

ESRC Research Grant R000233621
 Government-sponsored large-scale mapping of England and Wales pre-Ordnance
 Survey

**ENCLOSURE, RATING, DRAINAGE AND SANITARY MAPS OF
 ENGLAND AND WALES IN PUBLIC ARCHIVES, 1598-1936**

Dataset Code Book

Note:

This ASCII dataset is derived from a database compiled using Prime Computers INFORMATION. The dataset contains 6,385 records, one record per map examined. Each record contains up to 92 data fields.

Records are arranged as follows:

PRO 11831 (etc to PRO 18215; these are record identification numbers)

2 hard returns

the data fields, each one separated by a single hard return

4 hard returns to signify the end of a record.

Fields contain four types of data:

- (1) numeric
- (2) date / time
- (3) codes (alphanumeric)
- (4) text (because of the way the INFORMATION database was configured, there is very little use of upper-case letters in text fields)

Fields 1-29 and 88-92 each contain only one of these four types of data

Fields 30-87 can contain both codes and text information; the code data are in upper case letters and are separated from the text data (if present) by a dash '-'

Fields are identified by number followed by 3 character names in upper case.

PRO [numeric] Record identification number. These begin at 11831 to follow sequentially from our tithe map database (see Kain & Oliver 1995).

- 01 **DAT** [date /time] Date on which map was initially recorded in the library or record office. Any revision resulting from reinspection of the map is noted in AWC [field 17].
- 02 **LRO** [text] Library or record office reference, call mark or press mark.
- 03 **CTY** [code] Historic county, by three-letter abbreviation: these are taken from those used by the English Place-Name Society and by Bendall (1997), and are listed in an appendix to this code book. 'Historic county' is defined here as the county or counties which a district was in immediately prior to the passing of the Local Government Act, 1888, as evidenced by the Ordnance Survey One-inch New Series, 1847-96.
- 04 **PLA** [text] Name of district, area or place portrayed on the map.

- 05 **OSN** [text] Modern form of name. This is as given on the current edition of the relevant Ordnance Survey 1:50,000 map sheet(s), except in the City of London, where the names of the parishes are derived from the 1:2500 first edition of 1876-80.
- 06 **PAR** [text] Parish, if different from PLA [field 05].
- 07 **CAT** [code and text] Category of district, if stated on map or obtainable from an accompanying enclosure award or terrier:
- | | |
|----|---|
| B | Borough |
| C | Chapelry |
| D | District |
| E | Extra-parochial place |
| F | Farm |
| H | Hamlet |
| L | Liberty |
| M | Manor |
| P | Parish |
| R | Lordship |
| T | Township |
| UP | United parishes |
| V | Village or 'vill' |
| X | Other - specified in lower case |
| Y | Tithing |
| - | Category not specified or not available |
- 08 **TYP** [code] Map type, recorded by the following codes:
- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| B | Boundary map |
| C | Commons regulation map |
| D | Drainage map |
| E | Enclosure map |
| H | Highways map |
| K | Exchange map |
| L | Estate map |
| P | Parish map |
| R | Rating map |
| S | Sanitary map |
| T | Tithe map |
| U | Utilities map |
| X | Uncertain |
- 09 **TIT** [spare field not used]
- 10 **EAD** [text] Notes of other versions of the map, which are known to be extant but have not been examined; also used for cross-referencing 'duplicate' Public Record Office and local record office entries, using the record identification numbers (see field PRO (field 00)).
- 11 **EAT** [text] National Grid Reference, recorded as follows:
 If complete parish or other recognised administrative district (including ad hoc drainage areas): to approximate centre of district.
 If only a small single portion of parish mapped: to approximate centre of mapped portion.

