PRACTICAL NO. 3

GitLab Essentials

- LOB2 To obtain knowledge of Version Control Systems to effectively track changes with Git, GitHub and understand their best practices in team environments.
- LO2 Demonstrate the use of Git and GitHub to manage version control in projects and compare different workflows.

Introduction to GitLab

GitLab is a web-based platform that helps software teams manage projects, collaborate, and build software. It is built around Git, a distributed version control system.

GitLab helps teams reduce product lifecycles and increase productivity, which in turn creates value for customers.

The application doesn't require users to manage authorizations for each tool. If permissions are set once, then everyone in the organization has access to every component.

GitLab was originally fully free and open-source software distributed under the MIT License. It was split into two distinct versions in July 2013 –

- GitLab CE (Community Edition) and
- GitLab EE (Enterprise Edition).
- What does GitLab do?
 - o Project management: Plan projects, track issues, and manage tasks.
 - o Code review: Review code and collaboration on issues and projects.
 - Continuous integration and deployment (CI/CD): Automate repetitive tasks like building and testing new changes.
 - Security: Incorporate security measures from the start and throughout the development process.
 - o Version control: Manage source code, database structure, libraries, and more
- How does GitLab help?
 - Collaboration: Helps distributed teams work together more cohesively and productively.
 - o Efficiency: Reduces product lifecycles and increases productivity.
 - o Cost savings: Helps businesses save money on licensing costs
- GitLab features
 - o Free and open-source Community Edition (CE).
 - o Enterprise Edition (EE) with a restricted license.
 - Al-powered workflows to support teams throughout the software development lifecycle.

• Creating a GitLab Repository

- Sign in to GitLab at [GitLab](https://gitlab.com/)
- Click on New Project → Create Blank Project
- Enter Project Name and select Visibility (Private/Public)
- Click Create Project
- One can use GitLab Web IDE that allows you to edit, commit, and push changes directly from the browser.

• Git Commands to Interact with GitHub

 Although GitLab has its own repository system, developers often work with GitHub as well. Here are the essential Git commands:

Command	Description
git init	Initialize a new Git repository
git clone <repo_url></repo_url>	Clone a repository
git status	Show modified files
git add <file></file>	Add files to staging area
git commit -m "message"	Commit changes
git push origin main	Push commits to GitLab/GitHub
git pull origin main	Pull the latest changes

Overview of CI/CD Workflow

- GitLab CI/CD Workflow
 Developer pushes code to GitLab
 GitLab CI/CD pipeline runs the `.gitlab-ci.yml` script
 The pipeline executes build, test, and deploy stages
 Deployment is triggered if all tests pass
- CI/CD Capabilities of GitLab
 GitLab CI/CD enables automation of:
 - Build processes (e.g., compiling Java, Node.js apps)
 - Testing (e.g., unit tests, integration tests)
 - Deployment (e.g., deploying to a web server, cloud, Kubernetes)
 - Monitoring (e.g., logging, performance analysis)

• About `.gitlab-ci.yml` File

- o The `.gitlab-ci.yml` file defines CI/CD pipelines in GitLab.
- Structure of `.gitlab-ci.yml`

```
image: ubuntu:latest # Base Docker image
stages:
 - build
  - test
 - deploy
build:
 stage: build
    - echo "Building the application"
unit-test:
 script:
   - echo "Running unit tests"
deploy:
 stage: deploy
    - echo "Deploying application"
 only:
    - main
```

- Explanation of Key Sections
 - 'image:' Specifies the Docker image for the pipeline.

- 'stages:' Defines pipeline stages (e.g., build, test, deploy).
- `script:` Contains commands to execute in each stage.
- 'only:' Runs the job only on a specific branch (e.g., 'main').

