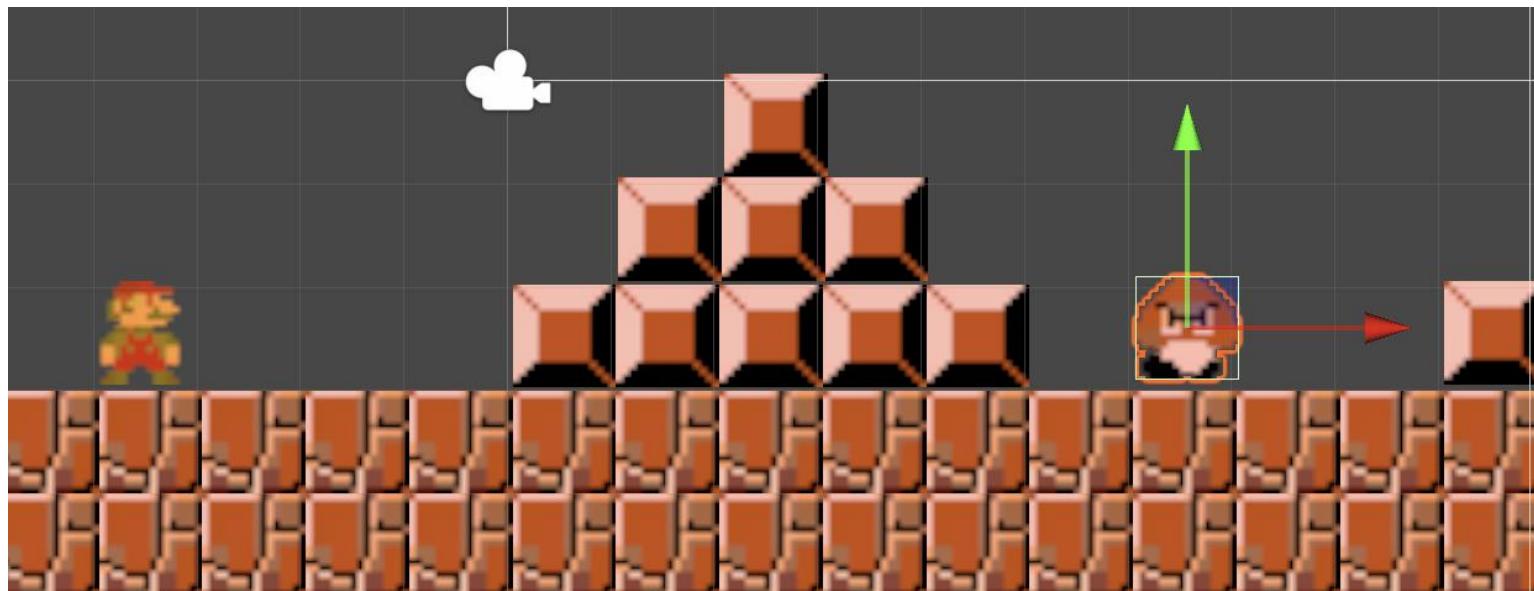
# 5. Goombas – set pixel per unit for asset



# 5. Goombas + Block



# 5. Goombas – add colliders



**Inspector**

**HardBlock (3)**  Static

Tag: Block Layer: Block

**Transform**

**Box Collider 2D**

Edit Collider

Material: None (Physics Material 2D)

Is Trigger:

Used By Effector:

Used By Composite:

Auto Tiling:

Offset: X: 0 Y: 0

Size: X: 1 Y: 1

Edge Radius: 0

**Layer Overrides**

Layer Override Priorities: 0

Include Layers: Nothing

Exclude Layers: Nothing

Force Send Layers: Everything

Force Receive Layers: Everything

Contact Capture Layers: Everything

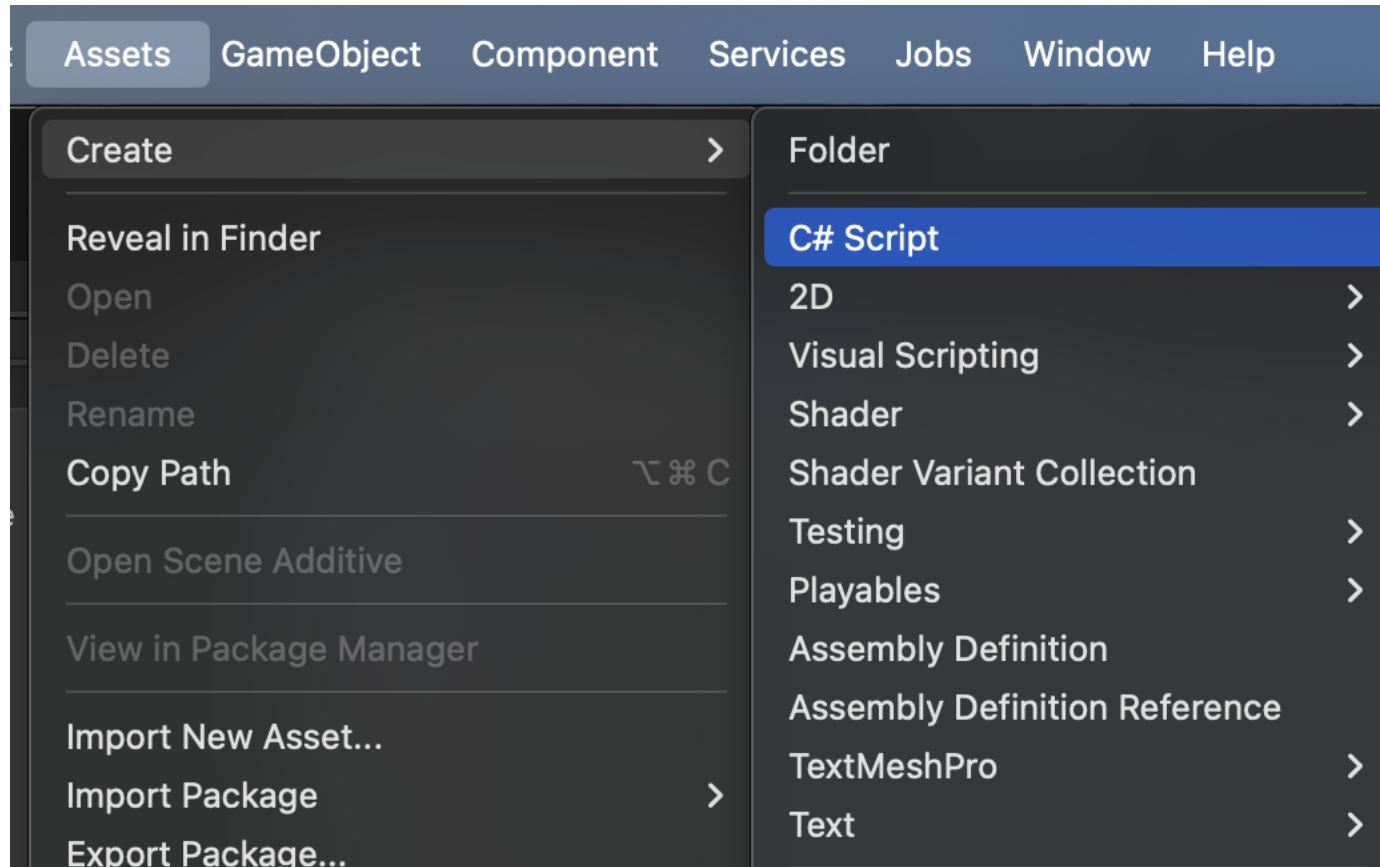
Callback Layers: Everything

**Rigidbody 2D**

Body Type: Static

Material: None (Physics Material 2D)

# 5. Goombas – add C# Script



C# Player.cs

C# MarioJump.cs

C# Goomba.cs X

Users > nick > Documents > test\_p\_1 > Assets > C# Goomba.cs

```
1  using System.Collections;
2  using System.Collections.Generic;
3  using UnityEngine;
4
5  public class Goomba : MonoBehaviour
6  {
7      public float moveSpeed = 2f; // Movement speed
8      private Rigidbody2D rb;
9      private Vector2 movementDirection = Vector2.left; // Start by moving left
10
11     void Start()
12     {
13         rb = GetComponent<Rigidbody2D>();
14     }
15
16     void FixedUpdate()
17     {
18         // Move the Goomba in the current direction
19         rb.velocity = new Vector2(movementDirection.x * moveSpeed, rb.velocity.y);
20     }
21 }
```

