STAT 306 Interim Proposal (Group 10)

Nicholas Tam (45695970), Ivy Cheung (97777726), Kaichi Nakajima (74175712), Kevin Liu (94200474)

Variables

- Data obtained from Kaggle dataset, which in turn was obtained from Molecular Taxonomy of Breast Cancer International Consortium (METABRIC) database through CBioPortal for Cancer Genomics.
- Variables from columns 32 to 693 consist of genetic attributes containing m-RNA levels z-score for 331 genes, and mutation for 175 genes; they have been omitted due to being difficult to interpret.
- Due to the distribution of "cancer_type_detailed" categories and for ease of computation, we will filter the dataset for deceased IDC patients only, as IDC consists of the majority of the dataset, and the "overall_survival" column for living patients would be inconsistent for living patients due to time.

- "tumor size" removed due to already partly contributing to "tumor stage". (Susan G. Komen®, 2024)

Variable	Definition	Unit	Categories
age_at_diagnosis	Age of the patient at diagnosis time	Years	
type_of_breast_s urgery	Breast cancer surgery type	N/A	- "MASTECTOMY", "BREAST CONSERVING"
cancer_type_deta iled	Detailed breast cancer types	N/A	"Breast Invasive Ductal Carcinoma", "Breast Mixed Ductal and Lobular Carcinoma", "Breast Invasive Lobular Carcinoma", "Breast Invasive Mixed Mucinous Carcinoma", "Metaplastic Breast Cancer"
chemotherapy	Boolean on whether or not patient had chemotherapy as a treatment	Boolean	
hormone_therap	Whether or not the patient had hormonal therapy as a treatment	Boolean	
overall_survival_ months	Duration from the time of the intervention to death	Months	
overall_survival	Whether the patient is alive of dead by the time of recording	Boolean	
radio_therapy	Whether or not the patient had radiotherapy as a treatment	Boolean	
tumor_stage	Stage of cancer based on involvement of surrounding structures, lymph nodes and distant spread	N/A	- 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, N/A

Research Question

Breast invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC) is the most common type of breast cancer, with about 80% of all forms of breast cancer being IDC, according to the American Cancer Society (DePolo, 2024). There are numerous nonsurgical treatments of IDC, such as radiotherapy, chemotherapy, and hormone therapy (Wright, 2023), but it is unclear how combinations of treatments can interact in a model to predict a patient's survival until death.

Our project question is: How do radiotherapy, chemotherapy, and hormone therapy influence the length of time a patient with IDC will survive until death, given control variables age, surgery type, and tumor stage?

Overview

Each of us will create at least one visualisation with a corresponding analysis. Kaichi will create the introduction, Nicholas will fit the linear model of interest based on previous visualisations, and Ivy and Kevin will cooperate to create the conclusion.

Source

- *Breast cancer gene expression profiles (METABRIC)*. Kaggle. (2016, May 10). https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/raghadalharbi/breast-cancer-gene-expression-profiles-metabric
- CBioPortal for Cancer Genomics. (n.d.). https://www.cbioportal.org/study/summary?id=brca_metabric
- DePolo, J. (2024, October 2). *Invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC)*. Breastcancer.org Breast Cancer Information and Support. https://www.breastcancer.org/types/invasive-ductal-carcinoma
- Wright, P. (2023, March 21). Invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC). Johns Hopkins Medicine.
 https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/health/conditions-and-diseases/breast-cancer/invasive-ductal-carcinoma-idc#:~:text=Radiation%20therapy%20might%20be%20part,lymph%20nodes%2C%E2%80%9D%20Wright%20says.
- *Tumor size and staging*. Susan G. Komen®. (2024, May 2). https://www.komen.org/breast-cancer/diagnosis/stages-staging/tumor-size/#:~:text=Tumor%20size%20 is%20related%20to,the%20size%20of%20the%20tumor.