

*This document was supplied by the depositor
and has been modified by AHDS History*

**SN 5791 - People in Place: Families, households, and housing in London, 1550-
1720**

**People in Place: Families, Households and Housing in London 1550-
1720**

AHRC (ref. RG/AN4417/APN16429)

Project Database Documentation

Mark Merry
Birkbeck/Centre for Metropolitan History

1: Introduction 4

1.i: Overview	4
1.ii: Sources collected in the database	5
1.iii: Database Design	10
1.iv: How to use the database	13
1.v: Abbreviations/Conventions in data	16

2: Tables 17

2.i: Tbl1695	17
2.ii: TblAids	21
2.iii: TblBequestDescription	22
2.iv: TblBequestDetail	23
2.v: TblBequestItem	24
2.vi: TblBequestModeType	25
2.vii: TblBequestRecipientType	26
2.viii: TblBequestType	27
2.ix: TblBequestValue	28
2.x: TblBMBEvent	30
2.xi: TblBMBIndivJunction	32
2.xii: TblMBRelatJunction	33
2.xiii: TblBurial	34
2.xiv: TblDocument	35
2.xv: TblHearthTax	37
2.xvi: TblHouseDestr	38
2.xvii: TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus	39
2.xviii: TblIndividualInstitution	40
2.xix: TblIndividualRole	44
2.xx: TblIndividualStatus	45
2.xxi: TblInstitutionType	46
2.xxii: TblParishLists	47
2.xxiii: TblPoll	48
2.xxiv: TblProp	51
2.xv: TblPropEventJunction	53
2.xvi: TblPropEventType	54
2.xvii: TblPropIndiv	55
2.xviii: TblPropLease	56
2.xix: TblPropRoom	57
2.x: TblRelats	58
2.xxi: TblSubsidy	59
2.xxii: TblTithes	60
2.xxiii: TblWindow	61

3: Look Up Tables 62

3.i: LookUpAgeMaritalStatus	62
3.ii: LookUpArchive	63
3.iii: LookUpBequestModeType	63
3.iv: LookUpBequestRecipType	64
3.iv: LookUpBequestType	64
3.v: LookUpCounty	65
3.vi: LookUpDocumentLanguage	66
3.vii: LookUpDocumentType	66
3.viii: LookUpForenames	67
3.ix: LookUpIndividualRole	74
3.x: LookUpInstitutionType	75
3.xi: LookUpItem Type	76
3.xii: LookUpParishRef	77
3.xiii: LookUpPropEventType	77
3.xiv: LookUpPropIndivRoleType	78

3.xv: LookUpPropTypes	79
3.xvi: LookUpRelat	79
3.xvii: LookUpStatus	80
4: Queries 83	
4.i: qryUtilityFindIndividual	83
4.ii: Analysis 1695	83
4.iii: Analysis Poll Tax 1678-1694	84
5: Technical Documentation: Table/Field/Index Properties	85
5.i: Note	85
6: Reconstituted families of Cheapside, London, 1538-1721	158
7: Reconstituted families of Clerkenwell, London, 1550-1753	176
8: Parish Registers of Cheapside, London 1538-1721	182
9: Parish Registers of Clerkenwell, London 1550-1753	202

1: Introduction

1.i: Overview

This Microsoft Access database comprises the majority, although not all, of the material gathered during the AHRC funded project *People in Place: Families, Households and Housing in London 1550-1720*. More information about the project's aims, research questions, sample areas, sources and findings can be found online at <http://www.history.ac.uk/cmh/pip/>. The 'Project Resources' section of the website contains links to the complete collection of datasets that were created during the project, including this database, which have been uploaded to the University of London School of Advanced Studies' e-repository 'SAS-Space', and are freely available for download. These datasets have also been deposited with the Arts and Humanities Data Service: History at the University of Essex (<http://ahds.ac.uk/history/>).

The database contains information derived from a wide range of sources for two areas of London (the five Cheapside parishes and the Tower Hill precinct of St Botolph Aldgate) across the period of the project. It contains social, economic and 'biological' information on over 60,000 names, as well as associated information connecting the individuals they represent to properties, places and each other. The database also contains a quantity of analytical and interpretive material which has been used during the course of the project.

The database's interface has been designed for the purposes of entering and *not* navigating data, and consequently using it to examine the material may prove to be somewhat cumbersome. It is possible to use the interface to examine the data on a source-by-source basis, and instructions appear below for how to do this, but it is likely to be simpler to achieve this by downloading the individual source specific datasets which exist as flat-file (spreadsheet) Microsoft Excel files (**Note AHDS History: These files are also available as tab delimited data files**) in the project's SAS-Space collection: <http://sas-space.sas.ac.uk/dspace/handle/10065/752>. The principal advantage of using the data in the project database, and the reason it was developed, is the ability to identify the links between people and places across different sources and periods, something which is not possible when using the separate source specific datasets.

More information about the database and this documentation can be obtained from the Centre for Metropolitan History: <http://www.history.ac.uk/cmh/cmh.main.html>.

1.ii: Sources collected in the database

DocID value	Source	Reference
365	1541 London subsidy roll, Cheap/Cordwainer wards	e.179/144/120
366	1541 London subsidy roll, Cheap/Cordwainer wards	e.179/144/120
364	1582 London subsidy roll, Cheap/Cordwainer wards	e.179/251/16
367	1582 London subsidy roll, SBA	e.179/251/16
57	1638 AHHL tithes	lambeth ms 272 f.32
361	1638 SBA tithes	lambeth ms 272 f.354
357	1638 SMC tithes	lambeth ms 272 f.200
356	1638 SMIL tithes	lambeth ms 272 f.222
358	1638 SMLB tithes	lambeth ms 272 f.193
355	1638 SPSL tithes	lambeth ms 272 f.298
360	1672 hearth tax Cordwainer ward	assessment box 25-9.26
151	1672 SMLB tithes	assess box 45 ms 10
152	1672 SPSL tithes	assess box 45 ms 10
350	1674 SMIL tithes	assessments box 46 ms.1
353	1675 SMC tithes	assessments box 5 ms.9
351	1675 SMIL tithes	assessments box 5 ms.14
150	1681 AHHL tithes	assess box 45 ms 10
352	1682 AHHL tithes	assessments box 46 ms.21
363	1686 beadles' returns, Cheap ward	ca, phillipps ms 13084 vol.10
378	1688 arrears, Cheap ward	clro assessment box 34 ms 1
377	18 month tax 1st q 1673, Cheap ward	clro assessment box 8 ms 11
376	18 month tax 1st q 1673, Cordwainer ward	clro assessment box 16 ms 2
380	18 month tax, 2nd/3rd q 1673 Cheap ward	clro assessment box 24 ms 3
379	18 month tax, 2nd/3rd q 1673 Cordwainer ward	clro assessment box 22 ms 22
368	4s in £, 2nd quarter 1694, Cheap ward	clro assessment box 9 ms 8
369	4s in £, 2nd quarter 1694, Cordwainer ward	clro assessment box 9 ms 9
373	6 months tax, Cheap ward, 1680	clro assessment box 25 ms 12
374	6 months tax, Cordwainer ward, 1680	clro assessment box 26 ms 3
64	A 15th 1573 AHHL	glms5022 f.119v
68	A 15th 1579 AHHL	glms5022 f.122
69	A 15th 1582 AHHL	glms5022 f.122v
63	A 15th 1585 AHHL	glms5022 f.118v

DocID value	Source	Reference
65	A 15th? 1576 AHHL	glms5022 f.120
342	An account of the inhabitants of Cheap ward ¹	misc 87.4 (no.12)
52	Aid (4s in £) 1692/3 AHHL	11316/2 f.2
53	Aid (4s in £) 1694 AHHL	11316/2 f.10
158	Aid, 1665 Cheap ward	misc ms 326.8
375	Arrears tax, Cordwainer ward, 1688	clro assessment box 37 ms 16
60	Churchwardens' accounts 1642 AHHL	gl ms 5026/1
59	Churchwardens' accounts 1642 AHHL	gl ms 5026/1
62	Churchwardens' accounts 1672 AHHL	gl ms 5026/1
61	Churchwardens' accounts 1672 AHHL	gl ms 5026/1
58	Churchwardens' lists 1631-59 AHHL	gl ms 5022 ff.36-38
159	Survey of destroyed houses, 1666, Cheap ward	alchin papers box f no.65 (6)
595	Survey of divided and inmated houses, Cheap ward, 1637	sp 16/359
54	Hearth tax, 1662/3 AHHL	e179
55	hearth tax, 1666 AHHL	e179
161	Hearth tax, Cheap ward, 1672	assessment box 25-9/28
160	Hearth tax, Cheap ward, c.1671	assessment box 25.9/21 f.13
537	Inhabitants of London 1640, Cheap, Cordwainer and Portsoken wards	harvey
370	List of lodgers, Cordwainer, late 17 th century	misc ms 87.4
56	Marriage Duty Act assessment 1695 AHHL	marriage assess 4
225	Marriage Duty Act assessment 1695 SMC	marriage assess 63 [?]
224	Marriage Duty Act assessment 1695 SMIL	marriage assess 53 [?]
226	Marriage Duty Act assessment 1695 SMLB	marriage assess 62 [?]
585	Marriage Duty Act assessment 1695 Tower Hill, SBA	marriage assess ??
328	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1696 AHHL	clro assessment box 39
329	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1696 SMC	clro assessment box 39
330	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1696 SMIL	clro assessment box 39
331	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1696 SMLB	clro assessment box 39
332	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1696 SPSL	clro assessment box 39
312	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1697-1698 AHHL	clro assessment box 28
313	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1697-1698 SMIL	clro assessment box 28
314	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1697-1698 SMLB	clro assessment box 28
317	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1697-1698 SPSL	clro assessment box 28
318	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1698 - 1699 AHHL	clro assessment box 30
319	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1698 - 1699 SMC	clro assessment box 30
320	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1698 - 1699 SMIL	clro assessment box 30
321	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1698 - 1699 SMLB	clro assessment box 30
322	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1698 - 1699 SPSL	clro assessment box 30
323	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1704-1705 AHHL	clro assessment box 36 ms4

¹ Drawn up some time between 1676 and 1684, probably before 1681.

DocID value	Source	Reference
324	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1704-1705 SMLB	clro assessment box 36 ms4
325	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1705-1706 AHHL	clro assessment box 36 ms5
326	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1705-1706 SMLB	clro assessment box 36 ms5
327	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1705-1706 SPSL	clro assessment box 36 ms5
333	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1706 AHHL	clro assessment box 47 ms 15
334	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1706 SMC	clro assessment box 47 ms 15
335	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1706 SMIL	clro assessment box 47 ms 15
336	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1706 SMLB	clro assessment box 47 ms 15
337	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns 1706 SPSL	clro assessment box 47 ms 15
338	Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns SMIL nd	clro assessment box 47 ms 1
67	Parish assessment 1585 AHHL	glms5022 f.121
70	Parish officers 1563-79 AHHL	glms5022 f.121v
71	Parish officers 1580-93 AHHL	glms5022 f.123
311	Parish registers of all Cheapside parishes, c.1540-1720 ²	parish register
66	Parish 'seasying' 1577 AHHL	glms5022 f.120v
156	Poll tax 1678 Cheap ward	clro assessment box 67 ms 5
157	Poll tax 1690 Cheap ward	clro assessment box 6 ms 17
155	Poll tax 1692 Cheap ward	clro assessment box 33 ms 5
153	Poll tax 1692/3 Cheap ward	clro assessment box 34 ms 18
154	Poll tax 1694 Cheap ward	clro assessment box 60 ms 3
340	Poll tax, 1678, Cordwainer ward	clro assessment box 11 ms 11
341	Poll tax, 1690, Cordwainer ward	clro assessment box 7 ms 3
316	Poll tax, 1692, Cordwainer ward	clro assessment box 33 ms 4
315	Poll tax, 1692/3, Cordwainer ward	clro assessment box 32 ms 12
339	Poll tax, 1694, Cordwainer ward	clro assessment box 20 ms 14

² These are data drawn directly from the Cambridge Group database designed specifically for recording parish register data for family reconstitution purposes, which was developed independently of this project database. See project website and SAS-Space listings for more information.

DocID value	Source	Reference
566	SMC assessment 1641	glms 66, f.97v
563	SMC assessments 1639	glms 66, f.89v
538	SMC church wardens from the year 1700 to 1760	glms 67, ff.253v-254v
543	SMC clerk's wages assessment 1624	glms 66, f.37v
551	SMC poor rate 1624	glms 66, f.42
550	SMC poor rate 1625	glms 66, f.45
552	SMC poor rate 1626	glms 66, f.47
553	SMC poor rate 1628	glms 66, f.52
555	SMC poor rate 1630	glms 66, f.58
556	SMC poor rate 1631	glms 66, f.59v
557	SMC poor rate 1632	glms 66, f.61
558	SMC poor rate 1633	glms 66, f.65
559	SMC poor rate 1634	glms 66, f.67v
560	SMC poor rate 1635/6	glms 66, f.71
561	SMC poor rate 1636/7	glms 66, f.72
562	SMC poor rate 1637/8	glms 66, f.75v
565	SMC poor rate 1640	glms 66, f.93v
567	SMC poor rate 1642	glms 66, f.101
569	SMC poor rate 1643	glms 66, f.104v
571	SMC poor rate 1644	glms 66, f.107v
572	SMC poor rate 1645	glms 66, f.110
573	SMC poor rate 1646	glms 66, f.113
574	SMC poor rate 1647	glms 66, f.115
575	SMC poor rate 1648	glms 66, f.118
576	SMC poor rate 1649	glms 66, f.121
577	SMC poor rate 1650	glms 66, f.129
578	SMC poor rate 1666	glms 66, f.186
580	SMC poor rate 1683-4	glms 66, f.216v
581	SMC poor rate 1684-5	glms 66, f.220v
582	SMC poor rate 1685-6	glms 66, f.221v
584	SMC poor rate 1687-8	glms 66, f.231
547	SMC poor rate 1693/4	glms 66, f.251
594	SMC poor rate 1695-6	glms 66, f.259
593	SMC poor rate 1696-7	glms 66, f.263
592	SMC poor rate 1697	glms 66, f.267v
591	SMC poor rate 1698	glms 66, f.3
590	SMC poor rate 1698-9	glms 66, f.271
589	SMC poor rate 1699-1700	glms 66, f.275
588	SMC poor rate 1700-1	glms 67, f.1v
587	SMC poor rate 1701-2	glms 67, f.3v
586	SMC poor rate 1702-3	glms 67, f.6v
540	SMC poor rate 1709/10	glms 67, f.26
541	SMC rakers' wages 1618	glms 66, f.27v
554	SMC rakers' wages 1629	glms 66, f.55v
568	SMC rakers' wages 1643	glms 66, f.103

DocID value	Source	Reference
579	SMC rakers' wages 1666	glms 66, f.186v
549	SMC rakers' wages 1673	glms 66, f.195
544	SMC receipts for church repairs 1638/9	glms 66, f.81v
542	SMC relief for maimed soldiers 1622	glms 66, f.35v
548	SMC scavenger rate 1682/3	glms 66, f.217
583	SMC scavenger rate 1686-7	glms 66, f.231v
545	SMC scavenger rate 1693	glms 66, f.252
546	SMC scavenger rate 1694/5	glms 66, f.259v
539	SMC scavenger rate 1710/11	glms 67, f.37v
570	SMC tithe 1644	glms 66, f.280v
564	SMC tithes 1640	glms 66, f.281v
371	Window tax, Cheap ward, 1696	clro assessment box 4 ms 10
372	Window tax, Cordwainer ward, 1696	clro assessment box 38 ms 19

Alongside these sources in the database is material drawn from other, non-list types of sources including wills; narrative property histories drawn from the 'Cheapside Gazetteer'³, and Company records (notably from the archive of the Mercers' Company) of property management. Rather than providing the opportunity for a 'snapshot' of the communities being examined that the sources listed above provide, these other sources have been used to provide links between people and places often in the context of specific case studies. Details (including full references) on all of these sources have been entered into the database table *TblDocument*.

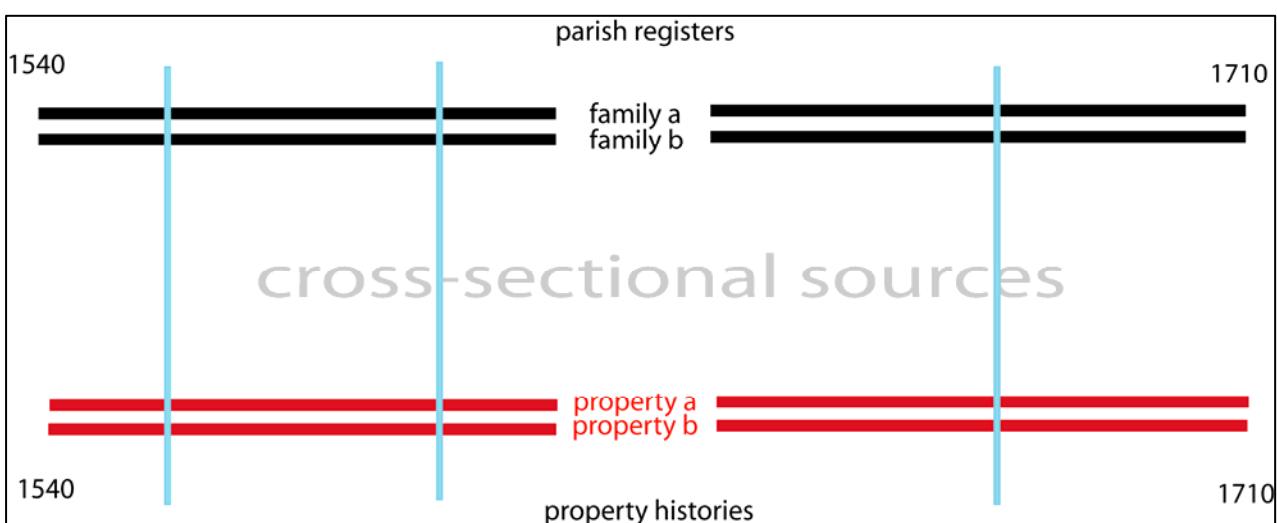
³ D. Keene and V. Harding, (1987) *Historical gazetteer of London before the Great Fire - Cheapside; parishes of All Hallows Honey Lane, St Martin Pomary, St Mary le Bow, St Mary Colechurch and St Pancras Soper Lane*.

1.iii: Database Design

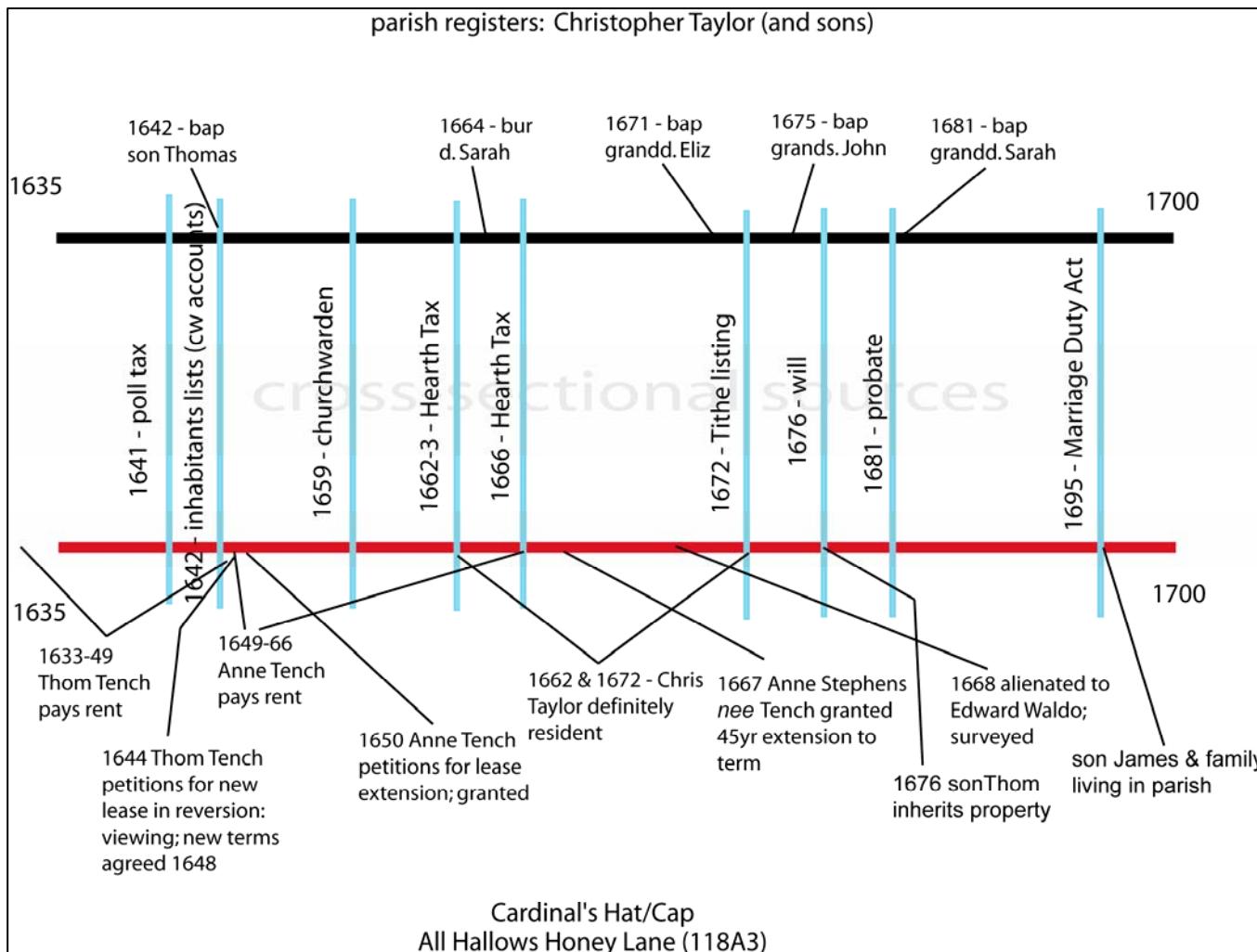
The *People in Place* project brought together three types of source material: demographic data derived from parish registers, the basis of the family reconstitution element of the project; records of property ownership and management (deeds, leases, surveys and rentals etc.), providing the sources for the property history aspect; and finally, information about householders and household structure, namely tax and rate assessments, listings of inhabitants, wills, inventories etc. The project entailed a very broad ranging research agenda, and the database was designed with this in mind. Whilst the main areas of research to be covered by the project were defined and established, the specific research questions were both numerous and open ended. This dictated that the initial design of the project database was to be as flexible as possible in terms of the way that information was collected and stored, in order to keep open all possible avenues of investigation and to avoid precluding possible analyses.

Given that specific research questions were to be initially broad in scope, this flexibility in design was built into the database in two ways. Firstly, by ensuring that information derived from the sources would be atomised into the smallest possible intrinsically valuable component parts in the fields and tables in the database; and secondly by employing a modular structure for the overall organisation of data. This latter has indeed been something of a necessity for the database design, as it has allowed the database to develop and adapt during the course of the project as new (that is, previously not anticipated) sources have been consulted.

One of the crucial design aims of the database was to provide the means to make connections between people and properties across numerous diachronic and synchronic sources. For example, a death in one of our parishes could result in a burial entry in the parish registers (our people element), a will being granted probate (our event element) and as a result a transferral of property ownership (our place element). The proposed record linkage was visualised diagrammatically:



The bold horizontal lines represent (in black) demographic data derived from parish registers and (in red) property history data, providing the essential spine of the project, which gives us a diachronic, long-term perspective. The vertical lines represent our synchronic, cross-sectional sources about householders and household structure, providing us with a snap-shot image at specific moments in time.