C# Player.cs

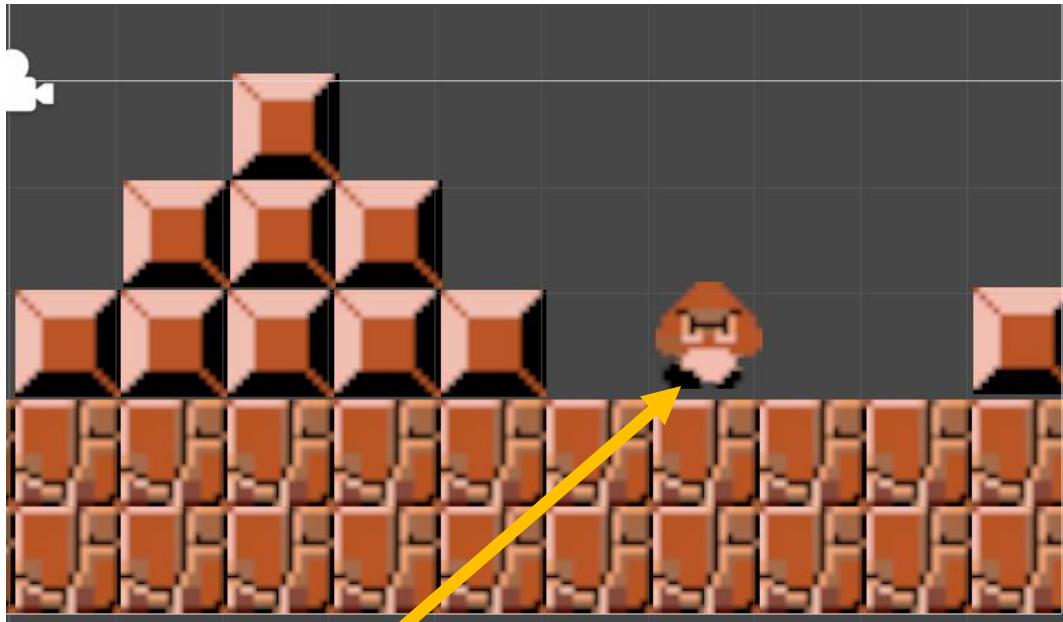
C# MarioJump.cs

C# Goomba.cs X

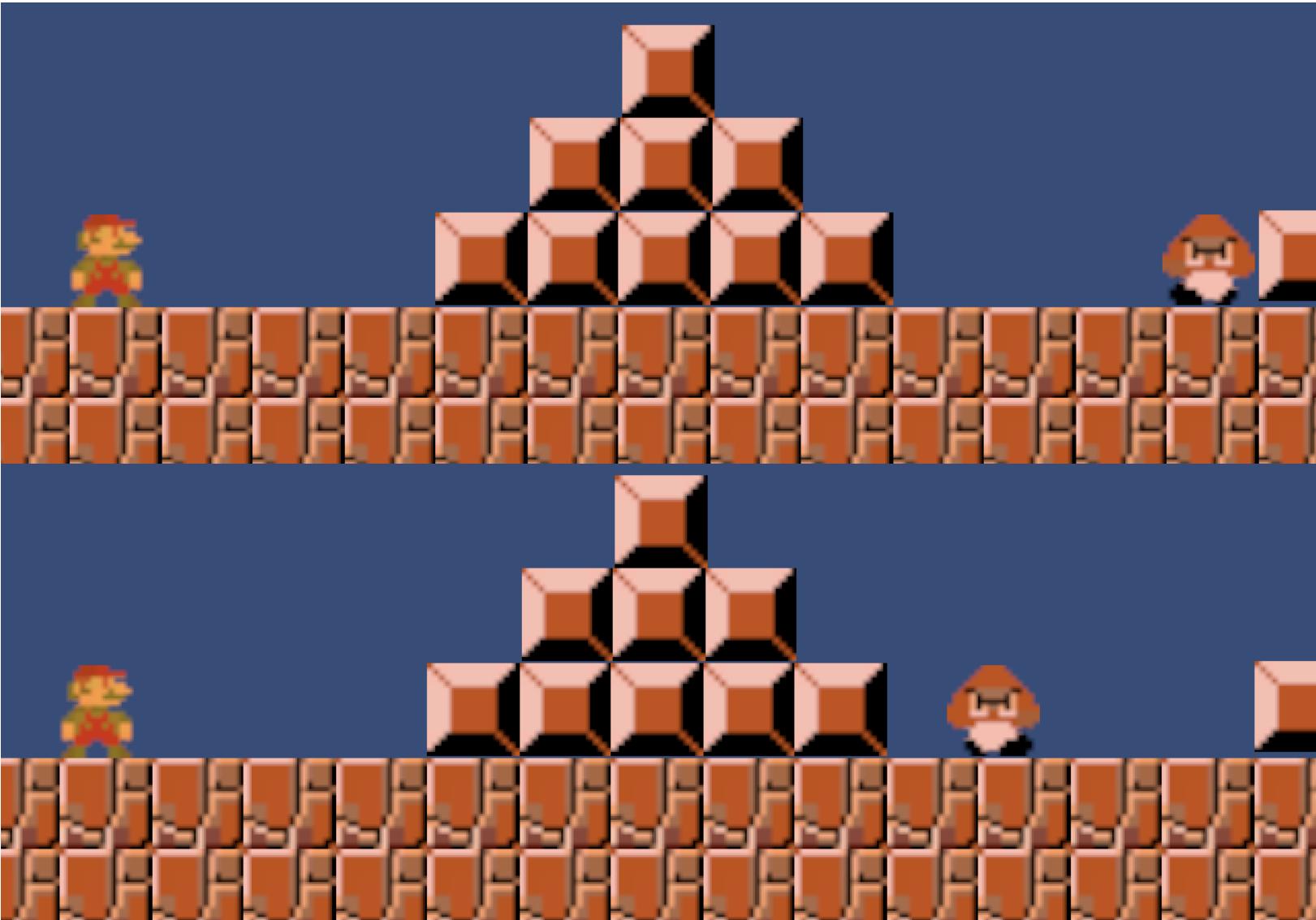
Users > nick > Documents > test\_p\_1 > Assets > C# Goomba.cs

```
6  {
21
22      void OnCollisionEnter2D(Collision2D collision)
23  {
24          // Check for collision with "Block" or walls
25          if (collision.gameObject.CompareTag("Block") || collision.gameObject.CompareTag("Wall"))
26          {
27              // Reverse the movement direction
28              movementDirection = -movementDirection;
29
30              // Optionally, flip the sprite for correct direction
31              FlipSprite();
32          }
33      }
34
35      void FlipSprite()
36  {
37      Vector3 scale = transform.localScale;
38      scale.x *= -1; // Flip horizontally
39      transform.localScale = scale;
40  }
41 }
42 }
```

