```
#include <iostream>
 2 #include <fstream>
 3 #include <windows.h>
4 #include <dos.h>
5 #include <conio.h>
6 #define x_max 1000
7 #define y max 1000
8 using namespace std;
9
10 typedef struct{
       int type;
11
12 }note;
13
14 typedef struct{
15
       int x, y;
16 }point;
17
18 point nextpoint(point now, note a[][y_max]);
19 void clearline(int n);
20 void pause(int n);
21 void gotoxy(int x, int y);
22 void ConsoleFullScreen();
23 void setColor(int color);
24 void char_to_notearray(note a[][y_max], char in[], int n, int *x, int *y);
25 void printSwitch(int a);
26 void print_map(note a[][y_max], int x, int y);
27 void foodpoint(point p, note a[][y_max]);
28 void mouse_stack(note a[][y_max], int x, int y, int gox, int goy);
29 void print_mouse_point(int x);
30 void runtime();
31 bool CheakAll(point p, note a);
32 bool notlor3(point p, note a[][y_max]);
33 int InDate(char in[]);
34
35 //全域變數
36 int mouse_point = 500;
37 int op = 1;
38 \quad int \ op4or8 = 1;
39 int time = 10;
40 int timeop = 10;
41
42 int main (void)
43 {
44
       int t;
45
       int x = 0, y = 0, n = 0;
       int gox, goy;
46
47
       char in[x_max * y_max];
48
       note a[x_max][y_max];
49
       ConsoleFullScreen();
50
51
       //讀入迷宮地圖
52
53
       n = InDate(in);
```

```
54
        char to notearray(a, in, n, &x, &y);
55
        //列印地圖
56
        print_map(a, x, y);
57
58
        //輸入老鼠投放位置
59
        bool run = true;
        cout << "\n請輸入老鼠要投置位置(x, y):";
60
61
        do
62
        {
63
            cin >> goy >> gox;
            if(a[gox][goy].type = '1') clearline(x + 3), gotoxy(x + 3, 0), cout << "牆壁>
64
              無法投放,再輸入一次。";
65
            else if(gox >= x | | goy >= y | | (gox >= x && goy >= y)) clearline(x + 3),
              gotoxy(x + 3, 0), cout << "超出範圍,再輸入一次。";
66
            else run = false;
67
        }
68
        while(run);
69
70
        cout << "請輸入老鼠要行走的速度(數字越小越快):";
71
        do
72
        {
73
            cin >> time;
74
            if(time <= 0) clearline(x + 4), gotoxy(x + 4, 0), cout << "時間輸入錯誤";
75
        }
76
        while(time <= 0);</pre>
77
        timeop = time;
78
79
        cout << "請輸入老鼠可行走的方位(4 or 8):";
80
        do
81
        {
82
            cin \gg t;
83
            if (t == 4 | 1 | t == 8) op4or8 = t;
84
            else clearline(x + 5), gotoxy(x + 5, 0), cout << "方位輸入錯誤";
85
86
        while(t != 8 \&\& t != 4);
87
        //老鼠投放至起始位置
88
89
        gotoxy(2 + gox, goy * 2);
90
        printSwitch('@');
91
        print_mouse_point(x);
92
        pause(x + 16);
93
94
        //老鼠開跑囉!!!!
95
        mouse_stack(a, x, y, gox, goy);
96
97
        //結束!!
