

Assignment 2 (20%)

CSE 5120 ([Section 01](#)) – Introduction to Artificial Intelligence – Spring
2024

Submitted to

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by

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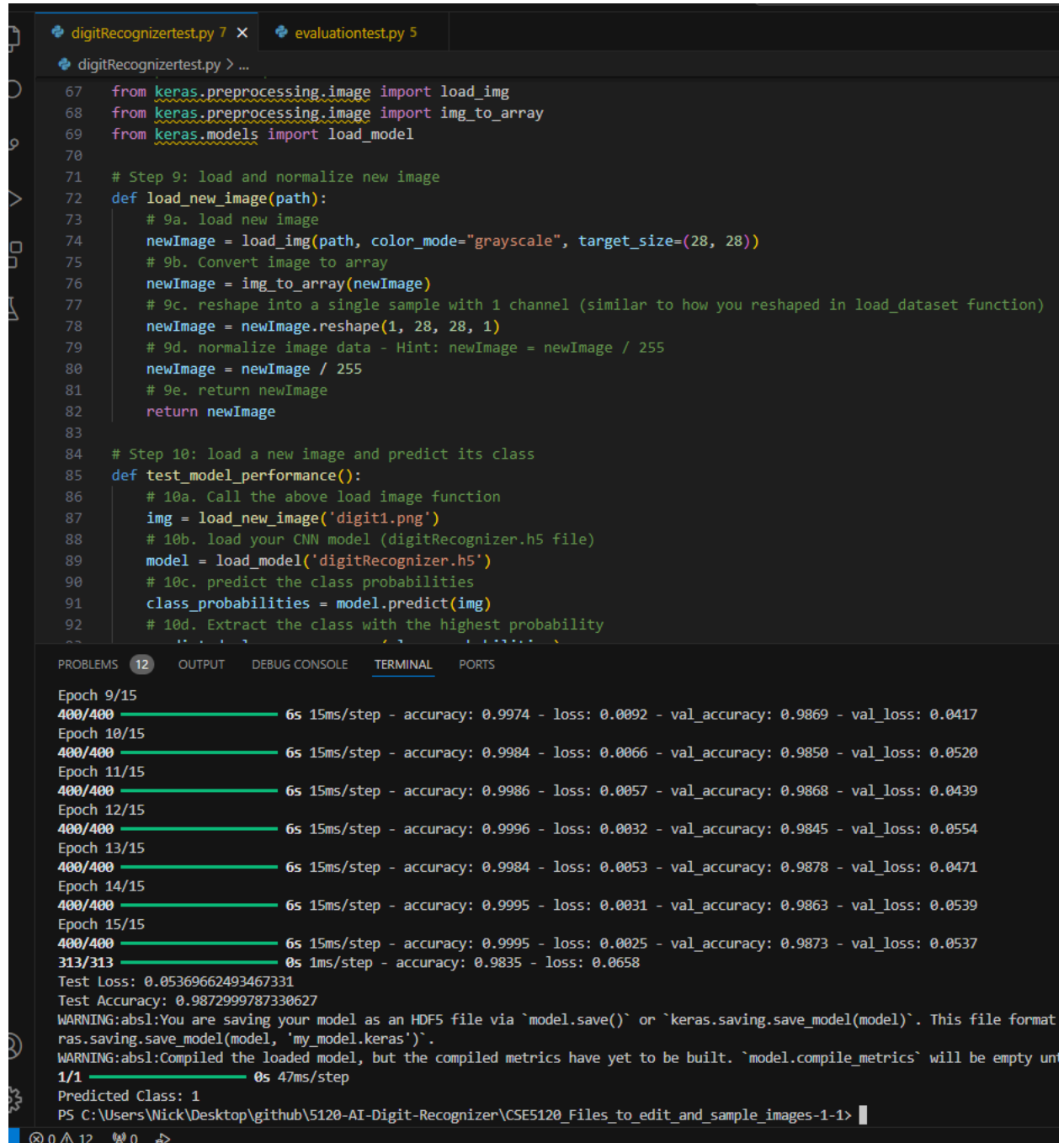
Assignment Report

Brief description of your work here acknowledging your collaboration with your class fellow (or a friend from other CSE 5120 section), and the capacity at which he/she collaborated with you, followed by the algorithms you implemented.