## 5. Goombas – add script



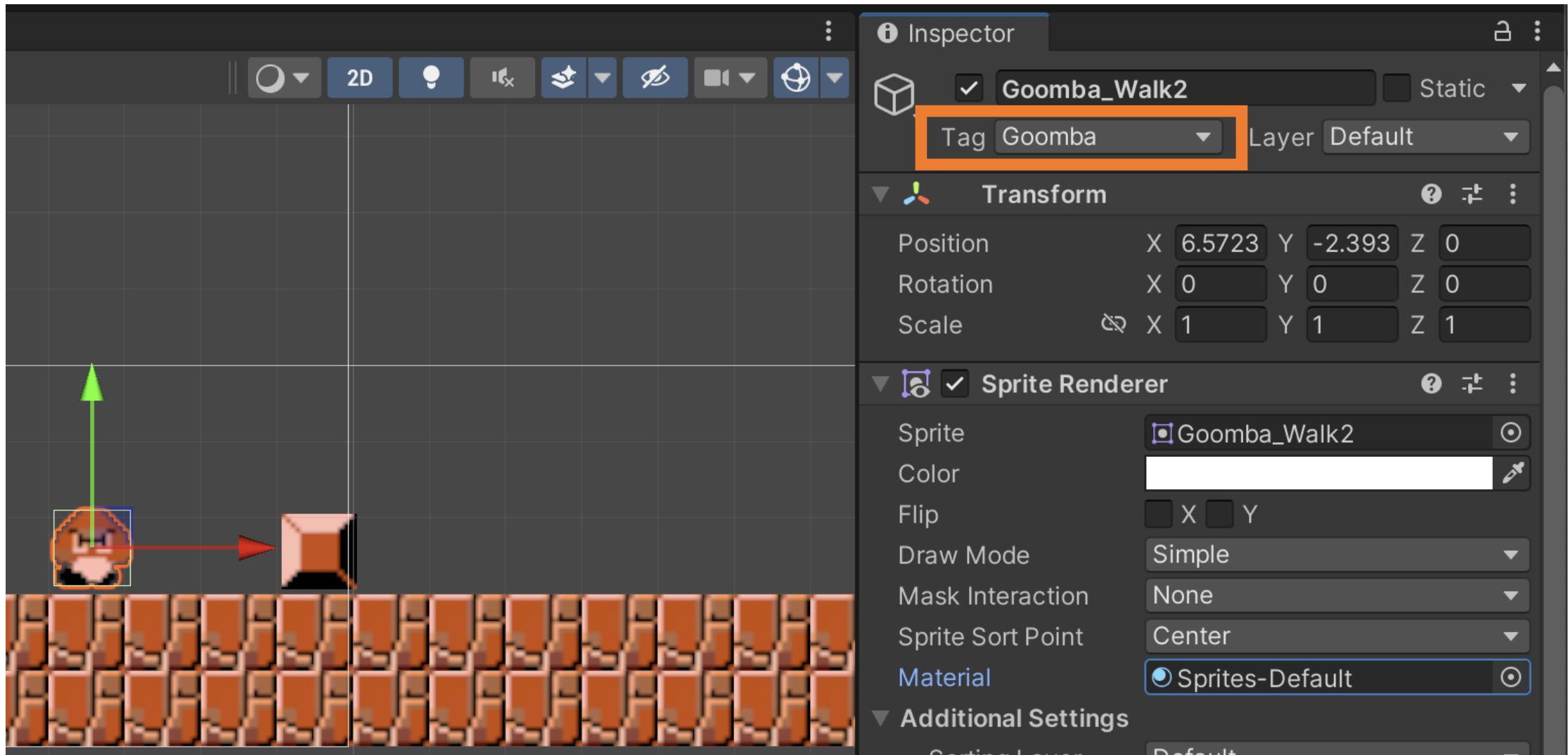
## 5. Goombas – alternate direction



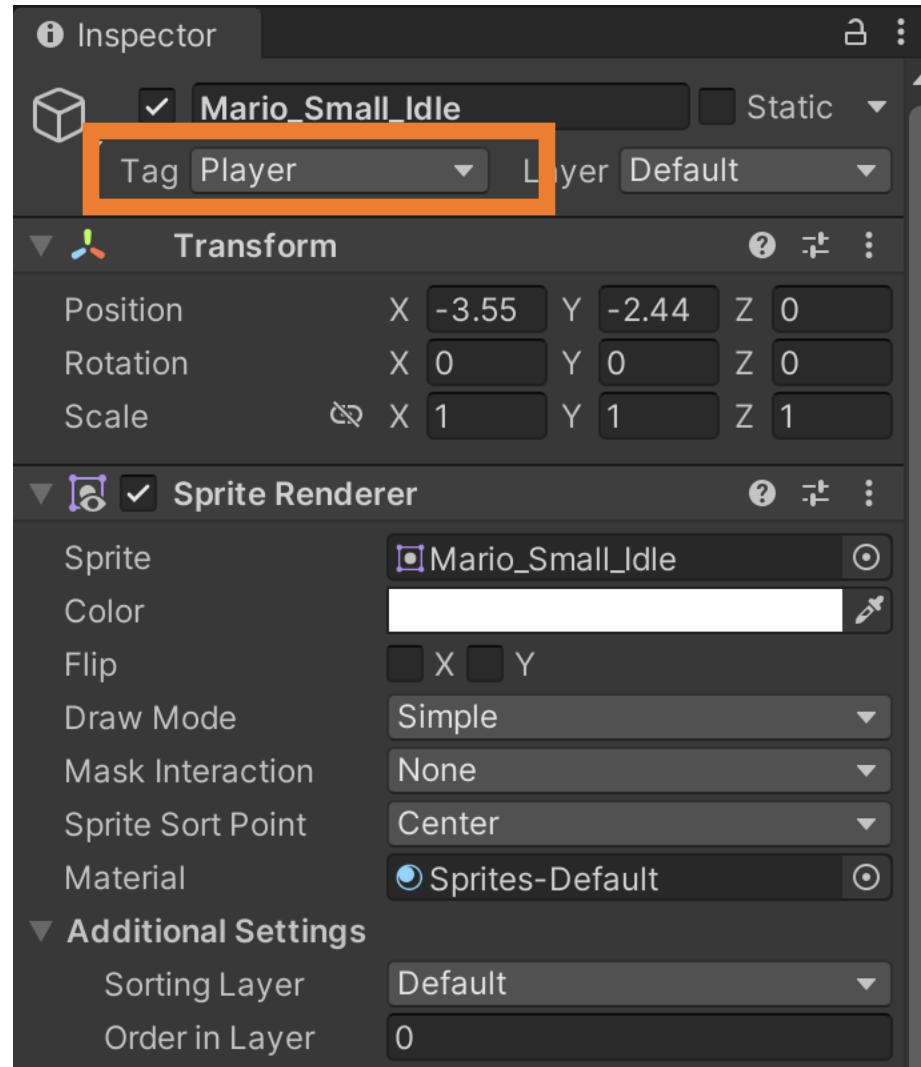
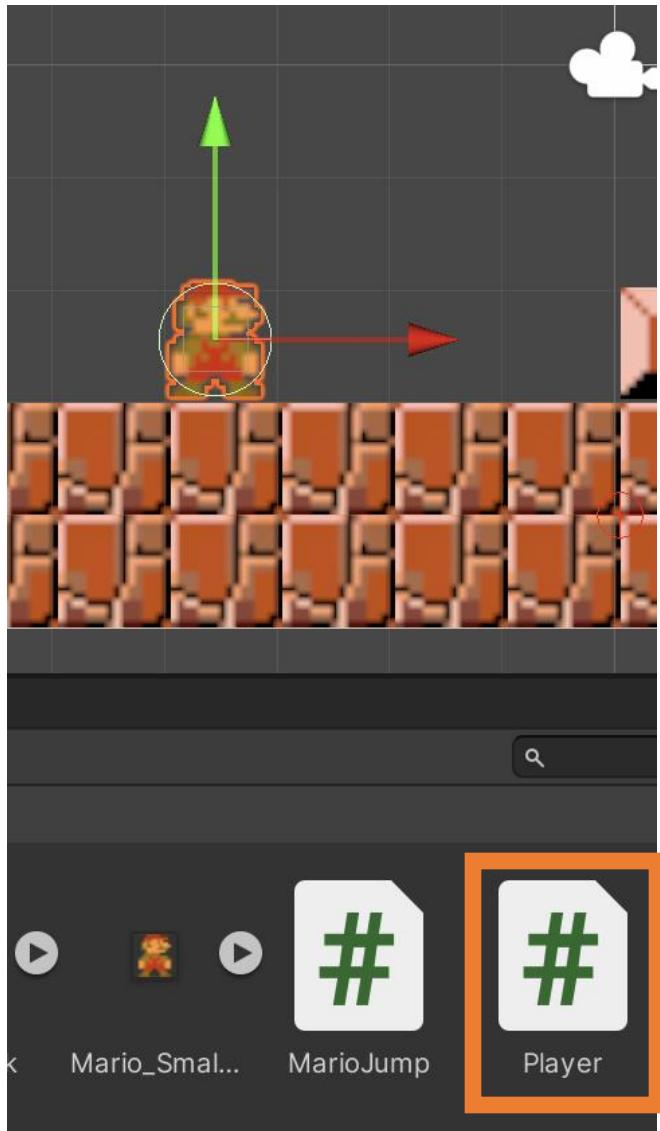
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1. Level Design in Unity 
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# 6. Jumping on Goombas – set tags

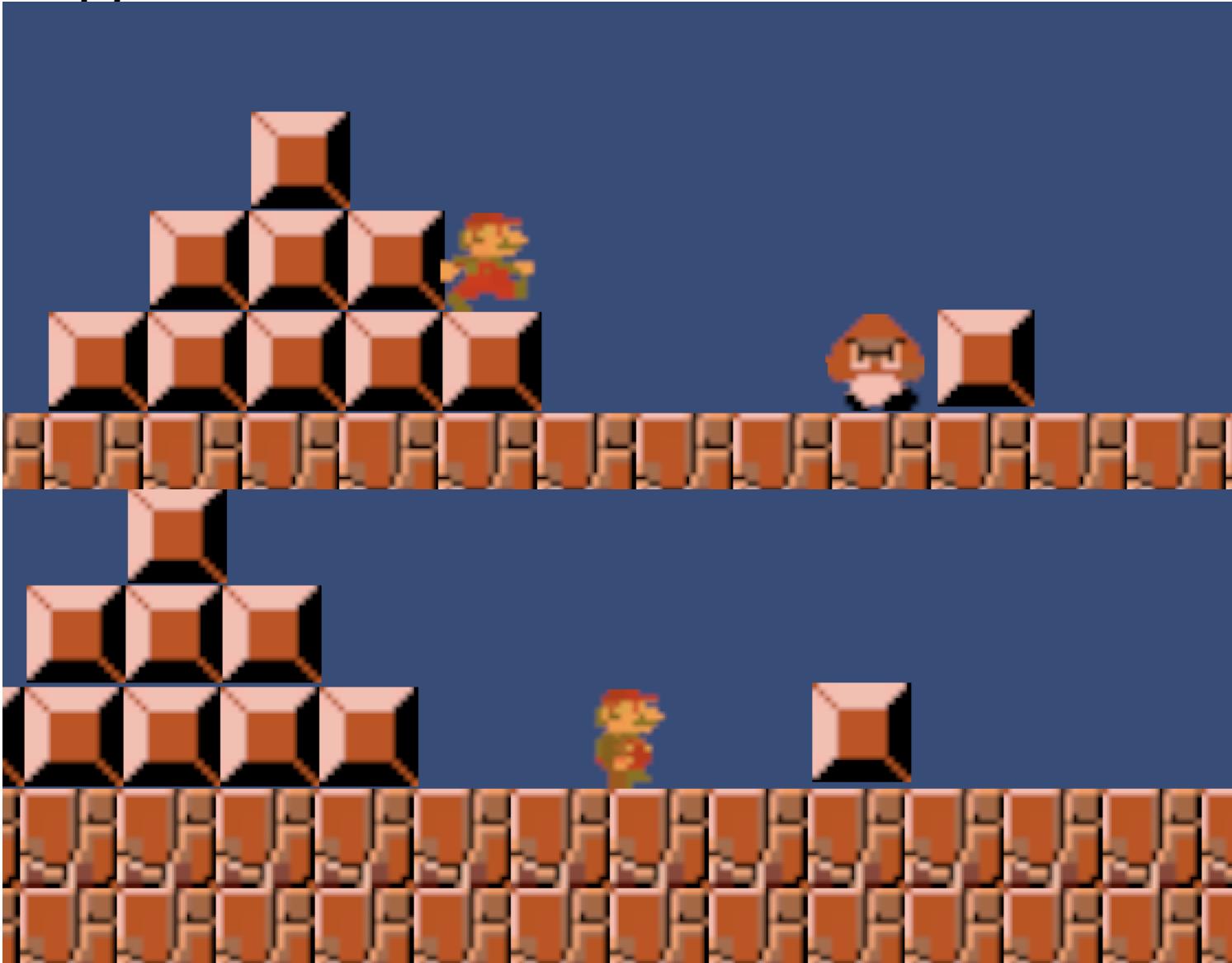


# 6. Jumping on Goombas – modify the collision



```
7     public class Player : MonoBehaviour
8
9         0 references
10
11    43        void OnCollisionEnter2D(Collision2D collision)
12    44    {
13    45        // Check if Mario collides with a Goomba
14    46        if (collision.gameObject.CompareTag("Goomba"))
15    47        {
16    48            // Determine if Mario is above the Goomba (stomp)
17    49            float marioHeight = transform.position.y;
18    50            float goombaHeight = collision.transform.position.y;
19
20
21    52            if (marioHeight > goombaHeight + 0.5f) // Adjust the offset as needed
22    53            {
23    54                Debug.Log("Mario stomps the Goomba!");
24    55                Destroy(collision.gameObject); // Remove the Goomba
25    56            }
26
27    57            else
28    58            {
29    59                Debug.Log("Mario is hit by the Goomba!");
30    60                // Trigger Mario's damage logic, e.g., lose a life
31    61                HandleMarioDamage();
32    62            }
33
34    63        }
35    64    }
```