• Running and Monitoring the Pipeline

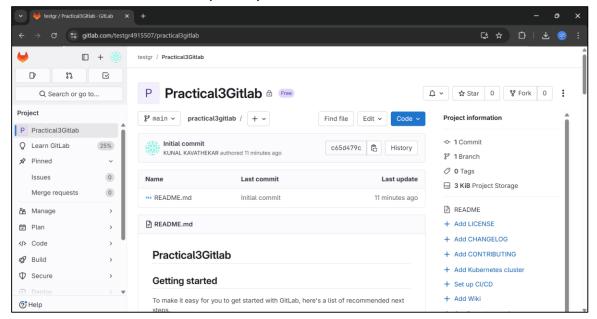
- o Triggering the Pipeline -
 - Commit and push the `.gitlab-ci.yml` file:

```
git add .gitlab-ci.yml
git commit -m "Added GitLab CI/CD pipeline"
git push origin main
```

- Go to GitLab → CI/CD → Pipelines
- Click Run Pipeline (if not triggered automatically)
- Viewing Pipeline Status
 - Go to GitLab → CI/CD → Pipelines
 - Click on a pipeline to see logs and results of each stage.

Exercise:

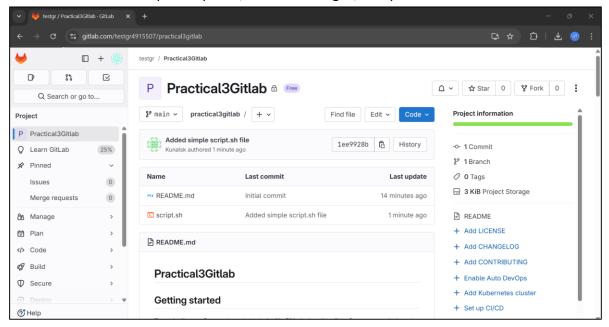
- Basic GitLab Repository Management A team is starting a new project and needs to set up a GitLab repository by performing following tasks –
 - a. Create a new repository in GitLab.



b. Clone the repository locally.

```
Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps
$ mkdir Practical3
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps
$ cd Practical3
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGw64 /d/MCAsemII/Devops/Practical3
$ git clone https://gitlab.com/testgr4915507/practical3gitlab.git cloning into 'practical3gitlab'... remote: Enumerating objects: 3, done. remote: Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done. remote: Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done. remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0) Receiving objects: 100% (3/3), done.
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3
$ cd practical3gitlab
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3/practical3gitlab (m
$ echo "Hello I am kunal" > script.sh
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3/practical3gitlab (m
$ git add script.sh
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGw64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3/practical3gitlab (m
ain)
$ git commit -m "Added simple script.sh file"
[main 1ee9928] Added simple script.sh file
 1 file changed, 1 insertion(+) create mode 100644 script.sh
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGw64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3/practical3gitlab (m
ain)
$ git push origin main
Enumerating objects: 4, done.
Counting objects: 100% (4/4), done.
```

c. Add simple script file, commit changes, and push them to GitLab.

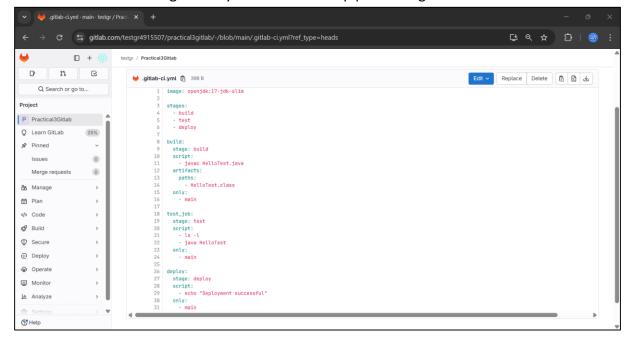


d. Create and switch branches for different features.

