

Culca-te Gazda

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 0.3 seconds
Memory limit: 1024 megabytes

*Through the blizzard and the snow, (Go to
sleep, dear host) Santa Claus with all his
reindeer, They got stuck in Urziceni!*

Fără Zahăr - "Culcă-te Gazdă"

You are given 3 integers x , y and z .

Print the number of pairs of integers (a, b) which satisfy the following conditions:

- $0 \leq a, b$.
- $a \& b = x$, where $\&$ denotes the bitwise AND operation.
- $a | b = y$, where $|$ denotes the bitwise OR operation.
- $a \oplus b = z$, where \oplus denotes the bitwise XOR operation.

Input

Each test contains multiple test cases. The first line of input contains a single integer t ($1 \leq t \leq 10^5$) — the number of test cases. The following lines contain the descriptions of the test cases:

The first (and only) line of each test case contains three integers x , y and z ($0 \leq x, y, z < 2^{30}$).

Output

For each test case print one integer, the number of pairs of integers (a, b) which satisfy all of the conditions from the statement.

Example

standard input	standard output
8	4
2 7 5	1
0 0 0	0
1 5 3	0
6 9 3	1
1 1 0	2
0 1 1	32
177 511 334	16777216
1 33554431 33554430	

Note

In the first test case, the 4 pairs (a, b) which satisfy the conditions from the statement are: $(2, 7)$, $(3, 4)$, $(4, 3)$ and $(7, 2)$.

In the second test case, the only pair (a, b) which satisfies the conditions from the statement is: $(0, 0)$.

We can show that no suitable pairs (a, b) exist for the third and fourth test cases.

In the fifth test case, the only pair (a, b) which satisfies the conditions from the statement is: $(1, 1)$.

In the sixth test case, the 2 pairs (a, b) which satisfy the conditions from the statement are: $(0, 1)$ and $(1, 0)$.