

$$y(x) = \begin{cases} \sum_{j=1}^2 \beta_j x^{j-1} + \sum_{k=1}^K \theta_k (x - \xi)^2 & x \in [\xi_1, \xi_K] \\ \sum_{j=1}^2 \beta_j x^{j-1} + \sum_{k=1}^K \theta_k (x - \xi)^2 & x \text{ outside } (\xi_1, \xi_K) \end{cases} \quad \text{Quadratic spline.}$$

Outside interval so second term

$$y'(x) = \sum_{j=1}^2 (j-1) \beta_j x^{j-2} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^K \theta_k (x - \xi)$$

$$y''(x) = \sum_{j=1}^2 (j-2)(j-1) \beta_j x^{j-3} + 2 \sum_{k=1}^K \theta_k$$

→ always 0

$$0 = 2 \sum_{k=1}^K \theta_k$$

$$0 = \theta_K + \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \theta_k$$

$$\theta_K = - \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \theta_k \quad \text{sub back into } y(x)$$

$$y(x) = \beta_1 + \beta_2 x + \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \theta_k (x - \xi_k)^2 - (x - \xi_K)^2 \sum_{k=1}^{K-1} \theta_k$$