- If several scattered parts are mapped, including a village, of roughly equal extent: to the parish church or, failing that, to other apparent 'centre'.
- If several scattered parts are mapped, of roughly equal size, none of which includes a village: to the approximate centre of the area covered by the outer perimeter of the scattered parts.
- 12 **CMR** [text] Location on Ordnance Survey One-inch New Series small sheet series. Where possible this is to the quarter (NW, NE, SW, SE) or half (N, E, S, W) of the sheet. Where a district lies at the corners of four sheets, only the sheet numbers are given.
- 13 **VAL** [text] Valuer, where stated in the enclosure award. [This field is only used for maps of enclosures made under the 1845 General Enclosure Act.]
- 14 **SUM** [numeric] Area mapped, in statute acres to one, two or three decimal places with the number of decimal places used to indicate the provenance of the area data:
 To one decimal place: acreages obtained from Chapman (1992) or Tate & Turner (1978)
 To two decimal places: acreages obtained by measurement from map
 To three decimal places: acreages obtained from OS 1:10,560 first edition or from an accompanying award or terrier
 Where acreages have been adjusted to allow, for example, for coastal changes or inclusion or exclusion of detached portions, or where the acreage suggested by Tate & Turner (1978) appears to be seriously at odds with the actual acreage which we have observed, a note is made in field AWC [field 17].
- 15 **OSA** [numeric] Total acreage of district, according to Ordnance Survey 1:10,560 1st edition. For districts with foreshore it is the acreage above high-water mark. (This may be 'mean high water' or 'high water ordinary springs', according to when the parent OS mapping was prepared. The counties where high water is that of spring tides are: Cumberland, Durham, Essex (partly), Hampshire, Kent, Lancashire, Northumberland, Surrey, Sussex, Westmorland, Yorkshire.) If the acreage has been obtained by summing two or more parish or township acreages, a note is made in field AWC [field 17], and the constituent acreages are stated.
- 16 **COV** [code] Nature of coverage of the named local area by the map, coded as:
 Y Whole of parish or township.
 X Area of enclosure only.
 E Area of enclosure, etc, plus some other land.
- 17 **AWC** [text] Comments on enclosure award or on non-cartographic aspects of the individual record. This uses the field names and numbers for our fields, but otherwise abbreviation and contraction is avoided, save where very obvious, e.g. 'O.S.' for Ordnance Survey. ('NS-1' and 'NS-2' are abbreviations for the first edition (surveyed 1841-88) and revised edition (revised 1893-8) of the OS 1-inch New Series maps.) [Comments irrelevant to the immediate purpose are in square brackets, as are most notes on the constituent acreages used in field OSA (field 15).]
- 18 **TMD** [date / time] Map date. Where this is explicitly stated on the map it is recorded in the form 01.01.'year'. Where it has to be obtained from receipt or inspection dates on the map, or from an accompanying award or book of reference, put in the form 02.02.'year'; 03.03.'year' is used for dates from Tate & Turner (1978) or

from record office catalogues. Where a map is dated month-year, it is recorded as, for example, 01.08.1825 for August 1825. Where a map bears a day-month-year date, it is recorded as, for example, 15.05.1843 for 15 May 1843. Undated maps are recorded as 01.10.1001.

19 **SCL** [numeric and code] Map scale. This is stated either in chains or as a representative fraction if a non-chain-related scale is used, e.g. 1:528. Where the scale is both stated in words and graduated it has been checked by measurement to ensure that these are in accordance. Where no scale statement is provided the scale has been obtained by measurement from the scale-bar. Verbal statements of scale unaccompanied by scale-bars are accepted on trust. Where there is no scale bar but construction lines with chain distances are present, these are treated as scale-bars; where there is no indication of scale at all (which includes cases where the scale has been added later in pencil) the scale is obtained (or confirmed) by comparative measurement: such maps are indicated by an **. - means that scale is not available.

20 **SUR** [text] Map-maker: if the name has been inferred, it is prefixed with '?', and a comment is made in field AWC [field 17]. If the name has been obtained from an enclosure award, this is noted in field AWC [field 17]. The following abbreviations are used:

BAG: Board of Agriculture (Commons regulations only).

CTIC: Copyhold, Tithe and Inclosure Commissioners, (or equivalent).

Ordnance Survey: only used if, on stylistic or more explicit grounds, there is clear evidence that OS prepared the whole of the map. It is not used where the base mapping is standard OS 'sales stock' with annotations made by another hand, though if that hand can be identified (notably CTIC), then it is specified.