98
        pause(x + 16);
99 }
100
101 void clearline(int n)
102 {
103
        gotoxy(n, 0);
104
        cout << "
                                                                                     ₽
```

```
105 }
106
107 void ConsoleFullScreen()
108 {
109
         keybd_event(VK_MENU,0x38,0,0);
110
         keybd event(VK RETURN,0x1c,0,0);
111
         keybd_event(VK_MENU, 0xb8, KEYEVENTF_KEYUP, 0);
112
         keybd event(VK RETURN, 0x9c, KEYEVENTF KEYUP, 0);
113 }
114
115 void pause(int n)
116 {
         gotoxy(n, 0);
117
         system("pause");
118
119
         gotoxy(n, 0);
         cout << "
120
121 }
122
123 void gotoxy(int x, int y)
124 {
125
         static HANDLE o = GetStdHandle (STD_OUTPUT_HANDLE);
126
         COORD c = \{y, x\};
127
         SetConsoleCursorPosition (o, c);
128 }
129
130 void setColor(int color)
131 {
132
         HANDLE hConsole;
133
         hConsole = GetStdHandle (STD_OUTPUT_HANDLE);
134
         SetConsoleTextAttribute(hConsole, color);
135 }
136
137 int InDate(char in[])
138 {
139
         fstream InF;
140
         int n = 0;
141
         char FName[20], ch;
142
         cout << "輸入方程式檔名:";
143
         cin >> FName;
144
         InF.open(FName, ios::in);
145
         if(!InF)
146
         {
147
             cout << "檔案無法開啟\n";
148
             exit(1);
149
         }
150
        else
151
         {
152
             while(InF.get(ch))
153
154
                 in[n] = ch;
155
                 n++;
```

```
156
157
            InF.close();
158
        }
159
        return n;
160 }
161
162 void char to notearray(note a[][y max], char in[], int n, int *x, int *y)
163 {
164
        int xx = 0, yy = 0, maxY = 0;
        for ( int i = 0; i < n; i++)
165
166
        {
            if (in[i] = '\n')
167
168
            {
169
                xx += 1;
                yy = 0;
170
171
            }
172
            else
173
            {
174
                a[xx][yy++].type = in[i];
175
                if(yy > maxY) maxY = yy;
176
            }
177
        }
178
        if (in[n - 1] != '\n') xx++;
179
        *x = xx;
180
        *y = maxY;
181 }
182
183 void printSwitch(int a)
184 {
185
        /*
        ## 0 = 未走過的路
186
                                       -- 1 = 牆壁
        ## 2 = 走過正確的路
                                       -- 3 = 走過錯誤的路
187
188
        ## + = 體力+50的食物
                                       -- * = 體力+100的食物
        ## $ = 體力+200的食物
                                       -- # = 出口
189
190
        ## + == 43, * == 42, $ == 36
        */
191
192
        switch(a)
193
        {
            case '0': //未走過的路
194
195
            case 8:
                     //沒能量
196
                setColor(15);
                cout << " ";
197
198
                break;
199
            case '1': //牆壁
200
                setColor(155);
201
                cout << """;
202
                setColor(15);
203
                break;
204
            case 9:
                      //有能量
                setColor(200);
205
                cout << " ";
206
                setColor(15);
207
208
                break;
```

```
209
            case '2': //走過錯誤的路
210
                setColor(127);
                cout << " · ";
211
                setColor(15);
212
213
                break;
            case '3': //走過正確的路
214
215
                setColor(14):
                cout << " · ";
216
217
                setColor(15);
                break;
218
219
            case '+': //體力+50的食物
220
                setColor(78);
221
                cout << "+";
                setColor(15);
222
223
                break;
            case '*': //體力+80的食物
224
225
                setColor(78);
226
                cout << "*";
227
                setColor(15);
228
                break;
229
            case '$': //體力+100的食物
230
                setColor(78);
                cout << "$";
231
232
                setColor(15);
233
                break;
            case '#': //出口
234
235
                setColor(117);
236
                cout << "#";
237
                setColor(15);
238
                break;
            case '\n': //換行切換
239
240
                setColor(15);
241
                cout << " ";
                cout << "\n";</pre>
242
243
                break;
            case '@': //老鼠
244
245
                setColor(160);
246
                cout << "@";
247
                setColor(15);
248
                break;
249
        }
250 }
251
252 void print_map(note a[][y_max], int x, int y)
253 {
254
        cout << "迷宮大小 x = " << y << ", y = " << x << endl;
255
        for (int i = 0; i < x; i++)
256
        {
257
            for (int 1 = 0; 1 < y; 1++)
258
259
                printSwitch(a[i][l].type);
260
261
            setColor(15);
```

```
262
            printSwitch('\n');
263
       }
264 }
265