1. `digitRecognizer.py` for MNIST dataset

Your brief explanation of the dataset, your code solution, and any documentation with screenshots of your code Evaluation (results from `digitRecognizer.py`)

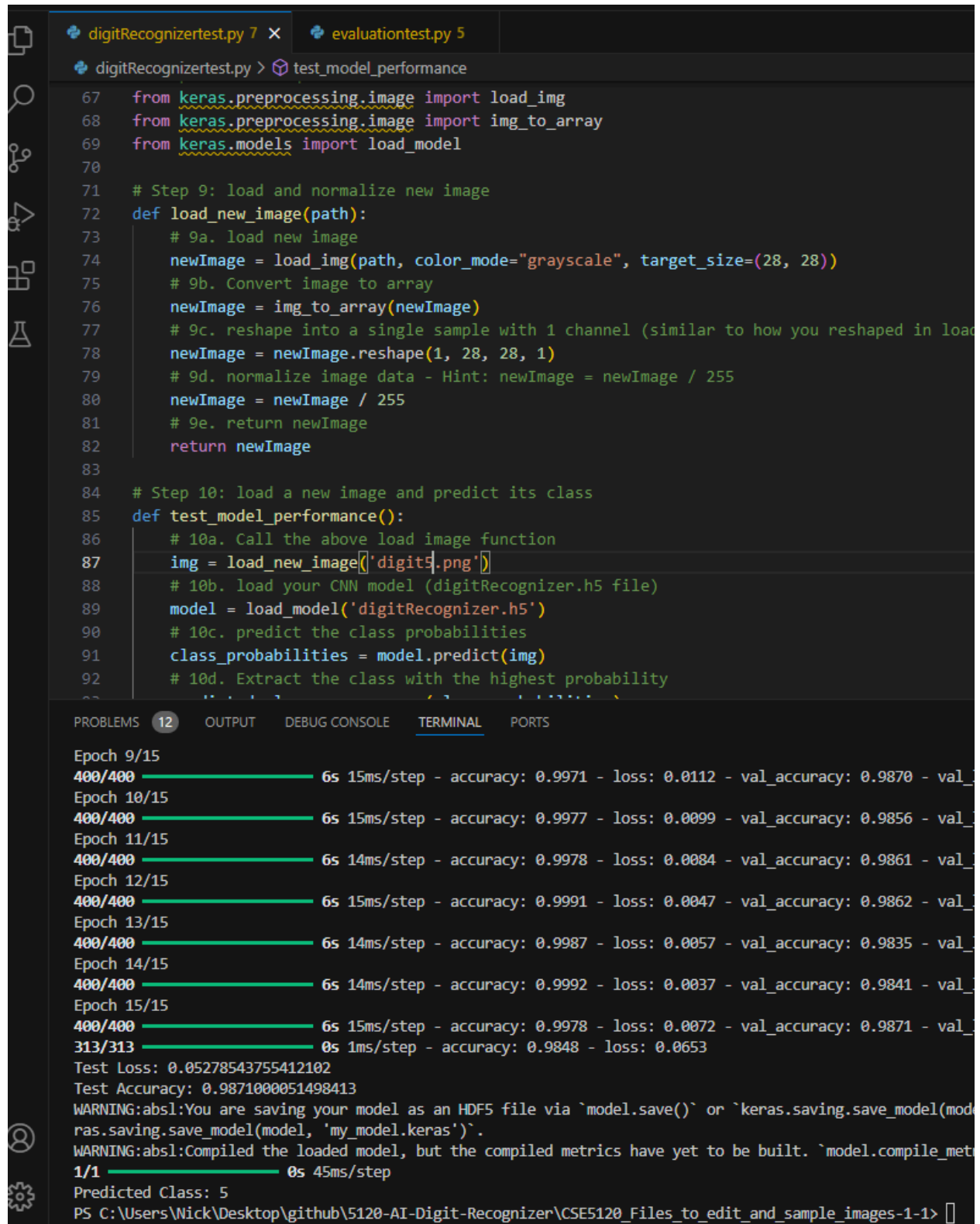
My assignment code basically just goes down the steps that were supplied and supplying the steps as asked. Some changes were made such as the `keras.utils` import to `to_categorical` rather than what was supplied because it was causing an error not allowing the program to run. The code begins with importing `keras` libraries as well as `numpy` which will all be used for the code. It follows with loading the dataset and reshaping the images to match the input shape that is to be expected. It then normalizes the input to a value between 0 and 1 and converts them to categorical format. The next step is one of the most important parts because it defines the `cnn` model creating the layout as instructed. Followed by building the model that has been defined. It is then trained which will display the results of the model and save them. Last is loading the new image for prediction and then testing the performance of the image.



```
digitRecognizertest.py 7 x evaluationtest.py 5
digitRecognizertest.py > ...
67 from keras.preprocessing.image import load_img
68 from keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array
69 from keras.models import load_model
70
71 # Step 9: load and normalize new image
72 def load_new_image(path):
73     # 9a. load new image
74     newImage = load_img(path, color_mode="grayscale", target_size=(28, 28))
75     # 9b. Convert image to array
76     newImage = img_to_array(newImage)
77     # 9c. reshape into a single sample with 1 channel (similar to how you reshaped in load_dataset function)
78     newImage = newImage.reshape(1, 28, 28, 1)
79     # 9d. normalize image data - Hint: newImage = newImage / 255
80     newImage = newImage / 255
81     # 9e. return newImage
82     return newImage
83
84 # Step 10: load a new image and predict its class
85 def test_model_performance():
86     # 10a. Call the above load image function
87     img = load_new_image('digit1.png')
88     # 10b. load your CNN model (digitRecognizer.h5 file)
89     model = load_model('digitRecognizer.h5')
90     # 10c. predict the class probabilities
91     class_probabilities = model.predict(img)
92     # 10d. Extract the class with the highest probability
93     predicted_class = np.argmax(class_probabilities)
94     return predicted_class
95
96 if __name__ == '__main__':
97     test_model_performance()
```