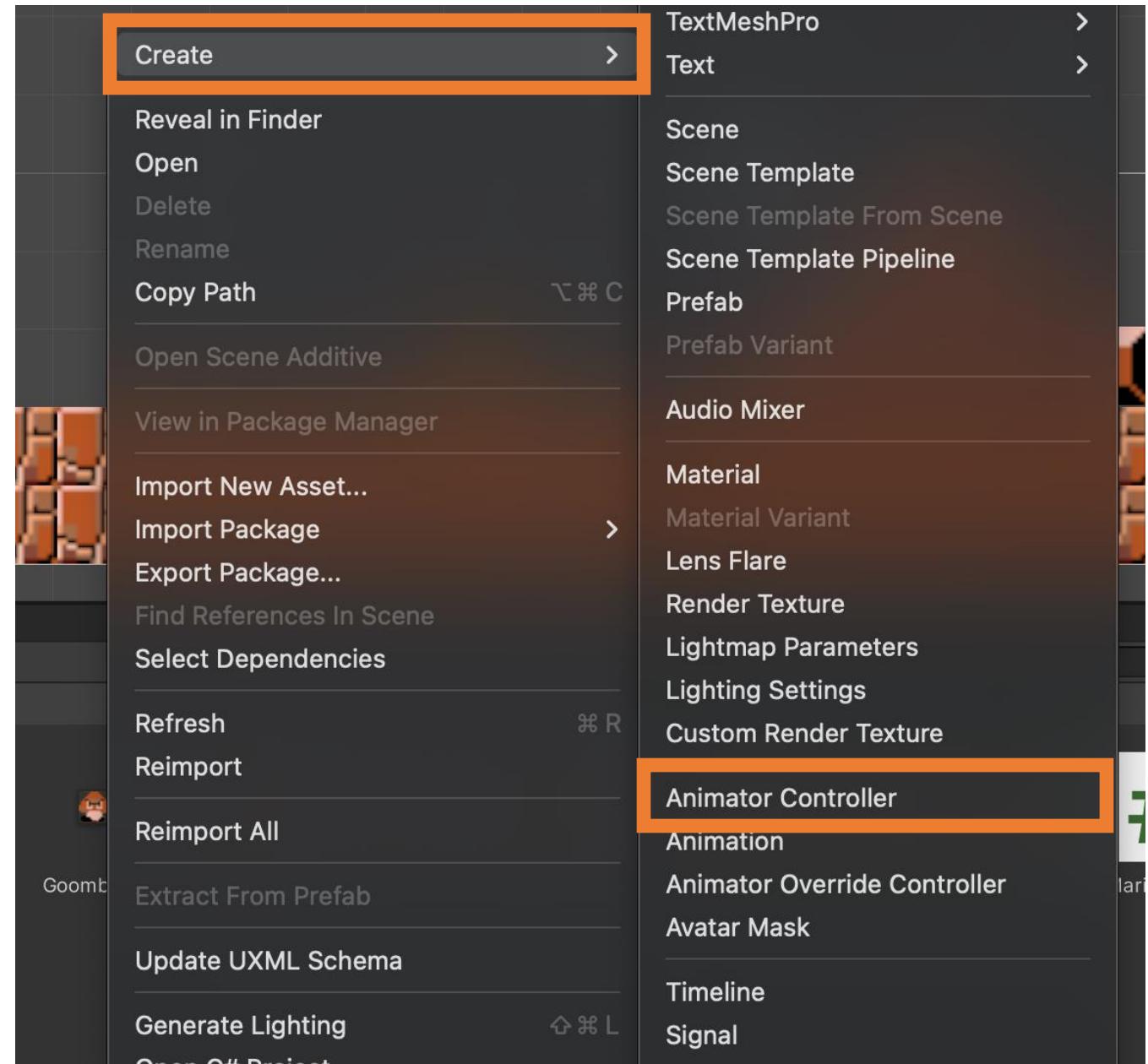
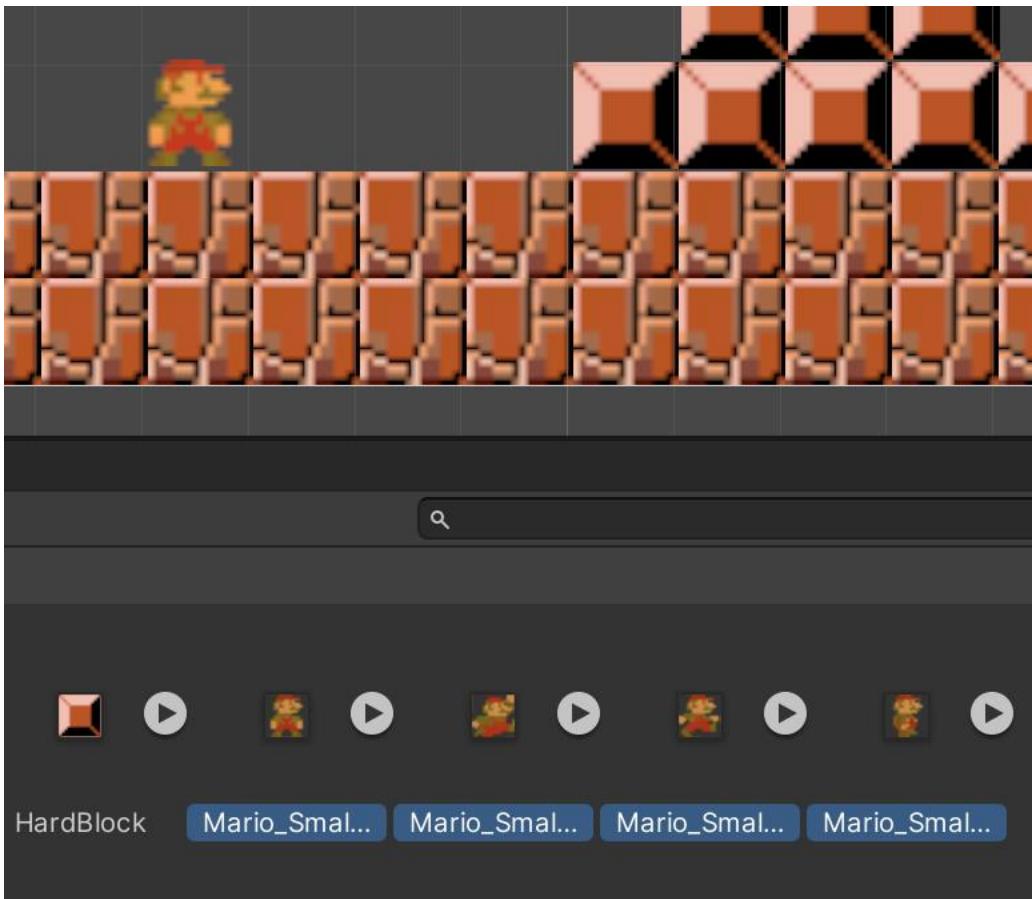
## 6. Jumping on Goombas