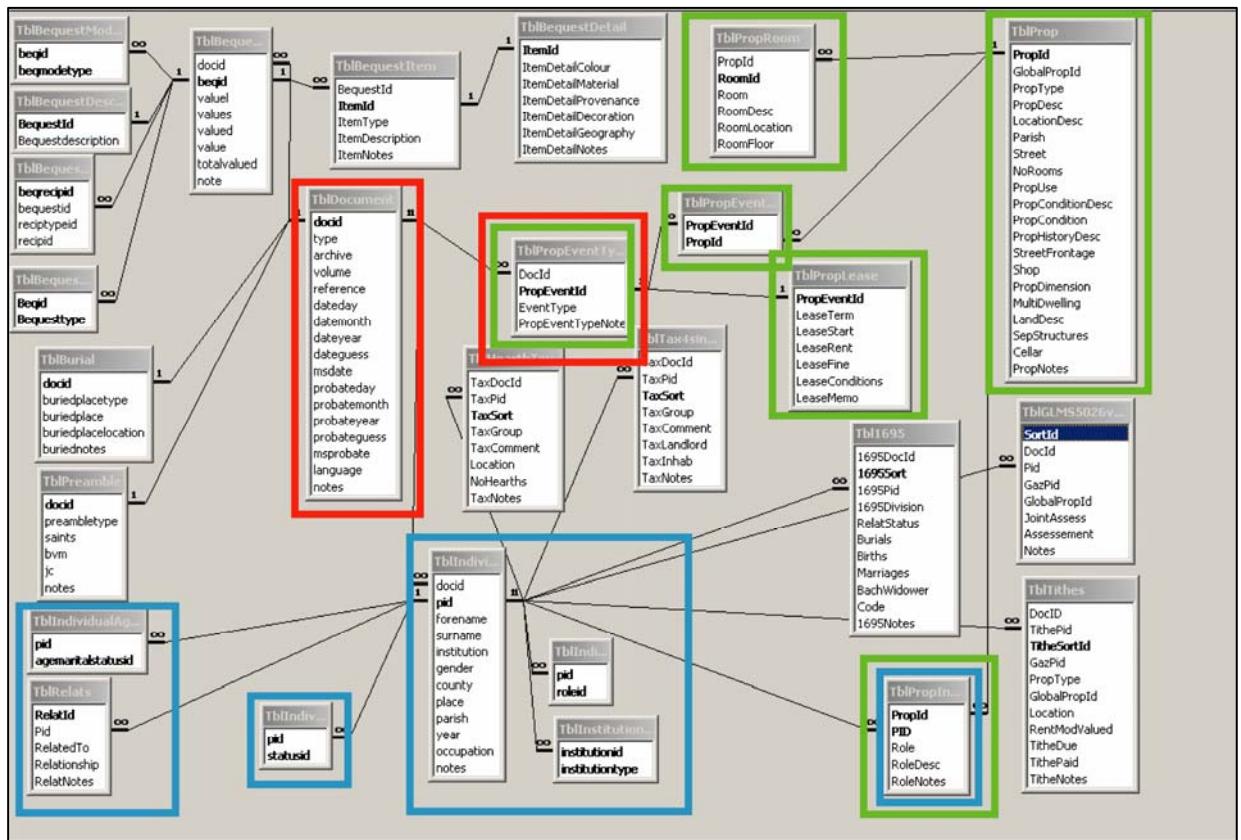
This example shows the links between the parish register for the parish of All Hallows Honey Lane, the cross-sectional source references to the family of Christopher Taylor and the property history of the Cardinal's Hat (or Cap) in All Hallows Honey Lane. Overlaid onto this diagram might have been the sources containing information regarding the Tench family's connection to the Cardinal's Hat, or indeed information regarding Taylor's involvement with other properties in the area being investigated. Reproducing the information in such a way in the database to preserve the pathways of linkage was very important in the database design.

In order to achieve the desired record linkage it was necessary to locate the relevant information in the same place within the database, not least to make the processes of querying and data retrieval simpler. The modular design allows for this by employing the concepts of 'core entities' and 'associated information' in order to accommodate the different structures and informational content of the different sources. It allows for a balancing act between creating different tables for each separate source (a data model which would complicate record linkage) and simply aggregating information from all sources into single table where the detail and integrity of the individual sources would be compromised by a 'one-size-fits-all structure'. From the start of the project it was decided that all the detailed information in the sources would be collected, and so preserving the integrity of the sources was an important requirement of the database design.

The core elements are those entities where the type of information is essentially the same, or at least can be modelled similarly - forename/surname; dates; locations – and these form the central part of the database structure. The core entities are people, properties and events, 'events' comprising activities which involve the participation of people, properties or both. All information regarding these core entities has been entered into the same tables in the database, regardless of the source from which it originates: so all information about people

has been collected in the people table(s) and all information about properties has been entered into the property table(s) for example. Any other information from the respective sources has been entered into relevant 'associated information' tables, each of which will correspond to a source. For example information gathered from the Marriage Duty Act assessments of 1695 will have been entered in two places: the information about the assessed individuals (their names, gender, relationships, wealth etc.) will have been entered in the core 'people' tables, whilst the rest of the information from the source (the assessment itself) has been entered in the Marriage Duty Act assessment table (*Tbl1695*). The 'people information' has been located in the same place in the database to make the record linkage easier and at the same time the rest of the detailed information from the source has been preserved.

A simplified version of the database's relationship diagram (or Entity Relationship Model) shows the core entities concept in practice:



The tables outlined in blue are those which have been used for gathering information related to people, those in green contain property information, and those in red contain information about events. Those tables outlined in more than one colour are the 'junction' tables which allow records to be linked across the core entities. The other tables contain associated information drawn from the various sources.

1.iv: How to use the database

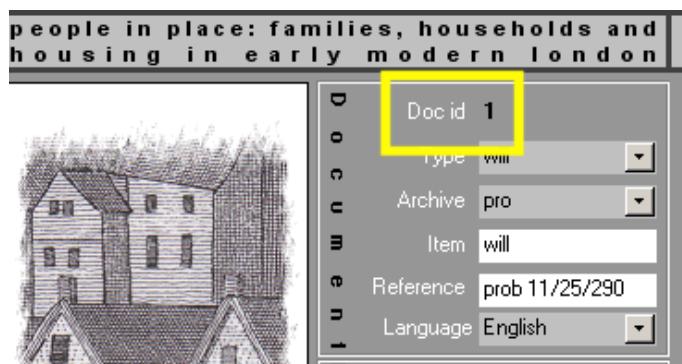
Using this database to navigate around the information it contains is not necessarily the simplest method for examining the data (see above), although it is possible: the database is intended primarily for analytical use. However the input form that was used to enter data can be employed to examine material from the specific sources. This involves following a number of steps: identifying the DocID value of the required source; navigating to that source's records; and finally choosing the correct part of the input form to view the records.

Identify DocID of source

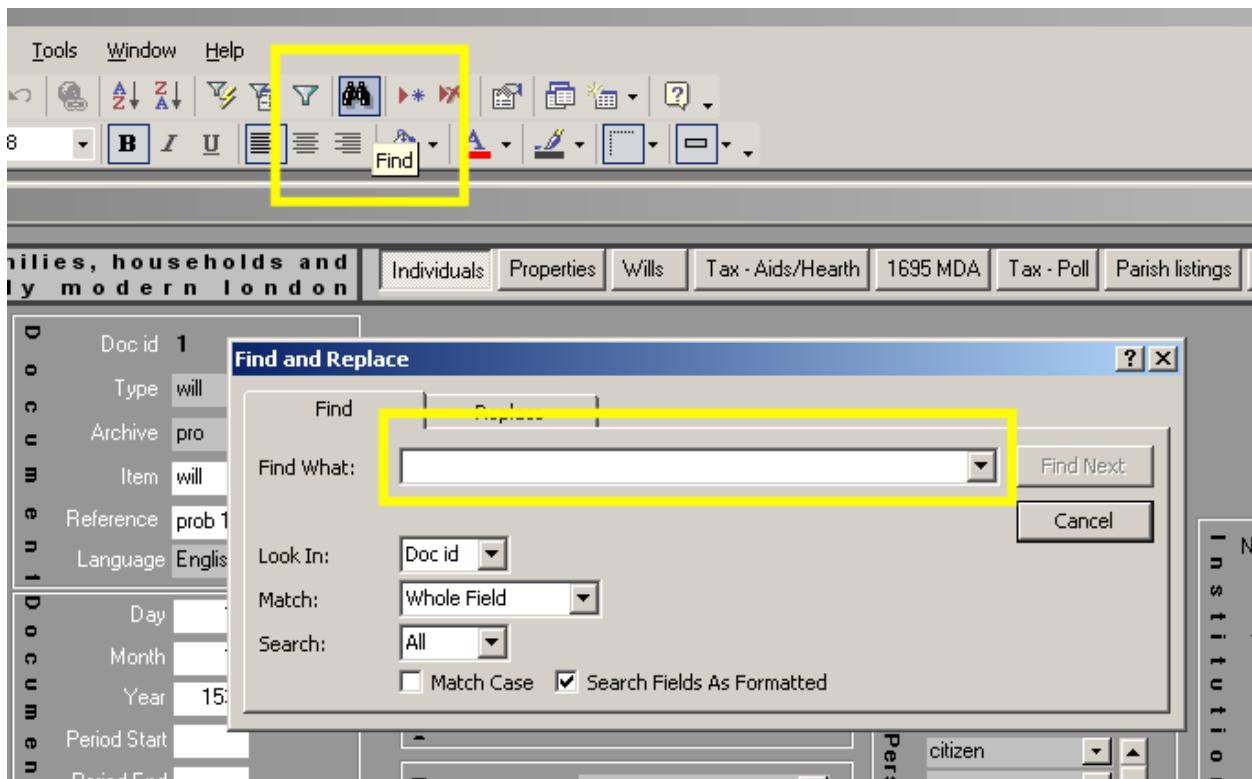
Each source entered has a unique DocID value held in the table *TblDocument*. This value can be identified from the table in Section 1.ii above.

Open input form and navigate to source

Open the input form *frmInput* if it has not already appeared as the database is opened. Click in the DocID field in the top-left corner of the form:

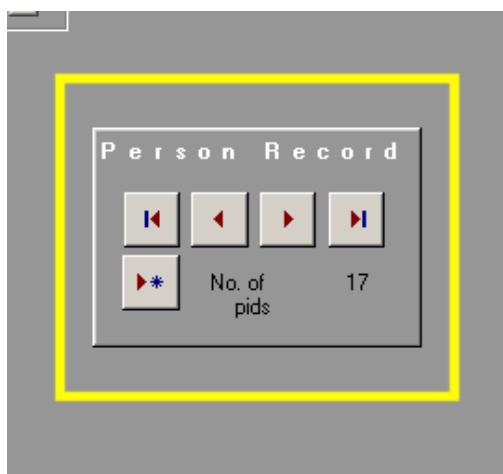


It is important to click on the *value* of the field (i.e. the number) rather than the field name (i.e. the words "Doc id"). A 'blinking' cursor should appear next to the number once you have clicked in the field. Then click on the find tool (the binocular icon at the top of the screen near the menus), which will bring up a dialogue box in which you can type the DocID value of the desired source. Clicking on the 'Find Next' button will display the relevant record in the input form.



Use correct part of the input form to view records

The tabs along the top of the input form enable the viewing of different sources, and which of these you choose will depend on the type of source you have navigated to. Note that by default the 'Individuals' tab will be selected: every source will display records in the Individuals tab. Records of individuals are displayed one individual at a time via the input form, and so to view each individual requires clicking on the navigation buttons on the Individuals tab:



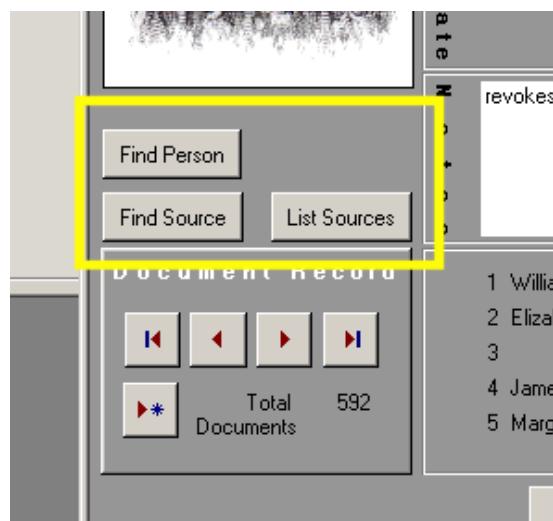
Note that the "No. of pids" indicates how many individuals have been entered from this source.

Not all the sources held in the database can be viewed from the input form due to the fact that a number of the source 'tabs' were removed in the development of the database as those sources were completed. The records for these sources still exist in the database, and can be

viewed by opening the relevant tables, and the individuals mentioned in those sources will always be visible via the Individuals tab even if the associated information cannot be viewed.

Other means of finding information via the input form

Information can also be found using the input form through three command buttons. The 'Find Person' button opens the query *qryUtilityFindIndividual* which enables the search for specific individuals (see below Section 4.i). The 'Find Source' button brings up a dialogue box that enables searching for sources; while the 'List Sources' button brings up a list of all sources with their DocID values.



1.v: Abbreviations/Conventions in data

The names of the sample areas studied by the *People in Place* project have been abbreviated throughout the data:

Area	Abbreviation
Parish of All Hallows Honey Lane	AHHL
Parish of St Mary Colechurch	SMC
Parish of St Mary Le Bow	SMLB
Parish of St Martin Ironmonger Lane	SMIL
Parish of St Pancras Soper Lane	SPSL
Tower Hill precinct, Parish of St Botolph Aldgate	SBA

Where sources have been examined for Cheap ward, only the information for the project's sample areas has been collected (the data for the other parishes in the ward have not been recorded). With regard to sources from Cordwainer ward, only the information for the parish of SMLB has been collected. Note that the parish of SMLB fell into both Cheap and Cordwainer wards.

Other abbreviations in the text of the data should be self-explanatory.

2: Tables

Fields marked with an asterisk (*) contain interpretive and/or analytical data which have not been drawn directly from the sources. Ticked fields are the primary key field for the table.

2.i: Tbl1695 - tbl_1695.tab

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	1695DocId	UniqueID of the document (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
	Parish	The parish of the assessed individual
✓*	1695Sort	Unique record ID, to maintain sort order: each record comprises an assessed individual
*	1695Pid	PID of person listed (from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	1695Gender	Gender of assessed individual
	ResidenceLocation	Information regarding place of residence
	Forename	Forename of individual (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	Surname	Surname of individual (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	RelatStatus	Comments in ms relating to the status/relationships of each individual to the head of household ⁴
*	1695Notes	Editorial notes. Remarks found in the manuscript appear in quotes
*	LVL1House	ID to maintain divisions between houses in source: each individual with the same LVL1House ID value is listed within the same house in the manuscript ⁵
*	LVL2Household	ID to maintain divisions between households within houses: each individual with the same LVL2Household ID value is listed within the same household in the manuscript ⁶
*	LVL3Family	ID to maintain divisions between families within houses: each individual with the same LVL3Family ID value is listed within the same family in the manuscript
*	LVL4Unit	ID to maintain divisions between 'units' within houses: each individual with the same LVL4Unit ID value is listed within the same 'unit' in the manuscript ⁷
*	FAMMarr	No of married couples in family
*	FAMChild	No of children in family
*	FAMLodger	No of family members listed as lodgers (i.e. to identify lodging families)
*	FAMBach	No of family members listed as bachelors
*	FAMServ	No of family members listed as servants ⁸
*	FAM3Gen	A flag to indicate whether a family includes three generations. Values: Y N poss

⁴ Note that this may not be the first named person in the 'house'.

⁵ 'House' is intended here somewhat vaguely: more accurately the field is used to maintain the explicit divisions between 'blocks' of names that appear in the Marriage Duty Act returns.

⁶ The allocation of household, family and unit ID values in this field was determined according to a set of rules developed during the project. See the *People in Place* project website for publications and methodologies.

⁷ Principally 'units' are groups of individuals who share explicitly stated relationships in the source, without any degree of inference.

⁸ This only occurs where an individual determined to belong to a family is explicitly listed and assessed as a servant. The servant need not be in the service of someone in the family.

*	FAMExtend	Whether family includes 'extended elements'. ⁹ Values: Y N poss
*	FAMApp	No of family members listed as apprentices ¹⁰
*	FAMSpinster	No of family members listed as spinsters
*	FAMWidow	No of family members listed as widows
*	FAMWidower	No of family members listed as widowers
*	HHMarr	No of married couples in household
*	HHChild	No of children in household
*	HHLodge	No of lodgers in household
*	HHBach	No of bachelors in household
*	HHServ	No of servants/apprentices/nurses/journeymen (but not warehousemen) in household
*	HHExtend	A flag to indicate whether a household includes extended family (more than one generation; brother/sister; father/mother/uncle/aunt). Values: Y N poss
*	HHPoor	No of poor persons, inmates, parish children, or pensioners in household
*	HHPart	A flag to indicate whether the household includes individuals who share the relationship of 'partner'
*	HHApp	No of apprentices in household
*	HHSpin	No of spinsters in household
*	HHWidow	No of widows in household
*	HHWidower	No of widowers in household
*	BLOCKMarr	No of married couples in block of names/house
*	BLOCKChild	No of children in block of names/house
*	BLOCKLodger	No of lodgers in block of names/house
*	BLOCKBach	No of bachelors in block of names/house
*	BLOCKServ	No of servants in block of names/house
*	BLOCKExtend	Whether the block of names/house includes extended family (more than one generation; brother/sister; father/mother/uncle/aunt)
*	BLOCKPoor	No of poor persons, inmates, parish children, or pensioners in block of names/house
*	BLOCKPart	A flag to indicate whether the block of names/house includes individuals who share the relationship of 'partner'
*	BLOCKApp	No of apprentices in block of names/house
*	BLOCKSpin	No of spinsters in block of names/house
*	BLOCKWidow	No of widows in block of names/house
*	BLOCKWidower	No of widowers in block of names/house
	Burials	Tax assessment in the event of the individual's burial
	Births	Tax assessment in the event of a birth taking place in the household
	Marriages	Tax assessment in the event of the individual's marriage
	BachWidower	Tax assessment due annually No of married couples in family if the individual is a bachelor over the age of 25yrs or is a childless widower

⁹ Including adult brothers/sisters, aunts/uncles, kinsmen, cousins and so on of the householder.

¹⁰ This only occurs where an individual determined to belong to a family is explicitly listed and assessed as an apprentice. The apprentice need not be in the service of someone in the family.

*	code1Status	Whether individual is rated at the basic level or is liable to a surtax based on status and/or wealth. Values: <i>Basic</i> <i>£600/£50pa</i> <i>Gent</i> <i>Esq</i> <i>Dr</i> <i>Unrated</i>
*	code2RoleinUnit	The role played by the individual in the unit. Values: <i>personthemself</i> <i>wife/widow</i> <i>son/daughter</i> <i>servant</i> <i>apprentice</i> <i>journeyman</i> <i>employee</i> <i>lodger/inmate</i> <i>black</i> <i>partner</i> <i>pensioner/parishchild/poor</i> <i>poorinmate</i> <i>servantandlodger</i>
*	code3Gender	Gender of the individual. Values: <i>M</i> <i>F</i> <i>U</i>
*	code41stSubUnit	Whether the individual is in the first listed unit in a block of names/house or a subsequent unit. ¹¹ Values: <i>1st</i> <i>sub</i>
*	code5MaritalStatus	The marital status of the individual. Values: <i>unknown</i> <i>married</i> <i>widow/er</i> <i>bachelor</i> <i>recentlymarried</i> <i>spinster</i>
*	Code6ChildStatus	Whether the individual has children or is rated as having the potential to have children. Values: <i>YesNotRated</i> <i>NoNotRated</i> <i>YesRated</i> <i>NoRated</i> <i>Unrated</i>
*	Code7Rating	What vital events the individual is being assessed for. Values: <i>Burial</i> <i>BurialBach/Wid</i> <i>BurialBirth</i> <i>BurialMarriage</i>

¹¹ This can be used to distinguish between the first named individual (and their household) within a block of names/house from everyone else. This allows for a simple, traditional identification of the first named individual as the 'householder' if required.

		<i>BurialMarriageBach/Wid</i> <i>BurialBirthMarriage</i> <i>Unrated</i>
--	--	---

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>Tbl1695</i>
PID		1695Pid
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to enter data from Marriage Duty Act 1695 assessment information. Each record comprises an assessed individual.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the sources (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.
4. Records with DocID values between 312 and 338 (inclusive) are records taken from Marriage Duty Act collectors' returns in the decade following 1695, rather than assessments. The structure of these records does not match those of the assessments, nor are they as numerous.

2.ii: TblAids - *tbl_aids.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓*	TaxAidID	Unique ID of each aid assessment (each record comprises an assessed individual)
*	TaxDocID	Unique ID of the document (<i>taken from TblDocument</i>)
*	TaxPid	PID of person listed (<i>from TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
*	TaxGroup	Numerical ID value to link individuals who are assessed jointly ¹²
	TaxWard	The ward of the assessment
	TaxParish	The parish/precinct of the assessment
	TaxComment	Comments/remarks found within the source
	TaxLandlord	Tax payable by landlord
	TaxInhab	Tax payable by inhabitants based on personal estate
	TaxWater	Water rates assessment
*	TaxNotes	Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblAids</i>
PID		TaxPid
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used for entering data from aids and subsidies based on property: e.g. the Four Shillings in the Pound aid, 1665 aid, 6 months and 18 months taxes, and tax arrears. Each record comprises an assessed individual.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the sources (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

¹² Each record comprises an assessed individual, although some are grouped together for joint assessment by the assessors. These grouped individuals will share the same TaxGroup value.

2.iii: TblBequestDescription - *tbl_beques_description.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓	BequestId	Unique id of bequest (from <i>TblBequestValue</i>)
	Bequestdescription	Text description (not transcription) of the bequest

Relationships

<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestDescription</i>
beqid		BequestId
1	→	1

Description/Notes

1. Used for entering a textual description or summary of a bequest in a will. This can include transcripts (in quotes). A single bequest may include a number of 'items' given and/or a number of recipients. It might also include a number of conditions and reversions. All of this information will be recorded as a single record in this descriptive table.
2. Paragraph breaks have been indicated using '@@@@'.
3. Information about testators and recipients, as well as the type, value and specific contents of bequests can be found in the tables *TblDocument*, *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblRelats*, *TblBequestDetail*, *TblBequestItem*, *TblBequestModeType*, *TblBequestRecipientType*, *TblBequestType* and *TblBequestValue*. Related information can be traced via respective BeqID values (or viewed via the main input interface under the 'wills' tab).

2.iv: TblBequestDetail - *tbl_beques_detail.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓*	ItemID	Unique ID of the item (<i>from TblBequestItem</i>)
	ItemDetailColour	Colour of the item
	ItemDetailMaterial	Material of the item
	ItemDetailProvenance	Provenance of the item – e.g. made by a named individual; previously owned by a particular family member; a specified value of the item etc.
	ItemDetailDecoration	Any decoration or style (eg short, damask) associated with the item
	ItemDetailGeography	Geographical origin of the item. This can include descriptions of locations within houses
*	ItemDetailNotes	Editorial notes about the detail of this described item

Relationships

<i>TblBequestItem</i>		<i>TblBequestDetail</i>
ItemID		ItemID
1	→	1

Description/Notes

1. Used to enter specific details about material objects bequeathed in wills (for the purposes of examining household affluence and status).
2. Only items which are specifically described in some way (e.g. in terms of colour, provenance, manufacture, or style) have entries in this table: bequeathed objects with no descriptive detail (e.g. “a table”) do not have an entry in this table. Each described object will have a single record in this table.
3. Information about testators, recipients, the type, value and specific contents of bequests can be found in the tables *TblDocument*, *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblRelats*, *TblBequestDetail*, *TblBequestItem*, *TblBequestModeType*, *TblBequestRecipientType*, *TblBequestType* and *TblBequestValue*. Related information can be traced via respective BeqID values (or viewed via the main input interface under the ‘wills’ tab).

2.v: TblBequestItem - *tbl_bequest_item.tab*

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
*	BequestId		UniqueID of the bequest the item appears in (from <i>TblBequestValue</i>)
✓*	ItemId		Unique ID of the item
	ItemType	<i>LookUpItem Type</i>	Item type – a standardised ‘type’ of object drawn from a controlled vocabulary
	ItemDescription		Description of the specific item (as opposed to the bequest it forms a part of, which can be found in <i>TblBequestDescription</i>)

Relationships

<i>TblBequestItem</i>		<i>TblBequestDetail</i>
ItemID		ItemID
1	→	1
<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestItem</i>
beqID		BequestId
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to enter information about specific material objects given in a bequest. Each record comprises information about an object or more than one of the same object.
2. The values in field *ItemDescription* are not necessarily transcripts: if they are then they will be within double quotes.
3. A single bequest (as indicated by a single record in *TblBequestValue*) can have many items, each of which will have a separate record in *TblBequestItem*.
4. Information about testators, recipients, the type, value and specific contents of bequests can be found in the tables *TblDocument*, *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblRelats*, *TblBequestDetail*, *TblBequestItem*, *TblBequestModeType*, *TblBequestRecipientType*, *TblBequestType* and *TblBequestValue*. Related information can be traced via respective BeqID values (or viewed via the main input interface under the ‘wills’ tab).

2.vi: TblBequestModeType - *tbl_bequest_mode_type.tab*

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
✓*	beqID		Unique ID of bequest (from <i>TblBequestValue</i>)
✓*	beqmodetype	<i>LookUpBequestModeType</i>	Mode of bequest (normal, conditional, reversionary etc). Standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary.

Relationships

<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestModeType</i>
beqID		beqID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to enter information about the mode of the bequest: whether the bequest was 'normal' (i.e. with no conditions attached), conditional, reversionary, or part of a group of multiple bequests etc. A single bequest (as indicated by a single record in *TblBequestValue*) can have a number of modes, each of which has a separate record in *TblBequestModeType* (e.g. a bequest might be both conditional upon the recipient reaching majority, and reversionary in the event he does not survive to inherit).
2. Information about testators, recipients, the type, value and specific contents of bequests can be found in the tables *TblDocument*, *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblRelats*, *TblBequestDetail*, *TblBequestItem*, *TblBequestModeType*, *TblBequestRecipientType*, *TblBequestType* and *TblBequestValue*. Related information can be traced via respective BeqID values (or viewed via the main input interface under the 'wills' tab).

2.vii: TblBequestRecipientType - *tbl_bequest_recipient_type.tab*

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
✓*	beqrecipID		Unique ID of bequest recipient
*	bequestID		ID of bequest (from <i>TblBequestValue</i>)
	reciptype	<i>LookUpBequestRecipType</i>	Recipient type – a standardised term drawn from a controlled vocabulary
*	recipID		PID of recipient, or ID of institution (from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)

Relationships

<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestRecipientType</i>
beqid		bequestid
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record both the recipients of bequests (through the PID value) and the type of recipient receiving a bequest (family member/servant/known poor person/business associate). The latter enables analysis of patterns of giving in wills. Further information about recipients can be found in *TblIndividualInstitution* via PID values. Not all records will include a recipID value, where the recipient is generic rather than a specific individual or institution.
2. Individual recipients can be of more than one type, and therefore can have more than one record in *TblBequestRecipientType*.
3. Information about testators, recipients, the type, value and specific contents of bequests can be found in the tables *TblDocument*, *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblRelats*, *TblBequestDetail*, *TblBequestItem*, *TblBequestModeType*, *TblBequestRecipientType*, *TblBequestType* and *TblBequestValue*. Related information can be traced via respective BeqID values (or viewed via the main input interface under the 'wills' tab).

