# ECE 303 Lab Technical Memos

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### 1 Week 1 Lab

#### 1.1 Discussion

The point of this lab was to introduce us to the Arduino toolkit and allow anyone who is new to the platform time to adjust and get familiar with the tools presented to them. The lab was straightforward, connect an LED and resistor to a pin on the arduino and writing simplistic code to change the pulse width modulation values. The output is as expected, with the intensity of the light changing based off the number put into the serial monitor, zero being off and 255 being full brightness.

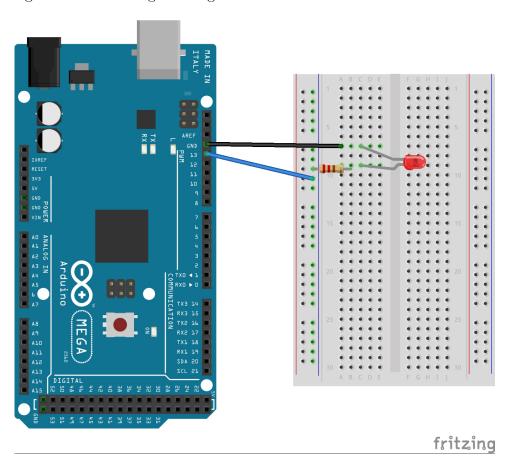


Figure 1: Basic LED Circuit Setup

#### 2 Week 2 Lab

#### 2.1 Discussion

This lab was used to get us acquainted with timers and learn not only how to set up the correct bit values, but also how to use them efficiently. A lot of the time was spent debugging the bit values that the different masks are initialized with as well as learning how to turn the interrupts off efficiently. When run, every LED blinks at a slow pace and each guess for the code either causes it to blink faster, if wrong, or turn off, if correct. When the user is out of attempts, the remaining LEDs stay permanently on.

$$OCR3A = \frac{16 \times 10^6}{p \times f} - 1 \tag{1}$$

The value of the register was found using equation 1, where p is the prescalar, in this case 1024, and f is the target frequency, in this case around 0.5 hertz or a 2 second period. Every subsequent wrong guess, it was divided by two to make it go faster.

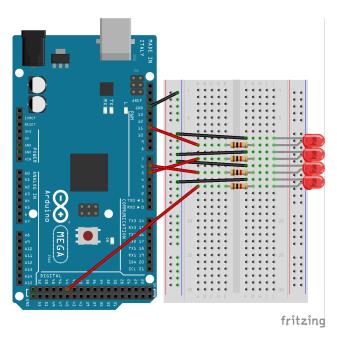


Figure 2: Codebreaker Circuit Setup

#### 2.2 Hardware

Figure 2 shows the setup of the circuit. The setup of the hardware was very similar to the previous lab, but this time there are four LEDs and care was taken to connect to them to the correct pin corresponding to the timer we want to use for it.

## Appendices

### A Program Code

#### A.1 Week 1 Lab Code

```
1 #include <Arduino.h>
3 int led = 13;
4 int intensity = 0;
  void setup()
7
       pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
9
       analogWrite(led, LOW);
10
       Serial.begin(9600);
       Serial.print("Please enter a number from 0 to 255: ");
11
12 }
13
14 void loop()
15 {
       if(Serial.available() > 0)
16
17
            intensity = Serial.parseInt();
18
            Serial.print("\nGot number: ");
19
20
           Serial.println(intensity, DEC);
21
            analogWrite(led, intensity);
            Serial.print("Please enter a number from 0 to 255: ")
23
       }
24 }
```