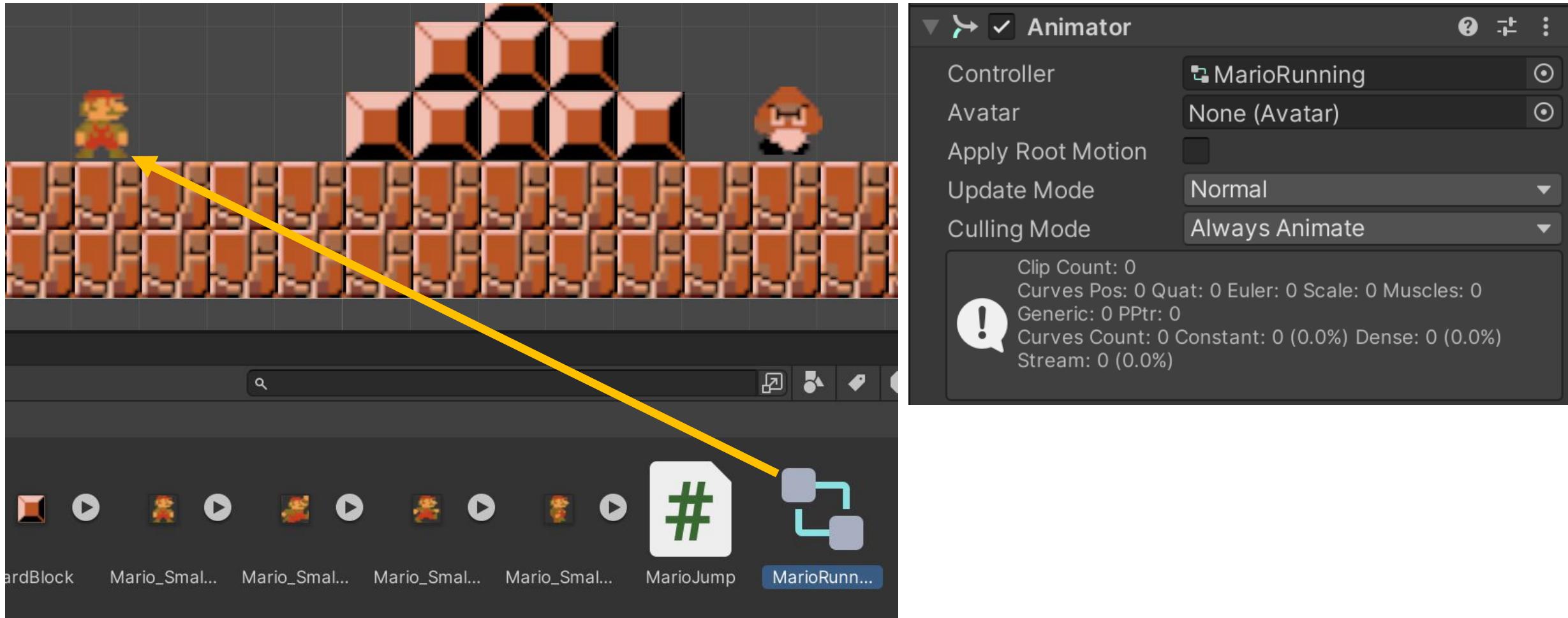
# Steps / Requirements

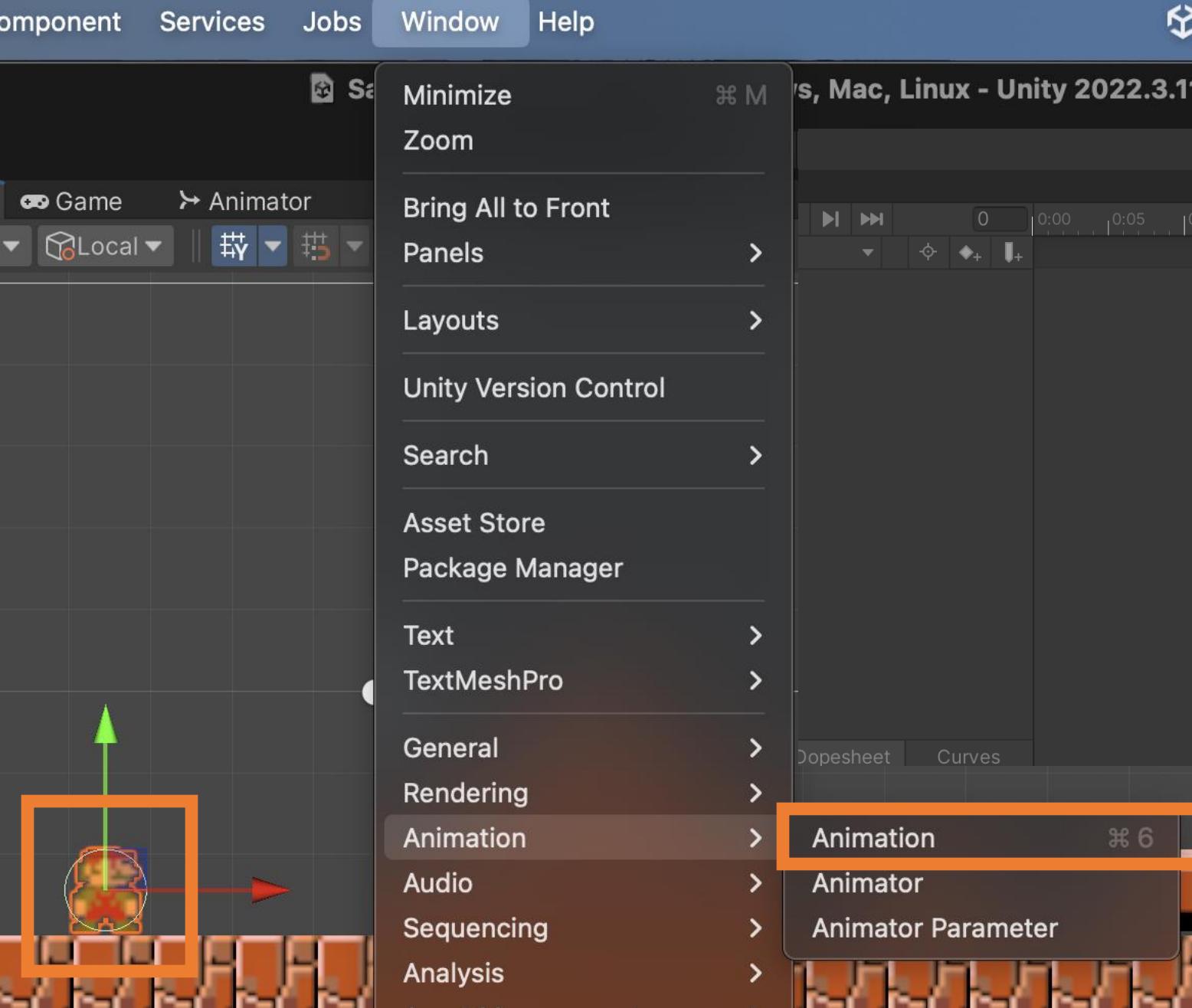
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# 7. Animation

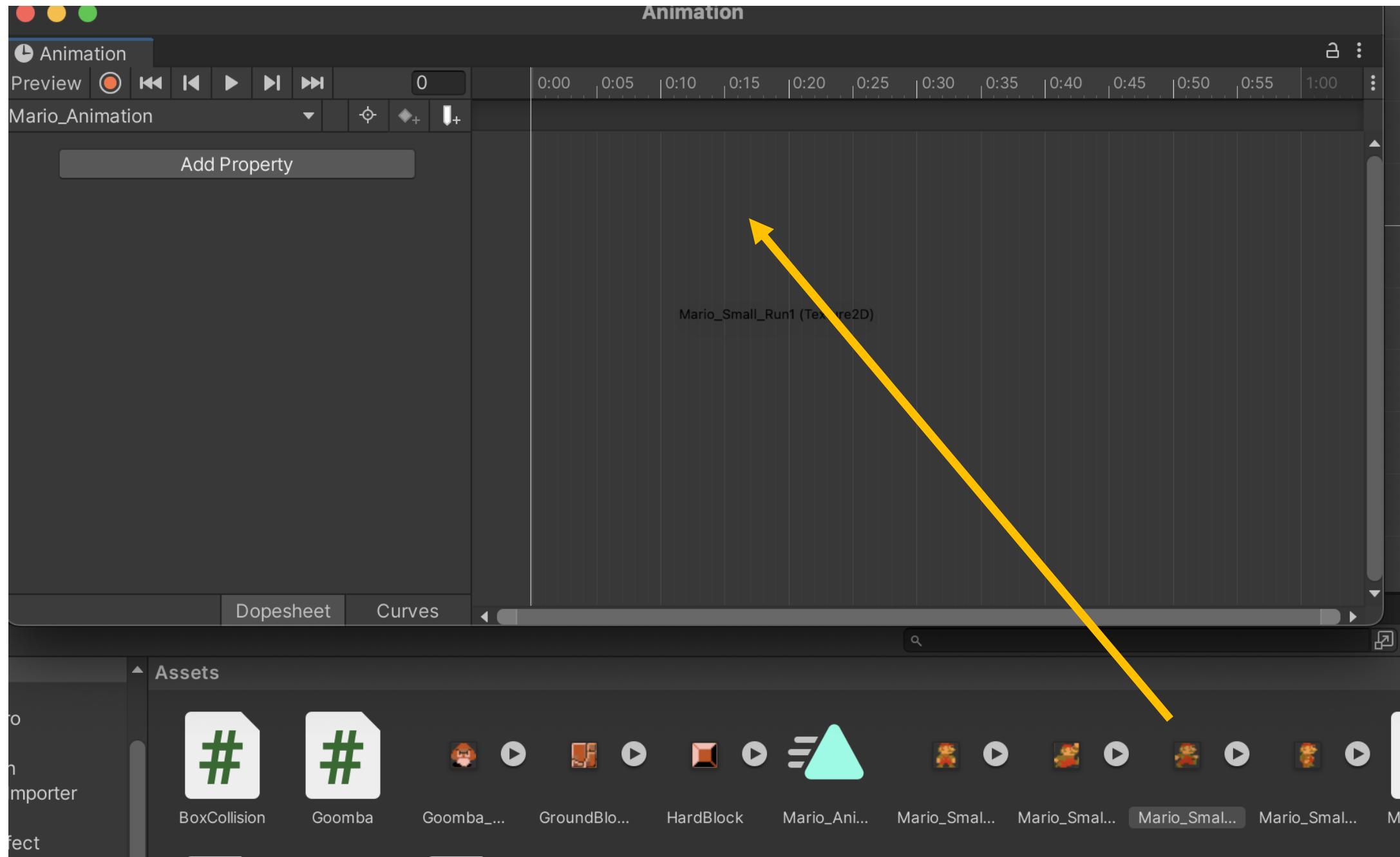


# 7. Animation

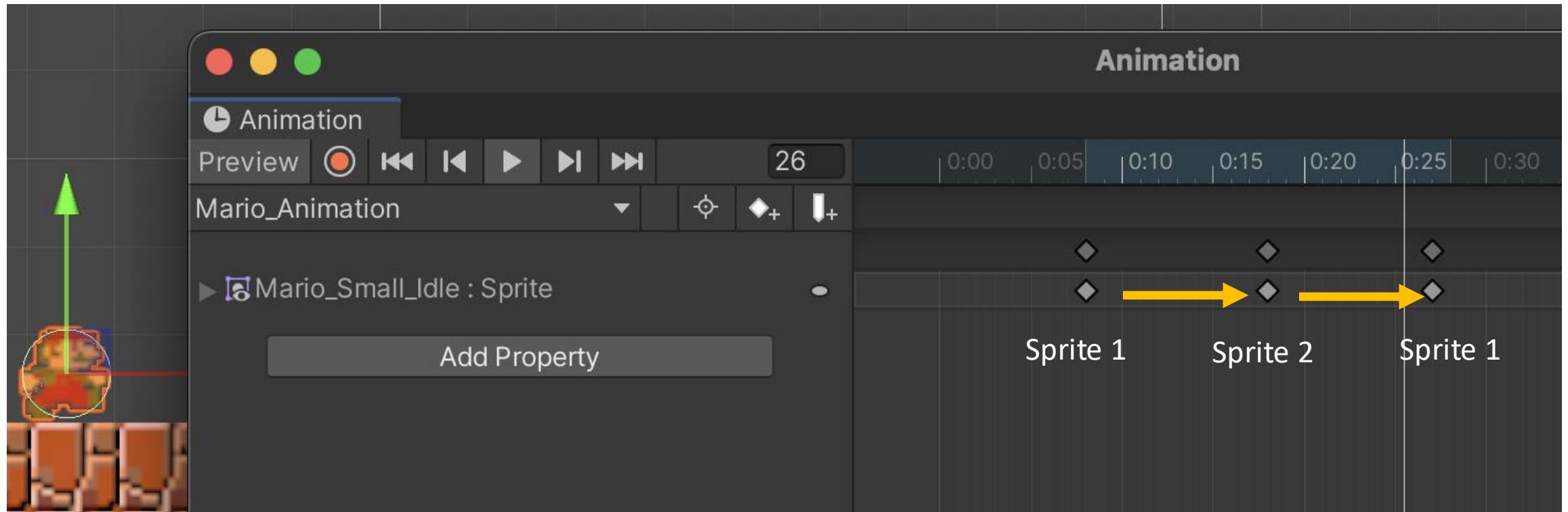
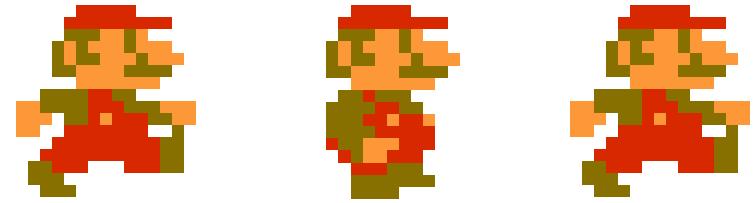




