## Solution 1

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## **Assignment**

**1.** Form an augmented matrix to represent the following system. Use RowRedue to determine if the system is consistent and, if so, report the general solution vector.

```
x_1 -2x_4 = -3

2x_2 + 2x_3 = 0

x_3 + 3x_4 = 1

-2x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 = 5

Solution:

\ln[1] = \text{aug} = \{\{1, 0, 0, -2, -3\}, \{0, 2, 2, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 1, 3, 1\}, \{-2, 3, 2, 1, 5\}\};

\text{RowReduce}[\text{aug}]

Out[2]= \{\{1, 0, 0, -2, -3\}, \{0, 1, 0, -3, -1\}, \{0, 0, 1, 3, 1\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}\}
```

The above system is consistent and the 4th variable is free. Therefore, the general solution vector is

```
ln[3]:= f[t_] := \{-3+2t, -1+3t, 1-3t, t\};
```

**2.** Manually perform the row operations and back-substitution necessary to solve the system corresponding to the following augmented matrix.

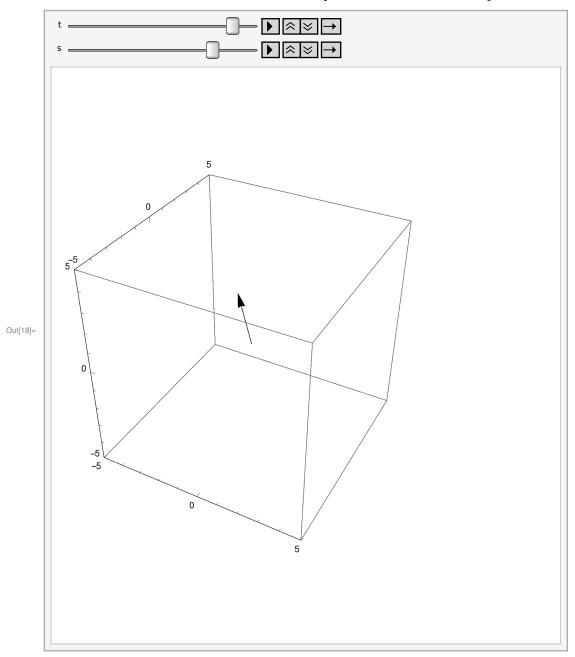
 $ln[4]:= aug = \{\{1, 0, 3, 0, 2\}, \{0, 1, 0, -3, 3\}, \{0, -2, 3, 2, 1\}, \{3, 0, 0, 7, -5\}\};$ 

```
In[9]:= sol = {0, 0, 0, 0};
      sol[[4]] = R[[4, 5]] / R[[4, 4]];
      sol[[3]] = (R[[3, 5]] - R[[3, 4]] * sol[[4]]) / R[[3, 3]];
      sol[[2]] = (R[[2, 5]] - R[[2, 4]] * sol[[4]] - R[[2, 3]] * sol[[3]]) / R[[2, 2]];
      sol[[1]] =
         (R[[1, 5]] - R[[1, 4]] * sol[[4]] - R[[1, 3]] * sol[[3]] - R[[1, 2]] * sol[[2]]) / R[[1, 1]];
      sol
Out[14]= \left\{3, -3, -\frac{1}{3}, -2\right\}
```

3. Use RowReduce to solve the system below and represent the infinite set of solutions using Graphics3D and Animate.

```
ln[15]:= aug = \{\{1, 2, 1, 3\}, \{-2, -4, -2, -6\}, \{3, 6, 3, 9\}\}\};
           Solution:
In[16]:= RowReduce[aug]
Out[16]= \{\{1, 2, 1, 3\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0\}\}
ln[17] = f[t_, s_] := {3-2*t-s, t, s};
```

$$\label{eq:local_local_local_local} $$ \inf_{s \in \mathbb{R}} Animate[Graphics3D[\{Arrow[\{\{0,0,0\},f[t,s]\}]\}, Axes \to True, $$ PlotRange \to \{\{-5,5\},\{-5,5\},\{-5,5\}\}], \{t,-2,2\}, \{s,-2,2\}]$$ $$$$

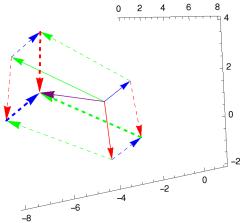


4. Use Graphics3D to display the linear combination of the following vectors that results in the vector y={8,-7,2}. Additionally, display the commutativity of the aforementioned linear combination.

$$ln[19]:=$$
 u1 = {1, 1, 1}; u2 = {-2, 1, 1}; u3 = {1, -2, 1};  
• Solution:

First, we will solve the corresponding system of equations

Green, Arrow[{{0, 0, 0}, 3 \* u3}], Purple, Arrow[{{0, 0, 0}, y}], Blue, Dashed, Arrow[{-2 \* u2, -2 \* u2 + u1}], Arrow[{3 \* u3, 3 \* u3 + u1}], Red, Dashed, Arrow[{u1, u1 - 2 \* u2}], Arrow[{3 \* u3, 3 \* u3 - 2 \* u2}], Green, Dashed, Arrow[{u1, u1 + 3 \* u3}], Arrow[{-2 \* u2, -2 \* u2 + 3 \* u3}], Blue, Thick, Arrow[{-2 \* u2 + 3 \* u3, -2 \* u2 + 3 \* u3}], Red, Thick, Arrow[{u1 + 3 \* u3, u1 + 3 \* u3 - 2 \* u2}], Green, Thick, Arrow[{u1 - 2 \* u2, u1 - 2 \* u2 + 3 \* u3}]}, Axes → True, Boxed → False]



Out[27]=