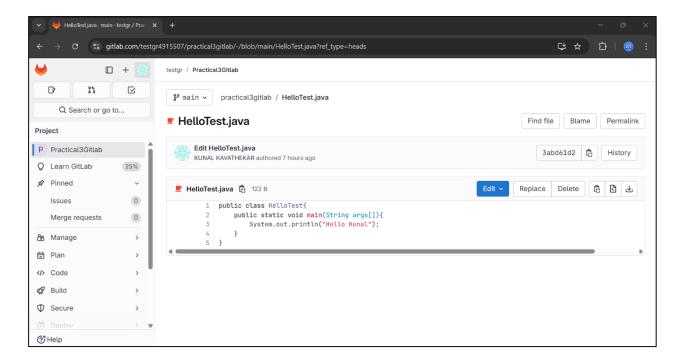
```
Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3/practical3gitlab (main)
$ git checkout -b feature1
Switched to a new branch 'feature1'

Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3/practical3gitlab (feature1)
$ |
```

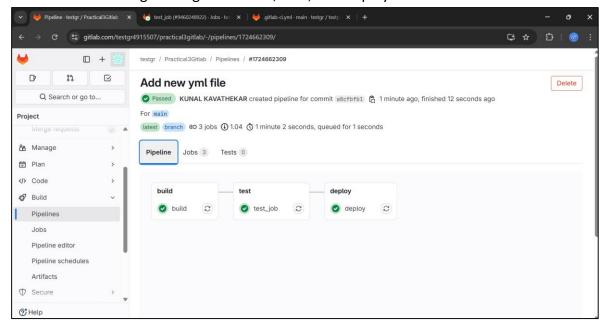
- Setting Up GitLab CI/CD Pipeline Automate build and testing for a Java project.
 - a. Write a `.gitlab-ci.yml` file to define pipeline stages.

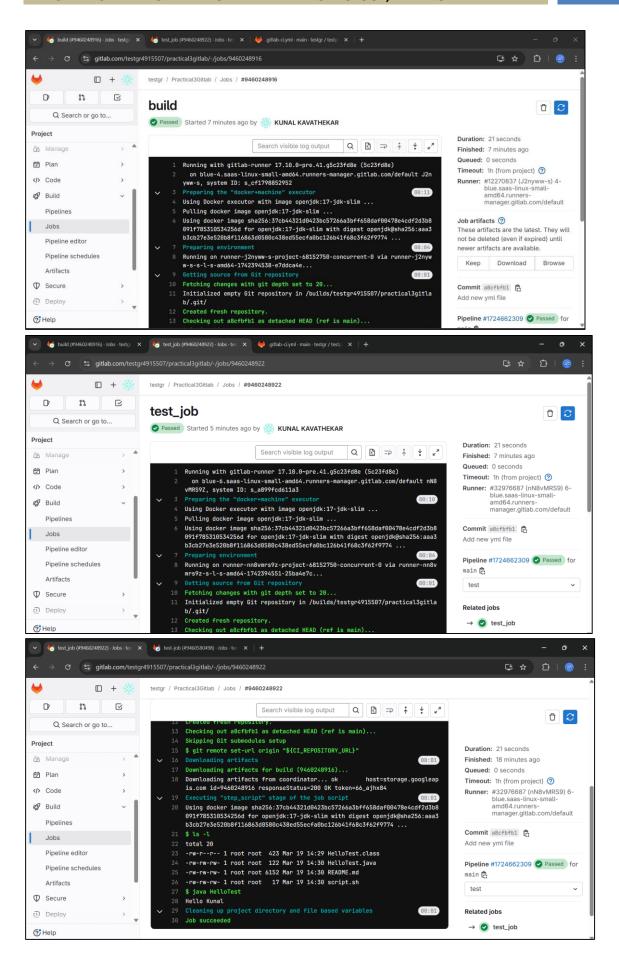


b. Use an appropriate Docker image for Java compilation.

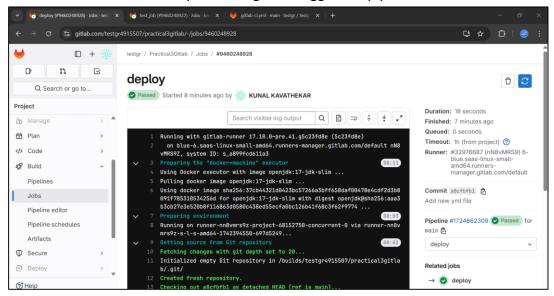


c. Configure stages for Build, Test, and Deploy.