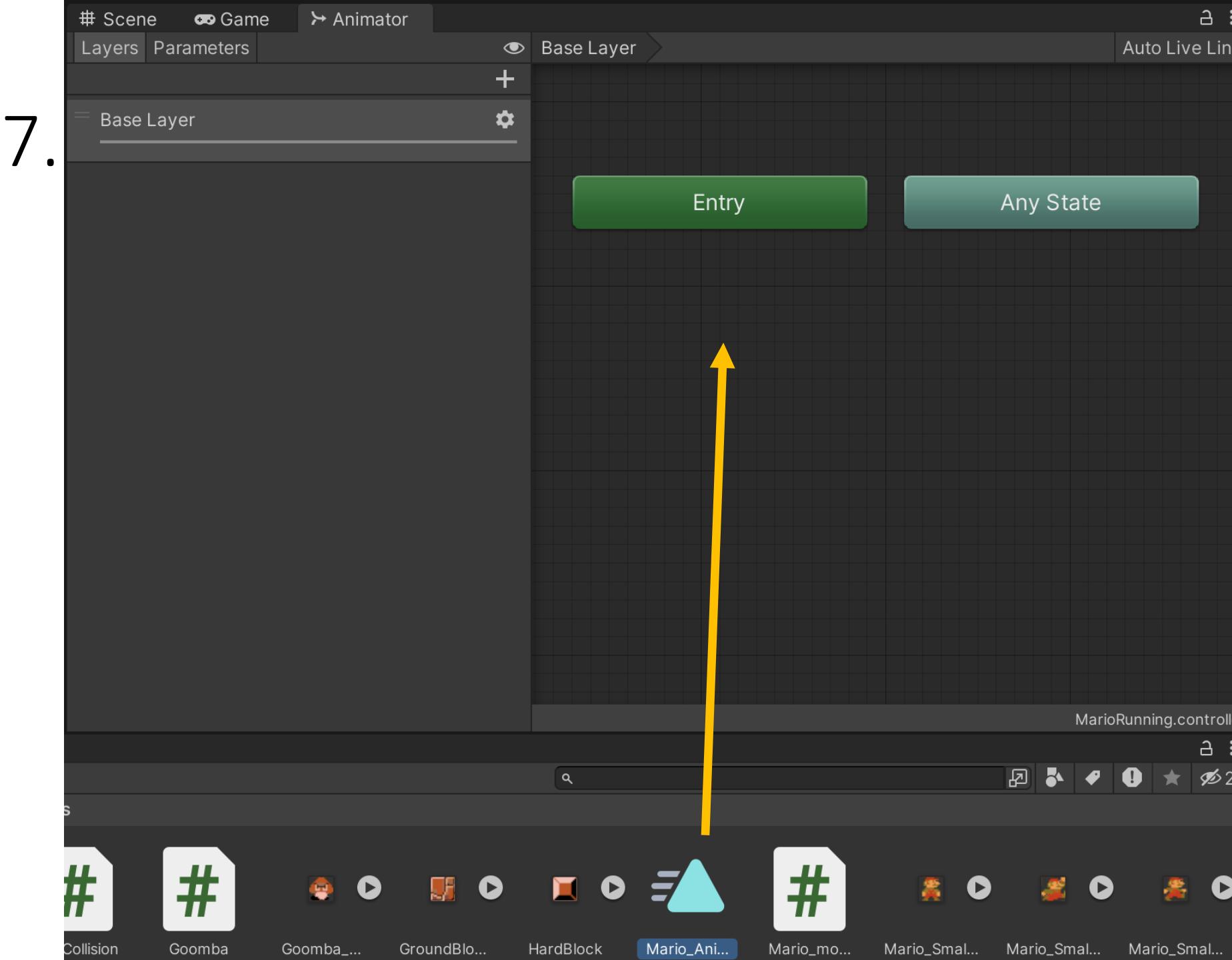
**Make sure you have Mario selected as you open the 'Animation' tab**



# 7. Animation



I found I needed a 'copy' of the first sprite at the end for a 'smoother' animation  
This is so Sprite 1 and Sprite 2 had roughly the same time in the loop.



Animator

Base Layer

Auto Live Link

Entry

Any State

Mario\_Animation

Motion Mario\_Animation

Speed 1

Multiplier Parameter

Motion Time Parameter

Mirror Parameter

Cycle Offset 0 Parameter

Foot IK Parameter

Write Defaults

Transitions Solo Mute

List is Empty

Add Behaviour

New Script

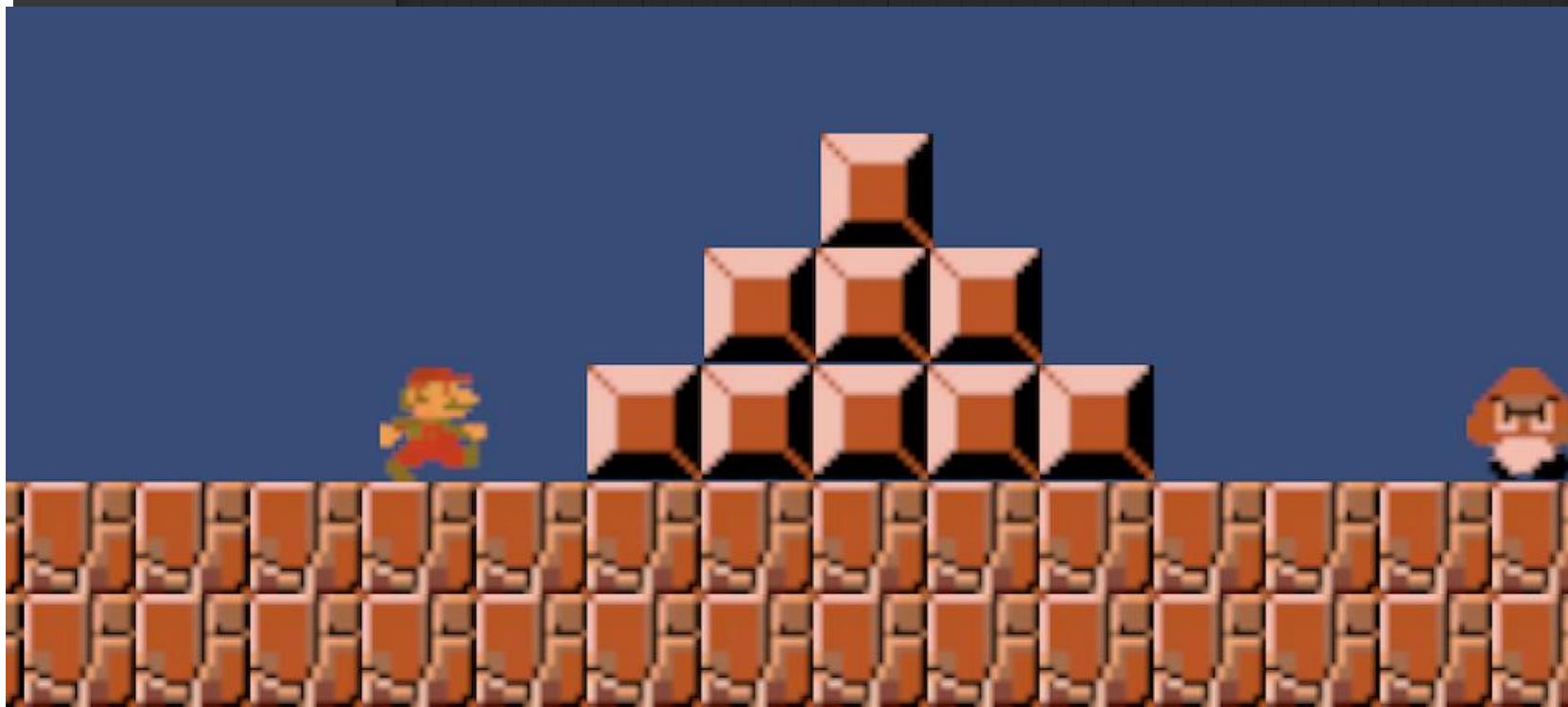
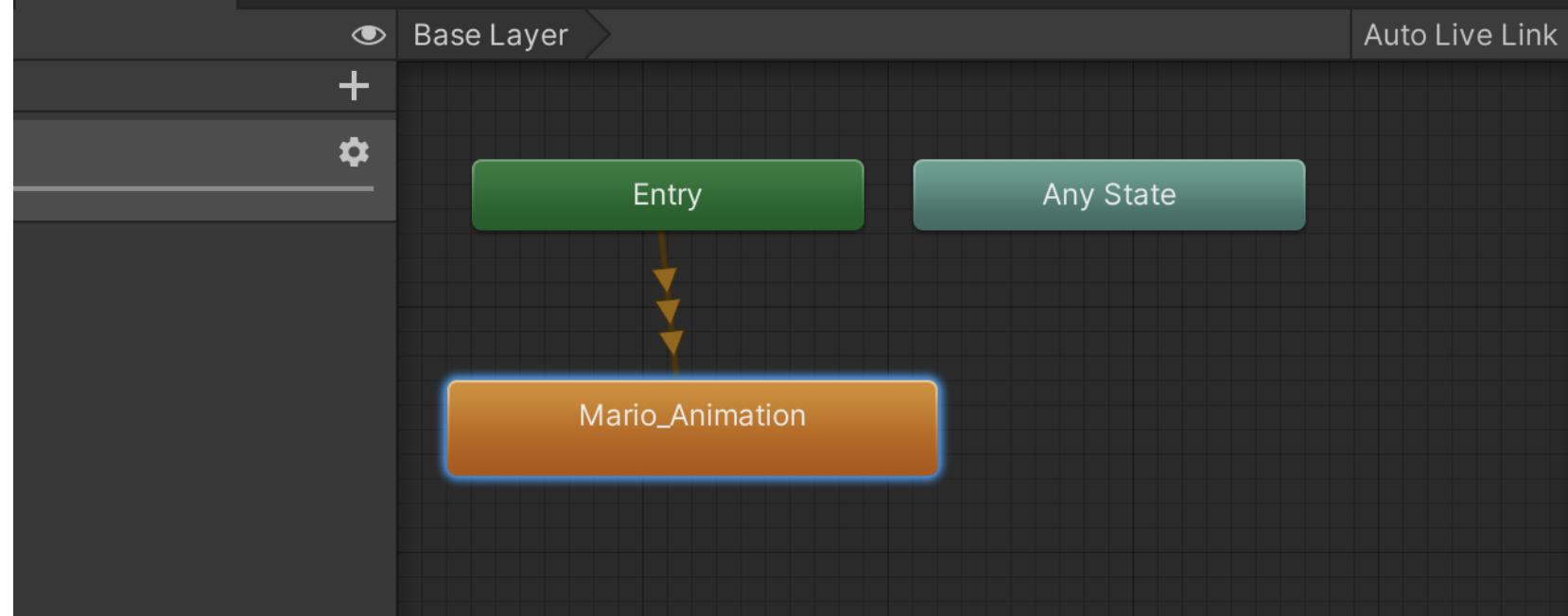
Name mario\_movement

Create and Add

MarioRunning.controller

oomba\_... GroundBlo... HardBlock Mario\_An... Mario\_mo... Mario\_Smal... Mario\_Smal... Mario\_Smal...