2.viii: TblBequestType - *tbl_bequest_type.tab*

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
✓*	beqID		ID of bequest (from <i>TblBequestValue</i>)
✓	bequesttype	<i>LookUpBequestType</i>	Classified type of bequest – a standard value drawn from a controlled vocabulary

Relationships

<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestType</i>
beqID		beqID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to indicate the classified type of bequest (clothes/property/cash/annuity etc). This table enables analysis of patterns of giving.
2. Bequests can be of more than one type, and therefore can have more than one record in *TblBequestType*.
3. Information about testators, recipients, the type, value and specific contents of bequests can be found in the tables *TblDocument*, *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblRelats*, *TblBequestDetail*, *TblBequestItem*, *TblBequestModeType*, *TblBequestRecipientType*, *TblBequestType* and *TblBequestValue*. Related information can be traced via respective BeqID values (or viewed via the main input interface under the 'wills' tab).

2.ix: TblBequestValue - *tbl_bequest_value.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	docID	Unique ID of source document (from <i>TblDocument</i>)
✓*	beqID	Unique ID of bequest
	valueL	Value of bequest: pound component (i.e. value in pounds) - converted from value as stated in source document
	values	Value of bequest: shillings component (i.e. value in shillings) - converted from value as stated in source document
	valueD	Value of bequest: pence component (i.e. value in pence) - converted from value as stated in source document
	value	Value of bequest: as stated in source document
	valuetotal	Standardised total value in pence: generated automatically (see code below)
*	note	Editorial notes regarding the value of the bequest

Relationships

<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestDescription</i>
beqID		bequestID
1	→	1
<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestItem</i>
beqID		bequestID
1	→	∞
<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestModeType</i>
beqID		beqID
1	→	∞
<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestRecipientType</i>
beqID		bequestID
1	→	∞
<i>TblBequestValue</i>		<i>TblBequestType</i>
beqID		beqID
1	→	∞

<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblBequestValue</i>
docID		docID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used as basis for all the bequest-related tables (i.e. all the bequest-related tables in the input interface are embedded into this table's form). In other words this table acts as the 'hub' table for all information regarding bequests.
2. Records the value of bequests (where such information is provided) both as stated in the source and as a standardised pence total (which is generated automatically at the point of input) for the purposes of arithmetical calculations.
3. Where no value is given, "none given" is entered in the value field.
4. Information about testators, recipients, the type, value and specific contents of bequests can be found in the tables *TblDocument*, *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblRelats*, *TblBequestDetail*, *TblBequestItem*, *TblBequestModeType*, *TblBequestRecipientType*, *TblBequestType* and *TblBequestValue*. Related information can be traced via respective BeqID values (or viewed via the main input interface under the 'wills' tab).

Code

Code to generate pence total in 'valuetotal' field.¹³

Option Compare Database

```

Private Sub value1_LostFocus()
    [totalvalued] = [value1] * 240 + [values] * 12 + [valued]
End Sub

Private Sub values_LostFocus()
    [totalvalued] = [value1] * 240 + [values] * 12 + [valued]
End Sub

Private Sub valued_LostFocus()
    [totalvalued] = [value1] * 240 + [values] * 12 + [valued]
End Sub

```

¹³ Written in Visual Basic for Access, and attached to the *OnLostFocus* events of the field 'value1', 'values' and 'valued'.

2.x: TbIBMBEvent - *tbl_bmb_event.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓*	Event_ID	Unique ID of vital event described in parish register
	Event_date	Date of event
	Parish	Parish of event ¹⁴
	Event	The type of event: baptism, marriage or burial
	Unrelated_memo	Annotations on the register that are not related to an event except by graphical proximity, appearing below or closest to an event
	Marriage_authorisation	The type of licence for a marriage: by banns, thrice asked, publication or by licence
	Licence_issuer	The issuer of a licence if the event is a marriage
*	Memo	Editorial comments
	Marriage_location	Location of a marriage
*	Reg_Order_Num	A value to maintain the order of entries as they appear in the parish registers

Relationships

<i>TbIBMBEvent</i>		<i>TbIBMBIndivJunction</i>
Event_ID		Event_ID
1	→	∞
<i>TbIBMBEvent</i>		<i>TbIBMBRelatJunction</i>
Event_ID		Event_ID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

- Used to record vital event information drawn from parish registers and entered into the purpose built parish register entry database developed by Gill Newton. The records in this table are entirely derived (in fact the table is simply copied) from the parish register database, and these data are envisaged here simply as a means to provide context for the information about individuals which has been drawn from the parish register database, and which have been fully integrated into this database.
- Each record comprises a single vital event recorded in the parish registers.
- For more information regarding the provenance of these data, please see the separate documentation provided for the parish register database.
- This table does not appear in the data entry user interface.

¹⁴ Note that the parish is given as 'SMLB' if the event appears in the combined parish register.

5. More information about the vital events (including the individuals involved) can be found in the related tables *TblBMBIndivJunction*, *TblBMBRelatJunction* and *TblIndividualInstitution*.

2.xi: TblBMBIndivJunction - *tbl_bmb_indiv_junction.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓*	BMBIndivJunctionID	Unique ID for each record
*	PID	Unique ID of each individual (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
*	Event_ID	ID of the event(s) involving the individual (taken from <i>TblBMBEvent</i>)
	Stated_sex	Statements of gender taken from the source and entered in a standardised format in the parish register database

Relationships

<i>TblBMBEvent</i>		<i>TblBMBIndivJunction</i>
Event_ID		Event_ID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblBMBIndivJunction</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to link records in the table *TblBMBEvent* with records in the table *TblIndividualInstitution*. That is, these records link the vital event data in the former table with the integrated person data in the latter table. Each record comprises the conjunction of a specific person with a specific event. Both individuals and events can appear more than once in this table. The individuals in this table are the subjects of vital events: they are the people being baptised, married or buried.
2. More information about the vital events (including the individuals involved) can be found in the related tables *TblBMBIndivJunction*, *TblBMBRelatJunction* and *TblIndividualInstitution*.
3. The records in this table are entirely derived (in fact the table is simply copied) from the parish register database, and these data are envisaged here simply as a means to provide context for the information about individuals which has been drawn from the parish register database, and which have been fully integrated into this database.

2.xii: TblBMBRelatJunction - *tbl_bmb_relat_junction.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓*	BMBRelatJuncID	Unique ID for each record
*	PID	Unique ID of each individual (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
*	Event_ID	ID of the event(s) involving the individual (taken from <i>TblBMBEvent</i>)
	Relationship	The relationship of the relative to the subject of the vital event (i.e. the person being baptised, married or buried)
*	Related_toORIGBMBpid	The ID number of the subject of the vital event in the original parish register database (as opposed to the PID value that is used in this database)
	Residence	Information about the relative's place of residence
	Comment	Editorial comments. Annotations in the manuscript appear in quotes
	Stated_sex	Statements of gender taken from the source and entered in a standardised format in the parish register database
	Age	Any remarks regarding the age of the individual which appear in the source

Relationships

<i>TblBMBEvent</i>		<i>TblBMBRelatJunction</i>
<i>Event_ID</i>		<i>Event_ID</i>
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblBMBRelatJunction</i>
<i>PID</i>		<i>PID</i>
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to link records in the table *TblBMBEvent* with records in the table *TblIndividualInstitution*. That is, these records link the vital event data in the former table with the integrated person data in the latter table. Each record comprises the conjunction of a specific person with a specific event. Both individuals and events can appear more than once in this table. The individuals in this table are related to the subjects of vital events.
2. More information about the vital events (including the individuals involved) can be found in the related tables *TblBMBIndivJunction*, *TblBMBRelatJunction* and *TblIndividualInstitution*.
3. The records in this table are entirely derived (in fact the table is simply copied) from the parish register database, and these data are envisaged here simply as a means to provide context for the information about individuals which has been drawn from the parish register database, and which have been fully integrated into this database.

2.xiii: TblBurial - *tbl_burial.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓*	docID	Unique id of document (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
	buriedplacetype	Type of place where the individual is to be buried. For example: 'wherever'; in the churchyard; inside the church etc.
	buriedplace	Transcript/paraphrase of where the individual is to be buried
*	buriednotes	Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblBurial</i>
docID		docID
1	→	1

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about burial provision in a will. Each record comprises information about one testator's wishes for his or her burial.
2. Information about testators, recipients, the type, value and specific contents of bequests can be found in the tables *TblDocument*, *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblRelats*, *TblBequestDetail*, *TblBequestItem*, *TblBequestModeType*, *TblBequestRecipientType*, *TblBequestType* and *TblBequestValue*. Related information can be traced via respective BeqID values (or viewed via the main input interface under the 'wills' tab).

2.xiv: TblDocument - tbl_document.tab

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
✓	docID		Unique ID for source documents
*	type	<i>LookUpDocumentType</i>	Type of document – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
*	archive	<i>LookUpArchive</i>	Name/abbreviation of source archive – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
	item		Common name (and general short description) of source
	reference		Full archival reference of source
	dateday		Date day of document
	datemonth		Date month of document
	dateyear		Date year of document
	periodstart		Start of period covered by document (if not a single date)
	periodend		End of period covered by document (if not a single date)
	msdate		Transcript of date as it appears in the source
	probateday		Probate day of document (if a will)
	probatemonth		Probate month of document (if a will)
	probateyear		Probate year of document (if a will)
	msprobate		Transcript of probate date (if appropriate) as it appears in the source
	language	<i>LookUpDocumentLanguage</i>	Language of source – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
*	notes		Editorial notes about document

Relationships

<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblBequestValue</i>
docid		docid
1	→	∞
<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblBurial</i>
docid		docid
1	→	1
<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>
docid		docid
1	→	∞

<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblPreamble</i>
docid		docid
1	→	1
<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblPropEventType</i>
docid		docid
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about the source, including its date and provenance.
2. Serves as the basis for the rest of the database. Each record in this table comprises one source. Every other record in every other table can be traced back to a record in this table (although not always directly).
3. This table serves as the ‘top level’ form in the data entry interface: that is all the other forms are embedded into this one.
4. If the date of a ‘document’ or event is a period, the latest date is added into the *dateyear* field, with the period given in the format “between 1559 and 1574” entered into the *msdate* field (and the *year* field in *TblIndividualInstitution*).

2.xv: TblHearthTax - tbl_hearth_tax.tab

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	HTaxDocID	ID of tax document (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
*	HTaxPID	ID of assessed person (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
✓*	HTaxID	Unique ID of each individual's hearth tax assessment
*	HTaxGroup	ID to link individuals who are assessed as a group ¹⁵
	HTaxComment	Comments and annotations that appear within the source
	HTaxWard	The ward of hearth tax
	HTaxPrecinct	The precinct of hearth tax
	HTaxStreet	The street of hearth tax
	HTaxNoHearths	The number of hearths each individual was assessed for
*	HTaxNotes	Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblHearthTax</i>
PID		HTaxPID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information from hearth tax documents. Each record comprises the hearth tax assessment for a specific individual. If the individual appears in more than one hearth tax then s/he will appear more than once in this table.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the sources (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

¹⁵ Individuals who are assessed jointly will each have their own separate record, but they will share the same HTaxGroup value.

2.xvi: TblHouseDestr - *tbl_house_destr.tab*

PK	Field Name	Notes
*	docID	ID of source (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
✓*	HouseDestrlD	Unique ID of each record of a destroyed house
	folio	The folio that the record occurs on
	precinct	The precinct of the survey
*	PID	PID of individual (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	title	Title/honorific of individual (if any)
	forename	Forename of individual
	surname	Surname of individual
*	notes	Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblHouseDestr</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information from CLRO Alchin Papers Box F no.65 (6): 'Cheape Ward 1666, names of persons whose houses were destroyed by the fire of London 1666'.
2. Nominal information, in standardised form, is **also** added to *TblIndividualInstitution* and the related 'people' tables so as to be fully integrated with the rest of the data in the database.
3. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
4. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xvii: TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus - tbl_individual_age_marital_status.tab

Type	Field Name	LookUp	Notes
✓*	IndAgeMarStatID		Unique ID for each record of an 'age' or 'marital status' flag
*	PID		ID of individual (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	agemaritalstatus	<i>LookUpAgeMaritalStatus</i>	Age/marital status flag – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record assigned codes to indicate the marital status, age and 'lifecycle' of person, in order to provide some parameters to analyse individuals in terms of age and social and economic standing. Each record comprises a separate lifecycle flag for an individual.
2. Each person can (and usually will) have multiple records in this table.
3. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
4. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xviii: TblIndividualInstitution - tbl_individual_institution.tab

Type	Field Name	LookUp	Notes
*	docID		Unique ID for source documents (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
✓*	PID		Unique id for individuals and institutions ¹⁶
	forename	<i>LookUpForenames</i>	The individual's forename: standardised and modernised – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
	surname		The individual's surname as it appears in the source
	origname		The individual's forename as it appears in the source
	institution		The name if the record applies to an institution
	gender		The individual's gender (m,f,u)
	county	<i>LookUpCounty</i>	The county of residence of an individual/institution – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
	place		Town or village (or indeed other geographical information) of the individual/institution
	parish	<i>LookUpParishRef</i>	The parish of individual/institution – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
	year		Year of individual/institution's involvement in an event ¹⁷
	occupation		Occupation of individual as it appears in the source
*	notes		Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>
docID		docID
	1 →	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>Tbl1695</i>
PID		PID
	1 →	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblHearthTax</i>
PID		HTax PID
	1 →	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus</i>

¹⁶ This has not been normalised at all: this table strictly speaking contains information about *names* rather than *individuals*, so if the same individual appears in more than one source, they will have a separate record (and a separate PID) in this table for every appearance in the sources.

¹⁷ Note that this may not be the same year as the provenance of the document if the source covers a period.

PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblIndividualRole</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblIndividualStatus</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblInstitutionType</i>
PID		institutionID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblPoll</i>
PID		poll PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblPropIndiv</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblRelats</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblHouseDestr</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblSubsidy</i>
PID		SubsidyPID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblBMBRelatJunction</i>

PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblIBMBIndivJunction</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblWindow</i>
PID		WindowTaxPID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblParishLists</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblTithes</i>
PID		TithePID
1	→	∞
<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblAids</i>
PID		TaxPid
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about people and institutions. Each record comprises information about a distinct *agent* in a source, be it an individual or an institution of some kind.
2. People and institutions are treated as equal, although institutions do not have entries in the *forename* and *surname* fields.
3. This table acts as the basis for all other tables dealing with information about people (i.e. in the input interface, this table serves as the master form for other child tables to be embedded in). This table is the ‘hub’ for all of the related tables containing information about individuals.
4. When London parishes are entered in the *parish* field, the form of the value is taken from the table *LookUpParishRef*. Parishes outside London have been entered ‘manually’.
5. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
6. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xix: TblIndividualRole - *tbl_individual_role.tab*

Type	Field Name	LookUp	Notes
✓*	IndRoleID		Unique ID of each role 'flag'
*	PID		PID of individual or institution (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	role	<i>LookUpIndivRole</i>	A code to indicate the role the individual/institution is playing within the source – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblIndividualRole</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record the role that a person or institution plays in a particular source or event (e.g. testator, 'property taker', secular officer, individual being assessed for a tax or subsidy etc.).
2. People can (and usually will) have many roles and consequently many records in this table.
3. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
4. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xx: TblIndividualStatus - *tbl_individual_status.tab*

Type	Field Name	LookUp	Notes
✓*	IndStatusID		Unique ID of each social/economic status 'flag'
*	PID		PID of individual/institution (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	status	<i>LookUpStatus</i>	A code to indicate the social/economic status of the individual/institution – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblIndividualStatus</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record indicators of a person's social and economic status (including any titles, honorifics, offices etc.).
2. People can (and usually will) have many status indicators and consequently many records in this table.
3. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
4. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxi: TblInstitutionType - *tbl_institution_type.tab*

Type	Field Name	LookUp	Notes
✓*	institutionID		ID of institution (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>) ¹⁸
✓	institutiontype	<i>LookUpInstitutionType</i>	Institution type – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblInstitutionType</i>
PID		institutionID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record the type of institutions entered in *TblIndividualInstitution*.
2. Institutions can have many ‘type’ indicators and consequently many records in this table.
3. Information about the institutions and their role, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
4. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

¹⁸ In fact this value is the PID from *TblIndividualInstitution*.

2.xxii: TblParishLists - tbl_parish_lists.tab

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓*	ParListID	Unique ID of each individual's assessment within each parish listing/assessment
*	DocID	ID of the source (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
*	PID	PID of assessed individual (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
*	GlobalPropID	ID of the house that the individual is occupying (where known) ¹⁹
	Assessment	The assessment of the individual
	WeekAssess	The weekly assessment of the individual
*	Notes	Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblIndividualStatus</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record indicators of a person's social and economic status (including any titles, honorifics, offices etc.).
2. People can (and usually will) have many status indicators and consequently many records in this table.
3. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
4. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

¹⁹ These global IDs are taken from the individual property narratives in the 'Cheapside Gazetteer': D. Keene and V. Harding, (1987) *Historical gazetteer of London before the Great Fire - Cheapside; parishes of All Hallows Honey Lane, St Martin Pomary, St Mary le Bow, St Mary Colechurch and St Pancras Soper Lane*.

2.xxiii: TblPoll - tbl_poll.tab

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	COMBIPollID	ID value used to combine the records for the parish of SMLB which appear in the separate Cordwainer and Cheap ward sources for the respective poll ²⁰
*	PollDocID	ID of poll tax source (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
✓*	PollID	Unique ID of each individual's poll tax assessment
*	PollPID	PID of assessed person (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	PollGender	Gender of individual
	PollPage	The page of the source that each record appears on
	PollParish	Parish of poll tax
	PollDate	The date of the poll tax
*	LVL1Block	ID to maintain groups of individuals from the same 'block' as indicated in source – employs the rules of the PIP 'four level' domestic unit system ²¹
*	COMBILVL1Block	ID to maintain 'block' groups for the combined Cheap and Cordwainer ward SMLB poll tax records – employs the rules of the PIP 'four level' domestic unit system
*	LVL2HH	ID to maintain groups constituting a 'household' – employs the rules of the PIP 'four level' domestic unit system
*	COMBILVL2HH	ID to maintain 'HH' groups for the combined Cheap and Cordwainer ward SMLB records – employs the rules of the PIP 'four level' domestic unit system
*	LVL3FAM	ID to maintain groups constituting a 'family' – employs the rules of the PIP 'four level' domestic unit system
*	COMBILVL3FAM	ID to maintain groups constituting a 'family' for the combined Cheap and Cordwainer ward SMLB records – employs the rules of the PIP 'four level' domestic unit system
*	LVL4Unit	ID to maintain Level 4 'unit' divisions – employs the rules of the PIP 'four level' domestic unit system
*	COMBILVL4Unit	ID to maintain Level 4 'unit' divisions for the combined Cheap and Cordwainer ward SMLB records – employs the rules of the PIP 'four level' domestic unit
*	PollAssessGroup	ID to link individuals who are assessed as a group ²²
	PollTitle	Title/honorific of assessed person
	PollFirstName	First name of assessed person
	PollSurname	Surname of assessed person
	PollOccup	Occupation of assessed person
	PollRelation	Description of relationship between this subject and head of household (as determined by LVL2HH value)
*	PollNotes	Editorial notes. Comments appearing in the source are entered in quotes.
	PollAssess	Assessment of the individual. A value preceded by "g###" indicates that the assessed amount is a group/joint total, and the same value will have been entered for all the individuals in the group

²⁰ Records with PollDocID values 153 and 315 have COMBIPollID value 1; 154 and 339 have the value 2; 155 and 316 have the value 3; 156 and 340 have the value 4; and 157 and 341 have the value 5.

²¹ In the four-level system a 'Block' corresponds approximately to a house or dwelling. Those individuals sharing a 'block' will also share the same LVL1Block value. The same is true for the household, family and unit fields.

²² All jointly assessed individuals will share the same PollAssessGroup value.

	PollWard	The ward of the poll tax
*	BLOCKMarr	No of married couples in the BLOCK (house)
*	BLOCKChild	No of children in the BLOCK (house)
*	BLOCKLodger	No of lodgers in the BLOCK (house) - only incidents of explicitly labelled lodgers/boarders have been counted ²³
*	BLOCKBach	No of bachelors in the BLOCK (house)
*	BLOCKServs	No of servants/apprentices/nurses/journeymen in the BLOCK (house) ²⁴
*	BLOCKExtend	Whether the BLOCK includes extended family (more than one generation; brother/sister of the householder; father/mother/uncle/aunt/kinsman/kinswoman/cousin of the householder)
*	BLOCKPoor	No of poor, inmates, parish children or pensioners in the BLOCK (house)
*	BLOCKPart	Whether the BLOCK (house) houses individuals who are identified as 'partners'
*	BLOCKApps	No of apprentices in the BLOCK (house)
*	BLOCKSpin	No of spinsters in the BLOCK (house)
*	BLOCKWidow	No of widows in the BLOCK (house)
*	BLOCKWidowers	No of widowers in the BLOCK (house)
*	HHMarr	No of married couples in the household
*	HHChild	No of children in the household
*	HHLodger	No of lodgers in the household - only incidents of explicitly labelled lodgers/boarders have been counted ²⁵
*	HHBach	No of bachelors in the household
*	HHServ	No of servants/apprentices/nurses/journeymen in the household ²⁶
*	HHExtend	Whether the household includes extended family (more than one generation; brother/sister of the householder; father/mother/uncle/aunt/kinsman/kinswoman/cousin of the householder)
*	HHPoor	No of poor, inmates, parish children or pensioners in the household
*	HHPart	Whether the household houses individuals who are identified as 'partners'
*	HHApp	No of apprentices in the household
*	HHSpin	No of spinsters in the household
*	HHWidow	No of widows in the household
*	HHWidower	No of widowers in the household
*	FAMMarr	No of married couples in the family
*	FAMChild	No of children in the family
*	FAMLodger	No of family members listed as lodgers
*	FAMBach	No of family members listed as bachelors
*	FAMServ	No of family members listed as servants ²⁷
*	FAM3Gen	Whether the family includes 3 generations elements (values: y/n/poss)
*	FAMExtend	Whether the family includes other extended elements (values:y/n/poss) - includes adult brother/sister and aunt/uncles
*	FAMApp	No of family members listed as apprentices
*	FAMSpin	No of family members listed as spinsters
*	FAMWidow	No of family members listed as widows
*	FAMWidower	No of family members listed as widowers

²³ Where an individual has been recorded as 'there', they have not been treated as a lodger.

²⁴ 'Warehouseman' has not been included here.

²⁵ Where an individual has been recorded as 'there', they have not been treated as a lodger.

²⁶ 'Warehouseman' has not been included here.

²⁷ 'Warehouseman' has not been included here.

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblPoll</i>
PID		PollPID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information from poll tax records.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxiv: TblProp - tbl_prop.tab

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
*	DocID		ID of document (taken from <i>Tbl/Document</i>)
✓*	PropID		Unique ID of property ²⁸
*	GlobalPropId		ID of the house that the individual is occupying (where known) ²⁹
	PropType	LookUpPropTypes	Type of property – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
	PropDesc		Description of the property (transcript)
	LocationDesc		Description of the property's location (transcript)
	Parish		Parish of property
	Street		Street of property
	NoRooms		Description (not necessarily a number) ³⁰
	PropConditionDesc		Description of the condition of the property
	PropHistoryDesc		Description of property history
	StreetFrontage		Whether property has street frontage (y/n)
	Shop		Whether property includes a shop (y/n)
	PropDimension		Transcription of any information about the dimensions of the property's footprint, and/or rooms and yards
	MultiDwelling		Whether property comprises multiple dwellings (y/n)
	LandDesc		Description (transcript) of any associated parcels of land
	SepStructures		Description of any associated separate structures (sheds, backhouses, brewhouses)
	Cellar		Whether property includes a cellar (y/n)
*	PropNotes		Editorial notes about the property

Relationships

<i>TblProp</i>		<i>TblPropEventJunction</i>
PropID		PropID
1	→	∞
<i>TblProp</i>		<i>TblPropIndiv</i>
PropID		PropID

²⁸ As with records of individuals (in *Tbl/Individual/Institution*) the records of information about properties in this table has not been normalised. That is, every time a property is mentioned in different sources it will be entered as a new and separate record in this table.

²⁹ These global IDs are taken from the individual property narratives in the 'Cheapside Gazetteer': D. Keene and V. Harding, (1987) *Historical gazetteer of London before the Great Fire - Cheapside; parishes of All Hallows Honey Lane, St Martin Pomary, St Mary le Bow, St Mary Colechurch and St Pancras Soper Lane*.

³⁰ Information about the rooms themselves is entered into *TblPropRoom*. This includes information about shops.

