

## Analysis:

3.) Step input 0.2 rad (open loop)

- underdamped (oscillates over + under ss value)
- oscillations seem large compared to ss value

$$\theta_{ss} = 0.168 \text{ rad}$$

$$T_r = 0.999 \text{ sec}$$

$$\theta_{peak} = 0.585 \text{ rad}$$

$$T_s = 405 \text{ sec}$$

4.)  $T_r = 0.716 \text{ sec}$

$$T_s = 56.9 \text{ sec}$$

$$\theta_{ss} = 0.0914 \text{ rad (final value)}$$

$$\theta_{peak} = 0.181$$

- faster rise time
- much faster settling time
- lower final value

5.) • the graph for part 5 is the exact same as the graph for part 4

- this shows that both methods of solving are correct

6.) • 5 roots shown on root locus

□ 5 X's (poles) and 5 O's (zero), which is to be expected

- As  $K$  (gain) is varied from  $0 \rightarrow \infty$ , there is no gain value where all 5 roots are in unshaded region
- in fact, there is only 1 root that ever enters the unshaded region

• therefore, proportional controller doesn't work

$$7.) C(s) = K \cdot \frac{(s+0.9)}{(s+3)}$$

- also doesn't look like all roots enter unshaded region
- this lead compensator cannot be used to meet specified performance requirements (seems like wrong conclusion)
- not sure how to tell if performance criteria is met by  $K$  values (if what I said above is true, then none do)