21 **SNM** [code and text] Legends:

- B Boundary conventions
- C Explanation of colours
- F Explanation of symbols and abbreviations
- L Legend, no further details noted
- T Explanation of tenure abbreviations

22 **CLS** [code]

- 1 Map with certification of accuracy.
- A Map produced as a result of enclosure by agreement

23 **CMD** [date / time] Map certification date: day-month-year. [This is only applicable to mapping prepared under the General Enclosure Act, 1845, and to some maps prepared under the Public Health Act, 1848: it is occasionally omitted from the maps.]

24 **MSS** [code] Whether map is manuscript or printed:

- E Engraved
- L Lithographed
- M Manuscript

Any hybrids are noted in field AWC [field 17].

25 **BAF** [code] Whether the map shows a before-or-after state:

- A After enclosure only
- B Before enclosure only

- C Includes information about both before and after enclosure
 X Not applicable

This field is normally used only for enclosure maps, but is sometimes also used for sanitary maps.

26 **MAT** [code] Material of map:

- C Parchment or vellum
 L Tracing linen
 M Non-tracing linen/ cloth
 P Paper
 T Tracing paper
 X No information available
 - No information available

Any hybrids are noted in field AWC [field 17].

27 **DIM** [text] Dimensions of map, in centimetres; left to right is given first, followed by top to bottom. The measurements apply to the total size of the paper, etc, not to the area within the border or neatine, if any, and are rounded up to the nearest centimetre. If a map is on more than one sheet, each is measured separately, and the entry is in the style '65 x 45, 76 x 31'.

28 **STT** [code] Status of map:

- CC County enrolled copy of map made under the General Enclosure Act, 1845, and sealed by the Enclosure Commissioners or their successors (i.e. Copyright, Tithe and Inclosure Commission (CTIC), Land Commission, or Board of Agriculture (BAG)).
 CE County enrolled copy of map not made under the 1845 Act
 D Working draft
 EE Ecclesiastical court or registry enrollment
 L Parish, Local Board or similar 'official local' copy
 ME Copy enrolled in manorial records
 O 'Original'
 OC Official certified copy or 'Office Copy'
 OT Office transcript
 PE Official copy of map made under the General Enclosure Act, 1845, for Enclosure Commission, now in PRO
 PR Maps enrolled in London Courts of Law, and now in PRO
 RE Registry of Deeds copy [applicable to Yorkshire only]
 UT Unofficial [ie. not sealed or certified] modern transcript
 UU Unofficial 'contemporary' copy
 V Vestry map
 X Uncertain

Any hybrids are noted in field AWC [field 17].

29 **QUL** [code] Quality of execution of map:

- VG Very good
 G Good
 OK Passable
 F Fair
 B Bad
 - (see below)
 + (see below)

[It should be noted that these are rather subjective, and are refined by use of ‘-’ and ‘+’, so that we have e.g. G-, G, and G+. ‘-’ by itself indicates that information is unavailable or inapplicable, for example, to modern transcripts]]

General note for fields [30] to [87]: These are divided into two: a ‘code’ field, which contains the letter codes which are explained below, and a text field which contains comments. In addition to the codes described below, ‘+’ is sometimes used to separate groups of letter codes

- 30 **TRI** [code and text] Construction lines:
 Y All lines seem to be shown
 P Main lines only shown
 F On part of map only
- 31 **OFF** [code and text] Offsets from construction lines shown.
 Y Offsets shown
- 32 **CHN** [code and text] Chainages shown on TRI:
 Y All lines seem to be shown
 P Main lines only shown
 F On part of map only
- 33 **COL** [code and text] Colour used on map:
 A For allotment bands
 B For buildings (usually pink or carmine, or a mix of pink and grey). Where only a colour without a substantially red element is used (usually grey), this is noted in lower case.
 C Construction lines
 D Parish, hamlet or township boundary
 E Newly enclosed fields and roads
 F Fields
 G Old enclosures (tinted or vignetted)
 H Holdings (tinted or vignetted)
 I Tithable status
 J Former open fields
 K Exchanges
 L Land use
 M General highlighting of district
 N Ground-tinting or banding of newly enclosed lands
 O Owners/allottees (tinted distinctively)
 P Ornamental/decorative
 R Roads
 S ‘Standard’ colour scheme: buildings in carmine, roads in sienna, and water in blue (& construction lines in colour if present). This is used in place of ‘BRW’ or ‘BRWC’.
 T Land tenure (copyhold, &c) status
 U External boundary band
 V Hedges and fences
 W Water
 X Other, as described in text note
 Z Land ownership boundary