Listing 1: Lab 2 Code

#### A.2 Week 2 Lab Code

```
1 #include <Arduino.h>
2
3 const int leds[] = {11, 5, 6, 44};
4 long password;
5 uint8_t correct_nums = 0b0000;
6 uint8_t num_tries = 0;
```

```
7 // = (16 * 10^6) / (1024 * 0.5) - 1
8 uint16_t starting_freq = 31248;
9 bool locked_out = false;
10
11 void setup()
12 {
13
       noInterrupts();
14
       for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
15
16
            pinMode(leds[i], OUTPUT);
17
            digitalWrite(leds[i], LOW);
18
19
20
       // Setup timer 1 pin 11 channel A
21
       TCCR1A = 0;
22
       TCCR1B = 0;
23
       TIMSK1 = 0;
24
       TCNT1 = 0;
25
       OCR1A = starting_freq;
26
       TCCR1B |= (1 << WGM12);
27
       // 1024 prescalar
       TCCR1B |= (1 << CS12) | (0 << CS11) | (1 << CS10);
28
29
       TIMSK1 |= (1 << OCIE1A);
30
31
       // Setup timer 3 pin 5 channel A
32
       TCCR3A = 0;
33
       TCCR3B = 0;
34
       TIMSK3 = 0;
35
       TCNT3 = 0;
36
       OCR3A = starting_freq;
37
       TCCR3B \mid = (1 << WGM32);
38
       TCCR3B |= (1 << CS32) | (0 << CS31) | (1 << CS30);
39
       TIMSK3 |= (1 << OCIE3A);
40
41
       // Setup timer 4 pin 6 channel A
42
       TCCR4A = 0;
43
       TCCR4B = 0;
44
       TIMSK4 = 0;
45
       TCNT4 = 0;
       OCR4A = starting_freq;
46
47
       TCCR4B \mid = (1 << WGM42);
       TCCR4B |= (1 << CS42) | (0 << CS41) | (1 << CS40);
48
49
       TIMSK4 \mid = (1 << OCIE4A);
50
       // Setup timer 5 pin 44 channel A
51
```

```
52
        TCCR5A
               = 0;
53
        TCCR5B
                = 0;
54
        TIMSK5
                = 0;
55
        TCNT5
                = 0;
56
        OCR5A
                = starting_freq;
57
        TCCR5B |= (1 << WGM52);
        TCCR5B |= (1 << CS52) | (0 << CS51) | (1 << CS50);
58
59
        TIMSK5 \mid = (1 << OCIE5A);
60
61
        Serial.begin(9600);
62
        randomSeed(analogRead(0));
63
        password = random(10000);
64
        Serial.print("Password is ");
        Serial.println(password, DEC);
65
66
        Serial.println("Please enter guess:");
67
        interrupts();
68 }
69
70 void loop()
71 {
72
        if(num_tries < 5)</pre>
73
        {
74
            if(Serial.available() > 0)
75
76
                int guess = Serial.parseInt();
77
                Serial.print("Guess is ");
78
                Serial.println(guess, DEC);
79
                int temp_password = password;
                for(int i = 0; i \le 3; ++i)
80
81
                {
82
                     if(guess % 10 == temp_password % 10)
83
84
                         correct_nums |= 1 << i;</pre>
85
                         switch(i)
86
87
                              case 0: TIMSK1 = 0;
88
                              case 1: TIMSK3 = 0;
89
                              case 2: TIMSK4 = 0;
90
                              case 3: TIMSK5 = 0;
                         }
91
92
                         digitalWrite(leds[i], LOW);
93
94
                     guess = guess / 10;
95
                     temp_password = temp_password / 10;
96
                }
```

```
97
98
                 TCNT1 = 0;
99
                 TCNT3 = 0;
100
                 TCNT4 = 0;
101
                 TCNT5 = 0;
102
                 OCR1A = OCR1A / 2;
103
                 OCR3A = OCR3A / 2;
                 OCR4A = OCR4A / 2;
104
105
                 OCR5A = OCR5A / 2;
106
                 if(num_tries < 4)</pre>
107
                      Serial.println("Please enter guess: ");
108
                 num_tries++;
             }
109
110
111
        else if(!locked_out)
112
113
             TIMSK1 = 0;
114
             TIMSK3 = 0;
115
             TIMSK4 = 0;
116
             TIMSK5 = 0;
             Serial.println("Out of tries!");
117
118
             for(int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
119
             {
120
                 if((correct_nums & (1 << i)) == 0b0000)</pre>
121
                      digitalWrite(leds[i], HIGH);
122
             }
123
                 locked_out = true;
124
        }
125
126 }
127
128 ISR(TIMER1_COMPA_vect)
129 {
130
        digitalWrite(leds[0], !digitalRead(leds[0]));
131 }
132
133 ISR(TIMER3_COMPA_vect)
134 {
135
        digitalWrite(leds[1], !digitalRead(leds[1]));
136 }
137
138 ISR(TIMER4_COMPA_vect)
139 {
140
        digitalWrite(leds[2], !digitalRead(leds[2]));
141 }
```