1	\rightarrow	∞
<i>TblProp</i>		<i>TblPropRoom</i>
PropId		PropId
1	\rightarrow	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about properties. Each record comprises information about a separate property.
2. The same property can have many records if it appears in multiple sources.
3. This table acts as the 'hub' for all the tables containing information about properties. All of the related information about properties and the events they are involved can be viewed together via the 'property' tab of the data entry interface.
4. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
5. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxv: TblPropEventJunction - *tbl_prop_event_junction.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	DocID	ID of document (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
✓*	PropEventID	ID of property event, the event involving a property (taken from <i>TblPropEventType</i>)
✓*	PropID	ID of property (taken from <i>TblProp</i>)

Relationships

<i>TblPropEventType</i>		<i>TblPropEventJunction</i>
PropEventID		PropEventID
1	→	∞
<i>TblProp</i>		<i>TblPropEventJunction</i>
PropID		PropID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to act as a junction table to connect *TblProp* with *TblPropEventType*: i.e. to deal with the ‘many to many’ relationship between properties and property events (a property can have many events associated with it, and an event can involve many properties).
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxvi: TblPropEventType - *tbl_prop_event_type.tab*

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
*	DocID		ID of source (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
✓*	PropEventID		Unique ID for each event involving a property
	EventType	<i>LookUpPropEventType</i>	Type of event involving a property – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
*	PropEventTypeNotes		Editorial notes relating to the property event

Relationships

<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblPropEventType</i>
docID		docID
1	→	∞
<i>TblPropEventType</i>		<i>TblPropEventJunction</i>
PropEventID		PropEventID
1	→	∞
<i>TblPropEventType</i>		<i>TblPropLease</i>
PropEventID		PropEventID
1	→	1

Description/Notes

1. Used to record the type of 'event' involving a property (lease/sale/survey etc.). Each record comprises a distinct event involving a property.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxvii: TblPropIndiv - tbl_prop_indiv.tab

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
✓*	PropID		ID of property (taken from <i>TblProp</i>)
✓*	PID		ID of person (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
✓	Role	<i>LookUpPropIndivRoleType</i>	The role of individual in the property event (e.g. occupier, leaseholder, tenant, surveyor etc.) – a standardised value drawn from a controlled vocabulary
	RoleDesc		Description (transcript) of the individual's connection with the property and their role within the property event

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblPropIndiv</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞
<i>TblProp</i>		<i>TblPropIndiv</i>
PropID		PropID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about individuals involved in property events: specifically, about their role in the property event.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxviii: TblPropLease - tbl_prop_lease.tab

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	DocID	ID of document (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
*	PropEventID	ID of property event (taken from <i>TblPropEventType</i>)
✓*	LeaseID	Unique ID of lease
	LeaseTerm	Term (in years) of the lease
	LeaseStart	Date of lease start
	LeaseRent	The rent payable
	LeaseFine	Entry fine (if any)
	LeaseConditions	Conditions of lease (if any)
*	LeaseNotes	Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblPropEventType</i>		<i>TblPropLease</i>
PID		PID
1	→	1

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about leases involved in property events (e.g. the creation of new leases, the transfer of leases, disputes about or petitions for leases etc.).
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxix: TblPropRoom - *tbl_prop_room.tab*

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	PropID	ID of property (taken from <i>TblProp</i>)
✓*	RoomID	Unique ID of the room in property
	Room	Standardised description of room
	RoomDesc	Description of room (transcript), including full details of location, use, size etc
	RoomLocation	Description of location of room
	RoomFloor	Description of floor of room

Relationships

<i>TblProp</i>		<i>TblPropRoom</i>
PropId		PropId
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about rooms involved in property events. Each record comprises information about a single room.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxx: TblRelats - tbl_relats.tab

Type	Field Name	Look Up	Notes
✓*	RelatID		Unique ID of each relationship
*	PID		PID of person 1 (from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	RelatedTo		PID of person person 1 is related to (from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	Relationship	<i>LookUpRelat</i>	Nature of relationship
	RelatNotes		Notes/transcript on relationship

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblRelats</i>
PID		PID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

- Used to record information about the relationships between people. Each record comprises information about one type of relationship between two individuals.
- Any two individuals can share more than one type of relationship, and thus more than one record in this table.
- Relationship data is directly related to person data (that is, relationship records are 'anchored' to individual records): consequently the relationship has been added via the data entry interface to both the individuals involved in the relationship. For example: Person A is the father of Person B. The relationship record for Person A would read 'father' and the relationship record for Person B would read 'son' (or 'daughter'). Both relationship records would reference the relevant PID values.
- Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
- Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

2.xxi: TblSubsidy - tbl_subsidy.tab

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	SubsidyDocID	ID of the source document (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
*	SubsidyPID	ID of the assessed individual (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
*	SubsidyGroup	ID to link individuals who are assessed as a group ³¹
	SubsidyAssess	Amount individual is assessed at. A value preceded by "g###" indicates that the assessed amount is a group/joint total, and the same value will have been entered for all the individuals in the group
	SubsidyAmount	The subsidy to be paid by the individual. A value preceded by "g###" indicates that the assessed amount is a group/joint total, and the same value will have been entered for all the individuals in the group
	SubsidyElsewhere	Information on whether the individual is liable for assessment or has been assessed elsewhere
*	SubsidyNotes	Editorial notes
✓*	SubsidyID	Unique ID of each subsidy assessment record

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblSubsidy</i>
PID		SubsidyPID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about subsidy assessments. Each record comprises an individual's assessment for a specific subsidy.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

³¹ All jointly assessed individuals will share the same SubsidyGroup value.

2.xxi: TblTithes - tbl_tithes.tab

Type	Field Name	Notes
*	DocID	ID of source (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
*	TithePID	PID of individual assessed for tithe (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
✓*	TitheID	Unique ID of each individual's tithe assessment
	PropType	Type of property used in assessment
	GlobalPropId	ID of the house that the individual is occupying (where known) ³²
	Location	Statement of geographical location of tithe payer
	RentModValued	Rent moderately valued
	TitheAssessment	Tithes due on rent moderately valued
	TithePaid	Tithes paid for the present year
*	TitheNotes	Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblDocument</i>		<i>TblTithes</i>
docID		DocID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about tithe assessments. Each record comprises an individual's assessment for a specific tithe.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

³² These global IDs are taken from the individual property narratives in the 'Cheapside Gazetteer': D. Keene and V. Harding, (1987) *Historical gazetteer of London before the Great Fire - Cheapside; parishes of All Hallows Honey Lane, St Martin Pomary, St Mary le Bow, St Mary Colechurch and St Pancras Soper Lane*.

2.xxiii: TblWindow - tbl_window.tab

Type	Field Name	Notes
✓*	WindowTaxID	Unique ID of each window tax assessment record
*	WindowTaxDocID	ID of source (taken from <i>TblDocument</i>)
*	WindowTaxPID	ID of individual assessed for window tax (taken from <i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>)
	WindowTaxWard	Ward of the window tax assessment
	WindowTaxPrecinct	Precinct of the window tax assessment
	WindowTaxLights	Number of lights
	WindowTaxAssess	Assessment
*	WindowTaxNotes	Editorial notes

Relationships

<i>TblIndividualInstitution</i>		<i>TblWindow</i>
PID		WindowTaxPID
1	→	∞

Description/Notes

1. Used to record information about window tax assessments. Each record comprises an individual's assessment for a specific window tax.
2. Information about the individuals, their role, status and lifecycle indicators, and their relationships to other individuals can be found in the tables *TblIndividualInstitution*, *TblIndividualRole*, *TblIndividualStatus*, *TblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus* and *TblRelats*. Related records in these tables can be identified by respective PID values.
3. Information about the source (including dates and references) can be found in *TblDocument* via respective DocID values.

3: Look Up Tables

Look Up Tables are tables where each record is a value (usually a code, or flag) that can be chosen for a field in another table. In other words Look Up Tables provide a list of possible values for a field that employs a controlled vocabulary. Each Look Up Table is associated to one field in another table. For the relevant fields for each of the following Look Up Tables used in the PIP database, see the full table listings in Section 2.

3.i: LookUpAgeMaritalStatus

Values	Description
adult children	has children over the age of minority
aged	is aged
bachelor	bachelor
child	is listed as a child
children	has children of unknown age/minority
childrenminor	has underage children
deadchild	has dead children
elder	described as elder
grandchildren	has grandchildren
hasapprentice	has apprentice
hasgodchildren	has godchildren
hasservant	has a servant
helpless	is described as being helpless
householder	is a householder
ifliving	is mentioned as someone who may or may not be alive ³³
infant	is an infant
inmate	is described as inmate
isapprentice	is an apprentice
isdead	is dead
isillegitimate	is illegitimate
isservant	is a servant
journeyman	is explicitly described as journeyman
junior	junior
livinggrandparent	has at least one living grandparent
livingparent	has at least one living parent
lodger	is a lodger
maiden	is a maiden
married	is married
minor	is a minor
multimarriage	has been married more than once
niece nephew	has a living niece or nephew
old	described as old

³³ Usually in the context of a testamentary bequest.

Values	Description
orphan	orphan
pregnant	is pregnant
senior	senior
sibling	has one or more living sibling
siblingadultchild	has siblings with adult children
siblingchildren	sibling has children of undetermined age
siblingminorchild	has siblings with minor children
single	is single
spinster	is explicitly a spinster
unborn	is unborn
uncleaunt	has an uncle or aunt living
widow	is a widow
widower	is a widower
young	described as young
younger	described as younger

3.ii: LookUpArchive

Values
Suffolk Record Office, Bury St Edmunds
Public Record Office, London
British Library, London
London Guildhall
London Metropolitan Archive
Mercers Company
Corporation of London Record Office
Lambeth Palace Record Office
CMH
Other

3.iii: LookUpBequestModeType

Values	Description
normal	Normal bequest
conditional	Conditional bequest
reversionary	Reversionary bequest
period	Bequest to cover a period of time
multiple	Bequest combines multiple gifts, object or bequests (NOT that there are multiple recipients)
place	Bequest involves gifts/objects from a particular place
premortem	Gift given before will made or before death of testator
unknown	Unknown or unfinished bequest

Values	Description
instruction	An instruction rather than an actual bequest

3.iv: LookUpBequestRecipType

Values	Description
family	Recipient is a family member of testator
servant	Recipient is a servant of testator
employee	Recipient is an employee of testator
employer	Recipient is the employer of testator
highaltar	Recipient is a high altar
tithes	Recipient is tithes forgotten
friend	Recipient is a friend
business	Recipient is a non-friend, non-family business contact
company	Recipient is a Company/fraternity/society
religious	Recipient is to serve a religious function
institutional	Recipient is an institution
knownpoor	Recipient is a named poor person
poorhh	Recipient is unnamed poor householder
hospital	Recipient is poor in hospital
prison	Recipient is poor in prison
poorparish	Recipient is poor of a particular parish
apprentice	Recipient is apprentice of testator
unknown	Recipient has unknown relationship to test
genericpoor	Recipient is generic poor
poorprisoners	Recipients are generic poor prisoners
poormaidens	Recipients are generic poor maidens
genericfriends	Recipients are generic friends
genericapprentice	Recipients are unnamed apprentices
exec	Recipient is exec (use where bequest is for pains)
super	Recipient is super (use where bequest is for pains)
childrenhospital	Recipients are children in hospital
godchild	Recipient is godchild
tenant	Recipient is tenant
charity	Recipient is a charitable target
civic	Recipient is a civic target
poorscholar	Recipient is an unspecified poor scholar
poorkin	Recipient is a poor kinsman/kinswoman
poorhosp	Recipient is a poor inmate of a hospital
school	Recipient is a school

3.iv: LookUpBequestType

Values	Description
all goods	all goods
annuity	The bequest is of an annuity if from lands, give details
arms	weapons and armour
bedding	including linen and the bed itself
book	books
cash	cash bequest - only use for actual cash bequests, choose another category if possible
cloth	cloth (ie unfinished material)
clothes	any bequest of clothing
crops	all fruit, cereals, vegetables
deadstock	meats
debtsowedbytest	debts owed by testator
debtstotest	debts owed to testator
education	bequest made for education of someone (i.e. the 'gift' is that of a paid-for education)
foodstuff	any kind of non-raw food (e.g. bread as opposed to wheat)
fuel	any bequest involving fuel
funeralclothes	e.g black gown
furniture	all furniture (not including bedding or storage)
hhlinen	towels, napkins, table cloths
hhstuff	generic unspecified hh stuff
indenture	indenture/years in apprenticeship (the waiving of)
jewel	jewellery including rings
land	land bequest
lease	lease bequest
livestock	livestock
plate	plate
property	property bequest
rawmaterials	anything that is neither 'fuel' or 'crops' that an unfinished item
resid	general residue
residgoods	residue of goods
softfurnish	soft furnishings - cushions, carpets
storage	including chests, cupboards, presses etc.
unknown	the object is bequeathed is unknown
wares	wares (i.e. stock from a business)
writings	all 'practical' writings and papers other than books (inc deeds, bills, bonds etc)

3.v: LookUpCounty

VALUES
suffolk
norfolk
kent
middlesex

Values
leicestershire
essex
london
hertfordshire
oxfordshire
cambridgeshire
cheshire
somerset
devon
cumberland
lincolnshire
northamptonshire
bedfordshire
berkshire
surrey
yorkshire

3.vi: LookUpDocumentLanguage

Language
Latin
English
French
Latin/English

3.vii: LookUpDocumentType

Document Type
will
inventory
deed
inhabitants list
court record
parish register
vestry record
tithe record
poll tax
company record
sentence

Document Type
national tax
cheapside gaz ³⁴

3.viii: LookUpForenames

Values
Aaron
Abel
Abigail
Abraham
Adam
Adrian
Agatha
Agnes
Alan
Albert
Alborne
Alexander
Alice
Alison
Allard
Ambrose
Amity
Amy
Anabel
Andrew
Angel
Anne
Anthony
Arabella
Ariana
Arnold
Aron
Arthur
Audry
Augustin
Austin
Avyse
Baldwin
Baptist

³⁴ D. Keene and V. Harding, (1987) *Historical gazetteer of London before the Great Fire - Cheapside; parishes of All Hallows Honey Lane, St Martin Pomary, St Mary le Bow, St Mary Colechurch and St Pancras Soper Lane.*

Values
Barbara
Bartholomew
Basil
Beatrice
Benedict
Benjamin
Bennet
Bernard
Blackabourn
Blanch
Bowler
Bowser
Brian
Bridget
Caleb
Cassandra
Cecily
Charity
Charles
Christian
Christopher
Claire
Clement
Constance
Corbett
Cornelia
Cornelius
Cuthbert
Damaris
Damerons
Daniel
David
Deborah
Delicia
Denise
Dennis
Derek
Diana
Dinah
Donsanie
Dorcas
Dorothy
Dorrington
Dorset
Dudley
Duncan
Easter

Values
Ebenezer
Edith
Edmund
Edward
Eleanor
Elias
Elisha
Elizabeth
Ellen
Ellis
Emanuel
Emery
Emma
Enoch
Ephraim
Erasmus
Esther
Eustace
Eve
Ezekial
Faith
Felix
Ferdinand
Fiducia
Florence
Flower
Fortune
Foulke
Fran.
Frances
Francis
Frederick
Gabriel
Garthred
Gawain
Geoffrey
George
Gerard
Gertrude
Gideon
Gilbert
Giles
Gillian
Godfrey
Godfrey
Godley
Godwin

Values
Grace
Gregory
Griffin
Grizell
Guthlake
Hall
Hamber
Hamrott
Hannah
Harman
Harry
Harvey
Hawise
Helen
Hendon
Henry
Herbert
Hercules
Hersie
Hester
Holland
Honor
Hope
Hugh
Hulday
Hulin
Humphrey
Ickabod
Isaac
Isabel
Israel
Jacob
James
Jane
Janet
Jasper
Jenny
Jeremiah
Jeremy
Jerome
Jervis
Jetro
Joan
Job
Joel
Johanna
John

Values
Jonas
Jonathan
Joseph
Joshua
Josiah
Joyce
Judah
Judith
Julia
Julian
Junsttinian
Kasiah
Katherine
Kelham
Lach
Lancelot
Lawrence
Lee
Lennox
Leonard
Letitia
Lewis
Lionel
Lister
Lucretia
Lucy
Luke
Lydia
Mabel
Magdalene
Margaret
Margery
Marion
Mark
Marmaduke
Martha
Martin
Mary
Mathew
Mathias
Matilda
Maude
Maurice
Mercy
Meriel
Michael
Mildred

Values
Miles
Milicent
Morgan
Morris
Moses
Moyles
Nathaniel
Neve
Newcomb
Newman
Nicholas
Nigel
Nowell
Obediah
Ofley
Olive
Oliver
Oswald
Othinell
Ottiwell
Owen
Parnell
Patience
Patrick
Paul
Penelope
Percival
Peregrine
Peter
Petronilla
Pheobe
Philadelphia
Philip
Phillippa
Philoman
Phineas
Priscilla
Prudence
Rachel
Ralph
Randall
Randolph
Ratcliff
Raymond
Rebecca
Regalia
Reginald

Values
Rhoda
Rice
Richard
Robert
Robin
Roger
Roland
Roles
Rose
Rowen
Ruth
Sampson
Samuel
Sansbury
Sarah
Sebastian
Sefronica
Self
Seth
Seymour
Sherington
Sibil
Simon
Soloman
Sophia
Spencer
Stephen
Susan
Susannah
Sylvester
Tabitha
Terry
Theodore
Theophilus
Thomas
Thomasine
Timothy
Tobias
Ursula
Valentine
Vincent
Virgil
Walter
Walwin
Wilfrid
William
Winifred

Values
Wylbram
Zacheriah

3.ix: LookUpIndividualRole

Values	Description
test	Testator
recip	Recipient of a gift in will, deed or grant. This does not include individuals who receive something as part of business transaction, even if nothing is actually paid for it
exec	Executor of a will
family	Family member of testator (in will), or of other individual in document. Only applied when the family member plays no other evident role
wit	Witness to document
business	Individual with unspecified trade/business relationship to other individual in document
creditor	Individual who is creditor to other individual in document
debtor	Individual who is debtor to other individual in document
relig	Individual who has a religious/spiritual relationship to other individual in document (e.g. named confessor, parish priest of an individual)
employer	Individual who is employer of other individual in document
employee	Individual who is employee of other individual in document
friend	Individual who is attested friend of other individual in document. Only applied when the friend plays no other evident role
plaintiff	Plaintiff in court case
defendant	Defendant in court case
secofficer	Individual who only appears in document in their official capacity (e.g. alderman, bailiff): usually the event takes place 'in the presence of ...'
religofficer	Individual who only appears in document in their official capacity (e.g. judge, sacrist): usually the event takes place 'in the presence of ...'
invent	Subject of an inventory
apprentice	Person is apprentice of subject
super	Overseer in will
patron	Patron of subject or someone else
mention	Person is mentioned
servant	Individual is servant
nattaxassess	Individual is being assessed for a national tax
partaxassess	Individual is being assessed locally
proptake	Individual is 'taking' possession of prop
propgive	Individual is 'giving' possession of prop
propmention	Individual is mention in prop event
propoccup	Individual is occupier (or late occupier) of prop
proprent	Individual is responsible for paying rent

Values	Description
propowner	Individual owns property
inhablist	Individual is listed in a non-tax assessment inhabitants' list
bmbrelatburial	Individual is a relation mentioned in a burial
bmbrelatbaptism	Individual is a relation mentioned in a baptism
bmbmarriagesubject	Individual is a subject in a marriage
bmbburialssubject	Individual is the subject in a burial
bmbbaptismssubject	Individual is the subject in a baptism
bmbrelatmarriage	Individual is a relation mentioned in a marriage
bmbblank	Individual is the subject in a baptism/burial/marriage where there's no EventID from parish register database
bmbrelatblank	Individual is the relation of a subject in a baptism/burial/marriage where there's no EventID from parish register database

3.x: LookUpInstitutionType

Values	Description
parishchurch	Parish Church
socialgild	Non occupational gild
company	London Company
hospital	hospital
prison	prison
church	church/congregation other than a parish church
university	university
college	college
friary	friary
market	market
emptyhouse	empty house
mayorcommon	mayor and commonalty of city
bridgewardens	bridge wardens
relihouse	religious house
priory	priory

3.xi: LookUpItemType

Values
cash
beads
ring
flockbed
cup
cloak
cloth
shirt
salt
chain
cushion
carpet
chest
featherbed
standingbed
tester
sheets
vestment
gown
jacket
doublet
apparel
dagger
coat
goblet
towel
pot
spoons
coverlet
bed
ruby
basin
ewer
basin + ewer
tablecloth
napkin
standingcup
hangings
suit
tankard
dish
boots
necklace
jewel

Values
watch
plate
porringer

3.xii: LookUpParishRef

Values	Glass Ref. No. ³⁵
all hallows honey lane	4
st bartholomew the less	100
st giles without cripplegate	107
st lawrence old jewry	44
st mary le bow	62
st mary magdalene milk street	65
st olave southwark	108
st vedast	97
st martin ironmonger lane	53
st mary colechurch	63
st pancras soper lane	88
St Botolph Aldgate	102

3.xiii: LookUpPropEventType

Values	Description
grant	The grant of a property/parcel of land
sale	The sale of a property/parcel of land
alienation	The alienation of a property/parcel of land
lease	The making/granting of a lease
survey	The survey of a property/parcel of land
rebuilding	The rebuilding of a property
rent	The payment of a rent
assign	The assigning of a property/parcel of land
assessment	The property being involved as unit for assessment of parish/national tax
leaserev	The making/granting of a lease in reversion
quitclaim	A property/parcel of land being quitclaimed
recovery	A property/parcel of land being recovered
demolish	A property/parcel of land being demolished
tenancy	A simple statement that someone was a tenant/occupant (with no further details)
agreement	An agreement is reached about property (only used if no other event types apply)

³⁵ Taken from D.V. Glass *London Inhabitants Within the Walls 1695* (London Record Society, vol.II) 1966, pp.xli-xlii.

Values	Description
repair	Repairs being made to property
petition	A petition involving a property (usually a petition for a new lease)
quitrent	The payment of a quitrent
ownership	A statement of ownership about a property where nothing else is known
occupancy	A statement of residency where nothing else is known
foundation	A foundation laid (post-Fire)
compensation	The payment of compensation
dispute	A dispute over a property
sublet	An instance of subtenancy
division	A statement of the division of a property

3.xiv: LookUpPropIndivRoleType

Values	Description
grantor	Individual is granting a property
grantee	Individual is being granted a property
occupier	Individual is current occupier of a property
lateoccup	Individual is late occupier of a property
leaseholder	Individual holds a lease
leasegiver	Individual is assigning a lease
leasetaker	Individual is receiving a lease
buyer	Individual is buying a property
seller	Individual is selling a property
alienate	Individual is alienating a property
petition	Individual is petitioning for a lease
rebuilder	Individual is rebuilding a property
surveyor	Individual is surveying a plot, or is requesting or ordering a survey
tenant	Individual is a tenant (occupying or not)
rentpayer	Individual is paying rent
assess	Individual is assessed for something in property (not necessarily a specific property)
quitclaimer	Individual is quitclaiming
recoverer	Individual is recovering property against someone
recovervs	Individual is being recovered against by someone
owner	Individual is the owner of a property (only use this when there are no further details)
neighbour	Individual is a neighbour
lateowner	Individual was late owner
quitowner	Individual is the owner of a quit rent
quitpayer	Individual is the payer of a quit rent
subtenant	Individual is a subtenant
freeholder	Individual is a freeholder
dispute	Individual is involved in a dispute over a property
subletter	Individual subletting to another

3.xv: LookUpPropTypes

PropType
tenement
messuage
void plot
house
tenement or messuage
messuage with houses
messuage and tenement
plot
cellar
land
toft

3.xvi: LookUpRelat

Values
husband
wife
mother
father
friend
son
daughter
uncle
nephew
niece
cousin
kinsman
servant
apprentice
aunt
brother
sister
employee
master
employer
child
bro/sister
brother in law
sister in law
father in law

Values
mother in law
son in law
daughter in law
granddaughter
grandson
grandfather
grandmother
tenant
landlord
niece/nephew
business
godmother
godfather
godson
goddaughter
illegitchild
stepfather
stepmother
stepson
stepdaughter
partner
greatnephew
greatniece
greaunt
greatuncle
assign
assigner
exec
lodger
super
parent
godchild