If any of B, C, R, W or S occur, they are always placed first: thus BRLP, not BLPR.

- 34 **RLY** [code and text] Railways:
- C Centre line of track indicated
 - E Earthworks shown
 - L Level crossings explicitly indicated, by symbol or name
 - N Named
 - P Platforms at stations indicated
 - R Rails shown
 - S Station shown
 - T Tramway / waggonway
 - Y Railways shown, without rails
- 35 **RDS** [code and text] Foot and / or bridle ways:
- N if present and named
 - Y if present, unnamed
- 36 **TPK** [code and text] Turnpike roads shown
- C Indicated by colour / symbol
 - N Indicated by name
 - O Old turnpike road
 - R Listed in reference
 - T Indicated by toll bar
- 37 **ILU** [code and text] Road, path and drain lengths and widths, and other measurements of topographic features on the map:
- B Boundary lengths
 - D Drain widths
 - F Fence lengths
 - L Road and path lengths
 - P Path widths
 - R Road widths
 - W Watercourse lengths
 - X Other, specified in text note
- 38 **SLU** [code and text] Industrial land use indicated:
- Y Shown and specifically described, e.g. Brewery, Iron Works
 - X described in general terms, e.g. Forge, Factory, or indicated by distinctive building shapes
- 39 **RLU** [code and text] Residual industrial land use:
- Y If indicated
- 40 **QUA** [code and text] Quarries or pits shown:
- B Sand pit
 - C Chalk pit
 - D Clay pit
 - G Gravel pit
 - L Lime pits
 - M Marl pit
 - N By name
 - P Pit

- Q Quarry
- S By symbol
- X Other, described in text note

These may be used in combination. It is assumed that quarries and pits are indicated by description; those which are indicated pictorially have 'S' added.

- 41 SAN [code and text] Sanitary and utility information:
- D Drains
 - G Gas mains
 - S Sewerage
 - W Water mains
 - X Hazards
- 42 UTL [code and text] Tenurial information given:
- C Copyhold
 - F Freehold
 - L Leasehold
 - T All types of tenure noted
- 43 MIL [code and text] Mapping of mills:
- C Circle with X
 - D Windmills, by name or description
 - E Circle suggestive of a windmill but not definitely identified as such
 - I 'Mill', evidently industrial/steam
 - J Circular building and X symbol
 - K Dot with stalk and X symbol
 - L Square with stalk and X symbol
 - M Windmill, pictorial, exact type not clear
 - N Named
 - P Post mill, pictorial
 - S Smock mill, pictorial
 - T Tower mill, pictorial
 - U Uncertain, 'mill' [in practice wind]
 - W Water mills, by symbol
 - X Uncertain, 'mill' [in practice water]
 - Z By 'X' symbol only
- 44 CHH [code and text] Depiction of churches, (where other than by the word 'church' or 'chapel'):
- C With cross
 - D Unnamed, distinguished only by colour or shading ('C' is occasionally added)
 - E Elevation, plausible-looking
 - ES ditto, with spire
 - ET ditto, with tower
 - EX ditto, without either
 - P Pictogram, symbolic-looking
 - PS ditto, with spire
 - PT ditto, with tower
 - PX ditto, without either
 - R Ruins
 - Z Other - explained in lower case as text

If the dedication is given, then this is noted either here or in field COM [field 91]. Where two or more churches are shown on a map by different methods, '+' is likely to be used.