266 void print_mouse_point(int x)
267 {
268
        gotoxy(7 + x, 0);
269
        if (mouse_point > 0)
270
271
            printf("老鼠目前能量 = %4d ", mouse_point);
272
            int hundreds, tens, n_total;
273
            hundreds = mouse_point / 100;
274
            tens = mouse point % 100;
            if (tens > 50) n total = hundreds * 2 + 1;
275
276
            else n_total = hundreds * 2;
277
            for (int i = 0; i < n_{total}; i++) printSwitch(9);
278
            for (int i = 0; i < 11 - n_{total}; i++) printSwitch(8);
279
         }
280
        else
281
         {
            cout << "
282
            cout << "老鼠能量用盡死亡!!!";
283
284
285 }
286
287 bool notlor3(point p, note a[][y_max])
288 {
289
         int k = a[p.x][p.y].type;
         if(k = '0' | | k = '+' | | k = '*' | | k = '$' | | k = '#') return true;
290
291
        else return false;
292 }
293
294 void foodpoint(point p, note a[][y_max])
295 {
296
        switch(a[p.x][p.y].type)
297
         {
            case '+':
298
299
                 mouse_point += 50;
300
                 a[p.x][p.y].type = '3';
301
                 break;
302
            case '*':
                 mouse_point += 80;
303
304
                 a[p.x][p.y].type = '3';
305
                 break:
            case '$':
306
307
                 mouse_point += 100;
308
                 a[p.x][p.y].type = '3';
309
                 break;
310
            case '#':
311
                 op = 0;
312
                 break;
313
            default:
314
                 a[p.x][p.y].type = '3';
```

```
315
316 }
317
318 point nextpoint(point now, note a[][y_max])
319 {
320 /*
321 // 老鼠收尋順序 = 東 > 南 > 西 > 北
322 // 老鼠先判斷是否有下一步路 bool can_go_road
323 // 如果下一步是食物導入 int food road return food point
324 // 如果往下個方向不能前進,給定 out(-1, -1)
325 */
326
        point out, p;
327
        if(notlor3(p = {now.x, now.y + 1}, a) = true)
328
329
        {
330
            out.x = now.x;
331
            out.y = now.y + 1;
332
            foodpoint(out, a);
333
        }
334
        else if (notlor3(p = {now.x + 1, now.y + 1}, a) = true && op4or8 = 8)
335
336
            out.x = now.x + 1;
337
            out.y = now.y + 1;
338
            foodpoint(out, a);
339
        }
340
        else if (notlor3(p = \{now.x + 1, now.y\}, a) = true)
341
        {
342
            out.x = now.x + 1;
343
            out.y = now.y;
344
            foodpoint(out, a);
345
        }
346
        else if (notlor3(p = {now.x + 1, now.y - 1}, a) = true && op4or8 == 8)
347
348
            out.x = now.x + 1;
349
            out.y = now.y - 1;
350
            foodpoint(out, a);
351
352
        else if (not1or3(p = \{now.x, now.y - 1\}, a) = true)
353
        {
354
            out.x = now.x;
355
            out.y = now.y - 1;
356
            foodpoint(out, a);
357
        }
358
        else if (notlor3(p = {now.x - 1, now.y - 1}, a) = true && op4or8 = 8)
359
360
            out.x = now.x - 1;
361
            out.y = now.y - 1;
362
            foodpoint(out, a);
363
        }
364
        else if (notlor3(p = \{now.x - 1, now.y\}, a) = true)
365
366
            out.x = now.x - 1;
367
            out.y = now.y;
```

```
368
             foodpoint(out, a);
369
         }
370
         else if (notlor3(p = {now.x - 1, now.y + 1}, a) = true && op4or8 = 8)
371
372
             out.x = now.x - 1;
373
             out.y = now.y + 1;
374
             foodpoint(out, a);
375
         }
376
         else
377
         {
378
             out.x = -1;
379
             out.y = -1;
380
         }
381
         return out;
382 }
383
384 void runtime()
385 {
386
         switch(mouse_point)
387
388
             case 1 ... 200:
                 time = timeop * 0.5;
389
390
                 break;
391
             case 201 ... 300:
392
                 time = timeop * 0.75;
393
                 break;
             case 301 ... 400:
394
395
                 time = timeop * 0.8;
396
                 break;
397
             case 401 ... 500:
398
                 time = timeop;
399
                 break;
             case 501 ... 1000:
400
401
                 time = timeop * 1.5;
402
                 break;
403
             default:
404
                 time = timeop * 0.3;
405
         }
406 }
407
408 bool CheakAll(point p, note a[][y_max])
409 {
410
         int t;
411
         t = a[p.x][p.y].type;
         if (t = '0' | | t = '+' | | t = '*' | | t = '$') return true;
412
413
         else return false;
414 }
415
416 void mouse_stack(note a[][y_max], int x, int y, int gox, int goy)
417 {
418
         point next, stack_p[1000];
419
         int top = 0, Exit = 0;
420
         stack_p[top] = {gox, goy};
```

```
421
        a[stack p[top].x][stack p[top].y].type = '3';
422
        while (Exit == 0 && mouse_point > 0)
423
424
            do
425
            {
426
