

APPENDIX I

UNIDENTIFIED PLACES AND OTHER PLACES WHICH MAY HAVE HAD A MARKET OR FAIR BEFORE 1516

1. Unidentified markets and fairs in England from the primary sources

Place not named

Market, 1180. *PR*, 26 Hen II, p. 22.
Fairs, 1185. *PR*, 31 Hen II, p. 7.
Free fairs, 1200. *PR*, 2 John, p. 148.
Market and fair, 1255–6. *CChR*, 1427–1516, p. 286.

County unknown

Bareate or Barete, market at, 1199. *RCh*, p. 16b.
Barry super Alba'. *RLC*, ii, p. 186b.
Barwe, market and fair at, 1204. *RCh*, p. 132.
Beretre, fair at, 1246. *CChR*, 1226–57, p. 294.
Chelebiry, fair at, 1252. *CChR*, 1226–57, p. 393.
Estrindeha', fair at, 1214. *RLP*, p. 120b.
Faukes, fair at, 1203. *RCh*, p. 110b.
Grimeston, fair at, and another at Norton, 1201. *RCh*, p. 91.
Hertford or Ware, market which might be at. *CRR*, iii, p. 335.
Kornikal or Cornikal, fair at, 1200. *RCh*, p. 66b.
Silbinton, fair at, 1245. *CR*, 1242–7, p. 288.
Steinton, market at, 1208. *RLC*, i, p. 101.
Stow, fair at, 1205. *RLC*, i, p. 59b.
Wicton, market and fair at, 1201. *RCh*, p. 89b.

Derbyshire

Welham, market at, 1222–3. *PRO C 60/8 m.9*.

Kent

Neuton, market at, 1203. *PR*, 5 John, p. 27.
Halsnod, market at, 1224. *RLC*, i, p. 584.
Burn', fair at, 1226. *RLC*, ii, p. 129.

Lincolnshire

Fairs and other liberties, 1215. *PR*, 16 John, p. 154.

Norfolk

Eismanhawe. *RLC*, ii, p. 105.

Shropshire

Tapelton, market at, 1223. *RLC*, i, p. 537b.

Staffordshire

Durles, fair at, 1223. *RLC*, i, p. 554.

2. Unidentified boroughs in the Burghal Hidage

It is possible that markets were held at these burhs, if only for a short time.

Eorpeburnan (*Defence*, p. 201).

Sashes (*Shaftsey*), Berkshire. An island in the river Thames, near Cookham. (*Defence*, pp. 215–16)

3. Unidentified Anglo-Saxon mints

It is possible that markets were held at these places, as by virtue of their having a mint they would have been burhs or centres of trade.

Gothabur operating c.979–1042; possibly in south- west England. (Challis, p. 63)

Darent operating 924–39. This unidentified mint was in the west. (Challis, pp. 43, 47)

Weardburh operating 924–Edmund and Edgar. (Challis, pp. 46–7)

4. A place that may have had a market

Littledean, Gloucestershire. In 1276, a certain brother from Leonard Stanley priory was selling all kinds of merchandise except bread at Littledean.¹ This is noted in *VCH*, which also notes that in the late middle ages a market may have been held by the church at Littledean. From 1573, the market was centred around the market cross. The strongest evidence for a market is certainly post-medieval.²

5. Wakes

Wakes were festive assemblies at which trade sometimes took place. No attempt was made to record them systematically, but the following information was collected during the project:

A wake was recorded in Little Wittenham, Berkshire in 1246. *CR*, 1242–7, p. 400. See the entry for Marlborough, Wiltshire.

In 1212, the Abbot of Abingdon claimed that he did not have a fair at Wantage, Berkshire, but a wake which his predecessors had held since the conquest of England. *CRR*, vi, pp. 232, 296–7. See the entry for Wantage.

About 1224, the fair that had been granted at Southbroom, Wiltshire in 1208 was described as a wake. *RLC*, i, pp. 105b, 633; *VCH Wiltshire*, x, pp. 267–8.

1. *RH*, i, p. 182.

2. *VCH Gloucestershire*, v, p. 168.