45 **PUB** [code and text] Inns, public houses, or beer houses shown:

- A Ale house
- B Beer houses
- H Hotels
- I Inns
- N Named (can be added to all other categories in this field)
- P Public houses
- T Tavern

46 **PBG** [code and text] Buildings omitted:

- X Evidence that some or all buildings have been omitted

47 **SCH** [code and text] Use of gothic lettering:

- A For antiquities
- B Buildings
- C Churches
- D Districts
- E Ecclesiastical, collegiate, etc, owners or allottees
- F Open fields and commons
- G Special-purpose allotments (e.g. glebe, in lieu of tithes)
- J For names of unmapped districts or landowners, etc adjoining the mapped area
- L 'Important' allottees
- N Placenames
- O Following Ordnance Survey usage (in practice usually for 'antiquities')
- P Important or prominent placenames
- S Schools and similar public buildings
- T In map or cartouche title
- U Village names
- V For variety rather than hierarchy or feature-related
- X Miscellaneous: specified in text note

48 **PRG** [code and text] Parsonages shown:

- P Parsonage
- R Rectory
- V Vicarage

49 **RIV** [code and text] River and foreshore features:

- A Direction-of-flow arrows
- C Creeks
- D Drainage features and equipment, (tunnels, sluices, etc)
- F Foreshore
- H Towpath
- I Small islands in rivers
- L Locks
- N Naming
- O Oxbows
- R Rocks

		S River shoals
		T Waterfalls
		U Wharf
		W Weirs
		X Miscellaneous: specified in text note
50	CAN	[code and text] Canals:
	E	With earthworks
	L	With locks
	N	Proper name
	T	Towpath
	W	Wharf
	Y	Shown merely as 'Canal', or by distinctive appearance
51	LAK	[code and text] Lakes and ponds:
	A	By annotation
	N	By name
	Y	Shown by distinctive colour or linework. (Such ponds, when named, are recorded as YN.)
52	HSE	[code and text] Houses / uninhabited buildings:
	A	By annotation or naming
	B	By shading and solid black [GS may be used]
	D	By dots, etc
	G	By shades of grey or black
	O	Ordnance Survey conventions, i.e. carmine for brick or masonry buildings, grey for wood or iron buildings
	P	Pictorial
	Q	Black and white
	S	By shading or hatching or stipple
	X	Other: specified
	Y	By carmine for inhabited and grey for uninhabited buildings
	I	Inversion of Y
53	FMY	[code and text] Farmyards:
	A	By annotation
	Y	If shown distinctively
54	WDS	[code and text] Woods shown:
	A	By annotation
	N	By name
	R	By reference table on map
	T	By tint
	U	By tinted symbols
	Y	By symbol
55	PLS	[code and text] Plantations shown:
	A	By annotation
	N	By name
	T	By tint
	U	By tinted symbols
	Y	By symbol

- 56 **COP** [code and text] Coppice shown:
 A By annotation
 N By name
 T By tint
 U By tinted symbols
 Y By symbol
- 57 **PKS** [code and text] Parkland shown:
 A By annotation
 N By name
 T By tint
 U By tinted symbols
 Y By symbol
- 58 **ARB** [code and text] Arable land shown:
 A By annotation
 R By note in reference table on map
 S By symbol
 Y By colour: if other than brown, or flat tint, a text note is added
- 59 **GRA** [code and text] Grass land shown:
 A By annotation
 R By note in reference table on map
 S By symbol
 Y By colour: if other than green, or flat tint, a text note is added
- 60 **ORC** [code and text] Orchards:
 A By annotation
 N By name
 R By reference table on map
 T By tint
 U By tinted symbols
 Y By symbol
- 61 **HPS** [code and text] Hops:
 A By annotation
 T By tint
 U By tinted symbols
 Y By symbol
- 62 **GNS** [code and text] Gardens:
 A By annotation
 B By 'bushes'
 D Diagonals
 F By 'flower beds'
 H By 'herringbone'
 O Blocks-and-balls
 P By path patterns
 R By reference table on map
 S By stipple
 T Tint
 U By tinted symbols