PROBLEMS 12 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

Epoch 9/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9974 - loss: 0.0092 - val_accuracy: 0.9869 - val_loss: 0.0417
Epoch 10/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9984 - loss: 0.0066 - val_accuracy: 0.9850 - val_loss: 0.0520
Epoch 11/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9986 - loss: 0.0057 - val_accuracy: 0.9868 - val_loss: 0.0439
Epoch 12/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9996 - loss: 0.0032 - val_accuracy: 0.9845 - val_loss: 0.0554
Epoch 13/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9984 - loss: 0.0053 - val_accuracy: 0.9878 - val_loss: 0.0471
Epoch 14/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9995 - loss: 0.0031 - val_accuracy: 0.9863 - val_loss: 0.0539
Epoch 15/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9995 - loss: 0.0025 - val_accuracy: 0.9873 - val_loss: 0.0537
313/313 — 0s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9835 - loss: 0.0658
Test Loss: 0.05369662493467331
Test Accuracy: 0.9872999787330627
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. This file format
ras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.
WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_metrics` will be empty until
1/1 — 0s 47ms/step
Predicted Class: 1
PS C:\Users\Wick\Desktop\github\5120-AI-Digit-Recognizer\CSE5120_Files_to_edit_and_sample_images-1-1>



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook with two tabs: `digitRecognizertest.py` and `evaluationtest.py`. The active tab is `digitRecognizertest.py`, which contains Python code for testing a model. The code defines a `load_new_image` function to load and preprocess an image, and a `test_model_performance` function to load the model, predict, and return the class with the highest probability. The notebook also shows the output of the training process, including accuracy and loss for each epoch, and the final test results.

```
digitRecognizertest.py > test_model_performance

67 from keras.preprocessing.image import load_img
68 from keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array
69 from keras.models import load_model
70
71 # Step 9: load and normalize new image
72 def load_new_image(path):
73     # 9a. load new image
74     newImage = load_img(path, color_mode="grayscale", target_size=(28, 28))
75     # 9b. Convert image to array
76     newImage = img_to_array(newImage)
77     # 9c. reshape into a single sample with 1 channel (similar to how you reshaped in load
78     newImage = newImage.reshape(1, 28, 28, 1)
79     # 9d. normalize image data - Hint: newImage = newImage / 255
80     newImage = newImage / 255
81     # 9e. return newImage
82     return newImage
83
84 # Step 10: load a new image and predict its class
85 def test_model_performance():
86     # 10a. Call the above load image function
87     img = load_new_image('digits.png')
88     # 10b. load your CNN model (digitRecognizer.h5 file)
89     model = load_model('digitRecognizer.h5')
90     # 10c. predict the class probabilities
91     class_probabilities = model.predict(img)
92     # 10d. Extract the class with the highest probability
```