Animator Inspector



Mario\_Animation

Tag

Motion

Speed

Multiplier

Motion Time

Mirror

Cycle Offset

Foot IK

Write Defaults

Transitions

Solo Mute

List is Empty

(Mario\_move)

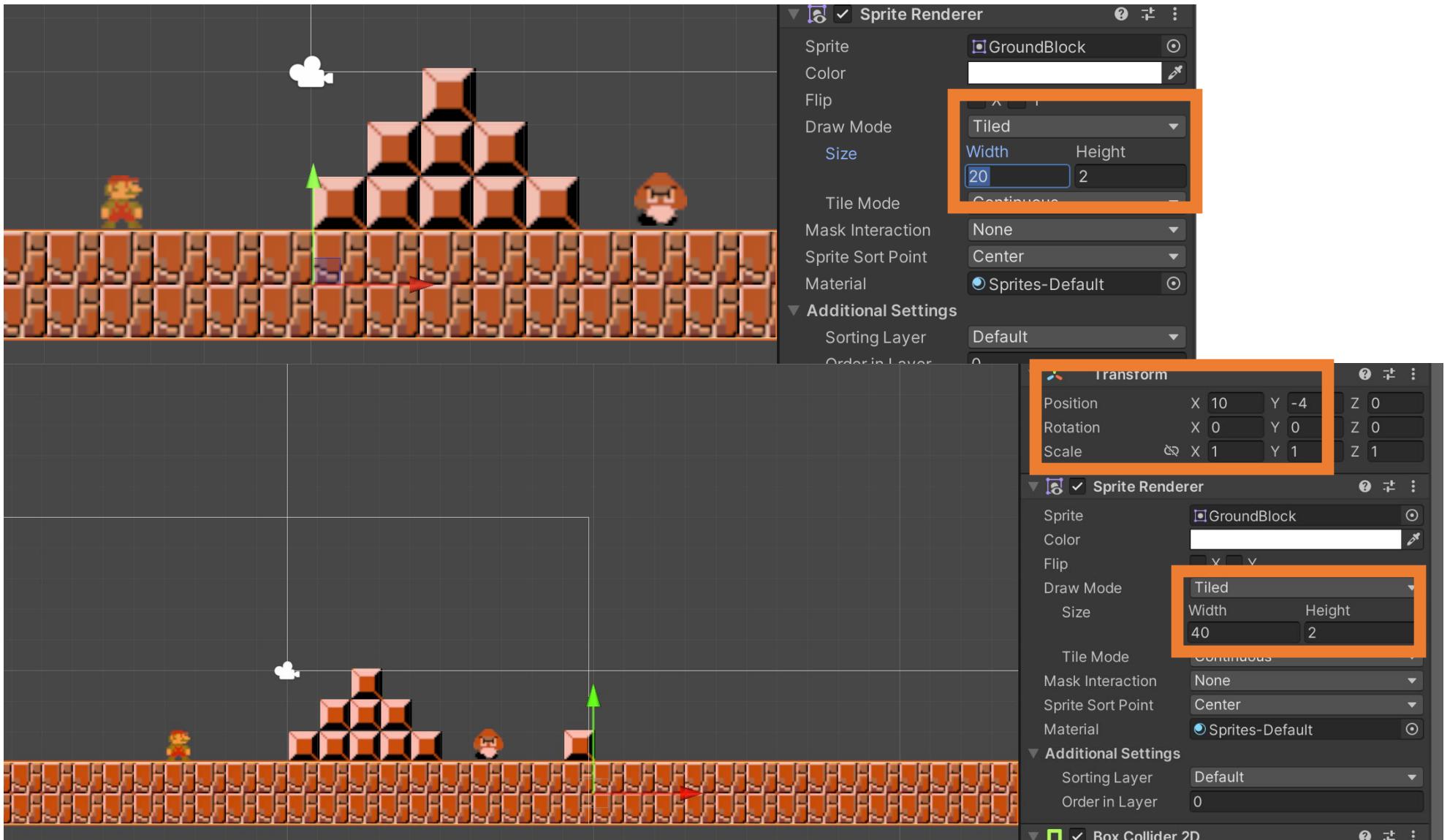
Add Behaviour

This panel displays the properties of the selected state, "Mario\_Animation". It includes fields for Motion (set to "Mario\_Animation"), Speed (set to 1), Multiplier, Motion Time, Mirror, Cycle Offset (set to 0), Foot IK, and Write Defaults (checked). The Transitions section shows a single entry transition from "Any State" to "Mario\_Animation". The Solo and Mute buttons are present at the top right. Below the transitions, it says "List is Empty". At the bottom, there is a button labeled "(Mario\_move)" with a play icon and a "Add Behaviour" button.

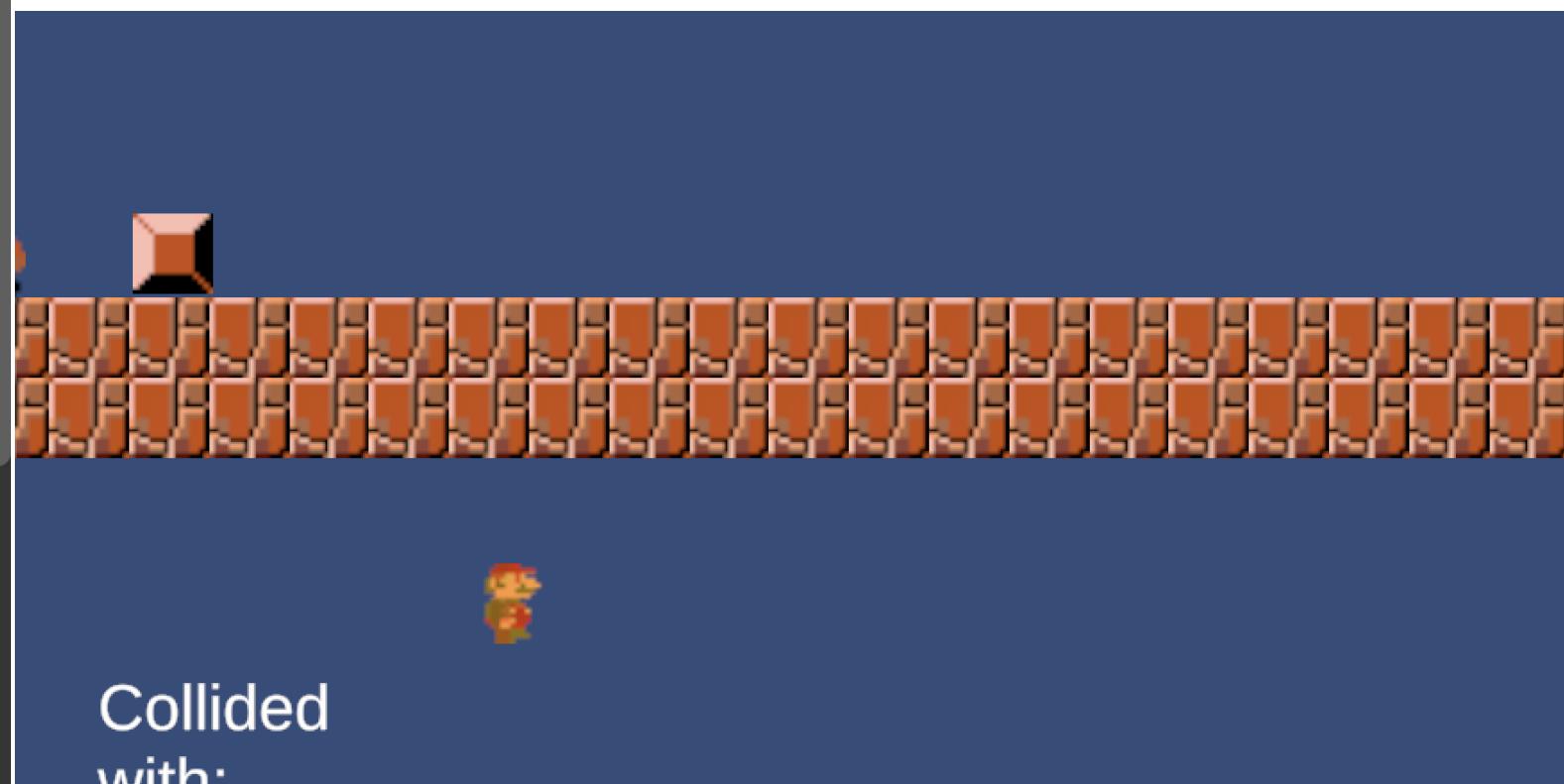
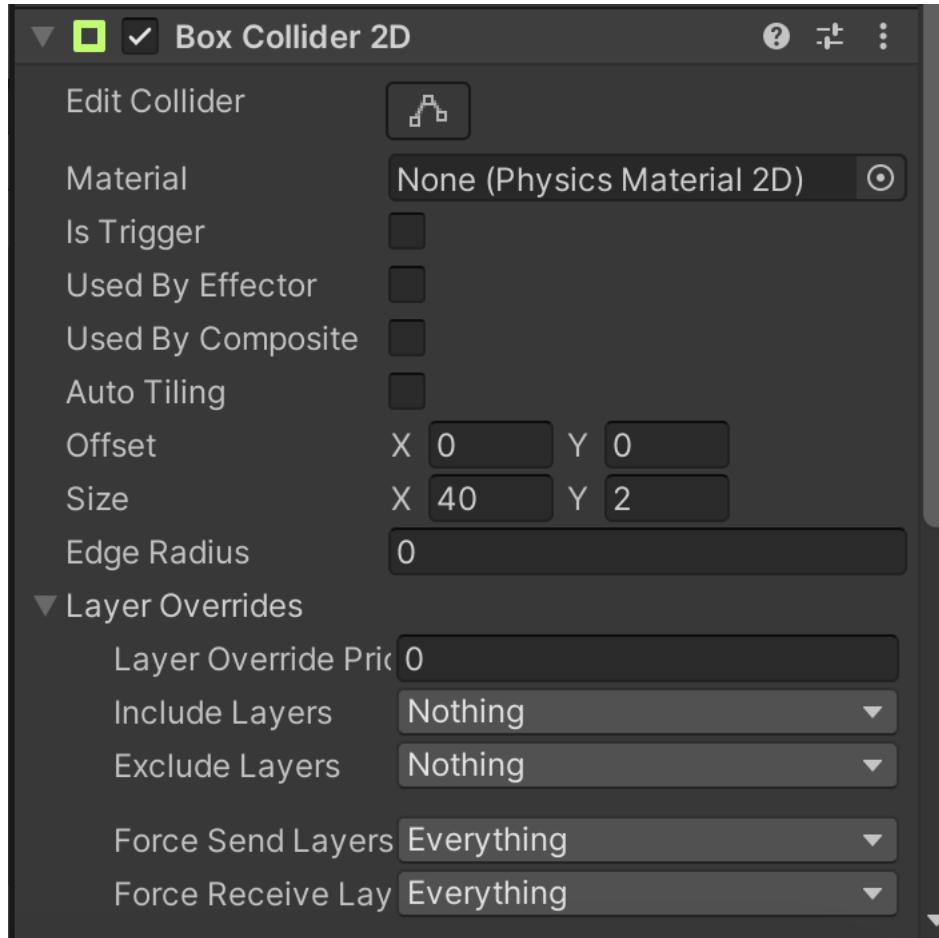
# Steps / Requirements