- X Other, specified as text
 Y Nondescript style, or exact style not noted
- 63 ORN** [code and text] Ornamental gardens:
 B By 'bushes'
 F By 'flower beds'
 O Blocks-and-balls
 P By path patterns
 S By stipple
 T Tint
 U By tinted symbols
 X Other, specified as text
 Y Nondescript style, or exact style not noted
- 64 REC** [code and text] Recreation grounds:
 Y Shown conspicuously, e.g. with or by colour
- 65 HTS** [code and text] Uncultivated ground shown:
 N By name
 T By tint
 U By tinted symbols
 Y By symbol
- 66 CMN** [code and text] Commons or former commons mapped:
 N Indicated by name
 Y Indicated by colour or symbol
 X Other, as specified in text note
- 67 RCK** [code and text] Rock-drawing:
 C Cliffs
 F Fragmentary depiction
 P Partial description; more than 'F' but less than 'Y'
 Y General depiction
- 68 HAC** [code and text] Hachures:
 C Cliffs
 F Fragmentary depiction
 P Partial description; more than 'F' but less than 'Y'
 Y General depiction
- 69 SHD** [code and text] Hill-shading:
 F Fragmentary depiction
 P Partial description; more than 'F' but less than 'Y'
 Y General depiction
- 70 FLD** [*Not used*]
- 71 STP** [code and text] Open field strips, (including strip-meadows):
 F Coverage appears fragmentary
 R Information in reference table on map
 Y Coverage appears comprehensive

- 72 **GLB** [code and text] Glebe, charity, tithe and other special-status land shown conspicuously, e.g. with or by colour:
- C Charity land
 - F Field gardens, allotment gardens, gardens
 - G Glebe
 - H Highways or surveyors of highways
 - M Manorial
 - P Poor allotments, including 'labouring poor'
 - S Schools
 - T For tithe
 - X Other, specified in text note
- 73 **HDG** [code and text] Hedges shown:
- B With indication of ownership
 - F Coverage fragmentary
 - P Coverage partial
 - T With bushes or trees
 - U With addition of colour
 - X Other: specified in text note
 - Y Without indication of ownership
- 74 **FNC** [code and text] Fences and walls shown:
- A By annotation
 - B With indication of ownership
 - C 'Battlements' [= walls]
 - F Coverage fragmentary
 - L Ladders/chequers [presumed walls]
 - X Other: specified in text note
 - Y Without indication of ownership
- 75 **GAT** [code and text] Gates shown:
- C Gates to commons or former commons
 - F Fragmentary mapping of field gates
 - N Named
 - P Peripheral to map area only
 - R Across roads and paths
 - S Stiles shown
 - Y Field gates shown generally
- 76 **ABB** [code and text] Internal public / administrative boundaries shown:
- B Borough
 - C County
 - E Enclosure district
 - H Hamlet
 - L Liberty
 - M Manor
 - P Parish
 - R Lordship
 - T Township
 - W Ward
 - X Uncertain, or not otherwise listed here
 - Y Tithing

- 77 **EBB** [code and text] Marsh:
- A By annotation
 - N By name
 - T By tint
 - U By tinted symbols
 - Y By symbol
- 78 **FBB** [code and text] Field boundary ownership shown, (may be used in combination):
- A By asterisks
 - B By bands
 - C By 'crosses'
 - CC Double or multiple cross
 - D By double or multiple cross
 - E Rows of dashes parallel to field boundaries
 - F By 'fences'
 - H By 'hedges'
 - I By 'trees'
 - L By 'lines'
 - N By annotation
 - O By ball-type symbol
 - P By 'battlements'
 - S Spot or dot
 - T By 'T' symbols
 - TT By 'double-T'
 - TTT By 'multiple T'
 - X By 'X' symbols
 - Y By type not specified
 - Z Other: specified
- 79 **OBB** [code and text] Estate boundary ownership shown:
- H By hedges
 - Y By colour-bands, etc
 - X Other, specified as text
- 80 **EST** [code and text] Landowners or occupiers named (outside new enclosure):
- D Occupiers only
 - F Fragmentary
 - G Ratepayers
 - L For locational purposes only
 - O Both owners and occupiers
 - P Incomplete
 - R By reference table on map
 - T In map title
 - Y Generally
- 81 **ALL** [code and text] Enclosure allottees named on map:
- F Fragmentarily
 - P Incomplete
 - R By reference table on map
 - Y Generally, in allotments