3.xvii: LookUpStatus

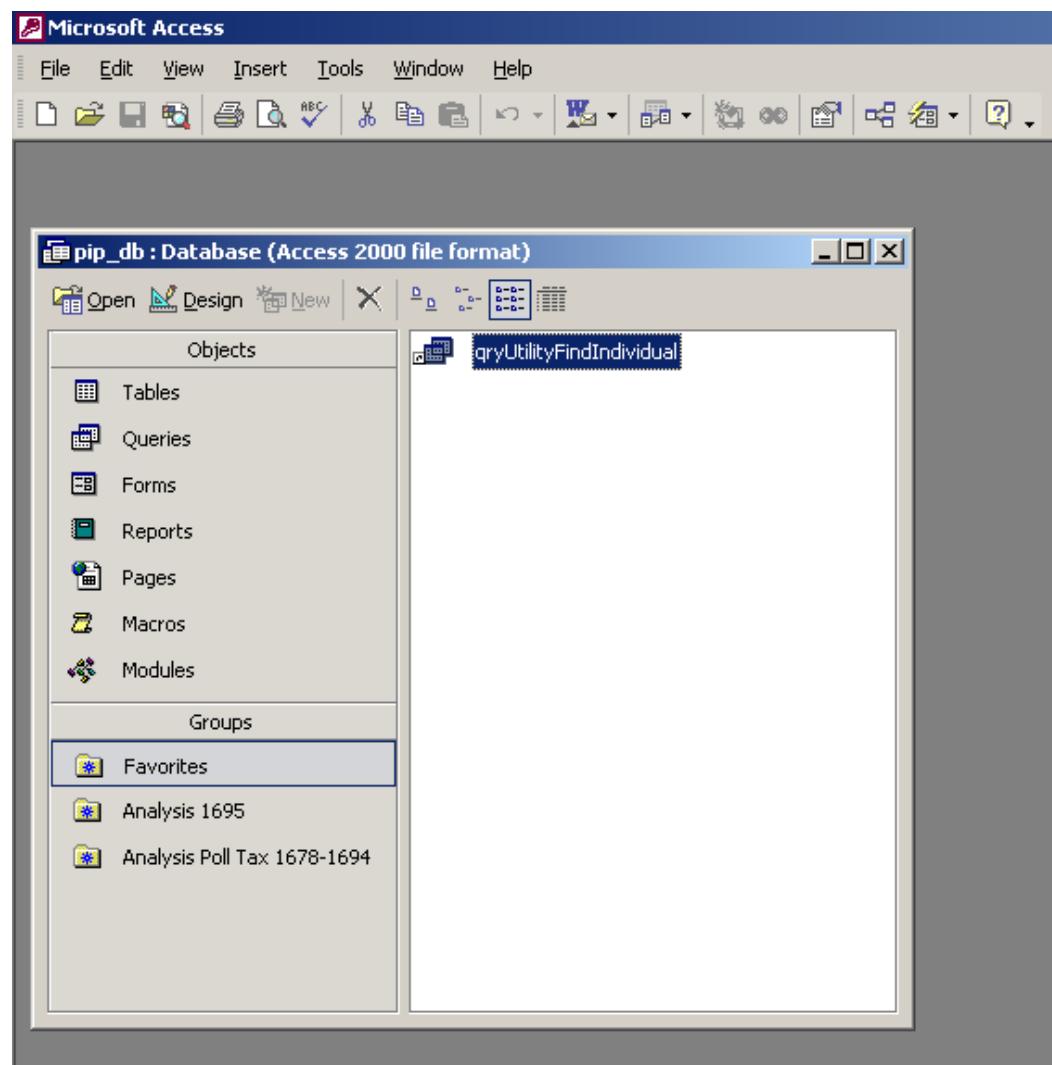
Values	Description
alderman	Individual is currently alderman
apprentice	Individual is an apprentice
archbishop	Individual is an archbishop
bailiff	Individual is currently a bailiff
baron	individual is entitled baron
beadlelist	Individual is listed in beadles' returns (without honour/quality identified)
bishop	Individual is a bishop
black	Individual is black

Values	Description
captain	Individual is a captain
chamberlainLondon	Individual is a chamberlain of London
churchwarden	Individual is currently a churchwarden
citizen	Individual is a citizen
civicofficer	Individual is a civic officer - eg constable
clerk	Individual is a clerk
colonel	individual is entitled colonel
companyfree	Individual is free of a company
companyofficer	Individual is an officer of a company
constable	individual is constable
dame	Individual is entitled dame
deputy	Individual is entitled deputy
dr	Individual is entitled doctor
drlaw	Individual is entitled dr at law
drphys	Individual is entitled doctor at physic
duke	Individual is a duke
earl	Individual is an earl
esquire	Individual is entitled esquire
exalderman	Individual is ex alderman
exbailiff	Individual is an ex bailiff
father	Individual is described as 'father'
foundling	Individual is a foundling
freeco	Individual is free of a company
gentleman	Individual is a gentleman
gentlewoman	Individual is entitled gentlewoman
goodwife	Individual is entitled goodwife
honourable	Individual is entitled honourable
householder	Individual is a parishioner
illegitimate	Individual is illegitimate
inmate	Individual is described as inmate
journeyman	Individual is explicitly a journeyman
justice	Individual is entitled justice
king	Individual is king
knight	Individual is entitled knight
knight bar	Individual is entitled kt and bar
lady	Individual is entitled lady
lodger	Individual is a lodger
lordeccles	Individual is entitled lord, and is ecclesiastical
LordMayor	Individual is Lord Mayor
lordsec	Individual is entitled lord, and is laity
ltcol	Individual is entitled Lt Col
madam	Individual is entitled madam
major	Individual is entitled major
master	Individual is entitled master
mistress	Individual is entitled mistress
mother	Individual is described as 'mother'
mp	Individual is a member of parliament

Values	Description
mr	Individual is entitled mister
mrs	Individual is entitled mrs
officer	Individual is described as officer
overseas	Individual's nationality is from overseas (ie not GB)
papist	individual is papist
parishchild	described as parish child
parishclergy	Individual is parish clergy
parishioner	Individual is a parishioner
parishofficer	Individual is a parochial officer (not including churchwarden)
pensioner	Individual is described as pensioner
poor	Individual is poor
preacher	Individual is a preacher
RightHon	Individual is entitled Right Honourable
roman cathollic	individual is labelled a roman catholic
royalofficer	Individual is a royal officer/servant
sergeant	Individual is a sergeant
servant	Individual is a servant
sir	Individual is entitled sir
sister	Individual is entitled sister
stranger	Individual is entitled stranger
worshipful	Individual is entitled worshipful
yeoman	Individual is a yeoman

4: Queries

A number of the queries generated during the analysis stages of the *People in Place* project have been left in the database for illustrative purposes (almost one thousand others have been removed). The first query below is indicative of the kinds of record linkage that has been performed, whilst the second and third groups of queries are examples of statistical analysis that has been conducted. These queries can be quickly located via the 'Groups' tabs appearing on the left-hand side of the database window beneath the Objects tabs listing tables, queries, forms etc.



4.i: qryUtilityFindIndividual - qry_utility_find_individual.tab

This query is a simple search query which will locate nominated specific individuals appearing in the data regardless of the sources that mention them. The data for this query is held in the tables *TblDocument* and *TblIndividualInstitution*.

4.ii: Analysis 1695

This group of queries comprises the project's statistical examination of the Marriage Duty Act

assessment returns. The data for these queries is held in the table *Tbl1695*.

4.iii: Analysis Poll Tax 1678-1694

This group of queries comprises the project's statistical examination of the Marriage Duty Act assessment returns. The data for these queries is held in the table *TblPoll*.

5: Technical Documentation: Table/Field/Index Properties

5.i: Note

The following technical specification of the PIP database was generated automatically by the Documenter tool in Microsoft Access (via the menus: Tools/Analyze/Documenter).

Table: LookUpAgeMaritalStatus

Page: 1

Properties

DateCreated:	18/11/2003 18:06:23	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {BD5724EE-334F-486C-B4A5-3762BD9EA32F}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:25:51
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderBy:	
LookUpAgeMaritalStatus.age			maritalstatus
OrderByOn:	True	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	47	Updatable:	True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
maritalstatusid	Long Integer	4
agemaritalstatus	Text	255
agemaritalstatusdesc	Text	255

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
maritalstatusid	1
Fields:	
maritalstatusid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
maritalstatusid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:17:48	GUID:	{guid {BB3E0E6D-1177-4FBE-97E3-9C683F302EA6}}
LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:25:54	NameMap:	Long binary data
OrderByOn:	False	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	10	Updatable:	True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
archiveid	Long Integer	4
archivename	Text	50
archiveabbrev	Text	6

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
archiveid	1
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: archiveid	Ascending
Fields: archiveid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:17:54	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {B507DE4B-8F31-434A-9091-E7E02EDE7903}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:25:57
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	9
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
Beqtypeid	Long Integer	4
Beqmodetype	Text	20
Beqtypenotes	Text	100

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
Beqtypeid	1
Fields:	
Beqtypeid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
Beqtypeid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	18/11/2003 18:07:56	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {6F99A1BF-3C41-4A29-AF5F-A544E5C076F3}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:00
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	34
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
bequestrecipid	Long Integer	4
bequestrecip	Text	25
note	Text	100

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
bequestrecipid	1
Fields:	
bequestrecipid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
bequestrecipid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:18:07	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {55A2FC49-13A6-4369-8472-3ED47A1BF8A5}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:02
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderBy:	
LookUpBequestType.Bequest			type
OrderByOn:	True	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	34	Updatable:	True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
Bequesttypeid	Long Integer	4
Bequesttype	Text	15
Bequesttypenote	Text	100

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
Giftpid	1
Fields:	
Bequesttypeid	Ascending
Primarykey	1
Fields:	
Bequesttypeid	Ascending

Properties

DatasheetBackColor:	16777215	DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:18:13
GUID:	{guid {F5366B93-BDC4-48FC-9103-96FF3C6EDA9F}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:05
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	20
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
countyid	Long Integer	4
county	Text	20

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
countyid	1
Fields: countyid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: countyid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:18:18	GUID:	{guid {D4796EBA-0638-47F7-}
LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:07	NameMap:	808E-1C203B66370D}}
OrderByOn:	False	Orientation:	Long binary data
RecordCount:	4	Updatable:	Left-to-Right
			True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
languageid	Long Integer	4
language	Text	15

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
languageid	1
Fields: languageid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: languageid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:18:29	GUID:	{guid {0F9C40A1-66BD-4CDB-8E9F-
LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:10	NameMap:	Long binary data
OrderByOn:	False	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	13	Updatable:	True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
doctypeid	Long Integer	4
doctypedescription	Text	25

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
doctypeid	1
Fields:	
doctypid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
doctypid	Ascending

Properties

DatasheetBackColor:	16777215	DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:18:34
DefaultView:	Datasheet	GUID:	{guid {BFB8AADC-0071-4620-8B37-
936EAB919E92)}			
LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:13	NameMap:	Long binary data
OrderBy:	LookUpForenames.forename	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	318
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
forenameid	Long Integer	4
forename	Text	15

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
forename	1
Fields: forename	Ascending
forenameid	1
Fields: forenameid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: forenameid	Ascending

Properties

DatasheetBackColor:	16777215	DatasheetCellsEffect:	Flat
DatasheetGridlinesBehavior	Both	DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:18:40
DefaultView:	Datasheet	GUID:	{guid {F4035A83-2E5F-
4D82-			BEB1-4DA3522ADF69}}
LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:15	NameMap:	Long binary data
OrderByOn:	False	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	39	RowHeight:	495
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
individualroleid	Long Integer	4
roleabbrev	Text	50
role	Text	255

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: individualroleid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:18:56	GUID:	{guid {7CCB0A2-5FCC-4849-B67E-EF0774C164B4}}
LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:18	NameMap:	Long binary data
OrderByOn:	False	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	15	Updatable:	True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
institutiontypeid	Long Integer	4
institutiontype	Text	15
institutiontypenotes	Text	100

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: institutiontypeid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:19:13	GUID:	{guid {15A33206-42BD-44C9-}
LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:21	NameMap:	B12B-65C1AE882FF3}}
OrderByOn:	False	Orientation:	Long binary data
RecordCount:	47	Updatable:	Left-to-Right
			True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
ItemId	Long Integer	4
ItemName	Text	50
ItemDescription	Text	50

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
ItemId	1
Fields:	
ItemName	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
ItemDescription	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/04/2004 09:42:04	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {C91B6704-478F-4BEF-B2FD-44B73D981AC2}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:26
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	12
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
parishid	Long Integer	4
parish	Text	50
glassNo	Long Integer	4

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
parishid	1
Fields:	
parishid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
parishid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	18/03/2004 17:39:57	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {C96AAD43-3F4B-4DFD-9508-1B189C5AA426}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:29
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	25
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
PropEventTypeId	Long Integer	4
PropEventType	Text	50
PropEventTypeNotes	Memo	-

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
PropEventTypeId	Ascending
PropEventTypeId	1
Fields:	
PropEventTypeId	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	19/03/2004 12:14:04	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {AF753331-D5F1-4D3C-96C1-E82C41886250}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:32
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	28
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
PropIndivRoleId	Long Integer	4
PropIndivRoleType	Text	50
PropIndivRoleTypeNotes	Memo	-

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
PropIndivRoleId	1
Fields:	
PropIndivRoleType1	1
Fields:	
PropIndivRoleType	1

Properties

DateCreated:	18/03/2004 17:36:11	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {7BFB5E0A-A81D-4ADB-BD4D-	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:35
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	11
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
PropTypeid	Long Integer	4
PropType	Text	50

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
id	1
Fields:	
PropTypeid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
PropTypeid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	20/11/2003 10:18:01	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {06B80E6F-46C1-4885-9C67-1047D1A37984}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:37
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	57
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
relatid	Long Integer	4
relat	Text	50
relatdesc	Text	15

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
archiveid	1
Fields:	
relatid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
relatid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:19:19	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {A83062B3-CC4A-4D1A-94ED-	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:26:40
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderBy:	LookUpStatus.status
OrderByOn:	True	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	77	Updatable:	True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
statusid	Long Integer	4
status	Text	25
statusdescription	Text	255

Table Indexes

	Name	Number of Fields
	PrimaryKey	1
	Fields: statusid	Ascending
statusid	Fields: statusid	1
	Fields: statusid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	09/03/2004 10:24:17	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {3F79A57F-71A5-4AEA-8622-8B69C08A35F1}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:03:03
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	4411
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
1695DocId	Long Integer	4
Parish	Text	50
1695Sort	Long Integer	4
1695Pid	Long Integer	4
1695Gender	Text	1
ResidenceLocation	Text	200
forename	Text	50
surname	Text	50
RelatStatus	Text	255
1695Notes	Memo	-
LVL1House	Long Integer	4
LVL2Household	Long Integer	4
LVL3Family	Long Integer	4
LVL4Unit	Double	8
FAMMarr	Long Integer	4
FAMChild	Long Integer	4
FAMLodger	Long Integer	4
FAMBach	Long Integer	4
FAMServ	Long Integer	4
FAM3Gen	Text	50
FAMExtend	Text	50
FAMApp	Long Integer	4
FAMSpinster	Long Integer	4
FAMWidow	Long Integer	4
FAMWidower	Long Integer	4
HHMarr	Long Integer	4
HHChild	Long Integer	4
HHLodger	Long Integer	4
HHBach	Long Integer	4
HHServ	Long Integer	4
HHExtend	Text	1
HHPoor	Long Integer	4
HHPart	Text	50
HHApp	Long Integer	4
HHSpin	Long Integer	4
HHWidow	Long Integer	4
HHWidower	Long Integer	4
BLOCKMarr	Long Integer	4
BLOCKChild	Long Integer	4
BLOCKLodger	Long Integer	4

	Page:	20
BLOCKBach	Long Integer	4
BLOCKServ	Long Integer	4
BLOCKExtend	Text	1
BLOCKPoor	Long Integer	4
BLOCKPart	Text	50
BLOCKApp	Long Integer	4
BLOCKSpin	Long Integer	4
BLOCKWidow	Long Integer	4
BLOCKWidower	Long Integer	4
Burials	Text	10
Births	Text	10
Marriages	Text	10
BachWidower	Text	10
code1Status	Text	50
code2RoleinUnit	Text	50
code3Gender	Text	50
code41stSubUnit	Text	50
code5MaritalStatus	Text	50
Code6ChildStatus	Text	50
Code7Rating	Text	50

Relationships

TblIndividualInstitutionTbl1695

TblIndividualInstitution	Tbl1695
pid	1 ∞ 1695Pid

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
1695DocId	1
Fields:	
1695DocId	Ascending
1695Pid	1
Fields:	
1695Pid	Ascending
code1Status	1
Fields:	
code1Status	Ascending
code2RoleinUnit	1
Fields:	
code2RoleinUnit	Ascending
code3Gender	1
Fields:	
code3Gender	Ascending
code41stSubUnit	1

Fields:	
code41stSubUnit	Ascending
code5MaritalStatus	1
Fields:	
code5MaritalStatus	Ascending
Code6ChildStatus	1
Fields:	
Code6ChildStatus	Ascending
Code7Rating	1
Fields:	
Code7Rating	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
1695Sort	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTbl1695	1
Fields:	
1695Pid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	04/03/2004 14:28:43	DefaultView:	Datasheet
Filter:	((TblAids.TaxWard Is Null))	GUID:	{guid {7DEE04AC-1FA7-46BC-BB27-52167CD5A747}}
52167CD5A747}			
LastUpdated:	07/01/2008 12:18:57	NameMap:	Long binary data
OrderBy:	TblAids.TaxAidID	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	1551
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
TaxAidID	Long Integer	4
TaxDocId	Long Integer	4
TaxPid	Long Integer	4
TaxGroup	Long Integer	4
TaxWard	Text	50
TaxParish	Text	50
TaxComment	Text	50
TaxLandlord	Text	50
TaxInhab	Text	50
TaxWater	Text	50
TaxNotes	Memo	-

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblAids**

TblIndividualInstitution	TblAids
pid	1 ∞ TaxPid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
pid	1
pid1	1
PrimaryKey	1
TblIndividualInstitutionTblAids	1

Table: TblAids

Fields:
TaxPid

Ascending

Page: 23

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:06:55	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {0464A542-9C68-440C-A64C-2117A8CFB22B}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 10:34:42
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	904
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
BequestId	Long Integer	4
Bequestdescription	Memo	-

Relationships**TblBequestValueTblBequestDescription**

TblBequestValue		TblBequestDescription
beqid	1	1 BequestId

Attributes: Unique, Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-One

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
BequestId	1
Fields:	
BequestId	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
BequestId	Ascending
TblBequestValueTblBequestDescription	1
Fields:	
BequestId	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:01	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {7EAAA5BD-39C6-402E-BE7D-	LastUpdated:	07/01/2008 18:15:15
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	123
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
ItemId	Long Integer	4
ItemDetailColour	Text	50
ItemDetailMaterial	Text	50
ItemDetailProvenance	Text	50
ItemDetailDecoration	Text	50
ItemDetailGeography	Text	50
ItemDetailNotes	Memo	-

Relationships**TblBequestItemTblBequestDetail**

TblBequestItem	1	1	TblBequestDetail
ItemId		ItemId	

Attributes: Unique, Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-One

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
BequestId	1
Fields:	
ItemId	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
ItemId	Ascending
TblBequestItemTblBequestDetail	1
Fields:	
ItemId	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:07	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {202ECA07-B100-41E2-B699-0000858C0A90}}	LastUpdated:	07/01/2008 18:22:15
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	125
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
BequestId	Long Integer	4
ItemId	Long Integer	4
ItemType	Text	50
ItemDescription	Text	255

Relationships**TblBequestItem-TblBequestDetail**

TblBequestItem		TblBequestDetail	
ItemId	1	1	ItemId

Attributes:	Unique, Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-One

TblBequestValue-TblBequestItem

TblBequestValue		TblBequestItem	
beqid	1	∞	BequestId

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
BequestId	1
Fields:	
BequestId	Ascending
ItemId	1
Fields:	
ItemId	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
ItemId	Ascending

Table: TblBequestItem
TblBequestValue TblBequestItem
Fields:
BequestId

1

Ascending

Page: 27

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:27:20	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {FB4A911E-AA73-499D-935E-A4A194D91ED4}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 12:14:33
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	1033
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
beqid	Long Integer	4
beqmodetype	Text	50

Relationships**TblBequestValue**

TblBequestValue		TblBequestModeType
beqid	1	∞

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
beqid	1
PrimaryKey	2
Fields:	
beqid	Ascending
Fields:	
beqid	Ascending
beqmodetype	Ascending
TblBequestValue	1
Fields:	
beqid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:14	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {F639FE04-CA58-48FE-A93A-DAD079FEA64C}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 12:18:54
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	1530
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
beqrecipid	Long Integer	4
bequestid	Long Integer	4
recipype	Text	50
recipid	Long Integer	4

Relationships**TblBequestValue**->**TblBequestRecipientType**

TblBequestValue		TblBequestRecipientTy
beqid	1	∞ bequestid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
beqrecipid	1
Fields: beqrecipid	Ascending
bequestid	1
Fields: bequestid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: beqrecipid	Ascending
recipid	1
Fields: recipid	Ascending
TblBequestValue	1
Fields: bequestid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:21	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {18B1E493-93A8-4228-BD2F-28C496E6B75B}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 12:23:23
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	1154
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
Beqid	Long Integer	4
Bequesttype	Text	50

Relationships**TblBequestValueTblBequestType**

TblBequestValue	TblBequestType	
beqid	1	∞

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
Beqid	1
Fields:	
Beqid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	2
Fields:	
Beqid	Ascending
Bequesttype	Ascending
TblBequestValueTblBequestType	1
Fields:	
Beqid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:27	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {20AE21F5-FD1D-4BA9-A966-	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 10:34:42
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	922
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
docid	Long Integer	4
beqid	Long Integer	4
value1	Long Integer	4
values	Long Integer	4
valued	Long Integer	4
value	Text	100
totalvalued	Long Integer	4
note	Memo	-

Relationships**TblBequestValue-TblBequestDescription**

TblBequestValue		TblBequestDescription
beqid	1	1 BequestId
Attributes:		Unique, Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-One

TblBequestValue-TblBequestItem

TblBequestValue		TblBequestItem
beqid	1	∞ BequestId
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

TblBequestValue-TblBequestModeType

TblBequestValue		TblBequestModeType
beqid	1	∞ beqid
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

TblBequestValueTblBequestRecipientType

TblBequestValue	TblBequestRecipientTy	
beqid	1	∞ bequestid

Attributes:
RelationshipType:

Enforced
One-To-Many

TblBequestValueTblBequestType

TblBequestValue	TblBequestType	
beqid	1	∞ Beqid

Attributes:
RelationshipType:

Enforced
One-To-Many

TblDocumentTblBequestValue

TblDocument	TblBequestValue	
docid	1	∞ docid

Attributes:
RelationshipType:

Enforced
One-To-Many

Table Indexes

	Name	Number of Fields
	beqid1	1
	Fields: beqid	Ascending
docid	Fields: docid	1
	PrimaryKey	1
	Fields: beqid	Ascending
TblDocumentTblBequestValue	Fields: docid	1
	Fields: docid	Ascending

Properties

DatasheetFontHeight:	9	DatasheetFontItalic:	False
DatasheetFontName:	Arial	DatasheetFontUnderline:	False
DatasheetFontWeight:	Normal	DatasheetForeColor:	33554432
DateCreated:	07/09/2005 19:51:13	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {55B8472F-6676-43C5-AB8D-1875A8819B6B}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 20:15:07
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderBy:	TbIBMBEvent.Event_id
OrderByOn:	True	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	18532	RowHeight:	300
SubdatasheetExpanded:	False	SubdatasheetHeight:	0
SubdatasheetName:	[Auto]	TabularCharSet:	0
TabularFamily:	34	Updatable:	True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
Event_id	Long Integer	4
Event_date	Date/Time	8
Parish	Text	50
Event	Text	50
Unrelated_memo	Memo	-
Marriage_authorisation	Text	50
Licence_issuer	Text	50
Memo	Text	255
Marriage_location	Text	255
Reg_Order_Num	Long Integer	4

Relationships**TbIBMBEventTbIBMBIndivJunction**

TbIBMBEvent		TbIBMBIndivJunction
Event_id	1	∞ Event_id
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

TbIBMBEventTbIBMBRelatJunction

TbIBMBEvent		TbIBMBRelatJunction
Event_id		Event_ID
Attributes:		Not Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
Event_id	1
Fields:	
Event_id	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
Event_id	Ascending
Reg_Order_Num	1
Fields:	
Reg_Order_Num	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	07/09/2005 20:26:49	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {84FDF0EA-4B9E-4AC4-ADC7-4B9330900715}}	LastUpdated:	08/01/2008 12:43:16
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	22346
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
BMBIndivJunctionID	Long Integer	4
pid	Long Integer	4
Event_id	Long Integer	4
stated_sex	Text	255

Relationships**TbIBMBEventTbIBMBIndivJunction**

TbIBMBEvent	TbIBMBIndivJunction	
Event_id	1	∞ Event_id
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTbIBMBIndivJunction

TblIndividualInstitution	TbIBMBIndivJunction	
pid	1	∞ pid
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
Event_id	1
Fields:	
Event_id	Ascending
PARREG_EventTbIBMB	1
Fields:	
Event_id	Ascending
pid	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending

Table: TblBMBIndivJunction

Page: 36

PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
BMBIndivJunctionID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndivBMB	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	07/09/2005 21:24:47	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {F4ACE3A1-0BD9-496D-B20C-17E7213A330B}}	LastUpdated:	08/01/2008 14:18:59
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	19096
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
BMBRelatJuncID	Long Integer	4
PID	Long Integer	4
Event_ID	Double	8
Relationship	Text	255
Related_toORIGBMBpid	Double	8
Residence	Text	255
comment	Text	255
stated_sex	Text	255
Age	Text	255

Relationships**TblIBMBEvent**

TblIBMBEvent
Event_id

TblBMBRelatJunction

Event_ID

Attributes: Not Enforced
RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitution

TblIndividualInstitution
pid

TblBMBRelatJunction1 ∞ PID

Attributes: Enforced
RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
Event_id	1
Fields:	
Event_ID	Ascending
pid	1

Table: TblBMBRelatJunction

Page: 38

Fields:	
PID	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
BMBRelatJuncID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblBMBRelatJunct	1
Fields:	
PID	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:34	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {DCC18F97-C3F5-49B9-9579-5E5D550F397D}}	LastUpdated:	08/01/2008 15:11:08
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	36
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
docid	Long Integer	4
buriedplacetype	Text	50
buriedplace	Text	255
buriednotes	Memo	-

Relationships**TblDocumentTblBurial**

TblDocument	TblBurial	
docid	1	1 docid

Attributes: Unique, Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-One

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
docid	1
Fields: docid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: docid	Ascending
TblDocumentTblBurial	1
Fields: docid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:40	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {F6EC12C6-3CEB-4D6F-AA03-E28634D73F2D}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 19:39:16
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	592
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
docid	Long Integer	4
type	Text	50
archive	Text	50
Item	Text	50
reference	Text	50
dateday	Integer	2
datemonth	Integer	2
dateyear	Integer	2
periodstart	Long Integer	4
periodend	Long Integer	4
msdate	Text	100
probateday	Integer	2
probatemonth	Integer	2
probateyear	Integer	2
msprobate	Text	100
language	Text	50
notes	Memo	-

