

# 1D, Parabolic PDE

$$U_t = K(u) U_{yy}$$

$$U(y, 0) = 0$$

$$U_y(0, t) = -Q_1(U(0, t))$$

$$U_y(H, t) = -Q_2$$

- $u$ : temp increase in structure
- $K$ : coefficient of structural properties

- $Q_1$ : aerodynamic heating on surface ( $y=0$ )

- $Q_2$ : heat flux absorbed by the cooling system ( $y=h$ )

\*  $Q_1$  is a function of vehicle surface temperature

\*  $K$  also a function of temperature

Goal: choose  $Q_2$  such that max temp increase of structure is less than prescribed

Value,  $U_{\max}$ , during entire mission  $0 < t \leq T$

# Analytical Solution

Non-Homogeneous System:  $U(y,t) = U^H(y,t) + U^{NH}(y,t)$

• Non-Homogeneous boundary conditions are a function of  $y$  since  $U_y(0,t) = -Q_1$  &  $U_y(H,t) = -Q_2$

$$U_y^{NH} = \frac{-(Q_2 - Q_1)}{H} y - Q_1 \xrightarrow{\text{Integrate}} U^{NH} = \underbrace{\frac{(Q_1 - Q_2)}{2H} y^2}_{w(y)} - Q_1 y$$

$$U_t^{NH} = K U_{yy}^{NH} \implies U_t^{NH} = K \underbrace{\left[ \frac{(Q_1 - Q_2)}{H} \right]}_{U_{yy}} t$$

Now integrate both sides:

$$U^{NH} = K \underbrace{\left[ \frac{(Q_1 - Q_2)}{H} \right] t}_{g(t)}$$

# Homogeneous Solution

$$V_t = K V_{yy}$$

$$V(y, 0) = -w(y)$$

$$V_y(0, t) = 0$$

$$V_y(H, t) = 0$$

$$U^{\text{Total}} = U^H + U^{NH}$$

$$\text{where } U^H = v(t, y) \quad + \quad U^{NH} = w(y) + g(t)$$

$$U^{\text{Total}}(y, t) = \underbrace{[w(y) + g(t)]}_{\text{Non-Homogeneous}} + \underbrace{v(t, y)}_{\text{Homogeneous}}$$

Now solve for  $v(y, t)$ :

$$V_t = K V_{yy}$$

From equation sheet:  $F''(y) + K F(y) = 0$

$$G'(t) + K C^2 G(t) = 0$$

$$BC's: V(y,t) = F(y) G(t)$$

$$0 = F'(0) G(t) \rightarrow F'(0) = 0$$

$$0 = F'(H) G(t) \rightarrow F'(H) = 0$$

$$\text{From table: } K_n = p_n^2 = \left(\frac{n\pi}{L}\right)^2, n=0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$F(y) = A_n \cos(p_n y)$$

$$\text{When } n=0 \rightarrow F(y) = A_0$$

$$\text{When } n=1, 2, 3, \dots \rightarrow F(y) = A_n \cos(p_n y)$$

$$\text{Now find } G(t): G'(t) + K c^2 G(t) = 0$$

$$G'(t) + p_n K^2 G(t) = 0$$

$$G'(t) = -p_n K^2 G(t)$$

$$G(t) = \exp(-p_n K^2 t)$$

$$V_n(y, t) = A_0 + A_n \cos(p_n y) \exp(-p_n k^2 t)$$

$$V(y, t) = A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(p_n y) \exp(-p_n k^2 t)$$

Apply IC:  $V(y, 0) = -w(y)$

$$\underbrace{V(y, 0) = -w(y) = A_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(p_n y)}$$

Fourier Series

$$A_0 = \frac{1}{2L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx = \frac{1}{H} \int_0^H -w(y) dy$$

$$A_0 = \frac{1}{H} \int_0^H \left[ \left( \frac{Q_2 - Q_1}{2H} \right) y^2 + Q_1 y \right] dy$$

$$A_0 = \frac{1}{H} \left[ \left( \frac{Q_2 - Q_1}{6H} \right) y^3 \Big|_0^H + \left( \frac{Q_1 y^2}{2} \Big|_0^H \right) \right]$$

$$A_0 = \frac{1}{H} \left[ \frac{(Q_2 - Q_1)}{6} H^2 + \frac{Q_1 H^2}{2} \right]$$

$$A_0 = \frac{Q_2 H}{6} - \frac{Q_1 H}{6} + \frac{Q_1 H}{2}$$

$$A_0 = \frac{Q_2 H}{6} + \frac{Q_1 H}{3} = \frac{H(Q_2 + 2Q_1)}{6} \rightarrow \boxed{A_0 = \frac{H}{6}(2Q_1 + Q_2)}$$

Now find  $A_n$ :

$$A_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx = \frac{1}{H} \int_{-H}^H \omega(y) \cos(p_n y) dy$$

$$A_n = \frac{2}{H} \int_0^H \left[ \left( \frac{Q_2 - Q_1}{2H} y^2 + Q_1 y \right) \cos(p_n y) \right] dy$$

$$A_n = \frac{2}{H} \left[ \frac{((H^2 Q_2 + H^2 Q_1) p_n^2 - 2Q_2 + 2Q_1) \sin(H p_n) + 2H Q_2 p_n \cos(H p_n)}{2H p_n^3} - \frac{Q_1}{p_n^2} \right]$$