MAT-112
Spring 2018
Review 1
Dates: $2/5 - 2/9$

Name:	

Pledge: \_\_\_\_\_

Each question topic and point value is recorded in the tables below. You may review these topics from any resource at your leisure. Once you decide to start a review problem, you are on the clock and you must work without any external resources. Each problem can be done one at a time, but must be finished in a single sitting. Answer each question in the space provided, if you run out of room, then you may continue on the back of the page. It is your responsibility to plan out your time to ensure that you can finish all problems within the 2.0 hours allotted. By writing your name and signing the pledge you are stating that your work adheres to these terms and the Davidson honor code.

## Scoring Table

Question	Points	Score	
1	10		
2	15		
3	15		
4	10		
Total:	50		

## Topics Table

Question	Topic				
1	Polynomial and Rational Functions				
2	Exponential and Log Functions				
3	Trigonometric Functions				
4	Applications				

Time Table

Question	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Time										

1. Let

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 12x + 19$$
 and  $g(x) = \frac{3x - 2}{2x + 1}$ .

(a) (6 points) On separate graphs, sketch a plot of the functions f and g. Clearly label any x-intercepts, y-intercepts, and vertical and horizontal asymptotes.

(b) (4 points) State the definition of the domain and range and find the domain and range of f and g.

2. (a) (5 points) State the definition of the exponential and logarithmic function.

(b) (5 points) Use the definitions in part (a) to show that  $f(x) = a^x$  and  $g(x) = \log_a(x)$ , where a > 0 and  $a \neq 1$ , are inverse functions.

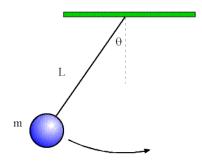
(c) (5 points) Sketch a graph with a plot of  $f(x) = 2^x$  and  $g(x) = \log_2(x)$ . Be sure to label three points for both f and g.

3. (a) (5 points) State the definition of the trigonometric functions: cosine, sine, and tangent; include a clearly labeled diagram.

(b) (5 points) Draw the 30-60-90 and 45-45-90 right triangles and state the cosine, sine, and tangent of the 30, 45, and 60 degree angles.

(c) (5 points) Sketch a graph with the plot of the cosine, sine, and tangent functions on the interval  $[-\pi, \pi]$ .

4. (a) (5 points) A simple pendulum, see figure below, consists of a mass m hanging from a string of



length L from a fixed pivot point. When displaced to an initial angle  $\theta_0$  and released, the pendulum will swing back and forth with periodic motion described by the equation

$$\theta(t) = \theta_0 \cos(\sqrt{\frac{g}{L}}t),$$

where g is the force of gravity and t is the time elapsed since the mass was released.

- Express the period of the pendulum's motion in terms of the variables described above.
- When is the displacement maximized and when is it zero?

(b) (5 points) The half life of Carbon-14 is 5730 years. The amount left of an initial sample  $y_0$  (measured in grams) can be modeled by

$$y(t) = y_0 e^{rt}.$$

- $\bullet$  Find the decay rate r. Leave your answer in exact fully simplified form.
- If 2 grams remain after 1000 years, find the initial sample  $y_0$ . Leave your answer in exact fully simplified form.