Relationships**TblDocument-TblBequestValue**

TblDocument		TblBequestValue	
docid		1	∞
			docid
Attributes:	Enforced		
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many		

TblDocument-TblBurial

TblDocument		TblBurial	
docid		1	1
			docid
Attributes:	Unique, Enforced		
RelationshipType:	One-To-One		

TblDocumentTblIndividualInstitution

TblDocument		TblIndividualInstitution
docid	1	∞ docid
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

TblDocumentTblPropEventType

TblDocument		TblPropEventType
docid	1	∞ DocId
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
docid	1
Fields:	Ascending
docid	1
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	Ascending
docid	

Properties

DateCreated:	05/03/2004 12:42:06	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {1CBD4A4F-ADE7-4D38-AAD5-9D3A488C1529}}	LastUpdated:	08/01/2008 17:12:51
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	438
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
HTaxDocID	Long Integer	4
HTaxPID	Long Integer	4
HTaxID	Long Integer	4
HTaxGroup	Long Integer	4
HTaxComment	Text	50
HTaxWard	Text	50
HTaxPrecinct	Text	50
HTaxStreet	Text	50
HTaxNoHearths	Text	5
HTaxNotes	Memo	-

Relationships

TblIndividualInstitutionTblHearthTax	
TblIndividualInstitution	TblHearthTax
pid	1 ∞ HTaxPID
Attributes: RelationshipType:	Enforced One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
pid	1
Fields: HTaxDocID	Ascending
pid1	1
Fields: HTaxPID	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: HTaxID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblHearthTax	1
Fields: HTaxPID	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	05/05/2004 14:36:14	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {B4D39494-580B-441E-90C3-6F109CC63A5F}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 19:41:45
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	209
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
docid	Long Integer	4
HouseDestRID	Long Integer	4
folio	Text	50
Precinct	Text	50
pid	Long Integer	4
Title	Text	50
Forename	Text	50
Surname	Text	50
Notes	Memo	-

Relationships

TblIndividualInstitution	TblHouseDestr
pid	1 ∞ pid
Attributes: RelationshipType:	Enforced One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
docid	1
Fields: docid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: HouseDestRID	Ascending
sortid	1
Fields: HouseDestRID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblHouseDestr	1

Table: TblHouseDestr

Fields:

pid

Ascending

Page: 44

Properties

DateCreated:	29/04/2004 13:47:01	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {FCC9598C-9791-40FE-8632-BD042DD4782A}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 19:41:57
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	41238
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
IndAgeMarStatID	Long Integer	4
pid	Long Integer	4
agemaritalstatus	Text	50

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus**

TblIndividualInstitution	TblIndividualAgeMarit
pid	1 ∞ pid

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
IndAgeMarStatID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualAge	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending

Table: TbIIIndividualInstitution

Page: 46

Properties

DatasheetBackColor:	16777215	DatasheetCellsEffect:	Raised
DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:53	DefaultView:	Datasheet
Filter:	((TblIndividualInstitution.doc 478D-	GUID:	{guid {7E3AE964-9958- id=584}})
LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:03:03	NameMap:	Long binary data
OrderBy:	TblIndividualInstitution.pid	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	60812
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
docid	Long Integer	4
pid	Long Integer	4
forename	Text	50
surname	Text	50
origfname	Text	50
institution	Text	50
gender	Text	1
county	Text	20
place	Text	100
parish	Text	50
year	Long Integer	4
occupation	Text	50
notes	Memo	-

Relationships

TbIDocument TbIIndividual Institution

TblDocument		TblIndividualInstitution
docid	1	∞ docid
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

TbII Individual Institution Tbl1695

TblIndividualInstitution	Tbl1695
pid	1 ∞ 1695Pid
Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblAids

TblIndividualInstitution	TblAids		
pid	1	∞	TaxPid
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblBMBRelatJunction

TblIndividualInstitution	TblBMBRelatJunction		
pid	1	∞	PID
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblParishLists

TblIndividualInstitution	TblParishLists		
pid	1	∞	Pid
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblHearthTax

TblIndividualInstitution	TblHearthTax		
pid	1	∞	HTaxPID
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblHouseDestr

TblIndividualInstitution	TblHouseDestr		
pid	1	∞	pid
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblBMBIndivJunction

TblIndividualInstitution	TblBMBIndivJunction
pid	1 ∞ pid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualAgeMaritalStatus

TblIndividualInstitution	TblIndividualAgeMarit
pid	1 ∞ pid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualRole

TblIndividualInstitution	TblIndividualRole
pid	1 ∞ pid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualStatus

TblIndividualInstitution	TblIndividualStatus
pid	1 ∞ pid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblInstitutionType

TblIndividualInstitution	TblInstitutionType
pid	1 ∞ institutionid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblPoll

TblIndividualInstitution	TblPoll		
pid	1	∞	PollPid
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblPropIndiv

TblIndividualInstitution	TblPropIndiv		
pid	1	∞	PID
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblRelats

TblIndividualInstitution	TblRelats		
pid	1	∞	Pid
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblSubsidy

TblIndividualInstitution	TblSubsidy		
pid	1	∞	SubsidyPID
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblTithes

TblIndividualInstitution	TblTithes		
pid	1	∞	TithePid
Attributes:			Enforced
RelationshipType:			One-To-Many

TblIndividualInstitutionTblWindow

TblIndividualInstitution	TblWindow
pid	1 ∞ WindowTaxPid
Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
docid	1
Fields:	
docid	Ascending
pid	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending
TblDocumentTblIndividualInstitution	1
Fields:	
docid	Ascending

Properties

DatasheetBackColor:	16777215	DatasheetCellsEffect:	Raised
DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:16:58	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {692FEC9A-C8C7-44D6-8875-C1F175D9FD4A}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 19:42:20
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	62247
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
IndRoleID	Long Integer	4
pid	Long Integer	4
role	Text	50

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualRole**

TblIndividualInstitution	TblIndividualRole
pid	1 ∞ pid

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
pid	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
IndRoleID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualRole	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:17:04	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {82555DDE-87EF-47C3-94AD-72049FACA010}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 19:42:31
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	11574
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
IndStatusID	Long Integer	4
pid	Long Integer	4
status	Text	50

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualStatus**

TblIndividualInstitution	TblIndividualStatus
pid	1 ∞ pid

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
pid	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
IndStatusID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblIndividualStat	1
Fields:	
pid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	15/10/2002 14:17:10	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {9B7C5123-B41C-440F-A1E7-C5349F43F118}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 13:43:17
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	257
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
institutionid	Long Integer	4
institutiontype	Text	50

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblInstitutionType**

TblIndividualInstitution		TblInstitutionType
pid	1	∞

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
institutionid	1
Fields:	
institutionid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	2
Fields:	
institutionid	Ascending
institutiontype	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblInstitutionType	1
Fields:	
institutionid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	09/03/2004 23:11:26	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {88DAB5DE-E4D5-4335-85C7-D55A921D5193}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 19:43:15
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	3192
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
ParListID	Long Integer	4
DocId	Long Integer	4
Pid	Long Integer	4
GlobalPropId	Text	50
Assesment	Text	50
WeekAssess	Text	50
Notes	Memo	-

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblParishLists**

TblIndividualInstitution		TblParishLists
pid	1	∞ Pid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
DocId	1
Fields: DocId	Ascending
GlobalPropId	1
Fields: GlobalPropId	Ascending
Pid	1
Fields: Pid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: ParListID	Ascending
SortId	1
Fields: ParListID	Ascending

Table: TblParishLists

TblIndividualInstitutionTblGLMS5026vol1i 1

Fields:

Pid Ascending

Page: 55

Properties

DateCreated:	22/10/2004 09:53:05	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {FD7BBC1A-7E28-486C-A94A-71F56F85E42B}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 19:43:27
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	7368
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
COMBIPollID	Text	2
PollDocId	Long Integer	4
PollID	Long Integer	4
PollPid	Long Integer	4
PollGender	Text	1
PollPage	Long Integer	4
PollParish	Text	255
PollYear	Text	50
LVL1Block	Long Integer	4
COMBILVL1Block	Long Integer	4
LVL2HH	Long Integer	4
COMBILVL2HH	Long Integer	4
LVL3FAM	Long Integer	4
COMBILVL3FAM	Long Integer	4
LVL4Unit	Long Integer	4
COMBILVL4Unit	Long Integer	4
PollAssessGroup	Long Integer	4
PollTitle	Text	255
PollFirstName	Text	255
PollSurname	Text	255
PollOccup	Text	255
PollRelation	Text	255
PollNotes	Text	255
PollAssess	Text	255
PollWard	Text	50
BLOCKMarr	Long Integer	4
BLOCKChild	Long Integer	4
BLOCKLodger	Long Integer	4
BLOCKBach	Long Integer	4
BLOCKServs	Long Integer	4
BLOCKExtend	Text	50
BLOCKPoor	Long Integer	4
BLOCKPart	Text	50
BLOCKApps	Long Integer	4
BLOCKSpin	Long Integer	4
BLOCKWidow	Long Integer	4
BLOCKWidowers	Long Integer	4
HHMarr	Long Integer	4
HHChild	Long Integer	4
HHLodger	Long Integer	4

Table: TblPoll		Page: 57
HHBach	Long Integer	4
HHServ	Long Integer	4
HHExtend	Text	50
HHPoor	Long Integer	4
HHPart	Text	50
HHApp	Long Integer	4
HHSpin	Long Integer	4
HHWidow	Long Integer	4
HHWidower	Long Integer	4
FAMMarr	Long Integer	4
FAMChild	Long Integer	4
FAMLodger	Long Integer	4
FAMBach	Long Integer	4
FAMServ	Long Integer	4
FAM3Gen	Text	50
FAMExtend	Text	50
FAMApp	Long Integer	4
FAMSpinsters	Long Integer	4
FAMWidow	Long Integer	4
FAMWidower	Long Integer	4

Relationships

TblIndividualInstitutionTblPoll

TblIndividualInstitution		TblPoll
pid	1	∞ PollPid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
COMBIPollId	1
Fields:	
COMBIPollId	Ascending
PollDocId	1
Fields:	
PollDocId	Ascending
PollPid	1
Fields:	
PollPid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
PollID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblPoll	1
Fields:	
PollPid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	31/01/2004 15:29:42	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {8CFBAD22-631F-45FF-8012-E1E318A48E81}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 19:49:57
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	442
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
DocId	Long Integer	4
PropId	Long Integer	4
GlobalPropId	Text	50
PropType	Text	50
PropDesc	Memo	-
LocationDesc	Memo	-
Parish	Text	50
Street	Text	50
NoRooms	Text	50
PropConditionDesc	Memo	-
PropHistoryDesc	Memo	-
StreetFrontage	Yes/No	1
Shop	Yes/No	1
PropDimension	Memo	-
MultiDwelling	Yes/No	1
LandDesc	Memo	-
SepStructures	Memo	-
Cellar	Yes/No	1
PropNotes	Memo	-

Relationships**TblPropTblPropEventJunction**

TblProp	TblPropEventJunction	
PropId	1	∞ PropId

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblPropTblPropIndiv

TblProp	TblPropIndiv	
PropId	1	∞ PropId
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

TblPropTblPropRoom

TblProp	TblPropRoom	
PropId	1	∞ PropId
Attributes:		Enforced
RelationshipType:		One-To-Many

Table Indexes

		Number of Fields
Name		
DocId		1
Fields:		
DocId		Ascending
GlobalPropId		1
Fields:		
GlobalPropId		Ascending
PrimaryKey		1
Fields:		
PropId		Ascending
PropId		1
Fields:		
PropId		Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	27/02/2004 17:58:32	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {579D8A38-1381-4947-9B43-BDC9C313B293}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 10:34:43
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	539
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
DocID	Long Integer	4
PropEventId	Long Integer	4
PropId	Long Integer	4

Relationships**TblPropEventType-TblPropEventJunction**

TblPropEventType		TblPropEventJunction
PropEventId	1	∞ PropEventId

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblProp-TblPropEventJunction

TblProp		TblPropEventJunction
PropId	1	∞ PropId

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
DocID	1
Fields: DocID	Ascending
PrimaryKey	2
Fields: PropEventId	Ascending
PropId	Ascending
PropEventId	1
Fields: PropEventId	Ascending

Table: TblPropEventJunction

Page: 61

PropId	1
Fields:	
PropId	Ascending
TblPropEventType	1
Fields:	
PropEventId	Ascending
TblPropTblPropEventJunction	1
Fields:	
PropId	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	31/01/2004 15:06:35	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {96A50463-9372-43F2-94F2-A5A304E0D863}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 10:34:43
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	459
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
DocId	Long Integer	4
PropEventId	Long Integer	4
EventType	Text	50
PropEventTypeNotes	Memo	-

Relationships**TblDocument-TblPropEventType**

TblDocument		TblPropEventType
docid	1	∞ DocId

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblPropEventType-TblPropEventJunction

TblPropEventType		TblPropEventJunction
PropEventId	1	∞ PropEventId

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

TblPropEventType-TblPropLease

TblPropEventType		TblPropLease
PropEventId	1	1 PropEventId

Attributes: Unique, Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-One

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields

Table: TblPropEventType

DocId	1
Fields:	
DocId	Ascending
EventId	1
Fields:	
PropEventId	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
PropEventId	Ascending
TblDocumentTblPropEventType	1
Fields:	
DocId	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	01/02/2004 14:16:00	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {F8EBB7D0-9670-4891-BC1A-F4116952E26B}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 10:34:43
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	994
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
PropId	Long Integer	4
PID	Long Integer	4
Role	Text	50
RoleDesc	Memo	-

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblPropIndiv**

TblIndividualInstitution	TblPropIndiv
pid	1 ∞ PID

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

TblPropTblPropIndiv

TblProp	TblPropIndiv
PropId	1 ∞ PropId

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PID	1
Fields:	
PID	Ascending
PrimaryKey	3
Fields:	
PropId	Ascending
PID	Ascending
Role	Ascending
PropEventId	1

Fields:	
PropId	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblPropIndiv	1
Fields:	
PID	Ascending
TblPropTblPropIndiv	1
Fields:	
PropId	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	27/02/2004 18:04:30	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {4C175A4C-83B1-4C35-B1D9-	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 10:34:43
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	79
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
DocId	Long Integer	4
PropEventId	Long Integer	4
LeaseId	Long Integer	4
LeaseTerm	Text	50
LeaseStart	Text	50
LeaseRent	Text	50
LeaseFine	Text	50
LeaseConditions	Memo	-
LeaseNotes	Memo	-

Relationships

TblPropEventType	TblPropLease
PropEventId	1 1 PropEventId
Attributes:	Unique, Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-One

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
DocId	1
Fields: DocId	Ascending
LeaseId	1
Fields: LeaseId	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: LeaseId	Ascending
PropEventId	1
Fields: PropEventId	Ascending
TblPropEventType	1
TblPropLease	

Fields:
PropEventId

Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	01/02/2004 14:43:22	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {E7093696-D590-4803-AB10-7AA63AF765BA}}	LastUpdated:	16/08/2004 10:34:43
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	505
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
PropId	Long Integer	4
RoomId	Long Integer	4
Room	Text	50
RoomDesc	Text	100
RoomLocation	Text	50
RoomFloor	Text	50

Relationships**TblPropTblPropRoom**

TblProp	TblPropRoom	
PropId	1	∞ PropId

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
RoomId	Ascending
PropEventId	1
Fields:	
PropId	Ascending
RoomId	1
Fields:	
RoomId	Ascending
TblPropTblPropRoom	1
Fields:	
PropId	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	20/11/2003 10:28:22	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {74735773-CB3E-462F-AB42-ED70FA45A5F0}}	LastUpdated:	15/09/2005 14:27:34
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderBy:	TblRelats.RelatedTo
OrderByOn:	True	Orientation:	Left-to-Right
RecordCount:	36958	Updatable:	True

Columns

Name	Type	Size
RelatId	Long Integer	4
Pid	Long Integer	4
RelatedTo	Long Integer	4
Relationship	Text	50
RelatNotes	Text	50

Relationships

TblIndividualInstitution	TblRelats
pid	1 ∞ Pid
Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
pid	1
Fields:	
Pid	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
RelatId	Ascending
RelatId1	1
Fields:	
RelatId	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblRelats	1
Fields:	
Pid	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	31/05/2005 17:02:51	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {E1B0C34F-635F-4DBD-876A-914B00DF7804}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:02:38
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	True
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	576
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
SubsidyDocID	Long Integer	4
SubsidyPID	Long Integer	4
SubsidyGroup	Long Integer	4
SubsidyAssess	Text	50
SubsidyAmount	Text	50
SubsidyElsewhere	Text	50
SubsidyNotes	Memo	-
SubsidyID	Long Integer	4

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblSubsidy**

TblIndividualInstitution		TblSubsidy
pid	1	∞ SubsidyPID

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: SubsidyID	Ascending
SubsidyDocID	1
Fields: SubsidyDocID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblSubsidy	1
Fields: SubsidyPID	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	09/03/2004 16:49:07	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {253F4777-21DA-4C31-94C0-F8A02A9D6C26}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:15:14
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	1927
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
DocID	Long Integer	4
TithePid	Long Integer	4
TitheId	Long Integer	4
PropType	Text	50
GlobalPropId	Text	50
Location	Text	50
RentModValued	Text	50
TitheAssessment	Text	50
TithePaid	Text	50
TitheNotes	Text	255

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblTithes**

TblIndividualInstitution	TblTithes
pid	1 ∞ TithePid

Attributes: Enforced
 RelationshipType: One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
DocID	1
Fields: DocID	Ascending
GlobalPropId	1
Fields: GlobalPropId	Ascending
PrimaryKey	1
Fields: TitheId	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblTithes	1
Fields: TithePid	Ascending
TithePaid	1

	Fields:	
	TithePaid	Ascending
TithePid		1
	Fields:	
	TithePid	Ascending
TitheSortId		1
	Fields:	
	TitheId	Ascending

Properties

DateCreated:	08/07/2005 11:04:42	DefaultView:	Datasheet
GUID:	{guid {8984E2C3-F551-4C6C-ADD1-29FC79FD388}}	LastUpdated:	09/01/2008 22:22:20
NameMap:	Long binary data	OrderByOn:	False
Orientation:	Left-to-Right	RecordCount:	243
Updatable:	True		

Columns

Name	Type	Size
WindowTaxID	Long Integer	4
WindowTaxDocID	Long Integer	4
WindowTaxPid	Long Integer	4
WindowTaxWard	Text	50
WindowTaxPrecinct	Text	50
WindowTaxLights	Long Integer	4
WindowTaxAssess	Text	50
WindowTaxNotes	Memo	-

Relationships**TblIndividualInstitutionTblWindow**

TblIndividualInstitution	pid	1	∞	TblWindow
				WindowTaxPid

Attributes:	Enforced
RelationshipType:	One-To-Many

Table Indexes

Name	Number of Fields
PrimaryKey	1
Fields:	
WindowTaxID	Ascending
TblIndividualInstitutionTblWindow	1
Fields:	
WindowTaxPid	Ascending
WindowTaxId	1
Fields:	
WindowTaxID	Ascending
WindowTaxPid	1
Fields:	
WindowTaxPid	Ascending

Reconstituted families of Cheapside, London, 1538-1721: Documentation

Description

This data collection contains five comma separated variable files that are the tables of a relational database representing nuclear biological families reconstituted from parish register baptism, marriages and burial events for a sample of five parishes in Cheapside, London. The family reconstitutions were conducted in a Microsoft Access 2000 database using chains of SQL queries performed (using various intermediary dictionaries) on the transcribed parish registers of the data collection 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London'.

(Note AHDS History: These files are also available as tab delimited data files, the filenames were adjusted according to the AHDS History filenames naming conventions)

This data collection was created by Gill Newton at the Cambridge Group for the History of Population and Social Structure between October 2003 and September 2006 as part of the AHRB-funded project People in Place.

The reconstituted parishes are:

All Hallows Honey Lane
St Mary le Bow
St Pancras Soper Lane
St Mary Colechurch
St Martin Ironmonger Lane

Events recorded in the registers of Mercer's Chapel, located within the sample area in Cheapside, were also used in the family reconstitutions (and are similarly contained within the data collection 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London'). The dates covered by the family reconstitutions are 1538-1721, although it should be noted that there are some gaps in the parochial registration in some of parishes. The first three parishes listed above were reconstituted as one parish group, and they possess one set of united registers in the post-Fire period. The remaining two parishes were reconstituted separately.

An alternative version of this resource together with the related resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London' exists as a Microsoft Access 2000 database containing user interface Forms for viewing reconstituted families and transcriptions of the underlying parish register baptism, marriage and burial events. This database

was created by Gill Newton. The .csv files of this data collection were generated from this database

Structure and Related Datasets

MLines.csv	346087 bytes	3809 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
HLines.csv	274357 bytes	3809 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
WLines.csv	128383 bytes	1915 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
CLines.csv	1003149 bytes	9027 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
RelOrServLines.csv	23023 bytes	246 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""

There are five tables representing reconstituted families as a whole, their component Wives, Husbands, Children, and, for some of the reconstitutions, Servants and Relatives. The tables are joined by the [FamNum] field of each, as indicated in the table and field descriptions given below. These tables are also related to the data collection ‘Parish registers of Cheapside, London’, which contains full transcriptions of parish register baptism, marriage and burial events for the five sample parishes and Mercer’s Chapel itemised above. There are joins between the key field of tables in that database and foreign key fields of this database as indicated in the field descriptions below.

Mlines.csv - fam recon cheap m_lines.csv - fam recon cheap m_lines.tab

Each record represents a reconstituted family, stemming from an actual or assumed marriage. There are 11 fields as follows:

FamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier for each reconstituted family.

Place (String)

Locational scope of a family reconstitution. There are three possibilities:

United parishes	the three parishes of All Hallows Honey Lane, St Mary le Bow and St Pancras Soper Lane, all London, which unite in the post-Fire period.
St Mary Colechurch	the parish of St Mary Colechurch, London
St Martin Ironmonger Lane	the parish of St Martin Ironmonger Lane, London

datesort (Date)

Duplicates [ActualMarDate] field where not null, or else [DummyMarDate] field.

ActualMarDate (Date)

Date of marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made. Drawn from the marriage Event table record for a family's Husband and Wife. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

DummyMarDate (Date)

Date of first Event table record belonging to a reconstituted family, where no marriage link has been made. Usually drawn from the earliest dated child baptism Event table record belonging to a family. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

EndDate (Date)

Date of end of marriage. Duplicates Wife [burdate] where known, or else Husband [burdate]

MarEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of marriage for a family’s Husband and Wife, where a link to a registered marriage has been made.

LengthOfMarriage (String)

Calculated from the number of completed years between [ActualMarDate] and [EndDate] where both are known, or else between [DummyMarDate] and [EndDate] and set to “ $>=n$ ” where n is the number of completed years. Null where no [EndDate] is known.

NumChildren (Integer)

Calculated total number of children linked to a marriage, excluding duplicated baptism or burial records.

NumRegBirthsInclStillbornBurials (Integer)

Calculated total number of children linked to a marriage for whom a registered baptism exists, or is implied by the burial record (Type CBURDUMMYBAP; see Clines table below), or where the burial is of a stillborn or abortive child (Type CBURSTILLBORN; see Clines table below).

FamilySurname (String)

A family’s surname. Usually the same as the field [Surname] in the Hlines table, described below.

Hlines.csv - fam recon cheap h lines.csv -
fam recon cheap h lines.tab

Each record represents a reconstituted family’s Husband. A reconstituted family must have a Husband record. A Husband is the father (or presumed father) of children linked to a reconstituted family and the spouse (or presumed spouse) of a family’s Wife. There are 30 fields are as follows:

FamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Husband and also a foreign key indicating the reconstituted family (Mlines table) to which a Husband belongs.

Surname (String)

Surname of a family's Husband. An unstandardised string usually drawn from the earliest Event table record belonging to a family where the husband's surname is given.

Forename (String)

Forename of a family's Husband. An unstandardised string usually drawn from the first Event table record belonging to a family where the husband's forename is given. Null where not given in any family event.

BapPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of a family’s Husband’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

BapDate (Date)

Date of a family’s Husband’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made. Drawn from the Person table record of a Husband’s baptism. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

BapEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of a Husband’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

BurPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of a Husband’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

BurDate (Date)

Date of Husband’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made. Drawn from the Person table record of a Husband’s burial. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

BurEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of a Husband’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

MarriageOrder (String)

Calculated field showing whether the family represented by [FamNum] is the first, second, third etc marriage for a Husband. “>=n” indicates that this is either the husband’s number n marriage or a subsequent one. Usually drawn from the marital status given in the Person table record of a husband’s marriage, or inferred from the marital status given in a Person table record of a Husband’s earlier or later marriage, or inferred from the existence of earlier or later marriage links, or inferred from the existence of a link to the Husband’s baptism, or set to “>=1” where no information is known or calculable.

EarlierFamNum

Foreign key corresponding to [FamNum] field) identifying a subsequent family (Mlines table) for which the Husband in this family is also the Husband, but with a different wife, where a link to another reconstituted family has been made.

LaterFamNum

Foreign key (corresponding to [FamNum] field) identifying a subsequent family (Mlines table) for which the Husband in this family is also the Husband, but with a different wife, where a link to another reconstituted family has been made.

MarPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of a husband’s marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made.

MarResidence (String)

BurResidence (String)

MarOccupation (String)

BurOccupation (String)

The above four fields repeat occupational or residence information for a Husband as given in his registered marriage or burial, where such information exists. Drawn from Person table [Occupation] and [Residence] fields.

AnotherResidenceDate (date)

AnotherResidence (String)

AnotherOccupationDate (Date)

AnotherOccupation (String)

YetAnotherResDate (Date)

YetAnotherRes (String)

YetAnotherOccDate (Date)

YetAnotherOcc (String)

The above eight fields repeat occupational or residence information and dates for that information for a Husband, as given in some registered event other than the husband’s marriage or burial, where such information exists. Usually the source will be a registered baptism or burial of a Child in the family, or a registered burial of the family’s Wife. Drawn from Event table [date] field, adjusted to the Gregorian calendar, and Related_person table [Occupation] and [Residence] fields.

AgeAtBurial (String)

Usually a calculated value of the husband age at burial in completed years, derived from the difference between [Bapdate] and [Burdate], where known. Also used to repeat age information given in a husband’s registered burial, drawn from

AgeAtMarriage (String)

Usually represents a calculated husband age at marriage in completed years, derived from the difference between [Bapdate] and Mlines table field [MarDate] , where known. Also used to repeat age information given in a husband’s registered marriage, drawn from the Person table record for a Husband’s marriage.

AgeAtFamilyStart (Integer)

Calculated husband age in completed years at the start of a reconstituted family, where the date of marriage is not known. Derived from the date given in Mlines table

field [DummyMarDate], where [Bapdate] is known but Mlines table field [MarDate] is not.

AgeAtFamilyEnd (Integer)

Calculated husband age in completed years at the end of a reconstituted family.

Derived from the difference between [Bapdate] and Mlines table field [EndDate], where both are known.

LengthofWidowhood(mths) (Integer)

Calculated duration in completed months between the end of one reconstituted family and the commencement of another that represents a remarriage for the husband.

Derived from the difference between Mlines table field [EndDate] and the [ActualMarDate] field of the reconstituted family referenced in [LaterMarID], where such information is available.

Wlines.csv - fam_recon_cheap_w_lines.csv - fam_recon_cheap_c_lines.tab

Each record represents a reconstituted family's Wife, who is the mother (or presumed mother) of children linked to a family and the spouse (or presumed spouse) of a family's Husband. A family may or may not have a Wife record. Where no details about the Wife are known from any of the events linked to a reconstituted family, no record has been created. There are 30 fields are as follows:

FamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Wife and also a foreign key indicating the reconstituted family (Mlines table) to which a Wife belongs.

PreMarriageSname (String)

Surname of a wife prior to marriage. An unstandardised string drawn from the Person record of the wife's marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made, or drawn from a Wife's baptism Person record where a link to a registered baptism has been made. Null where not known.

Fname (String)

Forename of a family's Wife. An unstandardised string usually drawn from the first Event table record belonging to a family where the Wife's forename is given. Null where not given in any family event.

OwnBapPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a family's Wife's baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

OwnBapDate (Date)

Date of a family's Wife's baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made. Drawn from the Person table record of a Wife's baptism. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

BapEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of a Wife’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

BurPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of a Wife's burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

BurDate (Date)

Date of family's Wife's burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made. Drawn from the Person table record of a Wife's burial. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

BurEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Wife's burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

MarOrder (String)

Calculated field showing whether the family represented by [FamNum] is the first, second, third etc marriage for a Wife. ">=n" indicates that this is either a Wife's number *n* marriage or a subsequent one. Usually drawn from the marital status given in the Person table record of a Wife's marriage, or inferred from the marital status given in a Person table record of a Wife's earlier or later marriage, or inferred from the existence of earlier or later marriage links, or inferred from the existence of a link to the Wife's baptism, or set to ">=1" where no information is known or calculable.

EarlierFamNum (Integer)

Foreign key (corresponding to Mlines table [FamNum] field) identifying a previous reconstituted family for which the Wife in this family is also the Wife, but with a different Husband, where a link to another reconstituted family has been made.

LaterFamNum (Integer)

Foreign key (corresponding to Mlines table [FamNum] field) identifying a subsequent family for which the Wife in this family is also the Wife, but with a different Husband, where a link to another reconstituted family has been made.

MarPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Wife's marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made.

MarRes (String)**BurRes (String)****MarOcc (String)****BurOcc (String)**

The above four fields repeat occupational or residence information for a Wife as given in her registered marriage or burial, where such information exists. Drawn from Person table [Occupation] and [Residence] fields.

AnotherResidenceDate (Date)
AnotherResidence (String)
AnotherOccupationDate (Date)
AnotherOccupation (String)
YetAnotherResDate (Date)
YetAnotherRes (String)
YetAnotherOccDate (Date)
YetAnotherOcc (String)

The above eight fields repeat occupational or residence information for a Wife, as given in some registered event other than the Wife's marriage or burial, where such information exists. Usually the source will be a registered baptism or burial of a Child in the family, or a registered burial of the family's Husband. Drawn from Event table [date] field, adjusted to the Gregorian calendar, and Related_person table [Occupation] and [Residence] fields.

AgeAtMarriage (Integer)

Usually represents a calculated Wife age at marriage in completed years, derived from the difference between [Bapdate] and Mlines table field [MarDate], where known. Also used to repeat age information given in a Wife's registered marriage, drawn from the Person table record for a Husband's marriage.

AgeAtBurial (Integer)

Usually a calculated value of the Wife age at burial in completed years, derived from the difference between [Bapdate] and [Burdate], where known. Also used to repeat age information given in a husband's registered burial, drawn from

AgeAtStartOfFam (Integer)

Calculated Wife age in completed years at the start of a reconstituted family, where the date of marriage is not known. Derived from the date given in Mlines table field [DummyMarDate], where [Bapdate] is known but Mlines table field [MarDate] is not.

AgeAtEndOfFam (Integer)

Calculated wife age in completed years at the end of a reconstituted family. Derived from the difference between [Bapdate] and Mlines table field [EndDate], where both are known.

LengthofWidowhood(mths) (Integer)

Calculated duration in completed months between the end of one reconstituted family and the commencement of another that represents a remarriage for the Wife. Derived from the difference between Mlines table field [EndDate] and the [ActualMarDate] field of the reconstituted family referenced in [LaterMarID], where such information is available.

Clines.csv - fam recon cheap c lines.csv - fam recon cheap c lines.tab

Each record represents a Child that has been linked to a reconstituted family. A family may have one, many or, exceptionally, no Child records. There are 22 fields as follows:

ChildIndex (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Child belonging to a family.

Datesort (Date)

Repeats information in a Child's [BapDateNS], [BirthDateNS], [BurDateNS] or [DeathDateNS] field.

FamNum (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the reconstituted family to which a Child belongs (Mlines table), and also the Husband and Wife of that family.

Type (String)

Type of link that has been made between a reconstituted family and a Child, used to indicate a number of inferences that may have been made. CBAP is the standard and most common type, representing a link to a registered baptism (which may or may not also be linked in turn to a registered burial, registered marriage and/or subsequent family). All registered baptisms except foundlings, parentless parish children and children without surnames have been assigned to a family even where no other events belong to that family. The full list of options and their meanings is:

CBAP	link is to a registered baptism
CBAPADULT	link is to a registered baptism that took place in adulthood
CBAPDUMMYBUR	link is to a registered baptism that indicates the Child died soon after being baptised. No corresponding registered burial has been found so the Child is assigned a burial date identical to the date of baptism (or date of birth where known).
CBAPDUP	link is to a registered baptism that duplicates another registered baptism (and should therefore be discounted)
CBUR	link is to a registered burial for which no corresponding baptism has been found. The burial date fits into the sequence of baptisms belonging to a family, with acceptable birth intervals, so the child may be considered to have died in the interval between birth and baptism.
CBURDUMMYBAP	link is to a registered burial that indicates the Child was baptised. Note that many of these are chrisom children. No corresponding registered baptism has been found so the Child is assigned a birth date identical to the date of burial (or date of death where known).
CBURDUP	link is to a registered burial that duplicates another registered burial (and should therefore be discounted)

CBURNOTINFANT	link is to a registered burial for which no corresponding baptism has been found. The burial either has age information that indicates the Child was not an infant, or the burial date does not fit into the sequence of baptisms belonging to a family (compare with CBUR). The burial is assumed to be that of an older child baptised outside the parish(es) in observation for family reconstitution.
CBURPROB	link is to a registered burial that only probably belongs to a family, for the parents are not named in the burial record.
CBURSTILLBORN	link is to a registered burial that indicates the child was stillborn or abortive.
CMARNOLINK	link is to a registered marriage known to belong to a family (usually because parents' names are stated in the marriage record) where no corresponding baptism has been found.

Sex (String)

The sex of the Child. Usually inferred from information given in the Person table record of a Child's registered baptism or burial, or else from the Child's forename. M for males, F for females, X where the sex is unknown.

BapPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Child's baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

BapEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Child's baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

BapDateNS (Date)

Date of a Child's baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made. Usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child's baptism, but see field [Status] below. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

BirthDateNS (Date)

Date of a Child's birth, where a link to a registered baptism has been made and the date of birth is stated, or where an inference has been made from the Child's registered burial (see [Type] field above). Usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child's baptism (but see field [Status] below) or, where inferred, burial. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

BurPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Child's burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

BurEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’) record of a Child’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

BurDateNS (Date)

Date of a Child’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made or where an inference has been made from the Child’s baptism record (see [Type] field above). Usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child’s burial (but see field [Status] below) or, where inferred, baptism. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

DeathDateNS (Date)

Date of a Child’s death, where a link to a registered burial has been made and the date of death is stated. Usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child’s burial, but see field [Status] below. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

Forename (String)

Forename of a Child. An unstandardised string usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child’s baptism, or else from the person table record of a Child’s burial. Null where not stated in any registered event.

OwnFamID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying a Child’s own family (Mlines table), ie the family of which he or she is Wife or Husband, where a link to either a registered marriage, or a registered baptism(s) or burial(s) that name the Child as a parent, has been made.

MarDateNS (Date)

A Child’s date of marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

FamStartDateNS (Date)

Repeats the [DummyMarDate] field of a family of which a Child is a Wife or Husband, where a link to a registered baptism(s) or burial(s) that name the Child as a parent has been made without any link to a registered marriage. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

AgeAtBurial (Integer)

Calculated field indicating the age in completed years of a child on burial, where a link between a registered baptism and a registered burial has been made. Usually based on the difference between fields [BapDateNS] and [BurDateNS]. Calculated from [BirthDateNS] and [DeathDateNS] fields where available.

AgeAtMarriage (Integer)

Calculated field indicating the age in completed years of a child on his or her marriage, where a link between a registered baptism and a registered marriage has been made. Usually based on the difference between fields [BapDateNS] and [MarDateNS].

BirthIntervalInDays (Number)

Calculated field indicating the elapse in days between the actual or inferred birth or baptism of a child and that of his or her next youngest sibling, as ordered by field [Datesort]. Where given for the first child in a family it represents the elapse between the date of a Wife and Husband's marriage and the birth or baptism of their first child. Not calculated between twins or Child records of type CBUR, CBURPROB, CBURDUP, CBAPDUP, CBAPADULT , CBURNOTINFANT or CMARNOLINK (see [Type] field above).

Status (String)

A field which partially duplicates the most pertinent information from the Condition table record of a child's baptism or burial, and from the Person table record comments or memo fields. It also contains indications of any corrections, alterations or assumptions that have been made to baptism or burial dates, multiple birth status, illegitimate status, and duplicate status (see [Type] for this last).

AgeAtOwnFamStart (Integer)

Calculated field indicating the age in completed years of a Child on the first event in a family to which he or she is the Wife or Husband, where such a link has been made and where no link to a registered marriage exists. Derived from the difference between the field [BapDateNS] and the [DummyMarDate] field of the reconstituted family identified in the Child's [OwnFamID] field.

RelOrServlines.csv - fam recon cheap rel or serv lines.csv - fam recon cheap rel or serv lines.tab

Each record represents the burial or marriage of a servant or relative belonging to a person that has been linked to a reconstituted family as a Husband or Wife. “Relative” here encompasses all familial relationships except biological children, which are accounted for in the Clines table. These types of links do not normally form a part of family reconstitution and have not been made in the United parishes reconstitution or the Clerkenwell reconstitution. There are 13 fields as follows:

RelServIndex (Integer)

Unique identifier for each relative or servant belonging to a family.

Type (String)

Indicates what type of link has been made. The options are:

RELBUR	link is to a registered burial of a relative of the family. Relatives encompass all extended family. The relationship is as given in the registered marriage, drawn from a Related_person table record, but not including children of the Husband and Wife.
RELMAR	link is to a registered marriage of a relative of the family. Relatives encompass all extended family. The relationship is as given in the registered marriage, drawn from a Related_person table record, but not including children of the Husband and Wife.
SERVBUR	link is to a registered burial of a servant to the family. The relationship is as given in the registered burial, drawn from a Related_person table record. Note that the servant attribution also includes apprentices.
SERVMAR	link is to a registered marriage of a servant to the family. The relationship is as given in the registered burial, drawn from a Related_person table record. Note that the servant attribution also includes apprentices.

FamNum (Integer)

Foreign key indicating the reconstituted Family to which a Relative or Servant belongs.

Forename (String)

Unstandardised forename of a relative or servant, drawn from the Person table record of a Servant or Relative’s burial or marriage, depending on which type of link has been made (see [Type] field, above). Null where not stated.

Surname (String)

Unstandardised surname of a relative or servant, drawn from the Person table record of a Servant or Relative's burial or marriage, depending on which type of link has been made (see [Type] field, above). Null where not stated.

BurDateNS(Date)

Date of burial of a Relative or Servant. Drawn from the Person table record, where a link to a registered burial has been made. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

BurEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Relative or Servant's burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

BurPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Relative or Servant's burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

MarDateNS (Date)

Date of marriage of a relative or servant. Drawn from the Person table record, where a link to a registered marriage has been made. Adjusted to the Gregorian calendar.

MarEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Relative or Servant's marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made.

MarPID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person table (from the related data resource 'Parish Registers of Cheapside, London') record of a Relative or Servant's marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made.

Relationship (String)

Relationship of a Relative or Servant to a family's Husband or Wife.

BelongingToWhichFamilyMember (String)

Whether a Relative or Servant is related to a family's Husband or a family's Wife in their registered burial or marriage. Can be "husband", "wife" or "unstated". Where known, drawn from the relationship stated in a Related_person table record of the burial or marriage.

Reconstituted families of Clerkenwell, London, 1550-1753: Documentation

Description

This data collection contains four comma separated variable files that are the tables of a relational database representing nuclear biological families reconstituted from parish register baptism, marriages and burial events for the parishes of St James Clerkenwell and St John Clerkenwell, London between 1550 and 1753. The reconstitution also contains all marriages of Clerkenwell inhabitants that could be traced in other locations, primarily from the Fleet prison and environs, but also from other parishes and other irregular marriage centres. The family reconstitutions were conducted in a Microsoft Access 2000 database using chains of SQL queries performed (using various intermediary dictionaries) on the transcribed parish registers of the data collection 'Parish Registers of Clerkenwell, London'.

(Note AHDS History: These files are also available as tab delimited data files, the filenames were adjusted according to the AHDS History filenaming conventions)

This data collection was created by Gill Newton at the Cambridge Group for the History of Population and Social Structure between October 2003 and September 2006 as part of the AHRB-funded project People in Place.

An alternative version of this resource together with the related resource 'Parish Registers of Clerkenwell, London' exists as a Microsoft Access 2000 database containing user interface Forms for viewing reconstituted families and transcriptions of the underlying parish register baptism, marriage and burial events. This database was created by Gill Newton. The .csv files of this data collection were generated from this database.

Structure and Related Datasets

MLines.csv	2,152,750 bytes	26034 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
HLines.csv	1,230,490 bytes	26034 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""

WLines.csv	1,054,967 bytes	26034 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
CLines.csv	5,283,489 bytes	44052 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""

There are four tables representing reconstituted families as a whole, their component Wives, Husbands, Children, and, for some of the reconstitutions, Servants and Relatives. The tables are joined by the [FamNum] field of each, as indicated in the table and field descriptions given below.

The structure and fields of this database are a subset of those used in the data collection ‘Reconstituted families of Cheapside, London’ and all key fields are numbered without overlap with the numbering used in that dataset to facilitate combining of the two datasets for analysis. Most of the calculated fields in that dataset do not exist in this one, and there are some differences between the scope of the fields shared by both datasets.

These tables are also related to the data collection ‘Parish registers of Clerkenwell, London’, which contains full transcriptions of parish register baptism, marriage and burial events for the parishes of St James Clerkenwell and St John Clerkenwell, London. There are joins between the key field of tables in that database and foreign key fields of this database as indicated in the field descriptions below.

Mlines.csv - fam recon clerk m lines.csv - fam recon clerk m lines.tab

Each record represents a reconstituted family, stemming from an actual or assumed marriage. There are 7 fields as follows:

FamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier for each reconstituted family.

OldFamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier that overlaps the key field used in the data collection ‘Reconstituted Families of Cheapside, London’

Place (String)

Locational scope of the family reconstitution, ie Clerkenwell.

datesort (Date)

Duplicates [ActualMarDate] field where not null, or else [DummyMarDate] field, to allow events to be displayed in date order.

ActualMarDate (Date)

Date of marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made. Drawn from the marriage Event table record for a family's Husband and Wife. In the Gregorian calendar.

DummyMarDate (Date)

Date of first Event table record belonging to a reconstituted family, where no marriage link has been made. Usually drawn from the earliest dated child baptism Event table record belonging to a family. In the Gregorian calendar.

MarEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related resource ‘Parish registers of Clerkenwell, London’) record of marriage for a family’s Husband and Wife, where a link to a registered marriage has been made.

FamilySurname (String)

A family’s surname. Usually the same as the field [Surname] in the Hlines table, described below.

Hlines.csv - fam recon clerk h lines.csv - fam recon clerk h lines.tab

Each record represents a reconstituted family’s Husband. A reconstituted family must have a Husband record. A Husband is the father (or presumed father) of children linked to a reconstituted family and the spouse (or presumed spouse) of a family’s Wife. There are 9 fields are as follows:

FamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Husband and also a foreign key indicating the reconstituted family (Mlines table) to which a Husband belongs.

OldFamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier that overlaps the key field used in the data collection ‘Reconstituted Families of Cheapside, London’

Surname (String)

Surname of a family’s Husband. An unstandardised string usually drawn from the earliest Event table record belonging to a family where the husband’s surname is given.

Forename (String)

Forename of a family’s Husband. An unstandardised string usually drawn from the first Event table record belonging to a family where the husband’s forename is given. Null where not given in any family event.

BapDate (Date)

Date of a family’s Husband’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made. Drawn from the Person table record of a Husband’s baptism. In the Gregorian calendar.

BapEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related resource ‘Parish registers of Clerkenwell, London’) record of a Husband’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

BurEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related resource ‘Parish registers of Clerkenwell, London’) record of a Husband’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

BurDate (Date)

Date of Husband’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made. Drawn from the Person table record of a Husband’s burial. In the Gregorian calendar.

EarlierFamNum

Foreign key (corresponding to Mlines table [FamNum] field) identifying a subsequent family for which the Husband in this family is also the Husband, but with a different wife, where a link to another reconstituted family has been made.

LaterFamNum

Foreign key (corresponding to Mlines table [FamNum] field) identifying a subsequent family is also the Husband, but with a different wife, where a link to another reconstituted family has been made

[Wlines.csv](#)

Each record represents a reconstituted family’s Wife, who is the mother (or presumed mother) of children linked to a family and the spouse (or presumed spouse) of a family’s Husband. A family must have a Wife record, though some wife records are devoid of any details beyond [FamNum]. There are 9 fields as follows:

FamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Wife and also a foreign key indicating the reconstituted family to which a Wife belongs.

OldFamNum (Integer)

Unique identifier that overlaps the key field used in the data collection ‘Reconstituted Families of Cheapside, London’

PreMarriageSname (String)

Surname of a wife prior to marriage. An unstandardised string drawn from the Person record of the wife's marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made, or drawn from a Wife's baptism Person record where a link to a registered baptism has been made. Null where not known.

Fname (String)

Forename of a family's Wife. An unstandardised string usually drawn from the first Event table record belonging to a family where the Wife's forename is given. Null where not given in any family event.

OwnBapDate (Date)

Date of a family's Wife's baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made. Drawn from the Person table record of a Wife's baptism. In the Gregorian calendar.

BapEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related resource ‘Parish registers of Clerkenwell, London’) record of a Wife’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

BurEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related resource ‘Parish registers of Clerkenwell, London’) record of a Wife’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

BurDate (Date)

Date of family’s Wife’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made. Drawn from the Person table record of a Wife’s burial. In the Gregorian calendar.

EarlierFamNum (Integer)

Foreign key (corresponding to Mlines table [FamNum] field) identifying a previous reconstituted family for which the Wife in this family is also the Wife, but with a different Husband, where a link to another reconstituted family has been made.

LaterFamNum (Integer)

Foreign key (corresponding to Mlines table [FamNum] field) identifying a subsequent family for which the Wife in this family is also the Wife, but with a different Husband, where a link to another reconstituted family has been made.

Clines.csv - fam recon clerk c_lines.csv - fam recon clerk c_lines.tab

Each record represents a Child that has been linked to a reconstituted family. A family may have one, many or, exceptionally, no Child records. There are 16 fields as follows:

FamNum (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the reconstituted family (Mlines table) to which a Child belongs, and also the Husband and Wife of that family.

OldFamNum (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the reconstituted family (Mlines table) to which a Child belongs that overlaps the key field used in the data collection ‘Reconstituted Families of Cheapside, London’

Datesort (Date)

Repeats information in a Child’s [BapDateNS], [BirthDateNS], [BurDateNS] or [DeathDateNS] field to allow the Children to be sorted into date order.

Type (String)

Type of link that has been made between a reconstituted family and a Child, used to indicate a number of inferences that may have been made. CBAP is the standard and most common type, representing a link to a registered baptism (which may or may not also be linked in turn to a registered burial, registered marriage and/or subsequent family). All registered baptisms except foundlings, parentless parish children and children without surnames have been assigned to a family even where no other events belong to that family. The full list of options and their meanings is:

CBAP	link is to a registered baptism
CBAPADULT	link is to a registered baptism that took place in adulthood
CBUR	link is to a registered burial for which no corresponding baptism has been found. The burial date fits into the sequence of baptisms belonging to a family, with acceptable birth intervals, so the child may be considered to have died in the interval between birth and baptism.

Sex (String)

The sex of the Child. Usually as given in the Person table record of a Child’s registered baptism or burial. M for males, F for females, X where the sex is unknown.

BapEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related resource ‘Parish registers of Clerkenwell, London’) record of a Child’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made.

BapDateNS (Date)

Date of a Child’s baptism, where a link to a registered baptism has been made. Usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child’s baptism. In the Gregorian calendar.

BirthDateNS (Date)

Date of a Child’s birth, where a link to a registered baptism has been made and the date of birth is stated. Usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child’s baptism. In the Gregorian calendar.

BurEventID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event table (from the related resource ‘Parish registers of Clerkenwell, London’) record of a Child’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made.

BurDateNS (Date)

Date of a Child’s burial, where a link to a registered burial has been made. Usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child’s burial. In the Gregorian calendar.

DeathDateNS (Date)

Date of a Child’s death, where a link to a registered burial has been made and the date of death is stated. Usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child’s burial. In the Gregorian calendar.

Forename (String)

Forename of a Child. An unstandardised string usually drawn from the Person table record of a Child’s baptism, or else from the person table record of a Child’s burial. Null where not stated in any registered event.

OwnFamID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying a Child’s own family (Mlines table), ie the family of which he or she is Wife or Husband, where a link to either a registered marriage, or a registered baptism(s) or burial(s) that name the Child as a parent, has been made.

MarDateNS (Date)

A Child’s date of marriage, where a link to a registered marriage has been made. In the Gregorian calendar.

Status (String)

A field which partially duplicates the most pertinent information from the Condition table record of a child’s baptism or burial, and from the Person table record comments or memo fields.

Parish Registers of Cheapside, London 1538-1721: Documentation

Description

This data collection contains five comma separated variable files that are the tables of a relational database representing (parish) register baptism, marriages and burial events for a sample of five parishes in Cheapside, London. The data were input directly into this relational structure in a Microsoft Access 2000 database using user interface Forms.

This data collection was compiled by Gill Newton at the Cambridge Group for the History of Population and Social Structure and Philip Baker at the Centre for Metropolitan History between October 2003 and September 2006 as part of the AHRB-funded project People in Place. The database structure was devised by Gill Newton and Mark Merry of the Centre for Metropolitan History. The documentation was written by Gill Newton.

(Note AHDS History: These files are also available as tab delimited data files, the filenames were adjusted according to the AHDS History filenaming conventions)

The five parishes are:

All Hallows Honey Lane
St Mary le Bow
St Pancras Soper Lane
St Mary Colechurch
St Martin Ironmonger Lane

The database also contains events from the Mercers' Chapel, situated within the sample area.

The first three parishes were input from published Harleian Society transcriptions of the parish registers by Gill Newton and subsequently checked against microfilm copies of the original parish registers and amended where necessary by Philip Baker. The remaining two parishes and Mercers's Chapel were input from microfilm copies of the original registers by Philip Baker.