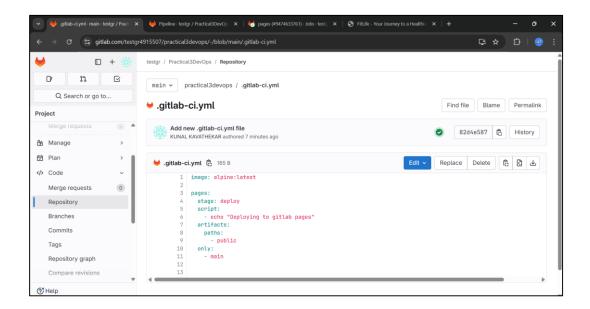
d. Commit and push changes to trigger the pipeline.



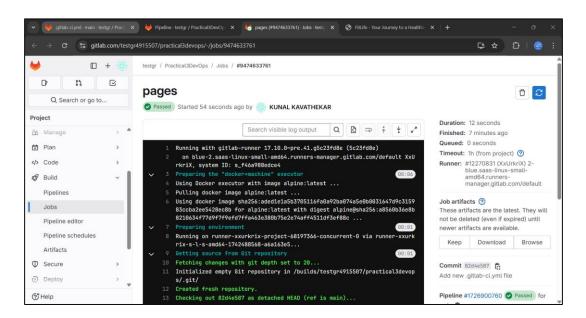
- Deploying a Static Website Using GitLab Pages A company wants to host a simple HTML website on GitLab Pages.
 - a. Create an HTML/CSS website and push it to GitLab.

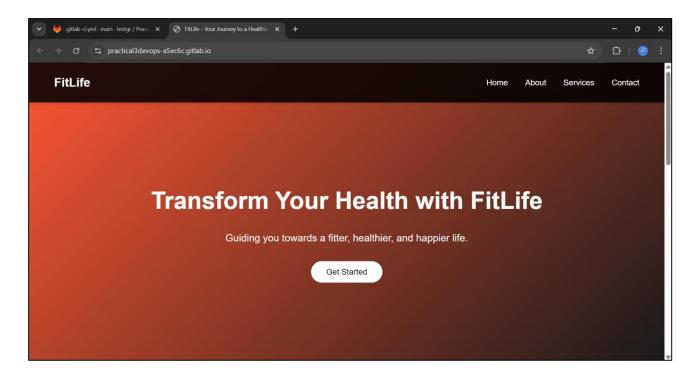
```
k36-Laptop MINGw64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3Q3/practical3devops (main)
   mkdir public
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3Q3/practical3devops (main)
$ cd public
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3Q3/practical3devops/public (main)
$ touch index.html
 \lambda \text{\text{Mmin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGw64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3Q3/practical3devops/public (main)
$ vi index.html
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3Q3/practical3devops/public (main)
$ cd ..
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3Q3/practical3devops (main)
$ git add public/
Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3Q3/practical3devops (main)
$ git commit -m "Added new public folder"
[main (root-commit) 2d4a4a1] Added new public folder
1 file changed, 198 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 public/index.html
 Admin@Kunalsk36-Laptop MINGW64 /d/MCAsemII/DevOps/Practical3Q3/practical3devops (main)
$ git push origin main
$ git push origin main
Enumerating objects: 4, done.
Counting objects: 100% (4/4), done.
Delta compression using up to 16 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
Writing objects: 100% (4/4), 1.88 KiB | 1.88 MiB/s, done.
Total 4 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
To https://gitlab.com/testgr4915507/practical3devops.git
* [new branch] main -> main
```

b. Define `.gitlab-ci.yml` to generate and deploy the site using GitLab Pages.



c. Test the deployed website from the provided GitLab Pages URL.





d. Configure a scheduled pipeline for this web site.

e.