PROBLEMS 12 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

Epoch 9/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9971 - loss: 0.0112 - val_accuracy: 0.9870 - val_

Epoch 10/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9977 - loss: 0.0099 - val_accuracy: 0.9856 - val_

Epoch 11/15
400/400 — 6s 14ms/step - accuracy: 0.9978 - loss: 0.0084 - val_accuracy: 0.9861 - val_

Epoch 12/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9991 - loss: 0.0047 - val_accuracy: 0.9862 - val_

Epoch 13/15
400/400 — 6s 14ms/step - accuracy: 0.9987 - loss: 0.0057 - val_accuracy: 0.9835 - val_

Epoch 14/15
400/400 — 6s 14ms/step - accuracy: 0.9992 - loss: 0.0037 - val_accuracy: 0.9841 - val_

Epoch 15/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9978 - loss: 0.0072 - val_accuracy: 0.9871 - val_

313/313 — 0s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9848 - loss: 0.0653

Test Loss: 0.05278543755412102

Test Accuracy: 0.9871000051498413

WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.save.save_model(mod
ras.save.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.

WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_metr

1/1 — 0s 45ms/step

Predicted Class: 5

PS C:\Users\Wick\Desktop\github\5120-AI-Digit-Recognizer\CSE5120_Files_to_edit_and_sample_images-1-1>

```

digitRecognizerTest.py x evaluationTest.py 5
digitRecognizerTest.py > test_model_performance

67 from keras.preprocessing.image import load_img
68 from keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array
69 from keras.models import load_model
70
71 # Step 9: load and normalize new image
72 def load_new_image(path):
73     # 9a. load new image
74     newImage = load_img(path, color_mode="grayscale", target_size=(28, 28))
75     # 9b. Convert image to array
76     newImage = img_to_array(newImage)
77     # 9c. reshape into a single sample with 1 channel (similar to how you reshaped in load_data)
78     newImage = newImage.reshape(1, 28, 28, 1)
79     # 9d. normalize image data - Hint: newImage = newImage / 255
80     newImage = newImage / 255
81     # 9e. return newImage