                print_mouse_point(x);
427
                next = nextpoint(stack p[top], a);
                //先讓上一步路重新顯示
428
429
                gotoxy(2 + stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y * 2);
430
                printSwitch(a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type);
431
                gotoxy(9 + x, 0);
432
433
                printf("老鼠目前位置 x, y = (%2d, %2d)", stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y);
434
435
                if (next.x != -1 \&\& next.y != -1)
436
                    //老鼠成功找到下一步,再前往下一步。
437
438
439
                    if (a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type = '2' && op4or8 == 4)
440
441
                        a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type = '3';
442
                        gotoxy(2 + stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y * 2);
443
                        printSwitch(a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type);
444
                    }
445
446
                    if (op4or8 = 8)
447
448
                        a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type = '3';
                        gotoxy(2 + stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y * 2);
449
450
                        printSwitch(a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type);
451
                    }
452
453
                    top++;
454
                    stack_p[top] = next;
455
456
                    gotoxy(2 + stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y * 2);
457
                    printSwitch('@');
458
459
                    if (op = 0)
460
                    {
461
                        gotoxy(2 + stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y * 2);
462
                        printSwitch('@');
463
                        Exit = 1;
464
                        break;
465
                    }
466
467
                else if(next.x == -1 && next.y == -1 && top >= 0)
468
                    //老鼠找不到下一步路, 退到上一步路, 並讓目前這部重新顯示錯誤的路。
469
470
                    a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type = '2';
471
                    gotoxy(2 + stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y * 2);
472
                    printSwitch(a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type);
473
```

```
474
                     top--;
475
476
                     a[stack_p[top].x][stack_p[top].y].type = '2';
477
                     gotoxy(2 + stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y * 2);
478
                     printSwitch('@');
479
                 }
                 else
480
481
                     Exit = 1;
482
483
                     break;
484
                 }
485
                 runtime();
486
                 gotoxy(8 + x, 0);
                 printf("老鼠目前速度 %4d(ms)", time);
487
488
                 _sleep(time);
489
                 mouse_point--;
490
             } while(mouse_point > 0 && top > 0); //判斷老鼠能量
491
492
             point q;
493
             int k = 0;
494
             if (top = 0)
495
             {
496
                 if (CheakAll(q = \{stack_p[top].x)\}
                                                    , stack_p[top].y + 1, a)) k = 1;
497
                 if (CheakAll(q = \{stack_p[top].x + 1, stack_p[top].y)
                                                                         , a)) k = 1;
498
                 if (CheakAll(q = \{stack_p[top].x , stack_p[top].y - 1\}, a)) k = 1;
                 if (CheakAll(q = {stack_p[top].x - 1, stack_p[top].y}), a)) k = 1;
499
500
             }
501
             if (top = 0 \&\& op = 8)
502
503
                 if (CheakAll(q = \{stack_p[top].x + 1, stack_p[top].y + 1\}, a)) k = 1;
504
                 if (CheakAll(q = \{stack_p[top].x + 1, stack_p[top].y - 1\}, a)) k = 1;
505
                 if (CheakAll(q = \{stack_p[top].x - 1, stack_p[top].y - 1\}, a)) k = 1;
506
                 if (CheakAll(q = \{stack_p[top].x - 1, stack_p[top].y + 1\}, a)) k = 1;
507
508
             if (top == 0 \&\& k == 0) Exit = 1;
509
         }
510
511
         //最後結算顯示
512
         if (op == 0 \&\& mouse\_point != 0)
513
         {
514
             gotoxy(2 + stack_p[top-1].x, stack_p[top-1].y * 2);
515
             printSwitch(a[stack_p[top-1].x][stack_p[top-1].y].type);
516
             gotoxy(8 + x, 0);
             printf("老鼠目前位置 x, y = (%2d, %2d)\n", stack_p[top].x, stack_p[top].y);
517
518
             gotoxy(10 + x, 0);
519
             cout << "The mouse successfully escaped the maze!!!";</pre>
520
         }
521
         if (mouse\_point == 0)
522
         {
523
             print_mouse_point(x);
524
         }
525
         if (top \ll 0)
526
         {
```

```
527 gotoxy(10 + x, 0);

528 cout << "No exit from the maze.";

529 }

530 }

531
```