The dates covered by this transcription are 1538-1721, although it should be noted that there are some gaps in parochial registration in some of the parishes during this period. After 1670 each of the parishes is united to another parish or parishes and commence one set of registers. The parishes to which they unite parishes are in two cases outside the intended sample area. Futher

information on the documentary sources used is given under the [Parish] field of Event.csv below.

An alternative version of this resource together with the related resource ‘Reconstituted families of Cheapside, London, 1538-1721’ exists as a Microsoft Access 2000 database. This also contains a version of the user interface Forms used for data input that may be used for viewing transcriptions of each parish register baptism, marriage and burial event. This database was created by Gill Newton. The .csv files of this data collection were generated from this database

Structure and Related Datasets

Event.csv	1,527,597 bytes	18532 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
Person.csv	1,439,500 bytes	22324 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
Related_people.csv	1,249,040 bytes	19095 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
Condition.csv	107,169 bytes	3722 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
RPCCondition.csv	21,222 bytes	800 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""

There are five tables representing parish register Events as a whole, their component subject Persons and those Persons’ Conditions or status, Related_people and those Related_people’s Conditions or status. The tables are joined as indicated in the table and field descriptions given below. These tables are also related to the data collection ‘Reconstituted families of Cheapside, London’, which contains family reconstitutions of these events for the five sample parishes and Mercer’s Chapel itemised above. There are joins between the key field of tables in this database and foreign key fields of that database as indicated in that data collection.

Event.csv - par reg cheap event.csv - par reg cheap event.tab

Each record represents a baptism, marriage or burial Event recorded in one of the sources, which are usually parish registers. An Event must have one or more Persons, who is/are the subject(s) of that Event.

Event_id (Integer)

Unique identifier for each baptism, marriage or burial Event.

Link_Event_ID (Integer)

Non-unique identifier that is the same for duplicate Events from different sources, allowing them to be grouped.

Event_date (Date)

The date of an Event as given in the sources, where dates are usually in the Julian calendar with each year beginning on 25 March. Where partially given in the source, derived from its position relative to other dated Events in the register, or where the day is unclear, set to the first day of the month, or where the month is unclear, set to the first month in the year. Unclear dates are annotated in the [Memo] field.

Parish (String)

Indicates the parish/documentary source of the Event, which is usually a parish register. The options are:

AH	Listed in the combined parish registers of St Mary le Bow, All Hallows Honey Lane and St Pancras Soper Lane after those parishes were united in 1670 and marked as belonging to All Hallows Honey Lane
All Hallows Honey Lane	Listed in the parish registers of All Hallows Honey Lane
Combined Register (unstated)	Listed in the combined parish registers of St Mary le Bow, All Hallows Honey Lane and St Pancras Soper Lane after those parishes were united in 1670, without further indication of parish
Mercers' Chapel	Listed in the registers of Mercers' Chapel
SMB	Listed in the combined parish registers of St Mary le Bow, All Hallows Honey Lane and St Pancras Soper Lane after those parishes were united in 1670 and marked as belonging to St Mary le Bow
SPS	Listed in the combined parish registers of St Mary le Bow, All Hallows Honey Lane and St Pancras Soper Lane after those parishes were united in 1670 and marked as belonging to St Pancras Soper Lane
St Martin Ironmonger Lane	Listed in the parish registers of St Martin Ironmonger Lane
St Mary Colechurch	Listed in the parish registers of St Mary Colechurch
St Mary le Bowe	Listed in the parish registers of St Mary le Bowe
St Mildred Poultry (united with SMC)	Listed in the combined parish registers of St Mildred Poultry and St Mary Colechurch after the parishes were united in 1670
St Olave Old Jury unite with SMIL	Listed in the combined parish registers of St Olave Old Jury and St Martin Ironmonger Lane after the parishes were united in 1670

Event (String)

The type of Event recorded in a register. Can be baptism, marriage or burial

Unrelated_memo (String)

Any marginalia or other comments in a register, appearing below or closest to the Event transcribed in the other fields of a record, but which do not concern the Event. All such notes are transcribed and are as given in the original orthography.

Marriage_authorisation (String)

Used only for marriage Events (see [Event] field). Indicates whether a marriage was authorised by the calling of banns, or by licence, where this information is given in a register. Can be banns, licence or banns and licence.

Licence_issuer (String)

Used only for marriage Events (see [Event] field). Where a marriage was authorised by licence (see [Marriage_authorisation] field), indicates from which Bishop or other source this licence was obtained, where this information is given in a register.

The options are:

Canterbury
Faculties
London
Vicar General
Mr Sherman's office
Doctor Stanvpe

The first three are standardised descriptors used during data inputting; the other three are as encountered in the source material, given in the original orthography (each is used once only).

Memo (String)

Used to record any comments or pertinent further information concerning an Event that is given in a register, transcribed in the original orthography and surrounded by quotation marks (""). Also used for comments and queries by the data inputter that concern the whole Event or more than one of its subjects, particularly any problems concerning the dating of an Event (see also [Event_date] above), whether the Event was transcribed out of the order listed in the register (see also [Reg_Order_Num] below), whether the Event is crossed out in the register, and any ambiguities inherent in or inferences that may be made from the wording of the source.

Marriage_location (String)

Used only for marriage Events (see [Event] field). The location in which a marriage is stated to have taken place, where such information is given in a register. In the original orthography.

Reg_Order_Num (Integer)

A numeric sequence that allows Events to be sorted into the same order as in the original source registers, correcting any out of sequence data entry flagged in the [Memo] field.

Person.csv - par_reg Cheap_person.csv - par_reg Cheap_person.tab

Each record represents a Person who is a subject of a baptism, burial or marriage Event as recorded in one of the sources, which are usually parish registers. Each record must have a corresponding Event record (see Event.csv). A Person may have one or more Conditions (see Condition.csv).

PID (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Person record.

Event_id (Integer)

Foreign key indicating the Event record to which a Person belongs (see Event.csv).

Birth_date (Date)

Used only for baptism Events (see Event table [Event] field). The date of birth where such information is given in the source. Dates are usually in the Julian calendar with each year beginning on 25 March. Where partially given in the source, where the day is unclear, set to the first day of the month, or where the month is unclear, set to the first month in the year.

Birth_place (String)

Used only for baptism Events (see Event table [Event] field). A Person's place of birth where such information is given in the source register. Most often given where the child is a foundling.

Baptism_place (String)

Used only for baptism Events (see Event table [Event] field). A Person's place of baptism where such information is given in the source register. Often a private dwelling.

Forename (String)

Forename of a Person in the original orthography as given in the source.

Surname (String)

Forename of a Person in the original orthography as given in the source.

stated_sex (String)

A standardised form of any words used in the original source from which the gender of a Person may be inferred. Some of the descriptors used were automatically copied from the title field during data input. The options and their inferences are:

descriptor	sex
Alderman	male
Baron	male
bachelor	male
boy	male
brother	male
Captain	male
Colonel	male
Dame	female
daughter	female
Dr	male
Duke	male
father	male
female	female
gentleman	man
girl	female
Goodwife	female
grandson	male
her	female
his	male
husband	male
Justice	male
Lady	female
Lord	male
maid	female
Major	male
male	male
man	male
Master	male
Mistress	female
Mother	female
mr	male
Mr Alderman	male
Mr Doctor	male
mrs	female
nephew	male
niece	female
Right Honourable	male
Sir	male

sister	female
son	male
unstated	unstated
wench	female
widow	female
wife	female
woman	female
Worshipful	male

Death_date (String)

Used only for burial Events (see Event table [Event] field). The date of death where such information is given in the source. Dates are usually in the Julian calendar with each year beginning on 25 March. Where partially given in the source, where the day is unclear, set to the first day of the month, or where the month is unclear, set to the first month in the year.

Residence (String)

Place of residence of a Person, where such information is given in the source. Recorded in the original orthography as given.

Occupation (String)

Occupation or economic status of a Person, where such information is given in the source. Recorded in the original orthography as given in the source.

Age (String)

Age of a Person, where such information is given in the source. May be a precise age in years, days or months, or a general descriptor such as “aged”. Recorded in the original orthography as given in the source.

Cause_of_death (String)

The cause of death of a Person, where such information is given in the source. Recorded in the original orthography as given in the source.

comment (String)

Any other information given in the original source which applies to a particular Person rather than to the whole Event (compare the Event table [Memo] field). In “” where quoting from the original source. HR refers to the Harleian Society published transcription of a register. Also used for comments and queries by the data inputter, to clarify what has been entered in the other fields of a Person record.

Burial_location (String)

Used only for burial Events (see Event table [Event] field). The location in which the body of a Person has been interred where such information is given, recorded in the original orthography. Usually a place within the parish church or churchyard.

Burial_cost (String)

The amount charged or paid for a Person's burial, where such information is given. Recorded in the original orthography as given in the source. Usually an amount in Roman or Arabic numerals, but may also be a textual indication of the amount paid.

Title (String)

Any titles, honorifics etc usually preceding a Person's forename and surname where such information is given in the source. Standardised to one of the descriptors listed below during data inputting. Where the Title also indicates sex, automatically copied to the [stated_sex] field during data inputting. Where a Title indicates occupation or economic status the original orthography is also recorded in the [Occupation] field.

Alderman
Baron
Captain
Colonel
Dame
Dr
Duke
Father
Goodwife
Justice
Lady
Lord
Major
Master
Mistress
Mother
Mr
Mr Alderman
Mr Doctor
Mrs
Right Honourable
Sir
Widow
Worshipful

Related people.csv - par reg cheap related people.csv - par reg cheap related people.tab

Each record represents an individual who is related to a Person who is the subject of an Event. This includes but is not limited to mothers and fathers, husbands and wives of the subject Person.

Each related_people record must belong to a Person (see Person.csv). A Related_people individual may have one or more RP_Condition records (see RP_Condition.csv).

RPID (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Related_people record.

Relationship (String)

The relationship of a Person (see Person.csv) to a Related_people individual (not the relationship from the Related_people individual's perspective). Standardised during data inputting. The options are:

apprentice of
brother of
child of
cousin of
daughter of
dwelling with
father of
given away by
godfather
godmother
granddaughter of
grandmother of
grandson of
gravemate
husband of
in-law-brother of
in-law-daughter of
in-law-father of
in-law-mother of
in-law-sister of
in-law-son of
journeyman of
kinsman of
kinswoman of
lodger of
maid of
mother of
nephew of
niece of
partner of
scholar of
servant of
sister of
sojourner of
son of
surety
unstated

widow of
wife of
witness

Related_to (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person record [PID] field (see Person.csv) to which a Related_people individual belongs.

Event_id (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event record (see Event.csv) to which a Related_people individual belongs.

Forename (String)

Forename of a Related_people individual in the original orthography as given in the source.

Surname (String)

Forename of a Related_people individual in the original orthography as given in the source.

stated_sex (String)

A standardised form of any words used in the original source from which the gender of a Related_people individual may be inferred. Some of the descriptors used were automatically copied from the title field during data input. The options and their inferences are as given for the Person table [stated_sex] field (see Person.csv).

Residence (String)

Place of residence of a Related_people individual, where such information is given in the source. Recorded in the original orthography as given.

Occupation (String)

Occupation or economic status of a Related_people individual, where such information is given in the source. Recorded in the original orthography as given.

Age (String)

Age of a Related_people individual, where such information is given in the source. May be a precise age in years, days or months, or a general descriptor such as “aged”. Recorded in the original orthography as given in the source.

comment (String)

Any other information given in the original source which applies to a particular Related_people individual rather than to the whole Event (compare the Event table [Memo] field). In “” where quoting from the original source. HR refers to the Harleian Society published transcription of a register. Also used for comments and queries by the data inputter, to clarify what has been entered in the other fields of a Related_people individual record.

Title (String)

Any titles, honorifics etc usually preceding a Related_people individual's forename and surname where such information is given in the source. Standardised during data inputting to a descriptor for which possible values are as listed for the Person table [Title] field. Where the Title also indicates sex, automatically copied to the [stated_sex] field during data inputting. Where a Title indicates occupation or economic status the original orthography is also recorded in the [Occupation] field.

Condition.csv - par reg clerk condition.csv - par reg clerk condition.tab

Each record represents a Condition, or standardised piece of status information, belonging to a Person. A Person may have one or more Condition. Each Condition must have a corresponding Person (see Person.csv).

FlagID (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Condition record.

PersonID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the [PID] field of the Person to which a Condition belongs (see Person.csv)

Flags (String)

A standardised version of some piece of especially pertinent status information about a Person which is given in the source, usually also recorded in the original orthography elsewhere in the Person record (in the [Age], [Occupation], [Residence] or [comments] field. The options are:

alderman
alias
ancient/old/aged
apprentice
bachelor
baron
baron of the Exchequer
baronet
black
child
chrisom
christened
churchwarden
citizen of London
clerk
common councilman
deceased
died presently
doctor
Earl
esquire
foreigner
foundling
free of the
generosus
gentle(wo)man
heir
householder
illegitimate
inmate
journeyman
junior/the younger
knight
lady
lodger
lord
maid
maid servant
maiden
minister
of Inn of Court

of the Arches
of the Chamber
of the Exchequer
of the Liberty of Rolls
parish child
parish child/child of the people
parson
pastor
pensioner
poor
preacher
priest
proctor of Doctor's Commons
rector
scholar
senior/ the elder
sergeant
servant/belonging to/man of/nurse
service in royal household
sexton
sheriff
single
sojourner
spinster
stillborn
stranger
travailier
twins/multiple birth
unchristened
weak/sick/in danger
widow(er)

RP_Condition

Each record represents a Condition, or standardised piece of status information, belonging to a Related_people individual. A Related_people individual may have one or more Condition. Each Condition must have a corresponding Related_people individual (see Related_people.csv).

FlagID (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Condition record.

PersonID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the [RPID] field of the Related_people individual to which a Condition belongs (see Related_people.csv)

Flags (String)

A standardised version of some piece of especially pertinent status information about a Related_people individual which is given in the source, usually also recorded in the original orthography elsewhere in the Related_people individual record (in the [Age], [Occupation], [Residence] or [comments] fields). The options are as given for the Condition table [Flags] field (see Condition.csv).

Parish Registers of Clerkenwell, London 1550-1753: Documentation

Description

This data collection contains five comma separated variable files that are the tables of a relational database representing parish register baptism, marriages and burial events for the parishes of St James Clerkenwell and St John Clerkwell, London, with additional marriages, between 1550 and 1753. These data were input some years previously from Harleian Society and other published transcriptions of parish registers as well as from microfilm copies of the Fleet Registers (TNA/RG7) as part of an unfinished Cambridge University PhD project by the late Amanda Copley.

This database was created by Gill Newton at the Cambridge Group for the History of Population from text files supplied by Ros Davies of the Cambridge Group of the data compiled by Amanda Copley. This database was created between October 2003 and September 2006 as part of the AHRB-funded project People in Place.

An alternative version of this resource together with the related resource ‘Reconstituted families of Clerkewell, London’ exists as a Microsoft Access 2000 database. This also contains a version of the user interface Forms used for data input that may be used for viewing transcriptions of each parish register baptism, marriage and burial event. This database was created by Gill Newton. The .csv files of this data collection were generated from this database

(Note AHDS History: These files are also available as tab delimited data files, the filenames were adjusted according to the AHDS History filenaming conventions)

Structure and Related Datasets

Event.csv	7,688,834 bytes	120,515 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
Person.csv	7,184,742 bytes	140,713 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
Related_people.csv	5,932,544 bytes	95,927 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
Condition.csv	874,435 bytes	38,539 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""
RPCCondition.csv	9,380 bytes	368 lines + field names on first line	text values in ""

There are five tables representing parish register Events as a whole, their component subject Persons and those Persons’ Conditions or status, Related_people and those Related_people’s Conditions or status. The tables are joined as indicated in the table and field descriptions given below.

These tables are related to the data collection ‘Reconstituted families of Clerkenwell, London’, which contains family reconstitutions of these events. There are joins between the key field of tables in this database and foreign key fields of that database as indicated in that data collection.

The structure and fields of these tables is a subset of that in the data collection ‘Parish Registers of Cheapside, London’ and the key fields are numbered in such a way as to produce no overlap between the two datasets, to facilitate combining them for analysis. However, there are some differences in the field contents, primarily concerning whether they are standardised or in original orthography. These tables are related to the data collection ‘Reconstituted families of Clerkenwell, London’, which contains family reconstitutions of these events. There are joins between the key field of tables in this database and foreign key fields of that database as indicated in that data collection.

Event.csv - par_reg_clerk_event.csv - par_reg_clerk_event_1.tab - par_reg_clerk_event_2.tab

Each record represents a baptism, marriage or burial Event recorded in one of the sources, which are usually parish registers. An Event must have one or more Persons, who is/are the subject(s) of that Event.

Event_id (Integer)

Unique identifier for each baptism, marriage or burial Event.

Link_Event_ID (Integer)

Non-unique identifier that is the same for duplicate Events from different sources, allowing them to be grouped.

Event_date (Date)

The date of an Event as given in the sources, where dates are usually in the Julian calendar with each year beginning on 25 March. Where partially given in the source, derived from its position relative to other dated Events in the register, or where the day is unclear, set to the first day of the month, or where the month is unclear, set to the first month in the year. Unclear dates are annotated in the [Memo] field.

Parish (String)

Indicates the source area of the Event, ie Clerkenwell. This also includes marriages of Clerkenwell inhabitants that took place elsewhere: see [Marriage_location] field.

Event (String)

The type of Event recorded in a register. Can be baptism, marriage or burial

Memo (String)

Used to record any comments or pertinent further information concerning an Event that is given.

Marriage_location (String)

Used only for marriage Events (see [Event] field). Standardised version of the location in which a marriage is stated to have taken place, generally a parish or irregular marriage centre, where such information is given. The options are as follows:

all hallows bread street
all hallows lombard street
all hallows staining
all hallows the great, thames street
Ashford, Kent
bedford
bridewell hospital chapel
Charlton (Kent?)
charterhouse chapel
christchurch newgate
cowley
Edmonton
ely chapel, holborn
Enfield
Finchley
grays inn
Greenford
holy trinity minories
holy trinity the less
kensington
lamb's chapel alias St James on the Wall
Lee (Kent)
lincolns inn
mercier's hall chapel
Monken Hadley
New Brentford
poplar, middlesex
southwark
st alban wood street
st alphage, london wall
st andrew by the wardrobe
st andrews holborn
st andrews undershaft

st ann and st agnes aldersgate
st ann blackfriars
st ann soho
st antholins budge row
st augustine wih st faiths
st bartholomew by the exchange
st bartholomew the great
st bartholomew the less
st benet and st peter, paul's wharf
st benet fink
st benet gracechurch and st leonard eastcheap
st botolph without aldersgate
st botolph without aldgate
st brides fleet street
st christopher le stocks
st clement danes
st clement eastcheap
st dionis backchurch
st dunstan in the east
st dunstans in the west
st edmund, king & martyr, lombard street
st george bloomsbury
st george botolph lane (with st botolph billingsgate)
st george hanover square
st george the martyr, queen's square
st george's chapel mayfair
st giles without cripplegate
st gregory by st paul's
st helen bishopsgate
St James Clerkenwell
st james dukes place
st james garlickhithe
st james westminster (piccadilly)
St James, Clerkenwell
st john the baptist, clerkenwell
st john westminster (smith square)
st katherine by the tower
st katherine coleman
st katherine cree
st lawrence jewry
st lawrence pountney
st magnus the martyr & st margaret new fish street
st margaret lothbury
st margaret moses & st mildred bread street
st margaret pattens
st martin ludgate
st martin outwich

st mary abchurch
st mary aldermary
st mary islington
st mary le bone
st mary le bow & all hallows honey lane & st pancras soper lane
st mary le strand (aka savoy)
st mary magdalen old fish street
st mary mounthaw
st mary somerset
st mary the virgin, aldermanbury
st mary woolnoth / st mary woolchurch
st matthew Friday street
st michael bassishaw
st michael cornhill
st michael crooked lane
st michael paternoster royal
st michael queenhithe
st mildred poultry
st nicholas cole abbey
st olave old jewry
st pancras, middlesex
st paul's cathedral
st paul's Covent garden
st peter cornhill
st peter le poor
st peter west cheap
st sepulchres
st stephen coleman street
st stephen's walbrook & st benet sherehog
st swithin & st mary bothaw (united)
st swithin (alone)
st thomas the apostle
st vedast foster lane
Stepney
temple church
the Fleet
tottenham
walthamstow
wandsworth

Marriage_authorisation (String)

Used only for marriage Events (see [Event] field). Indicates whether a marriage was authorised by the calling of banns, or by licence, where this information is given in a register. Can be B for banns or L for licence.

Person.csv - par_reg_clerk_person.csv - par_reg_clerk_person.tab

Each record represents a Person who is a subject of a baptism, burial or marriage Event as recorded in one of the sources, which are usually parish registers. Each record must have a corresponding Event record (see Event.csv). A Person may have one or more Conditions (see Condition.csv).

PID (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Person record.

Event_id (Integer)

Foreign key indicating the Event record to which a Person belongs (see Event.csv).

Birth_date (Date)

Used only for baptism Events (see Event table [Event] field). The date of birth where such information is given in the source. Dates are in the Gregorian calendar. Where partially given in the source so noted in the [comment] field or in the Event table [Memo] field.

Death_date (String)

Used only for burial Events (see Event table [Event] field). The date of death where such information is given in the source. Dates are in the Gregorian calendar. Where partially given in the source so noted in the [comment] field or in the Event table [Memo] field.

Forename (String)

Forename of a Person in the original orthography as given in the source. Where two variants are given the second is enclosed in square brackets [].

Surname (String)

Forename of a Person in the original orthography as given in the source. Where two variants are given the second is enclosed in square brackets [].

stated_sex (String)

The sex of a Person. Can be M for male, F for female or X for unknown.

Residence (String)

Place of residence of a Person, where such information is given. Unstandardised.

Occupation (String)

Occupation or economic status of a Person, including titles, where such information is given.
Unstandardised

Age (String)

Age of a Person, where such information is given in the source. May be a precise age in years, days or months, or a general descriptor such as “aged”. Unstandardised.

Cause_of_death (String)

The cause of death of a Person, where such information is given in the source. Unstandardised.

comment (String)

Any other information given in the original source which applies to a particular Person rather than to the whole Event (compare the Event table [Memo] field).

Related_people.csv - par reg clerk related_people.csv - par reg clerk related_people 1.tab - par reg clerk related_people 2.tab

Each record represents an individual who is related to a Person who is the subject of an Event. This includes but is not limited to mothers and fathers, husbands and wives of the subject Person. Each related_people record must belong to a Person (see Person.csv). A Related_people individual may have one or more RP_Condition records (see RP_Condition.csv).

RPID (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Related_people record.

Relationship (String)

The relationship of a Person (see Person.csv) to a Related_people individual (not the relationship from the Related_people individual's perspective). Standardised. The options are:

brother of
child of
daughter of
father of
grandchild of
granddaughter of
grandson of
husband of
in-law-brother of
in-law-child of
in-law-daughter of
in-law-father of
in-law-sister of
in-law-son of
mother of
parent of
sibling of
sister of
son of
unstated
wife of

Related_to (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Person record [PID] field (see Person.csv) to which a Related_people individual belongs.

Event_id (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the Event record (see Event.csv) to which a Related_people individual belongs.

Forename (String)

Forename of a Related_people individual in the original orthography as given in the source. Where two variants are given the second is enclosed in square brackets [].

Surname (String)

Forename of a Related_people individual in the original orthography as given in the source. Where two variants are given the second is enclosed in square brackets [].

stated_sex (String)

The sex of a Related_people individual. Can be M for male, F for female or X for unknown.

Residence (String)

Place of residence of a Related_people individual, where such information is given. Unstandardised; sometimes abbreviated.

Occupation (String)

Occupation or economic status of a Related_people individual, including titles, where such information is given. Unstandardised; sometimes abbreviated.

Age (String)

Age of a Related_people individual, where such information is given in the source. May be a precise age in years, days or months, or a general descriptor such as “aged”. Unstandardised.

**Condition.csv - par req clerk r p condition.csv -
par req clerk r p condition.tab**

Each record represents any Conditions, or standardised piece of status information, belonging to a Person. A Person may have one Condition. Each Condition must have a corresponding Person (see Person.csv).

FlagID (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Condition record.

PersonID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the [PID] field of the Person to which a Condition belongs (see Person.csv)

Flags (String)

A standardised version of some piece of especially pertinent status information about a Person which is given in the source. The options are:

abortive
chrisom
chrisom child
chrisom triplet quadruplet
chrisom twins
deceased
elder/senior
foundling
foundling chrisom
foundling twins
illegitimate
illegitimate chrisom
illegitimate stillborn
illegitimate twins
married
married nonconformist
nonconformist
posthumous
posthumous illegitimate
posthumous twins
single
single triplets
single, the younger
stillborn
stillborn chrisom
stillborn illegitimate
stillborn illegitimate twins
stillborn twins
the younger
triplet
triplet quadruplet
twin
twins
twins, chrisom
under 21
widowed
widowed nonconformist

RP_Condition

Each record represents a Condition, or standardised piece of status information, belonging to a Related_people individual. A Related_people individual may have one or more Condition. Each Condition must have a corresponding Related_people individual (see Related_people.csv).

FlagID (Integer)

Unique identifier for each Condition record.

PersonID (Integer)

Foreign key identifying the [RPID] field of the Related_people individual to which a Condition belongs (see Related_people.csv)

Flags (String)

A standardised version of some piece of especially pertinent status information about a Related_people individual which is given in the source. The options are as given for the Condition table [Flags] field (see Condition.csv).