82     return newImage
83
84 # Step 10: load a new image and predict its class
85 def test_model_performance():
86     # 10a. Call the above load image function
87     img = load_new_image('digit9.png')
88     # 10b. load your CNN model (digitRecognizer.h5 file)
89     model = load_model('digitRecognizer.h5')
90     # 10c. predict the class probabilities
91     class_probabilities = model.predict(img)
92     # 10d. Extract the class with the highest probability
93     predicted_class = np.argmax(class_probabilities)
94     return predicted_class

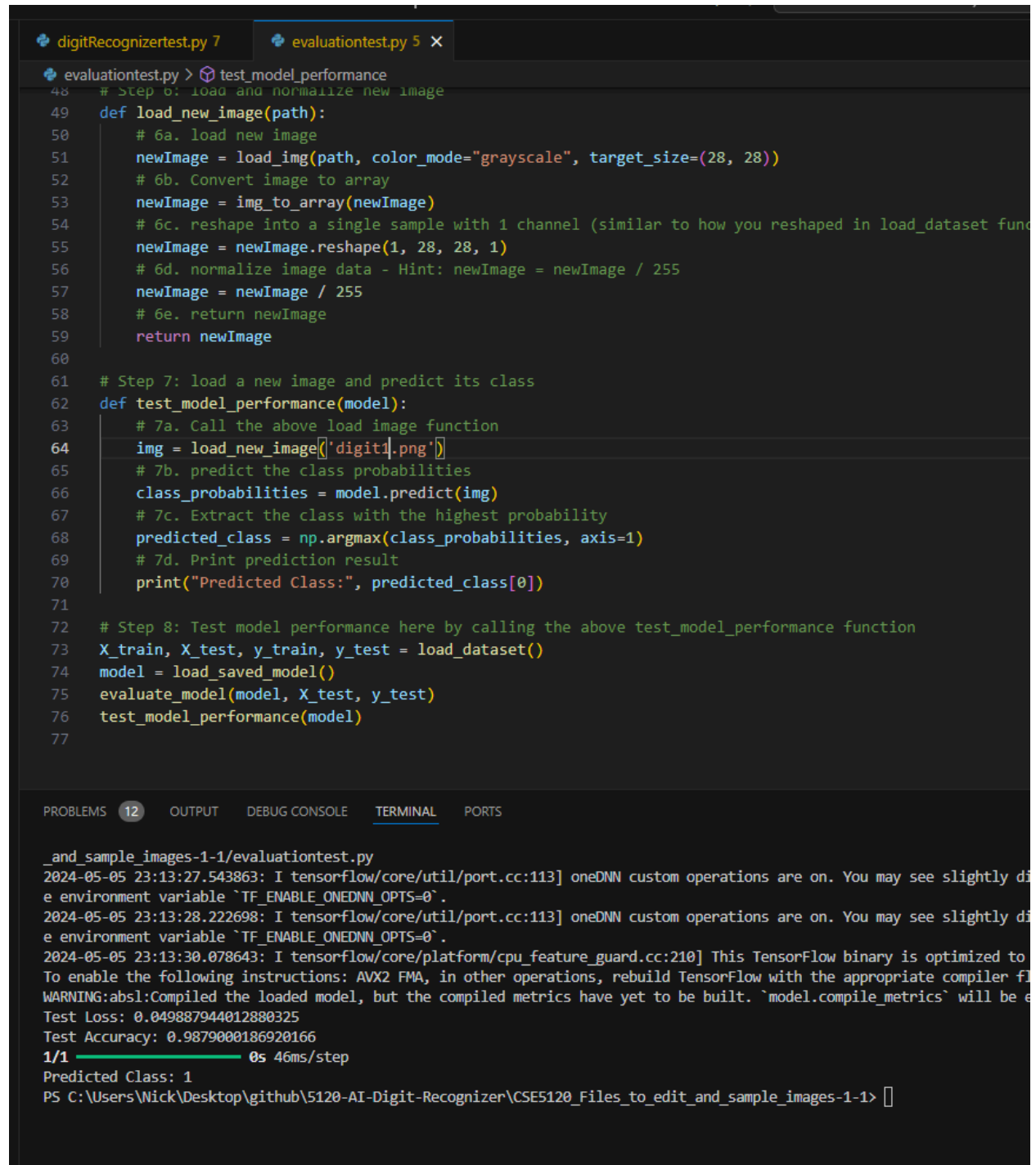
PROBLEMS 12 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
Epoch 9/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9978 - loss: 0.0086 - val_accuracy: 0.9867 - val_loss: 0.0086
Epoch 10/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9981 - loss: 0.0077 - val_accuracy: 0.9878 - val_loss: 0.0077
Epoch 11/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9989 - loss: 0.0051 - val_accuracy: 0.9856 - val_loss: 0.0051
Epoch 12/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9989 - loss: 0.0045 - val_accuracy: 0.9873 - val_loss: 0.0045
Epoch 13/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9987 - loss: 0.0050 - val_accuracy: 0.9876 - val_loss: 0.0050
Epoch 14/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9993 - loss: 0.0033 - val_accuracy: 0.9873 - val_loss: 0.0033
Epoch 15/15
400/400 — 6s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9997 - loss: 0.0020 - val_accuracy: 0.9879 - val_loss: 0.0020
313/313 — 0s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9831 - loss: 0.0665
Test Loss: 0.049887944012880325
Test Accuracy: 0.9879000186920166
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. To save a model in the newer SavedModel format, please use `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.
WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_metrics` will be empty until metrics are compiled.
1/1 — 0s 45ms/step
Predicted Class: 3
PS C:\Users\Nick\Desktop\github\5120-AI-Digit-Recognizer\CSE5120_Files_to_edit_and_sample_images-1-1>

