

Schrödinger Equation

We are interested in solving the unknown complex function $\Psi(x, t)$ on the finite domain $0 < x < l$, where x is the position variable and t is the time variable, to the Schrödinger Equation

$$i\hbar\Psi_t = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\Psi_{xx}$$

where \hbar, m are constants and $i \in \mathbb{C}$ such that $i^2 = -1$, given the boundary conditions

$$\Psi(0, t) = 0 \quad \Psi(l, t) = 0$$

and the initial condition

$$\Psi(x, 0) = \phi(x)$$

where $\phi(x)$ is normalized, i.e. $\int_0^l |\phi(x)|^2 dx = 1$

Using the method of separation of variables with the guess that $\Psi(x, t) = X(x) \cdot T(t)$, we have

$$T(t) = Ae^{-\frac{iEt}{\hbar}} \quad X(x) = C\cos(\sqrt{\frac{2mE}{\hbar^2}}x) + D\sin(\sqrt{\frac{2mE}{\hbar^2}}x)$$

where $E > 0$.

By considering the boundary conditions, the general solution is given by

$$\Psi(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) e^{-\frac{iE_n t}{\hbar}}$$

where $E_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2ml^2}$

and by considering the initial condition

$$A_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \phi(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right) dx$$

Useful formulas

1. As usual, the orthogonal relation for fourier series.
2. $|\phi(x)|^2 = \overline{\phi(x)} \cdot \phi(x)$
3. Euler's formula: $e^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + i\sin\theta$
4. $\cos(\theta) = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2}$ $\sin(\theta) = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$
5. If $\phi(x)$ is not normalized, we can always multiply it with a constant N to normalize it, where the value of N can be found by solving the integral $\int_0^l |\phi'(x)|^2 dx = 1$, where $\phi'(x) = N\phi(x)$ is the normalized $\phi(x)$.

Questions

Define the **expected value** at time t to be

$$\langle x \rangle = \int_0^l \overline{\Psi(x, t)} x \Psi(x, t) dx = \int_0^l x |\Psi(x, t)|^2 dx$$

1. Given $\phi(x)$, find the normalized constant $N \in \mathbb{R}$, such that $\phi(x)$ is normalized.
2. Given the normalized $\phi(x)$, find the solution $\Psi(x, t)$ to the Schrödinger Equation as discussed in the previous page. Find $|\Psi(x, t)|^2$.
3. Find $\langle x \rangle$ at any arbitrary time t .
 - $\phi(x) = N \sin(\frac{n\pi x}{l})$ n -th stationary state
 - $\phi(x) = N(\sin(\frac{\pi x}{l}) + \sin(\frac{2\pi x}{l}))$ even mix of the first two stationary states

0.1 $\phi(x) = N \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{l}\right)$

1. Find the normalized constant N
2. Find $\Psi(x, t)$ and $|\Psi(x, t)|^2$
3. Find $\langle x \rangle$

0.2 $\phi(x) = N(\sin(\frac{\pi x}{l}) + \sin(\frac{2\pi x}{l}))$

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