- 82 **NMS** [code and text] Buildings named:
- F Fragmentary
 - L For location purposes only
 - M Important houses only named (eg. manor houses).
 - P Partly
 - Y Generally
- 83 **NMR** [code and text] Road names:
- F Fragmentary
 - L For location purposes only
 - N New roads only
 - P Partly
 - R Outside built-up area only
 - U Inside built-up area only
 - Y Generally
- 84 **FDN** [code and text] Field names:
- E Furlongs
 - F Former field names
 - G Groups of old enclosures
 - L Locational
 - N New fields only
 - O Open or former open fields only
 - P Incomplete
 - R By reference table on map
 - Y All or most fields named
 - X Other: specified as text
- 85 **FAO** [code and text] Pre-enclosure / non-enclosure field acreages given:
- I Incomplete
 - R By reference table on map
 - Y Appear to be complete
- 86 **FAN** [code and text] Post-enclosure field / allotment acreages given:
- I Incomplete
 - R By reference table on map
 - Y Appear to be complete
- 87 **CAR** [code and text] Cartouches. These are described in CAR text. For cartouches with any decorative elements one of the following codes is used:
- XDQX - abstract decorative
 - XLQX - pictorial, 'mythical' (e.g. scenes with cupids)
 - XPQX - pictorial, 'realistic' (e.g. rustic scenes)
 - XRQX - pictorial, dominated by rococco decoration
 - XSQX - with symbolic elements
- Only one of these codes is used for each map, according to the predominant style: where a map has more than one cartouche, and all are in the same style, the code is only used once per map.
- 88 **BOR** [text] Border - described:
- Y Plain neatline or parallel rulings.

- 89 **NOP** [text] Number of map parts: separate reference sheets are excluded, as are duplicate sheets, though these may be noted in brackets.
- 90 **SYM** [text] Symbolic elements on map: listed, with location on map, e.g. in title or as decoration of scale bar.
- 91 **COM** [text] Comments, including features not coded in fields [30] to [87].
- 92 **EXC** [code] Exclusion / inclusion status: an entry 'X' in this field indicates that the map is a duplicate or is otherwise to be excluded from any quantitative analysis.

Appendix - County abbreviations

AGL	Anglesey	LIN	Lincolnshire
BDF	Bedfordshire	LNC	Lancashire
BRE	Breconshire	LON	City of London
BRK	Berkshire	MDX	Middlesex
BUC	Buckinghamshire	MER	Merionethshire
BWK	Berwickshire	MON	Monmouthshire
CAM	Cambridgeshire	MTG	Montgomeryshire
CHE	Cheshire	NFK	Norfolk
CMB	Cumberland	NTB	Northumberland
CNW	Cornwall	NTP	Northamptonshire
CRD	Cardiganshire	NTT	Nottinghamshire
CRM	Carmarthenshire	OXF	Oxfordshire
CRN	Carnarvonshire	PEM	Pembrokeshire
DEN	Denbighshire	RAD	Radnorshire
DEV	Devonshire	RUT	Rutland
DOR	Dorset	SFK	Suffolk
DRB	Derbyshire	SHR	Shropshire
DRH	Durham	SOM	Somerset
ESX	Essex	SSX	Sussex
FLI	Flintshire	STF	Staffordshire
GLA	Glamorganshire	SUR	Surrey
GLO	Gloucestershire	WAR	Warwickshire
HMP	Hampshire	WLT	Wiltshire
HNT	Huntingdonshire	WML	Westmorland
HRE	Herefordshire	WOR	Worcestershire
HRT	Hertfordshire	YOE	Yorkshire, East Riding
IOW	Isle of Wight	YON	Yorkshire, North Riding
KNT	Kent	YOW	Yorkshire, West Riding
LEI	Leicestershire		

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