Cameron Calv and Nicholas Sica ECEC 413 Intro to Parallel Computer Architecture Assignment 3: Particle Swarm Optimizer (OpenMP)

## Parallelization

The code was parallelized by placing OpenMP pragmas around the functions that required parallelization. These functions included 'for' loops that were interpreted by OpenMP and split into the requested number of threads. The number of threads is specified at the command line and set with a single call to OpenMP early in the code.

## **Evaluating Parallelization**

Below are tables outlining the runtimes of the program run for parallelization. Following the tables are a plot showing the difference of the execution times for various functions and parameters.

Table 1: Evaluating the execution time of the program on Drexel COE college's Xunil server. Data run on the two functions with range [-5.12, 5.12] for Rastrigin and [-500, 500] for Schwefel and with particle count and iterations set to 10,000.

	Number of Threads – Particles				
Parameters	1	4	8	16	
Rastrigin D = 10	120.132591	225.980896	449.119293	333.637512	
Rastrigin D = 20	146.689163	519.601257	636.435181	608.979797	
Schwefel D = 10	121.810974	261.468811	343.626801	301.006226	
Schwefel D = 20	257.898865	568.18512	545.448669	580.716858	

Table 2: Evaluating the speed-up of the program on Drexel COE college's Xunil server. Data run on the two functions with range [-5.12, 5.12] for Rastrigin and [-500, 500] for Schwefel and with particle count and iterations set to 10,000.

	Number of Threads – Particles				
Parameters	1	4	8	16	
Rastrigin D = 10	0.00%	-88.11%	-273.85%	-177.72%	
Rastrigin D = 20	0.00%	-254.22%	-333.87%	-315.15%	
Schwefel D = 10	0.00%	-114.65%	-182.10%	-147.11%	
Schwefel D = 20	0.00%	-120.31%	-111.50%	-125.17%	

Table 3: Evaluating the execution time per thread of the program on Drexel COE college's Xunil server. Data run on the two functions with range [-5.12, 5.12] for Rastrigin and [-500, 500] for Schwefel and with particle count and iterations set to 10,000.

	Number of Threads – Particles				
Parameters	1	4	8	16	
Rastrigin D = 10	120.132591	56.495224	56.13991163	20.8523445	
Rastrigin D = 20	146.689163	129.9003143	79.55439763	38.0612373	
Schwefel D = 10	121.810974	65.36720275	42.95335013	18.8128891	
Schwefel D = 20	257.898865	142.04628	68.18108363	36.2948036	

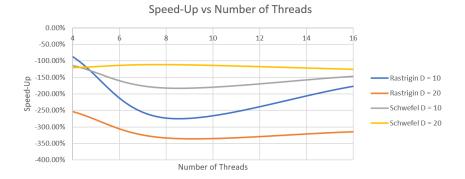


Figure 1: Plot showing the speedup per number of threads for all tests.

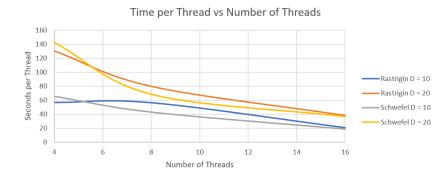


Figure 2: Plot showing the average amount of time per thread for all tests.

From the data it appears that increasing the thread count does not assist with the problem to a great extent until a point where 8 or more threads are being used. This may be because the problem size is not large enough for the effect of improvement to be seen easily. It is important to note though that the average time of the program for each thread added does not increase but decreases making it seem as though the issue is not primarily caused by a limit of cores.