1. Level Design in Unity 
2. Mario Movement (left + right) 
3. Object detection / collision 
4. Jumping over blocks / gravity 
5. Enemies (Goombas) alternate directions 
6. Jumping on Goombas – further collisions 
7. Decoration – animation – walking 
8. **Camera to track Mario (once tile map created)**

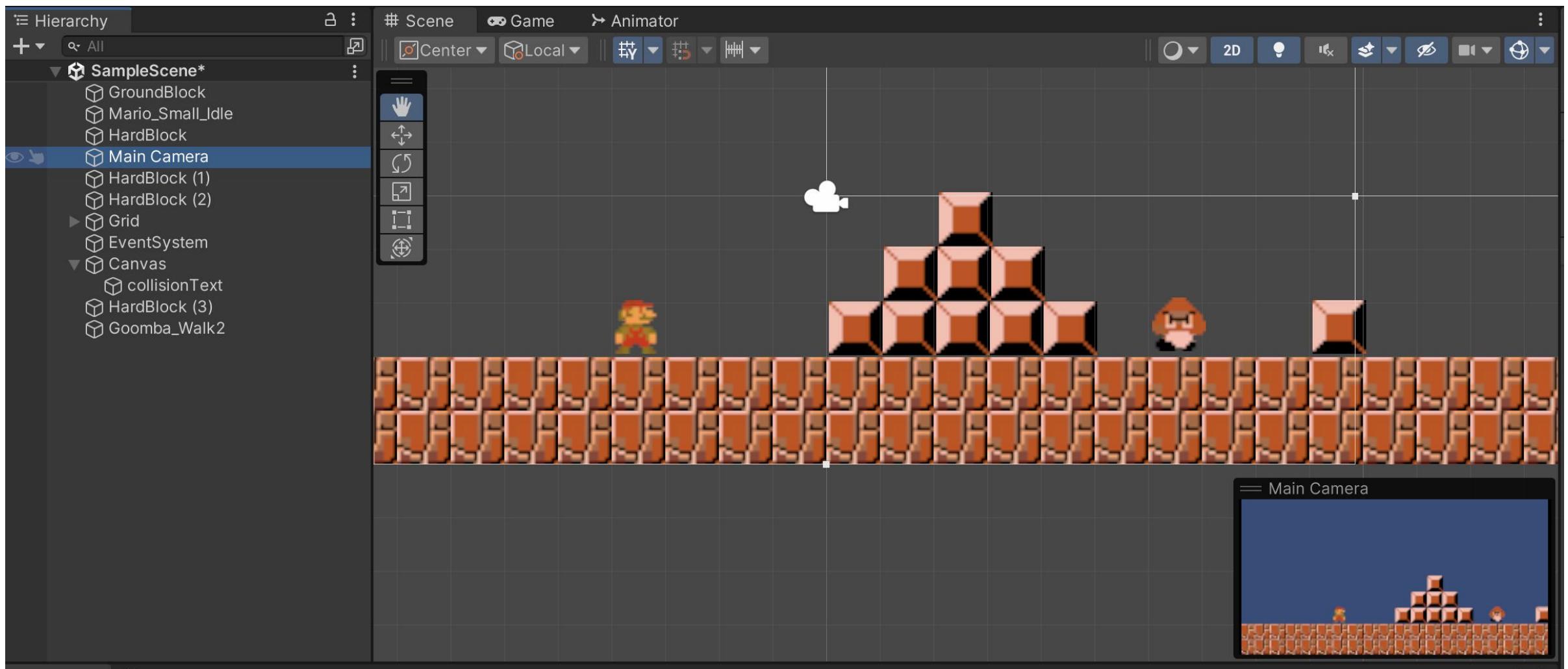
# 8. Camera – first extend the floor



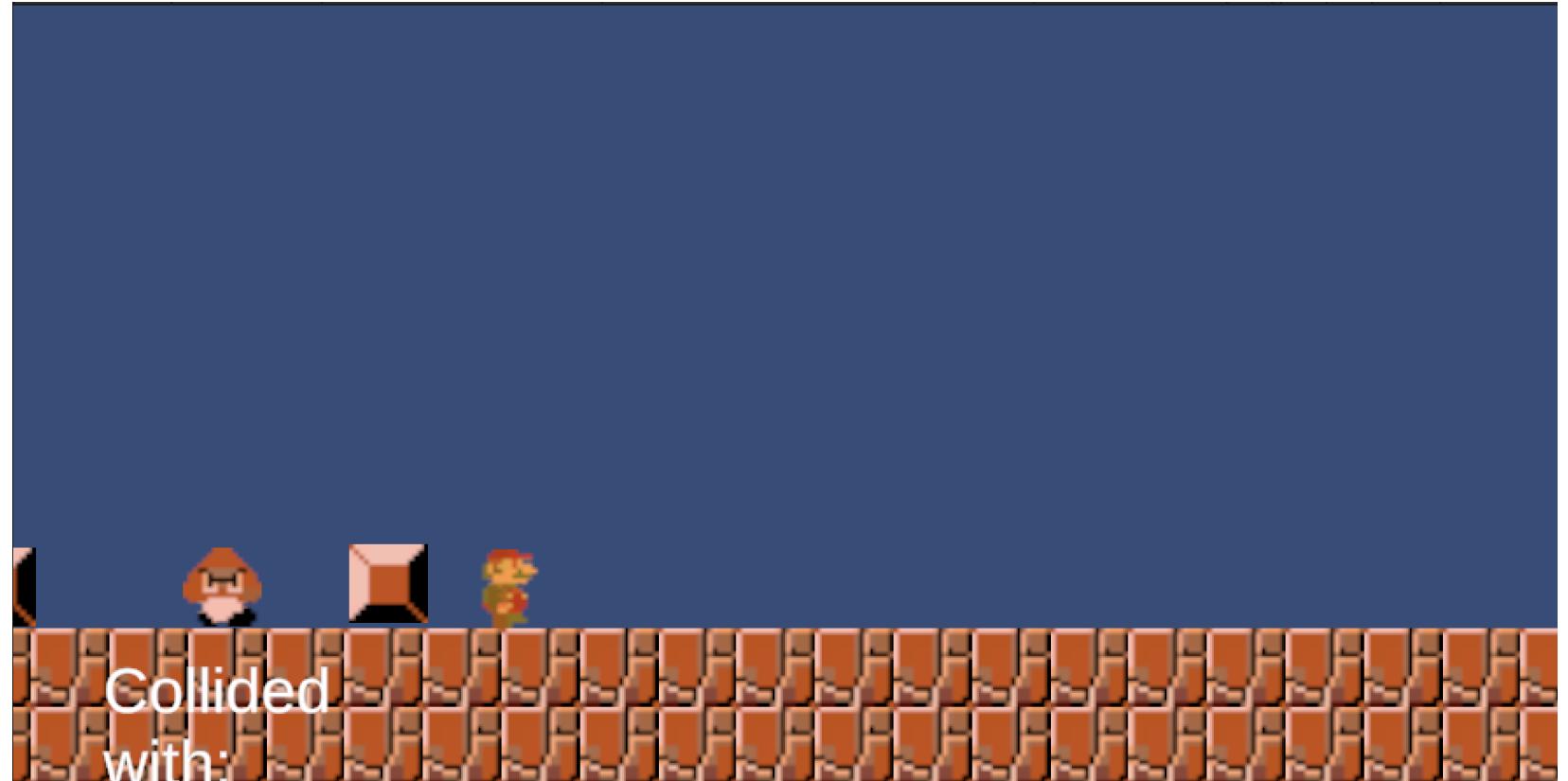
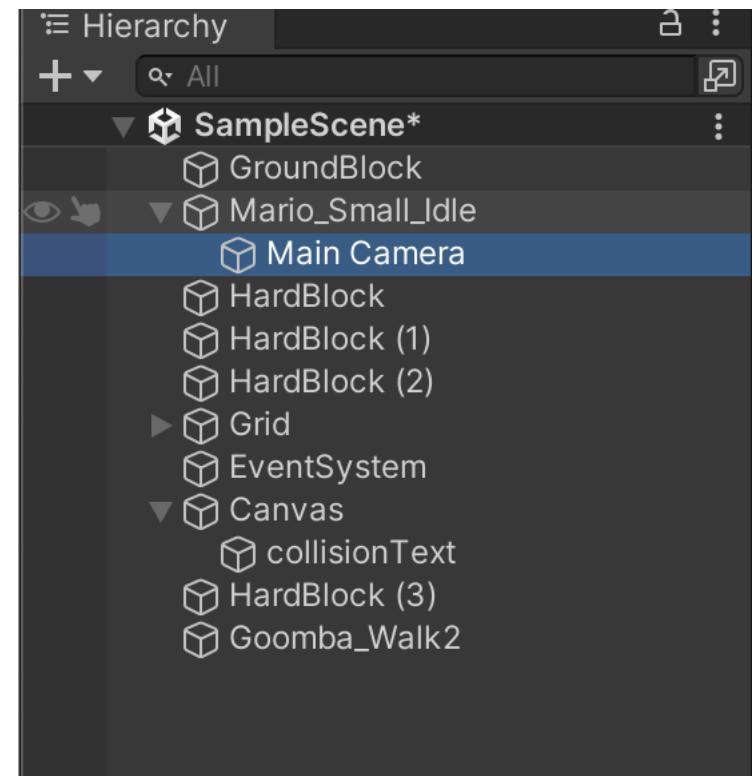
# 8. Camera – update your box collider!



# 8. Camera – locate the ‘Main Camera’ object



# 8. Camera – Drag the Main Camera onto Mario



Then the camera should then move with Mario as he moves right

# Steps / Requirements

1. Level Design in Unity 
2. Mario Movement (left + right) 
3. Object detection / collision 
4. Jumping over blocks / gravity 
5. Enemies (Goombas) alternate directions 
6. Jumping on Goombas – further collisions 
7. Decoration – animation – walking 
8. Camera to track Mario (once tile map created) 