```

2. Evaluation (evaluation.py) for your model performance evaluation

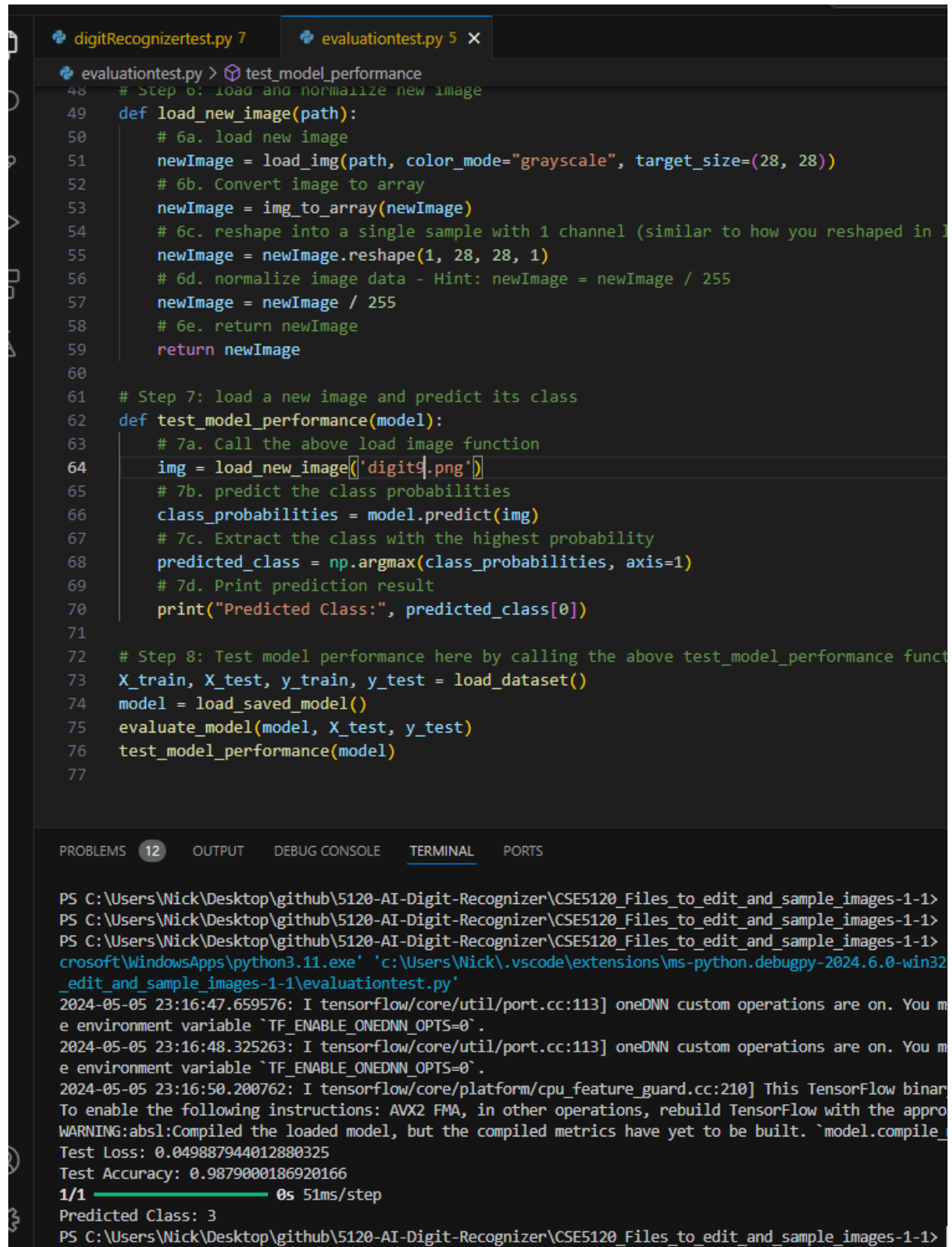
You can also provide brief description of your code written in `evaluation.py` to load your saved model that can be readily used on test dataset for the staff.

