

Interest Rate Swap Compounding Formulae

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In this short paper, we outline geometric and arithmetic compound formulae for interest rate swaps. We also present ISDA protocol when compounding with a floating spread.

Geometric compounded rates are calculated as,

$$\text{Geometric Compounded Rate, } r_G = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n (1 + r_i \tau_i) - 1 \right) / \tau_c \quad (1a)$$

, where r_i denotes a rate fixing or reset, τ_i the fixing year fraction and τ_c the coupon year fraction

If we assume discount factors (DF) have simple compounding¹ this reduces to,

$$\text{Geometric Compounded Rate, } r_G = \left(\left(\frac{1}{DF_n} \right) - 1 \right) / \tau_c \quad (1b)$$

Arithmetic compounded rates are calculated as,

$$\text{Arithmetic Compounded Rate, } r_A = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n r_i \tau_i \right) / \tau_c \quad (2)$$

Next we briefly outline how to compound floating rates that have a spread, which is often the case for swap transactions. ISDA² define three compounding approaches for floating interest rates with a spread as follows,

¹ Computationally Efficient Zero Coupon Swap Formulae. Available at: <https://ssrn.com/abstract=3881983>

² Alternative compounding methods for over-the-counter derivative transactions.
Available at: <https://www.isda.org/a/2KiDE/isda-compounding-memo.pdf>

Method 1: Compounding (Include Spread)

Floating rates compound with the spread.

$$C_1 = N (r_1 + s) \tau_1$$

$$C_2 = (N + C_1) (r_2 + s) \tau_2$$

$$C_3 = (N + C_2) (r_3 + s) \tau_3$$

$$FA = C_1 + C_2 + C_3$$

(3)

, where C denotes the compound amount and FA the total float amount.

Method 2: Flat Compounding (Exclude Spread)

Floating rates compound without the spread.

$$C_1 = N (r_1 + s) \tau_1$$

$$C_2 = N (r_2 + s) \tau_2 + C_1 r_2 \tau_2$$

$$C_3 = N (r_3 + s) \tau_3 + C_2 r_3 \tau_3$$

$$FA = C_1 + C_2 + C_3$$

(4)

, where C denotes the compound amount and FA the total float amount.

Method 3: None (Simple Interest)

The spread is excluded from compounding and accrues simple interest.

$$C_1 = N r_1 \tau_1$$

$$C_2 = (N + C_1) r_2 \tau_2$$

$$C_3 = (N + C_1 + C_2) r_3 \tau_3$$

$$SA = N s (\tau_1 + \tau_2 + \tau_3)$$

$$FA = C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + SA$$

(5)

, where C denotes the compound amount, SA the spread amount and FA the total float amount.