The evaluation is pretty similar to the `digitRecognizer` file except without the digit recognition definition. The code begins with importing keras libraries as well as numpy which will all be used for the code. It follows with loading the dataset and reshaping the images to match the input shape that is to be expected. It then normalizes the input to a value between 0 and 1 and converts them to categorical format. It then loads a pre-trained model where the data will be saved. The next step is the evaluation model where the loaded model will be tested for loss and accuracy. The next state is to load the specific image and pass it through the trained model for prediction.



```
digitRecognizertest.py 7  evaluationtest.py 5 X
evaluationtest.py > test_model_performance
48 # Step 6: load and normalize new image
49 def load_new_image(path):
50     # 6a. load new image
51     newImage = load_img(path, color_mode="grayscale", target_size=(28, 28))
52     # 6b. Convert image to array
53     newImage = img_to_array(newImage)
54     # 6c. reshape into a single sample with 1 channel (similar to how you reshaped in load_dataset func
55     newImage = newImage.reshape(1, 28, 28, 1)
56     # 6d. normalize image data - Hint: newImage = newImage / 255
57     newImage = newImage / 255
58     # 6e. return newImage
59     return newImage
60
61 # Step 7: load a new image and predict its class
62 def test_model_performance(model):
63     # 7a. Call the above load image function
64     img = load_new_image(['digit1.png'])
65     # 7b. predict the class probabilities
66     class_probabilities = model.predict(img)
67     # 7c. Extract the class with the highest probability
68     predicted_class = np.argmax(class_probabilities, axis=1)
69     # 7d. Print prediction result
70     print("Predicted Class:", predicted_class[0])
71
72 # Step 8: Test model performance here by calling the above test_model_performance function
73 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = load_dataset()
74 model = load_saved_model()
75 evaluate_model(model, X_test, y_test)
76 test_model_performance(model)
77

PROBLEMS 12 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
_and_sample_images-1-1/evaluationtest.py
2024-05-05 23:13:27.543863: I tensorflow/core/util/port.cc:113] oneDNN custom operations are on. You may see slightly d
e environment variable `TF_ENABLE_ONEDNN_OPTS=0`.
2024-05-05 23:13:28.222698: I tensorflow/core/util/port.cc:113] oneDNN custom operations are on. You may see slightly d
e environment variable `TF_ENABLE_ONEDNN_OPTS=0`.
2024-05-05 23:13:30.078643: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:210] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to
To enable the following instructions: AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler fl
WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_metrics` will be e
Test Loss: 0.049887944012880325
Test Accuracy: 0.9879000186920166
1/1  0s 46ms/step
Predicted Class: 1
PS C:\Users\Nick\Desktop\github\5120-AI-Digit-Recognizer\CSE5120_Files_to_edit_and_sample_images-1-1> 
```

```
digitRecognizertest.py 7  evaluationtest.py 5 X
evaluationtest.py > test_model_performance
48 # Step 6: load and normalize new image
49 def load_new_image(path):
50     # 6a. load new image
51     newImage = load_img(path, color_mode="grayscale", target_size=(28, 28))
52     # 6b. Convert image to array
53     newImage = img_to_array(newImage)
54     # 6c. reshape into a single sample with 1 channel (similar to how you reshaped in 1
55     newImage = newImage.reshape(1, 28, 28, 1)
56     # 6d. normalize image data - Hint: newImage = newImage / 255
57     newImage = newImage / 255
58     # 6e. return newImage
59     return newImage
60
61 # Step 7: load a new image and predict its class
62 def test_model_performance(model):
63     # 7a. Call the above load image function
64     img = load_new_image(['digit9.png'])
65     # 7b. predict the class probabilities
66     class_probabilities = model.predict(img)
67     # 7c. Extract the class with the highest probability
68     predicted_class = np.argmax(class_probabilities, axis=1)
69     # 7d. Print prediction result
70     print("Predicted Class:", predicted_class[0])
71
72 # Step 8: Test model performance here by calling the above test_model_performance funct
73 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = load_dataset()
74 model = load_saved_model()
75 evaluate_model(model, X_test, y_test)
76 test_model_performance(model)
77

PROBLEMS 12 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\Wick\Desktop\github\5120-AI-Digit-Recognizer\CSE5120_Files_to_edit_and_sample_images-1-1>
PS C:\Users\Wick\Desktop\github\5120-AI-Digit-Recognizer\CSE5120_Files_to_edit_and_sample_images-1-1>
PS C:\Users\Wick\Desktop\github\5120-AI-Digit-Recognizer\CSE5120_Files_to_edit_and_sample_images-1-1>
c:\Users\Wick\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.11.exe' 'c:\Users\Wick\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2024.6.0-win32
_edit_and_sample_images-1-1\evaluationtest.py'
2024-05-05 23:16:47.659576: I tensorflow/core/util/port.cc:113] oneDNN custom operations are on. You m
e environment variable `TF_ENABLE_ONEDNN_OPTS=0`.
2024-05-05 23:16:48.325263: I tensorflow/core/util/port.cc:113] oneDNN custom operations are on. You m
e environment variable `TF_ENABLE_ONEDNN_OPTS=0`.
2024-05-05 23:16:50.200762: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:210] This TensorFlow binar
To enable the following instructions: AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appro
WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_
Test Loss: 0.049887944012880325
Test Accuracy: 0.9879000186920166
1/1 ██████████ 0s 51ms/step
Predicted Class: 3
PS C:\Users\Wick\Desktop\github\5120-AI-Digit-Recognizer\CSE5120_Files_to_edit_and_sample_images-1-1>
```